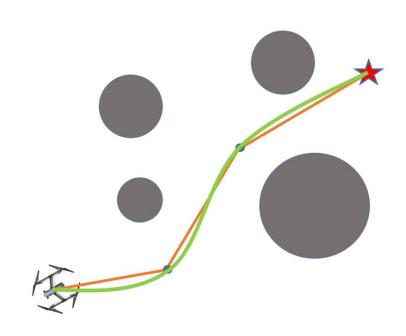


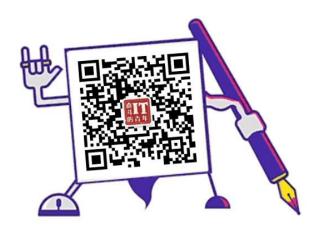
目录



- 1.多项式轨迹表示方法
- 2.Minimum snap
- 3.闭式求解
- 4.软约束
- 5.贝塞尔曲线和硬约束
- 6.论文总结







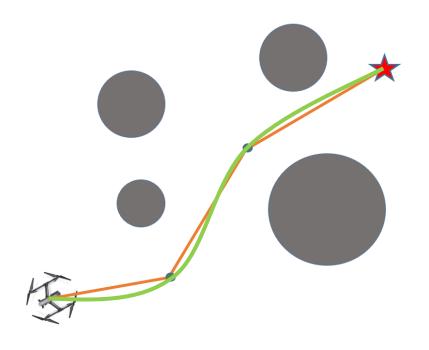
长按二维码 识别加关注

② Joe学习笔记

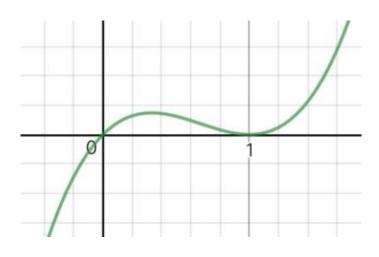
关注公众号: Joe学习笔记, 获取PPT和代码

邮箱: joe_ir@163.com





轨迹: 带时间参数的曲线

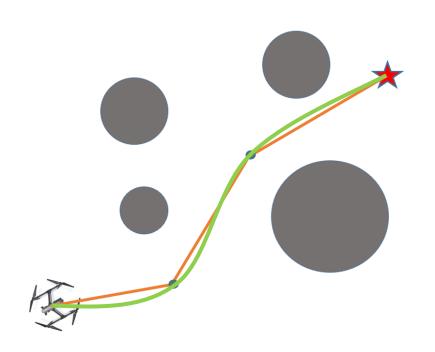


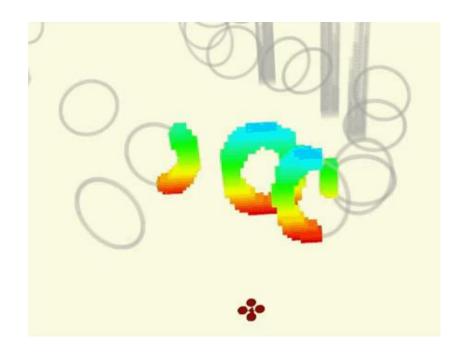
 $t^3 - 2t^2 + t$

路径规划 + 轨迹优化







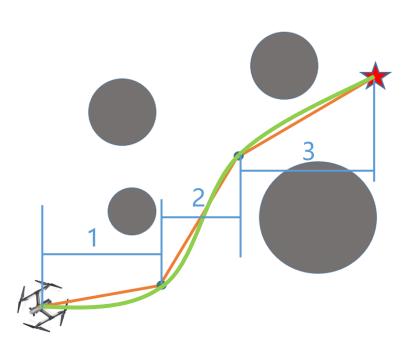


路径规划 + 轨迹优化



多项式轨迹



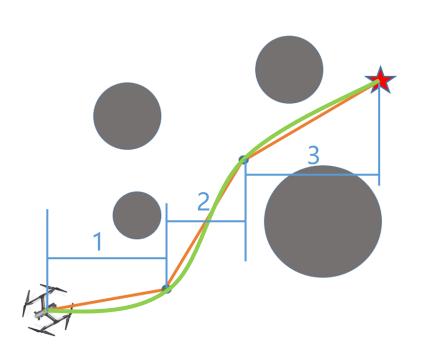


时间t根据路径长度和平均速度分配

$$egin{aligned} p(t) &= p_0 + p_1 t + p_2 t^2 \ldots + p_n t^n = \sum_{i=0}^n p_i t^i \ p(t) &= [1,t,t^2,\ldots,t^n] \cdot p \ p &= [p_0,p_1,\ldots,p_n]^T \ v(t) &= p'(t) = [0,1,2t,3t^2,4t^3,\ldots,nt^{n-1}] \cdot p \ a(t) &= p''(t) = [0,0,2,6t,12t^2,\ldots,n(n-1)t^{n-2}] \cdot p \ jerk(t) &= p^{(3)}(t) = [0,0,0,6,24t,\ldots,rac{n!}{(n-3)!}t^{n-3}] \cdot p \ snap(t) &= p^{(4)}(t) = [0,0,0,0,24,\ldots,rac{n!}{(n-4)!}t^{n-4}] \cdot p \end{aligned}$$

