Linux 第九章

配置与管理DHCP服务器

1.什么是DHCP

DHCP是Dynamic Host Configuration Protacol(动态主机配置协议)的缩写,主要作用是为网络客户机自动动态的分配IP地址。

使用DHCP时,在网络上至少要有一台DHCP服务器,当网络中的DHCP客户端程序发出请求获取IP地址的信息后,DHCP服务器会根据目前已经配置的地址池,提供一个可供使用的IP地址和子网掩码给DHCP客户端。

2.DHCP服务器工作流程

DHCP客户机和服务器交互,有客户机通过广播的方式向服务器发起申请IP地址的请求,然后由服务器分配一个IP地址及其他TCP/IP设置信息。主要分为这六个步骤:

- 1. IP地址租用申请;
- 2. IP地址租用提供;
- 3. IP地址租用选择;
- 4. IP地址租用确认;
- 5. 更新租用;
- 6. 释放IP地址租用。

##

3.DHCP服务器的安装

在配置使用DHCP前,建议使用如下命令查询检测系统是否安装了DHCP服务器相关软件包:

```
rpm -qa | grep dhcp
```

如果系统没有安装,可以使用yum方式安装:

```
yum clean all
yum -y install dhcp
```

```
Running transaction test
Transaction test succeeded
Running transaction
正在更新 : 12:0
                  : 12:dhcp-libs-4.2.5-83.el7.centos.1.x86_64
                  : 12:dhcp-common-4.2.5-83.el7.centos.1.x86_64
: 12:dhcp-4.2.5-83.el7.centos.1.x86_64
: 12:dhclient-4.2.5-83.el7.centos.1.x86_64
  正在更新
  正在更新
                  : 12:dhclient-4.2.5-82.el7.centos.x86_64
  清理
清理
                  : 12:dhcp-common-4.2.5-82.el7.centos.x86_64
: 12:dhcp-libs-4.2.5-82.el7.centos.x86_64
  清理
                  : 12:dhcp-common-4.2.5-83.el7.centos.1.x86_64
: 12:dhcp-4.2.5-83.el7.centos.1.x86_64
  验证中
  验证中
  验证中
                  : 12:dhcp-libs-4.2.5-83.el7.centos.1.x86_64
: 12:dhclient-4.2.5-83.el7.centos.1.x86_64
  验证中
  验证中
                  : 12:dhcp-common-4.2.5-82.el7.centos.x86_64
                  : 12:dhclient-4.2.5-82.el7.centos.x86_64
: 12:dhcp-libs-4.2.5-82.el7.centos.x86_64
  验证中
  验证中
 三安装:
  dhcp.x86 64 12:4.2.5-83.el7.centos.1
作为依赖被升级:
  dhclient.x86_64 12:4.2.5-83.el7.centos.1
                                                                   dhcp-common.x86_64 12:4.2.5-83.el7.centos.
  dhcp-libs.x86_64 12:4.2.5-83.el7.centos.1
```

4.启动DHCP服务器

1.在启动DHCP服务器之前,我们可以先查询DHCP服务器的运行状态,查询命令如下:

systemctl status dhcpd.service

```
[root@localhost ~]# systemctl status dhcpd.service
    dhcpd.service - DHCPv4 Server Daemon
    Loaded: loaded (/usr/lib/systemd/system/dhcpd.service; disabled; vendor preset: disabled)
    Active: inactive (dead)
    Docs: man:dhcpd(8)
        man:dhcpd.conf(5)
[root@localhost ~]# ■
```

Active状态为inactive(dead),表示服务未启动。

2.启动服务

```
systemctl start dhcpd.service
# 重启
systemctl restart dhcpd.service
```

3.停止服务

```
systemctl stop dhcpd.service
```

4.设置开机自启动

```
systemctl enable dhcpd.service
```

5.配置DHCP服务器

在安装完dhcp后需要将IP和子网掩码设置后才能启动,设置的文件为dhcp的配置文件,DHCP的配置文件为/etc/dhcp/dhcpd.conf,但该文件没有任何的配置信息。需要将/usr/share/doc/dhcp*/dhcpd.conf.example文件复制到/etc/dhcp/dhcpd.conf。

```
[root@localhost ~]# ls /usr/share/doc | grep dhcp
dhcp-4.2.5
dhcp-common-4.2.5
[root@localhost ~]# cp /usr/share/doc/dhcp-4.2.5/dhcpd.conf.example /etc/dhcp/dhcpd.conf
cp: 是否覆盖"/etc/dhcp/dhcpd.conf"? y
[root@localhost ~]# ■
```

复制完成后,需要编辑这个配置文件的IP及子网掩码:

```
vim /etc/dhcp/dhcpd.conf
```

```
修改PM段和子网掩码

This declaration allows BOOTP clients to get 动态P获取范围。
which we don't really recommend.

subnet 192.168.80.0 netmask 255.255.255.0 {
 range dynamic-bootp 192.168.80.40 192.168.80.60;
 option broadcast-address 192.168.80.131;
 option routers rtr-239-32-1.example.org;

the property of the pr
```

设置完成后我们就可以执行开启DHCP服务器的操作:

```
systemctl start dhcpd.service# 开启服务systemctl enable dhcpd.service# 设置开机自启动systemctl status dhcpd.service# 查看运行状态
```

```
root@localhost ~]# systemctl status dhcpd.service
dhcpd.service - DHCPv4 Server Daemon
Loaded: loaded (/usr/lib/systemd/system/dhcpd.service; enabled; vendor preset: disabled)
Active: active (running) since = 2021-12-14 21:23:24 CST; 34s ago
Docs: man:dhcpd(8)
man:dhcpd.conf(5)
Main PID: 10421 (dhcpd)
Status: "Dispatching packets..."
CGroup: /system.slice/dhcpd.service
—10421 /usr/sbin/dhcpd -f -cf /etc/dhcp/dhcpd.conf -user dhcpd -group dhcpd --no-pid
```

6.删除DHCP安装包

如果要删除DHCP安装包可以使用rpm命令来执行:

```
rpm -e dhcp-4.2.5 # 删除dhcp安装包
rpm -qa | grep dhcp # 查看安装包是否删除
```

```
[root@localhost ~]# rpm -e dhcp-4.2.5
警告: /var/lib/dhcpd/dhcpd.leases 已另存为 /var/lib/dhcpd/dhcpd.leases.rpmsave
警告: /etc/dhcp/dhcpd.conf 已另存为 /etc/dhcp/dhcpd.conf.rpmsave
[root@localhost ~]# rpm -qa | grep
用法: grep [选项]... PATTERN [FILE]...
试用'grep --help'来获得更多信息。
[root@localhost ~]# rpm -qa | grep dhcp
dhcp-common-4.2.5-83.el7.centos.1.x86_64
dhcp-libs-4.2.5-83.el7.centos.1.x86_64
```