

# 0.0.0.0 Lab – Instructor Lab Using ASA 5505 Answers

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 [itexamanswers.net/0-0-0-0-lab-instructor-lab-using-asa-5505-answers.html](http://itexamanswers.net/0-0-0-0-lab-instructor-lab-using-asa-5505-answers.html)

June 3, 2022

## 0.0.0.0 Lab – Instructor Lab Using ASA 5505 (Instructor Version)

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### Topology

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**Note:** ISR G1 devices use FastEthernet interfaces instead of GigabitEthernet interfaces.

### IP Addressing Table

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Device	Interface	IP Address	Subnet Mask	Default Gateway	Switch Port
R1	G0/0	209.165.200.225	255.255.255.248	N/A	ASA E0/0
	S0/0/0 (DCE)	10.1.1.1	255.255.255.252	N/A	N/A
R2	S0/0/0	10.1.1.2	255.255.255.252	N/A	N/A
	S0/0/1 (DCE)	10.2.2.2	255.255.255.252	N/A	N/A
R3	G0/1	172.16.3.1	255.255.255.0	N/A	S3 F0/5
	S0/0/1	10.2.2.1	255.255.255.252	N/A	N/A
ASA	VLAN 1 (E0/1)	192.168.1.1	255.255.255.0	NA	S2 F0/24
	VLAN 2 (E0/0)	209.165.200.226	255.255.255.248	NA	R1 G0/0
	VLAN 3 (E0/2)	192.168.2.1	255.255.255.0	NA	S1 F0/24
PC-A	NIC	192.168.2.3	255.255.255.0	192.168.2.1	S1 F0/6
PC-B	NIC	192.168.1.3	255.255.255.0	192.168.1.1	S2 F0/18
PC-C	NIC	172.16.3.3	255.255.255.0	172.16.3.1	S3 F0/18

## Objectives

### Part 1: Initialize and Reload Network Devices

- Initialize the router and reload.
- Enable the security technology package license.
- Initialize the switch and reload.
- Initialize the ASA.

### Part 2: Java Settings for PCs if Necessary

- Enable a secure HTTP server.
- Create a user account with privilege level 15.
- Configure SSH and Telnet access for local login.

### Part 3: Access a Cisco Router Using a Mini-USB Console Cable

- Setup the physical connection with a mini-USB cable.

- Verify that the USB console is ready.
- Enable the COM port.

## Part 4: Download and Install the AnyConnect Client Software Package

- Download the AnyConnect Secure Mobility Client software from [cisco.com](http://cisco.com).
- Upload AnyConnect Secure Mobility Client to ASA 5505.

## Background/Scenario

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Part 1 of this instructor lab provides the steps for initializing devices back to their default settings. Part 2 of this lab provides the steps necessary to set Java settings on the PC hosts. Part 3 of this lab provides optional information on how to download, install, and use the Cisco USB driver on a Windows PC.

## Required Resources

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- 1 ASA 5505 (OS version 9.2(3), ASDM version 7.4(1), and Base license or comparable)
- 3 routers (Cisco 1941 with Cisco IOS Release 15.4(3)M2 image with a Security Technology package license)
- 3 switches (Cisco 2960 or comparable) (not required)
- 3 PCs (Windows 7 or Windows 8.1, with SSH client software installed)
- Serial and Ethernet cables, as shown in the topology
- Console cables to configure Cisco networking devices

## Part 1: Initialize and Reload Network Devices

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### Task 1: Initialize the Router and Reload.

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Step 1: Connect to the router.

Console into the router and enter privileged EXEC mode using the **enable** command.

```
Router> enable
Router#
```

Step 2: Erase the startup configuration file from NVRAM.

Type the **erase startup-config** command to remove the startup configuration from NVRAM.

```
Router# erase startup-config
Erasing the nvram filesystem will remove all configuration files! Continue? [confirm]
[OK]
Erase of nvram: complete
Router#
```

Step 3: Reload the router.

Issue the **reload** command to remove old configurations from memory. When prompted to proceed with reload, press **Enter** to confirm the reload. Pressing any other key will abort the reload.

```
Router# reload
Proceed with reload? [confirm]
```

```
*Nov 29 18:28:09.923: %SYS-5-RELOAD: Reload requested by console. Reload Reason:
Reload Command.
```

You may receive a prompt to save the running configuration prior to reloading the router. Respond by typing **no** and press **Enter**.

```
System configuration has been modified. Save? [yes/no]: no
```

Step 4: Bypass the initial configuration dialog.

After the router reloads, you are prompted to enter the initial configuration dialog. Enter **no** and press **Enter**.

```
Would you like to enter the initial configuration dialog? [yes/no]: no
```

Step 5: Terminate the autoinstall program.

You will be prompted to terminate the autoinstall program. Respond **yes** and then press **Enter**.

```
Would you like to terminate autoinstall? [yes]: yes
Router>
```

## Task 2: Initialize the Switch and Reload.

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Step 1: Connect to the switch.

Console into the switch and enter privileged EXEC mode.

```
Switch> enable
Switch#
```

Step 2: Determine if there have been any VLANs created.

