

Introduction to Computing: Program 1

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Due date: **Tuesday 10/21 at 11:59PM**

Objective

The purpose of this assignment is to write a program in LC-3 assembly language to Compute N^M , where N and M are non-negative inputs to your program.

Details

The input numbers are given to you in memory locations x3500 (N) and x3501 (M) and the result (N^M) has to be placed in x3502. Your program must start at x3000. If the computation of the value of N^M exceeds x7FFF (which is the largest positive number one can represent in 16 bits: $2^{15}-1 = 32767$) then you put the value -1 at x3502. Assume $0^0 = 0$.

First, develop an algorithm to capture your thoughts. Now translate the algorithm into code (assembly). Using a flowchart or pseudocode will help this process. You are required to turn the flowchart along with the assembly file for full credit on this assignment

Here are some questions/answers to guide your thought process in arriving at an algorithm :

1. What is N^0 ?

Answer: 1

2. What is 0^M ?

Answer: 0

3. What is N^1 ?

Answer: N

4. What is N^2 ?

Answer: $N \times N$ that is, Multiply one time.

5. What is N^M when $M \geq 1$?

Answer: $N \times N \times N \times \dots (M-1) \text{ multiplications}$

6. How does one do Multiplication $A \times B$ on a machine that only supports addition?

Answer: Multiplication is successive addition

$A + A + A \dots (B-1) \text{ additions}$: As shown in class

Test your solution to make sure it works for all possible inputs. Be judicious in choosing your test cases so you don't have to be exhaustive.

Examples: These are just examples and not exhaustive.

- If the location x3500 has x0003 and x3501 has x0002, then after running your program x3502 should have x0009(3^2).
- If the location x3500 has x000A and x3501 has x000A, then after running your program x3502 should have xFFFF(which is -1, as $10^{10} = 10000000000 > 32767$).
- If the location x3500 has x0002 and x3501 has x000A, then after running your program x3502 should have x0400($2^{10} = 1024$).

- If the location x3500 has x00B2 and x3501 has x0002, then after running your program x3502 should have x7BC4 ($178^2 = 31684$).
- If the location x3500 has x7FFF and x3501 has x0001, then after running your program x3502 should have x7FFF ($x7FFF^1 = x7FFF$).

Specifics:

- The first line of your program should be the binary of the address where your program will load to. The LC-3 simulator will place your program starting at that address. For this assignment, you should place your program starting at x3000 as is already done for you in the starter program.
- You are allowed to use **labels** in your program. The inputs **N** and **M** and the result (**N2theM**) are already stored with labels at x3500, x3501 and, x3502

Submission Instructions

- You must do the programming assignment by yourself. You are permitted to get help from ONLY the TAs and the instructor.
- The file you submit should be a LC-3 assembly language file named **Program1.asm**. This is 1/2 files you need to submit. Programs named incorrectly or otherwise improperly submitted will receive point penalties.
- For full credit on this programming assignment you will also submit a second file (2/2): A Flowchart (as **Program1.pdf**) on the link provided in Canvas.