多项式轨迹





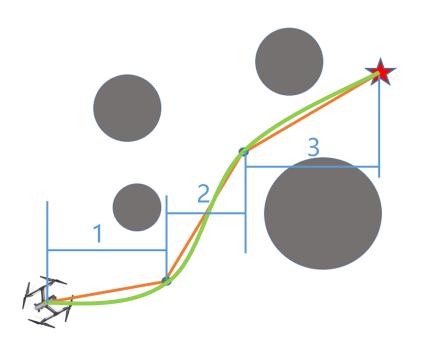
$$p(t) = egin{cases} [1,t,t^2,\ldots,t^n] \cdot p_1 & t_0 \leq t < t_1 \ [1,t,t^2,\ldots,t^n] \cdot p_2 & t_1 \leq t < t_2 \ \ldots \ [1,t,t^2,\ldots,t^n] \cdot p_k & t_{k-1} \leq t < t_k \end{cases}$$

$$p_i = [p_{i_0}, p_{i_1}, \ldots, p_{i_n}]^T$$

$$p = [p_1^T, p_2^T, \dots, p_k^T]^T$$

求解参数p, 确定轨迹





基本要求:

- 1. 两段轨迹之间连续
- 2. 轨迹经过固定点
- 3. 轨迹无碰撞

高级要求:

轨迹最顺滑、能量最优等

$$egin{aligned} \min f(p) \ s.\,t. & A_{eq}p = b_{eq}, \ A_{ieq}p \leq b_{ieq} \end{aligned}$$



 $minimum\ snap: \ \min f(p) = \min(p^{(4)}(t))^2$ $minimum\ jerk: \ \min f(p) = \min(p^{(3)}(t))^2$

 $minimum\ acce: \min f(p) = \min(p^{(2)}(t))^2$

$$\min \int_{0}^{T} (p^{(4)}(t))^{2} dt$$

$$= \min \sum_{i=1}^{k} \int_{t_{i-1}}^{t_{i}} (p^{(4)}(t))^{2} dt$$

$$= \min \sum_{i=1}^{k} \int_{t_{i}}^{t_{i}} ([0, 0, 0, 0, 24, ...])^{2} dt$$

$$\min \int_{0}^{T} (p^{(4)}(t))^{2} dt$$

$$= \min \sum_{i=1}^{k} \int_{t_{i-1}}^{t_{i}} (p^{(4)}(t))^{2} dt$$

$$= \min \sum_{i=1}^{k} \int_{t_{i-1}}^{t_{i}} (p^{(4)}(t))^{2} dt$$

$$= \min \sum_{i=1}^{k} \int_{t_{i-1}}^{t_{i}} ([0,0,0,0,24,\ldots,\frac{n!}{(n-4)!}t^{n-4}] \cdot p)^{T} [0,0,0,0,24,\ldots,\frac{n!}{(n-4)!}t^{n-4}] \cdot p dt$$

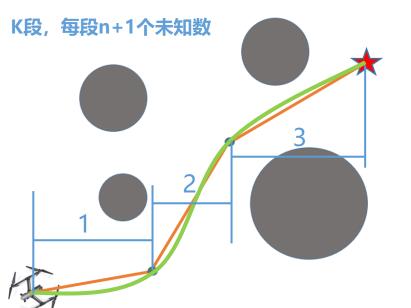
$$\sum_{t_{i-1}}^{n} ([0,0,0,0,24,\ldots,\frac{n!}{(n-4)!}t^{n-4}] \cdot p)^T [0,0,0,0,24,\ldots,\frac{n!}{(n-4)!}t^{n-4}] \cdot p \, dx$$

$$= \min \sum_{i=1}^k p^T \sqrt{\int_{t_{i-1}}^{t_i} [0,0,0,0,24,\ldots,\frac{n!}{(n-4)!}t^{n-4}]^T [0,0,0,0,24,\ldots,\frac{n!}{(n-4)!}t^{n-4}]} \, \mathrm{d}t \, p$$

$$=\min\sum_{i=1}^k p^TQ_ip^i$$

$$Q = egin{bmatrix} Q_1 & & & & \ & Q_2 & & & \ & \ddots & & \ & & Q_k \end{bmatrix} \ & \min p^T Q p$$