Use the **show flash** command to determine if any VLANs have been created on the switch.

```
Switch# show flash
```

```
Directory of flash:/
```

```
 2  -rwx          1919   Mar 1 1993 00:06:33 +00:00  private-config.text
 3  -rwx          1632   Mar 1 1993 00:06:33 +00:00  config.text
 4  -rwx         13336   Mar 1 1993 00:06:33 +00:00  multiple-fs
 5  -rwx       11607161   Mar 1 1993 02:37:06 +00:00  c2960-lanbasek9-mz.150-2.SE.bin
 6  -rwx           616   Mar 1 1993 00:07:13 +00:00  vlan.dat
```

```
32514048 bytes total (20886528 bytes free)
```

```
Switch#
```

Step 3: Delete the VLAN file.

a. If the **vlan.dat** file was found in flash, delete the file.

```
Switch# delete vlan.dat
Delete filename [vlan.dat]?
```

b. You will be prompted to verify the file name. At this point, you can change the file name or press **Enter** if you have entered the name correctly.

c. When you are prompted to delete this file, press **Enter** to confirm the deletion. Pressing any other key will abort the deletion.

```
Delete flash:/vlan.dat? [confirm]
Switch#
```

Step 4: Erase the startup configuration file.

Use the **erase startup-config** command to erase the startup configuration file from NVRAM. When prompted to remove the configuration file, press **Enter** to confirm the removal. Pressing any other key will abort the operation.

```
Switch# erase startup-config
Erasing the nvram filesystem will remove all configuration files! Continue? [confirm]
[OK]
Erase of nvram: complete
Switch#
```

Step 5: Reload the switch.

Reload the switch to remove old configuration information from memory. When prompted to reload the switch, press **Enter** to proceed with the reload. Pressing any other key will abort the reload.

```
Switch# reload
Proceed with reload? [confirm]
```

**Note:** You may receive a prompt to save the running configuration prior to reloading the switch. Type no and press **Enter**.

System configuration has been modified. Save? [yes/no]: no

Step 6: Bypass the initial configuration dialog.

After the switch reloads, you should see a prompt to enter the initial configuration dialog. Type **no** at the prompt and press **Enter**.

Would you like to enter the initial configuration dialog? [yes/no]: no  
Switch>

## Part 2: Java Settings on PCs

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The next-generation Java Plug-in must be enabled and the security setting must be set to medium for the CCP configuration of IPS. To support CCP configuration of IPS and set the Java heap to 256 MB, the PC should be running Java JRE version 6 or newer. This is done using the runtime parameter `-Xmx256m`. The latest JRE for Windows can be downloaded from Oracle Corporation at <http://www.oracle.com/>.

**Note:** CCP is no longer used with CCNASv2 labs.

### Step 1: Enable the next-generation Java Plug-in.

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- a. Open the **Control Panel**, and select **Java** to access the Java Control Panel.
- b. In the Java Control Panel, click the **Advanced**
- c. Locate the heading “Java Plug-in”. Select the checkbox to **Enable the next-generation Plug-in**. a browser restart is required.
- d. Click **Apply**.
- e. Click **Yes** to allow the changes. Click **OK** to acknowledge the changes.

### Step 2: Change the Java security settings.

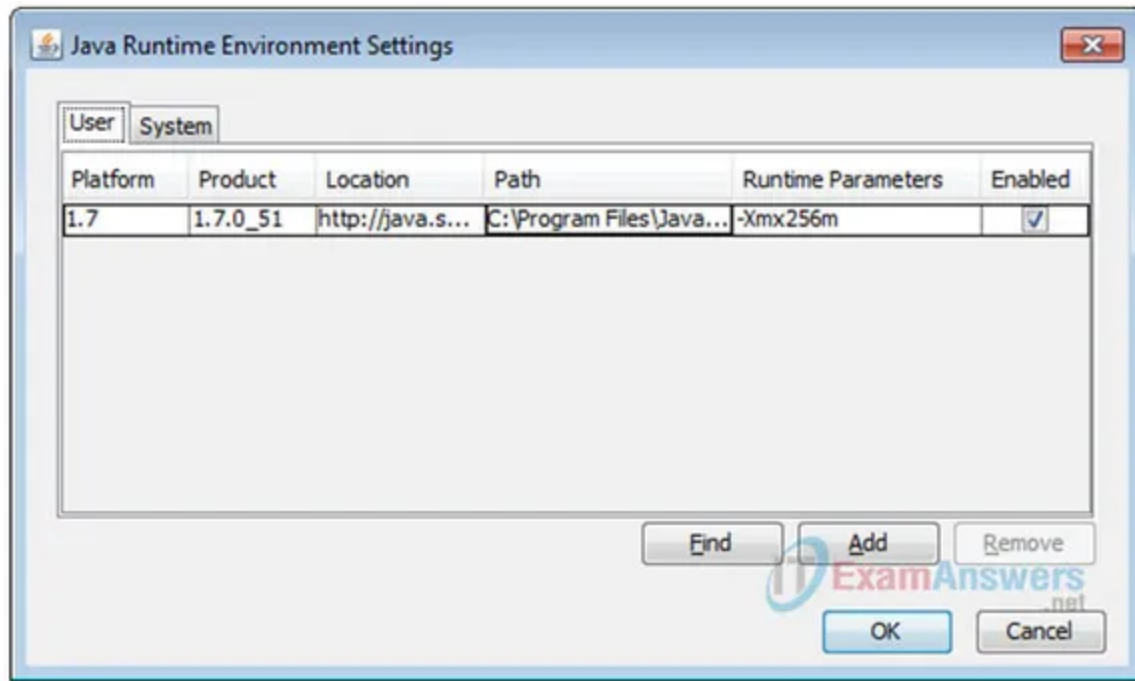
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- a. Click the **Security**
- b. Change the Security Level to **Medium** by moving the slider.
- c. Click **Apply**.

