

# Packet Tracer - Configure GRE (Instructor Version)

Instructor Note: Red font color or gray highlights indicate text that appears in the instructor copy only.

## **Addressing Table**

Device	Interface	IP Address	Subnet Mask	Default Gateway
RA	G0/0	192.168.1.1	255.255.255.0	N/A
	S0/0/0	64.103.211.2	255.255.255.252	
	Tunnel 0	10.10.10.1	255.255.255.252	m
RB	G0/0	192.168.2.1	255.255.255.0	N/A
	S0/0/0	209.165.122.2	255.255.255.252	
	Tunnel 0	10.10.10.2	255.255.255.252	
PCA	NIC	192.168.1.2	255.255.255.0	192.168.1.1
PCB	NIC	192.168.2.2	255.255.255.0	192.168.2.1

## **Objectives**

**Part 1: Verify Router Connectivity** 

Part 2: Configure GRE Tunnels

Part 3: Verify PC Connectivity

#### Scenario

You are the network administrator for a company which wants to set up a GRE tunnel to a remote office. Both networks are locally configured. You need configure the tunnel and static routes.

## Instructions

## **Part 1: Verify Router Connectivity**

## Step 1: Ping RA from RB.

- a. Use the show ip interface brief command on RA to determine the IP address of the S0/0/0 port.
- b. From RB ping the IP S0/0/0 address of RA.

## Step 2: Ping PCA from PCB.

Attempt to ping the IP address of **PCA** from **PCB**. We will repeat this test after configuring the GRE tunnel. What were the ping results? Explain.

#### The pings failed because there is no route to the destination.

## **Part 2: Configure GRE Tunnels**

## Step 1: Configure the Tunnel 0 interface of RA.

a. Enter into the configuration mode for RA Tunnel 0.

```
RA(config)# interface tunnel 0
```

b. Set the IP address as indicated in the Addressing Table.

```
RA(config-if)# ip address 10.10.10.1 255.255.255.252
```

c. Set the source and destination for the endpoints of Tunnel 0.

```
RA(config-if)# tunnel source s0/0/0
RA(config-if)# tunnel destination 209.165.122.2
```

d. Configure Tunnel 0 to convey IP traffic over GRE.

```
RA(config-if)# tunnel mode gre ip
```

e. The Tunnel 0 interface should already be active. In the event that it is not, treat it like any other interface.

```
RA(config-if)# no shutdown
```

### Step 2: Configure the Tunnel 0 interface of RB.

Repeat Steps 1a – e with **RB**. Be sure to change the IP addressing as appropriate.

```
RB(config)# interface tunnel 0
RB(config-if)# ip address 10.10.10.2 255.255.252
RB(config-if)# tunnel source s0/0/0
RB(config-if)# tunnel destination 64.103.211.2
RB(config-if)# tunnel mode gre ip
RB(config-if)# no shutdown
```

#### Step 3: Configure a route for private IP traffic.

Establish a route between the 192.168.X.X networks using the 10.10.10.0/30 network as the destination.

```
RA(config)# ip route 192.168.2.0 255.255.255.0 10.10.10.2 RB(config)# ip route 192.168.1.0 255.255.255.0 10.10.10.1
```

## **Part 3: Verify Router Connectivity**

#### Step 1: Ping PCA from PCB.

Attempt to ping the IP address of PCA from PCB. The ping should be successful.

#### Step 2: Trace the path from PCA to PCB.

Attempt to trace the path from PCA to PCB. Note the lack of public IP addresses in the output.

### **Device Configs**

#### Router RA

```
enable
configure terminal
interface Tunnel0
```

ip address 10.10.10.1 255.255.255.252
tunnel source Serial0/0/0
tunnel destination 209.165.122.2
tunnel mode gre ip
ip route 192.168.2.0 255.255.255.0 10.10.10.2
end

## Router RB

enable
configure terminal
interface Tunnel0
ip address 10.10.10.2 255.255.255.252
tunnel source Serial0/0/0
tunnel destination 64.103.211.2
tunnel mode gre ip
ip route 192.168.1.0 255.255.255.0 10.10.10.1
end