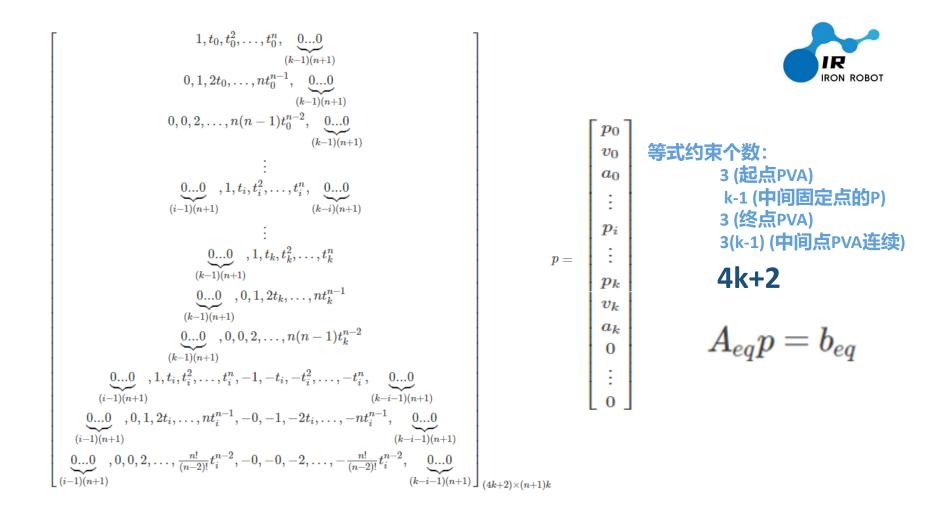
$\min f(p)$

$$s.t. \;\; A_{eq}p = b_{eq}, \ A_{ieq}p \leq b_{ieq}$$

位置约束:
$$[1,t_0,t_0^2,\ldots,t_0^n,\underbrace{0...0}_{(k-1)(n+1)}]p=p_0$$

速度约束: $[0,1,2t_0,\ldots,nt_0^{n-1},\underbrace{0...0}_{(k-1)(n+1)}]p=v_0$
加速度约束: $[0,0,2,\ldots,n(n-1)t_0^{n-2},\underbrace{0...0}_{(k-1)(n+1)}]p=a_0$

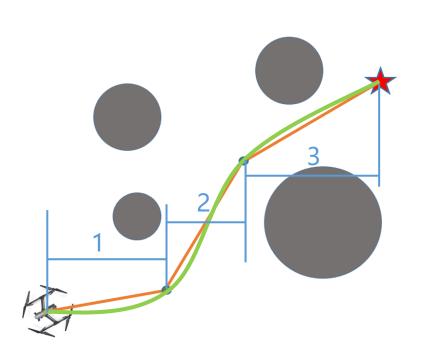
连续性约束:
$$[\underbrace{0...0}_{(i-1)(n+1)}, 1, t_i, t_i^2, \dots, t_i^n, -1, -t_i, -t_i^2, \dots, -t_i^n, \underbrace{0...0}_{(k-i-1)(n+1)}]p = 0$$



Minimum Snap Trajectory Generation and Control for Quadrotors (2011 ICRA)

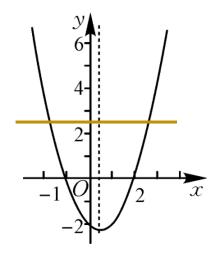
从理论到代码





$$egin{aligned} \min p^T Q p \ s. \, t. & A_{eq} p = b_{eq}, \end{aligned}$$

二次规划问题



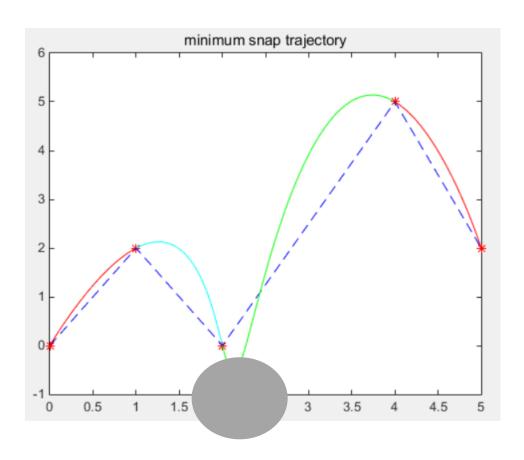


Minimum Snap代码讲解



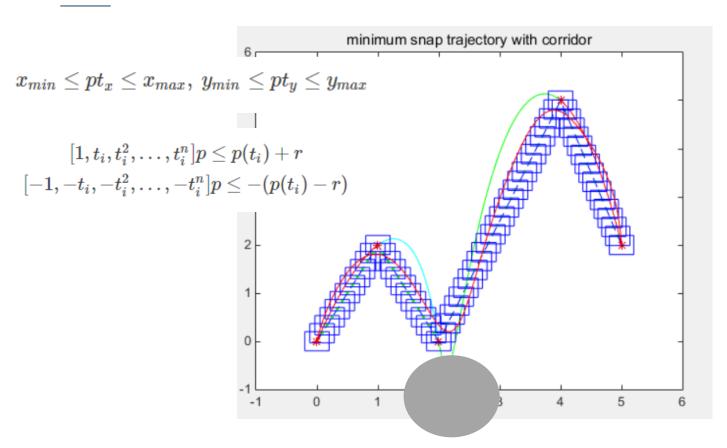
安全飞行走廊





安全飞行走廊





THANKS