### Step 3: Change the Java Applet Runtime settings.

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- a. Click the **Java** tab and then the **View** button to change the Java Applet Runtime Settings.
- b. Double-click the **Runtime Parameters** Type `-Xmx256m` in the box.
- c. Click **OK**. Click **OK** again to exit the Java Control Panel.



**Step 4: Restart all web browsers, including CCP if it opened, in order for the changes to take effect.**

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### Part 3: Access a Cisco Router Using a Mini-USB Console Cable

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If you are using a Cisco 1941 router or other Cisco IOS devices with a mini-USB console port, you can access the device console port using a mini-USB cable connected to the USB port on your computer.

**Note:** The mini-USB console cable is the same type of mini-USB cable used with other electronics devices, such as USB hard drives, USB printers, or USB hubs. These mini-USB cables can be purchased through Cisco Systems, Inc. or other third-party vendors. Please verify that you are using a mini-USB cable, not a micro-USB cable, to connect to the mini-USB console port on a Cisco IOS device.



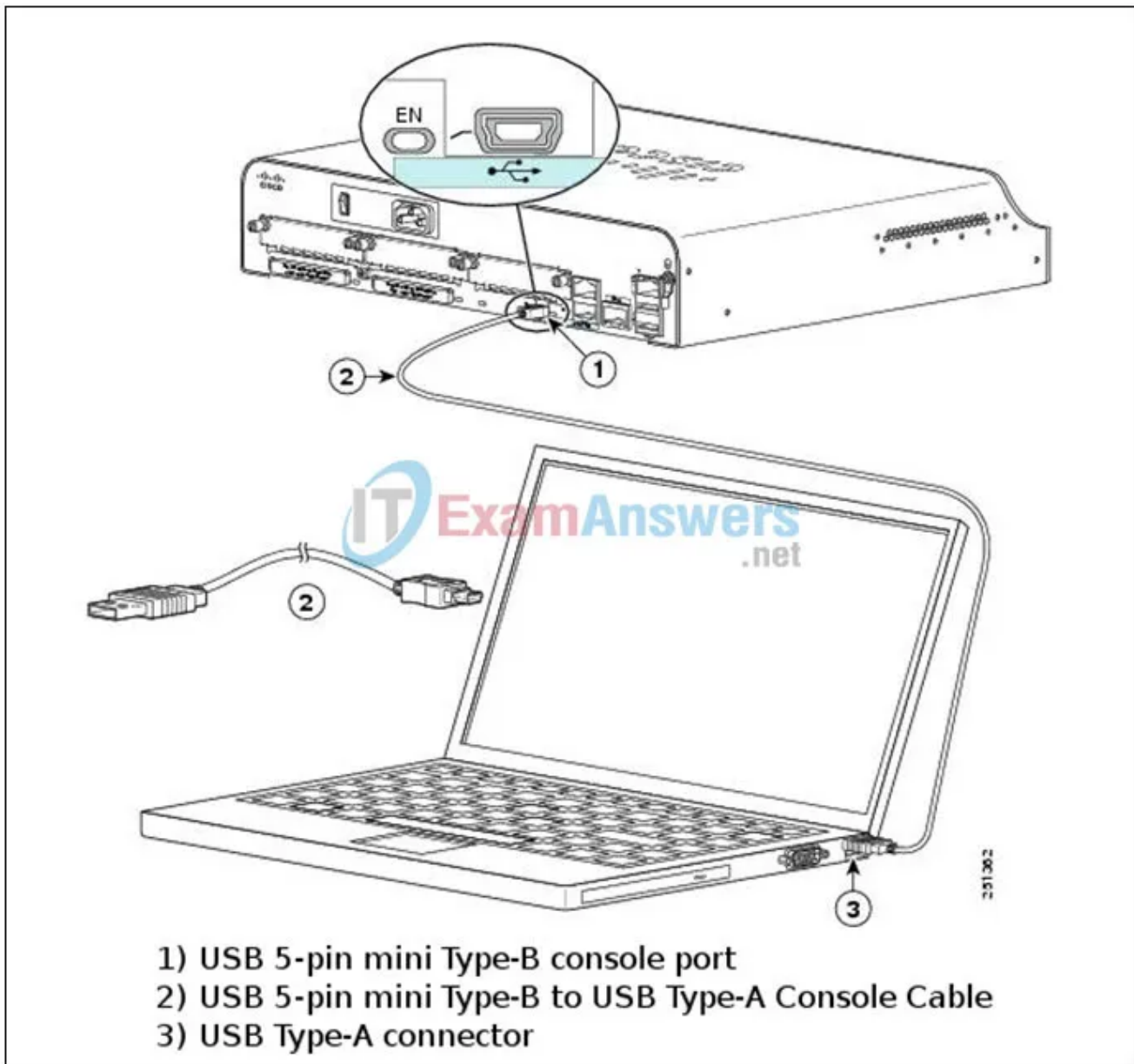
**Note:** You must use either the USB port or the RJ-45 port. Do not use them simultaneously. When the USB port is used, it takes priority over the RJ-45 console port.

#### Step 1: Set up the physical connection with a mini-USB cable.

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- a. Connect the mini-USB cable to the mini-USB console port of the router.

- b. Connect the other cable end to a USB port on the computer.
- c. Turn on the Cisco router and computer.



### Step 2: Verify that the USB console is ready.

If you are using a Microsoft Windows-based PC and the USB console port LED indicator (labeled EN) does not turn green, please install the Cisco USB console driver.

A USB driver must be installed prior to being used on a Microsoft Windows-based PC that is connecting to a Cisco IOS device with a USB cable. The USB driver can be found on [www.cisco.com](http://www.cisco.com) with the related Cisco IOS device. The USB driver can be downloaded from the following location:



<http://www.cisco.com/cisco/software/release.html?mdfid=282774238&flowid=714&softwareid=282855122&release=3.1&relind=AVAILABLE&rellifecycle=&reltype=latest>

**Note:** You must have a valid Cisco Connection Online (CCO) account to download this file.

**Note:** The URL provided above is specifically related to the Cisco 1941 router. However, the USB console driver is not Cisco IOS device-model specific, but it only works with Cisco routers and switches. The computer requires a reboot after finishing the installation of the USB driver.

**Note:** After the files are extracted, the folder contains instructions for installation, removal, and the required drivers for different operating systems and architectures. Please choose the appropriate version for your system.

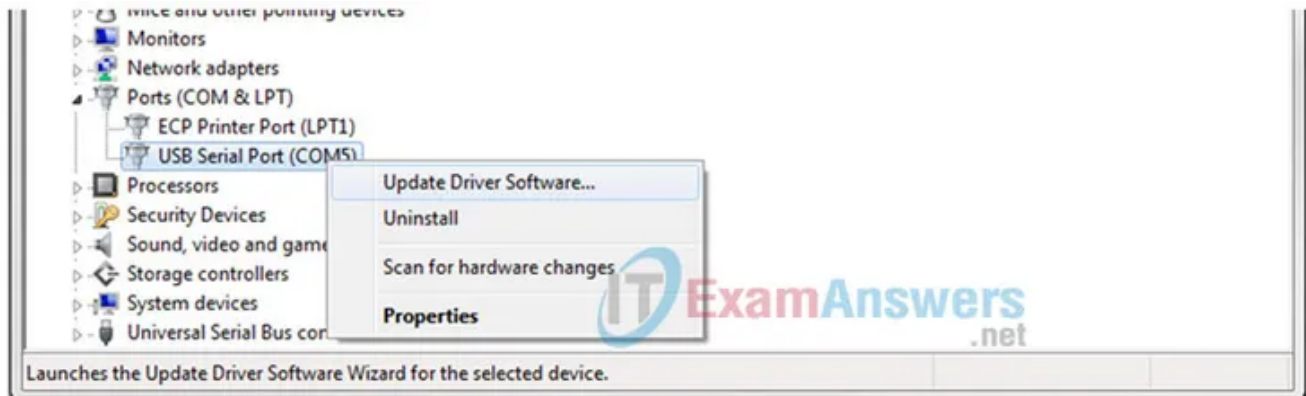
When the LED indicator for the USB console port has turned green, the USB console port is ready for access.

### Step 3: Enable the COM port for the Windows 7 PC.

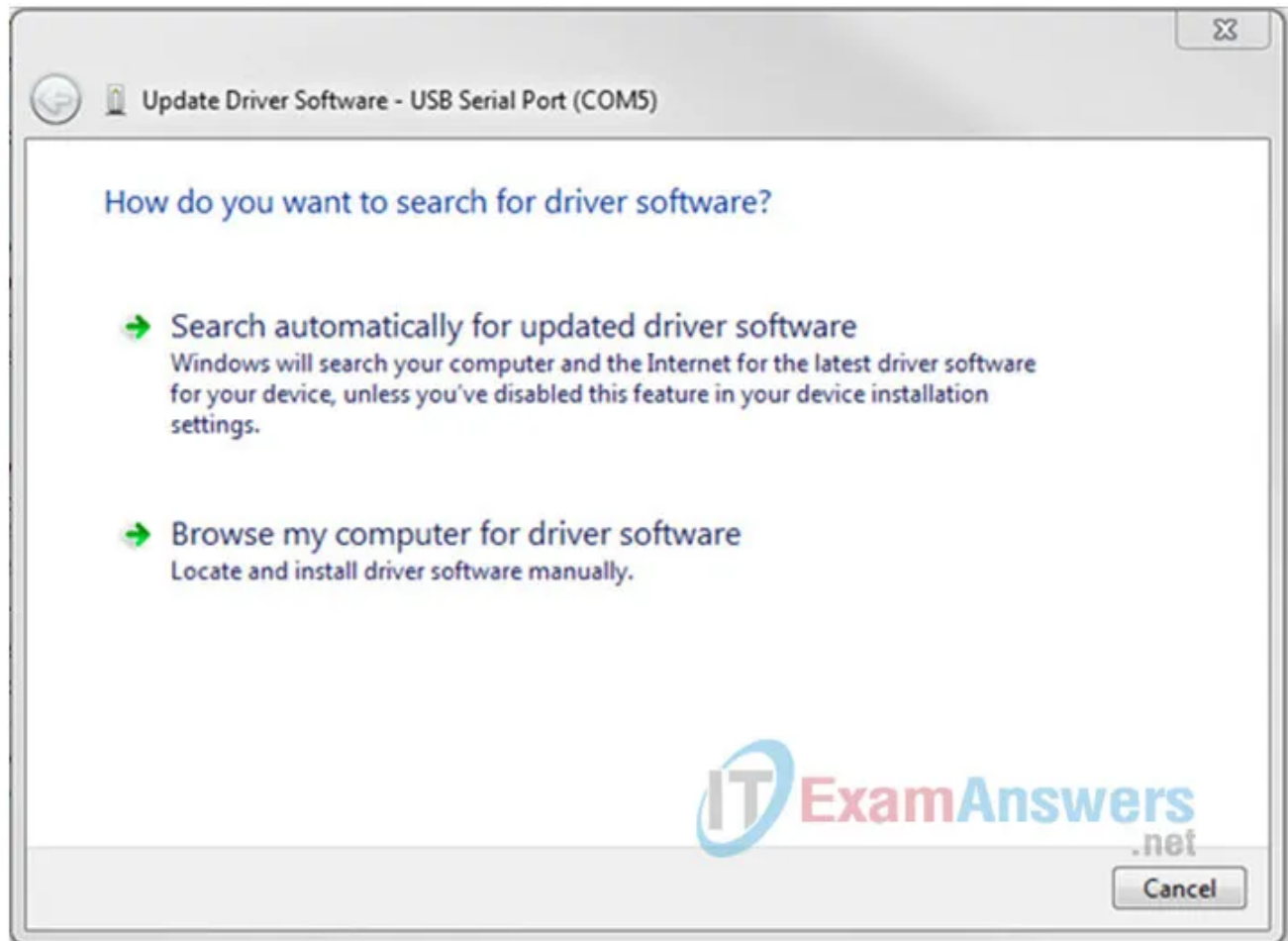
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If you are using a Microsoft Windows 7 PC, you may need to perform the following steps to enable the COM port:

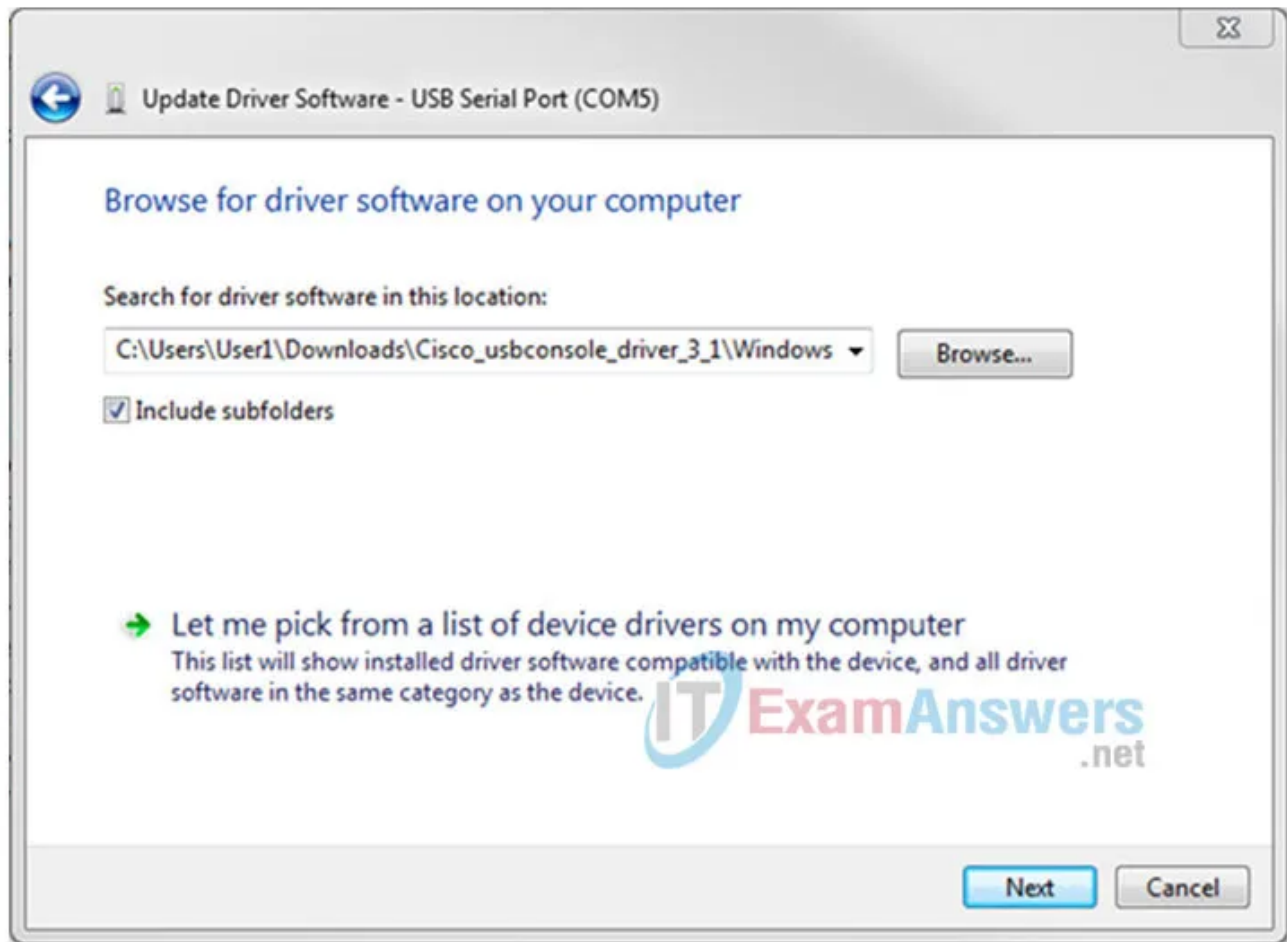
- a. Click the **Windows Start** icon to access the **Control Panel**.
- b. Open the **Device Manager**.
- c. Click the **Ports (COM & LPT)** tree link to expand it. Right-click the **USB Serial Port** icon and choose **Update Driver Software**.



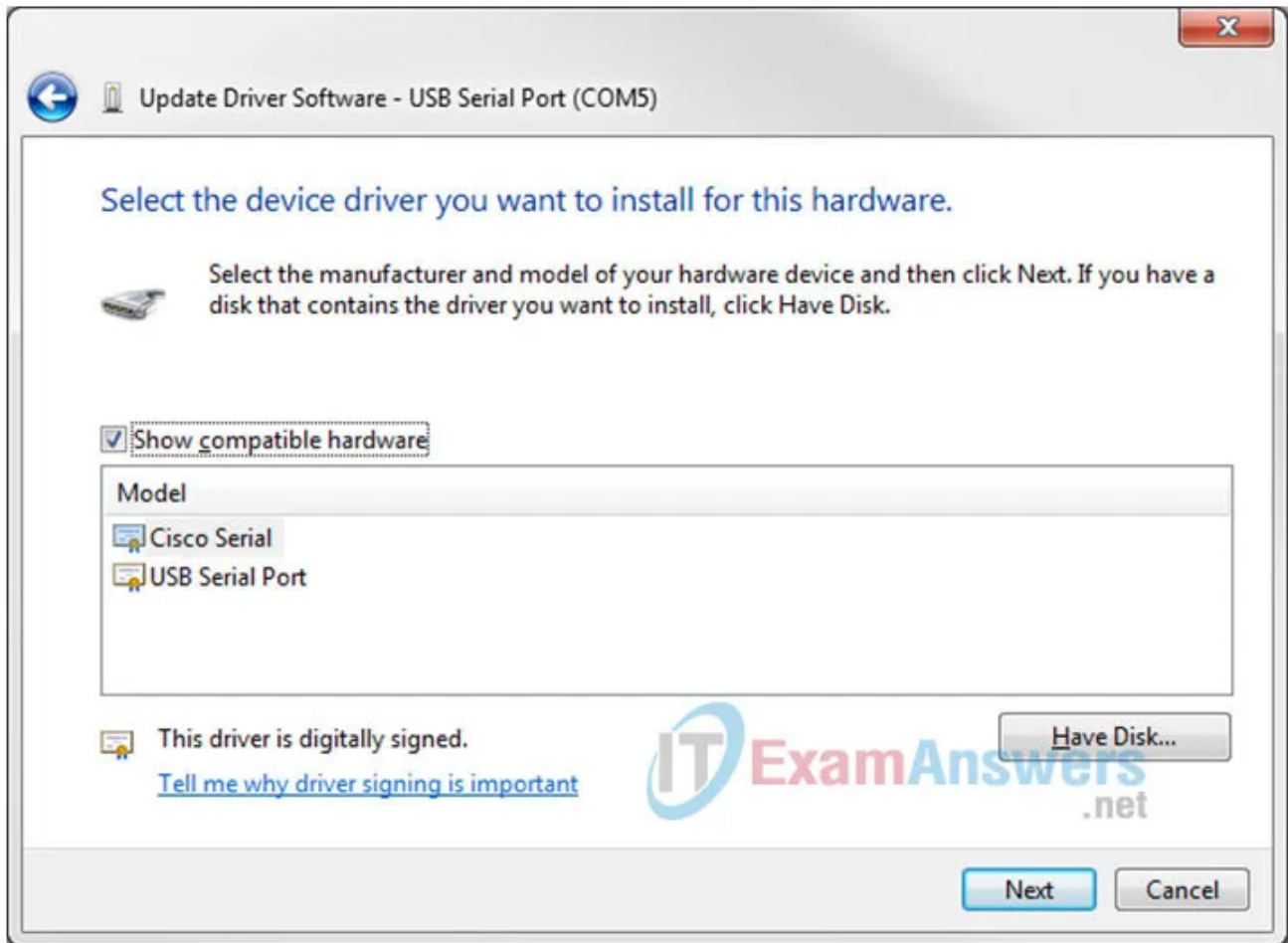
- d. Choose **Browse my computer for driver software**.



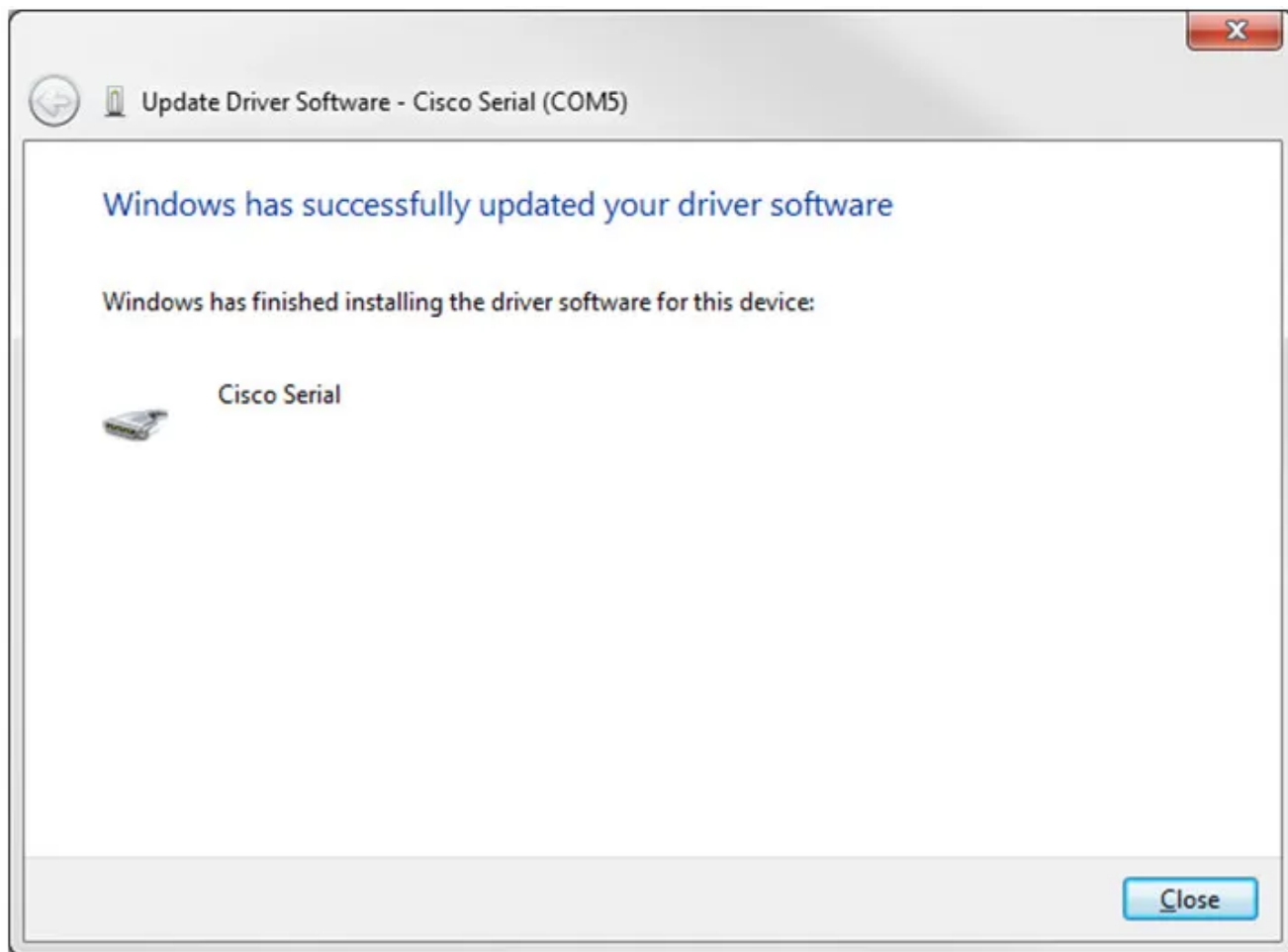
e. Choose **Let me pick from a list of device drivers on my computer** and click **Next**.



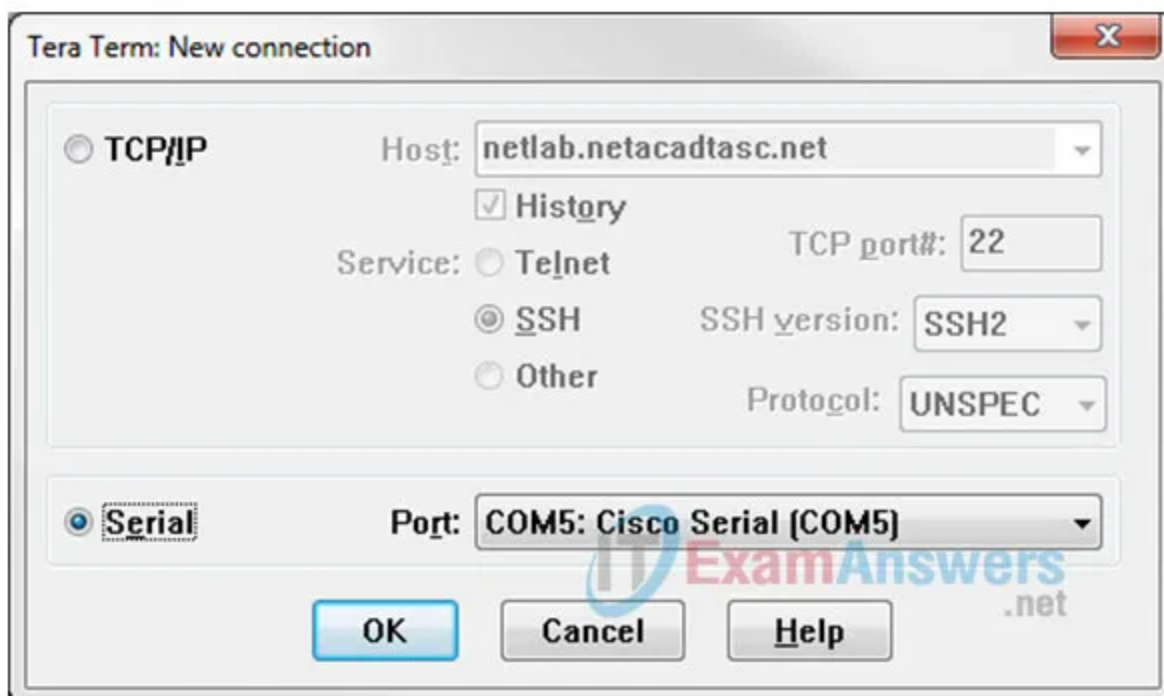
f. Choose the **Cisco Serial** driver and click **Next**.



g. The device driver is installed successfully. Take note of the assigned port number listed at the top of the window. In this sample, COM 5 is used for communication with the router. Click **Close**.



h. Open **Tera Term**. Click the **Serial** radio button and choose **Port COM5: Cisco Serial (COM 5)**. This port should now be available for communication with the router. Click **OK**.



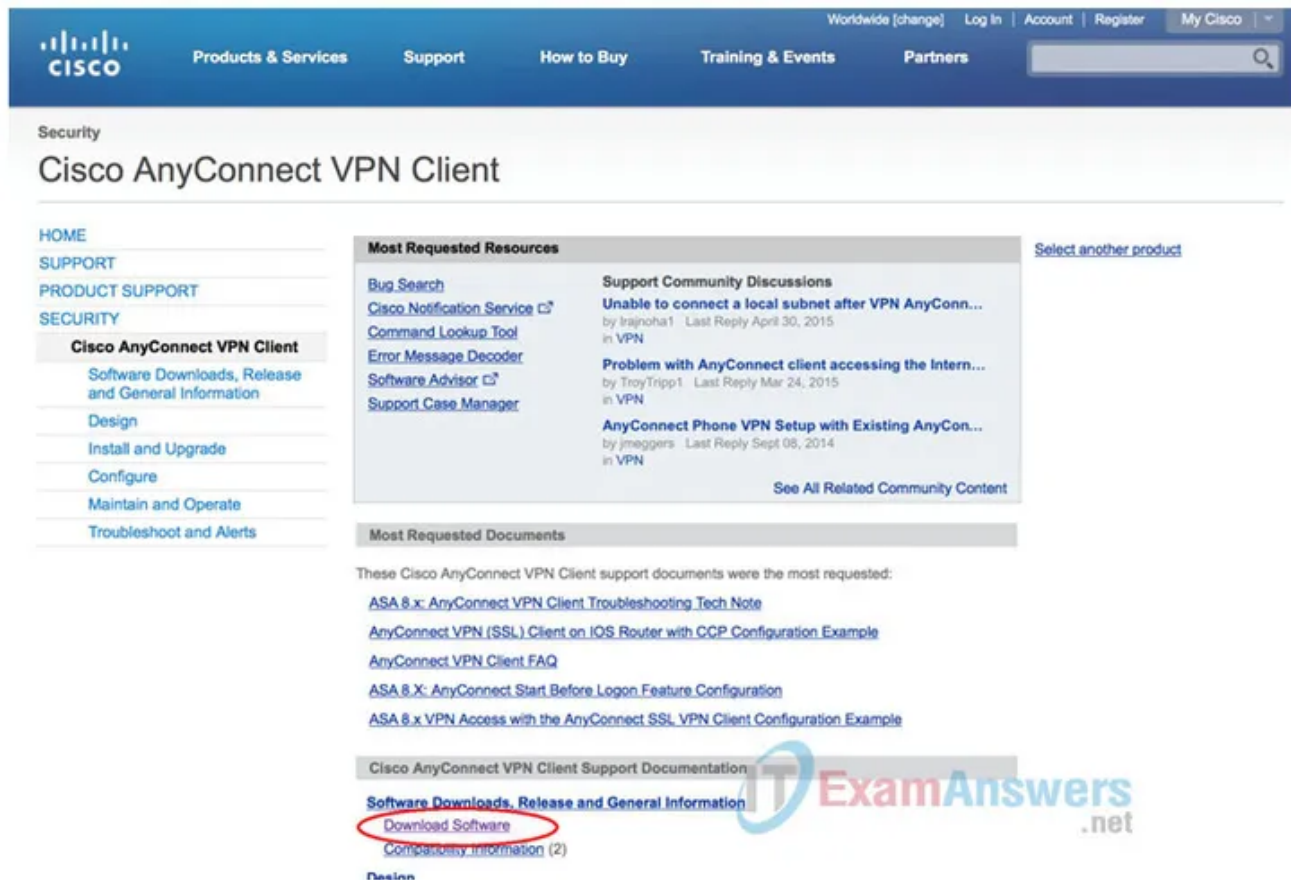
## Part 4: Download and Install the AnyConnect Client Software Packages

Updated versions of Cisco's AnyConnect Client software packages can be downloaded from Cisco.com. It is recommended that AnyConnect Secure Mobility Client release 4.1.00028 is downloaded and installed on the ASA 5505 for CCNAS. This release of the AnyConnect Secure Mobility Client has been tested on PCs running either the Windows 7 or Windows 8.1 OS.

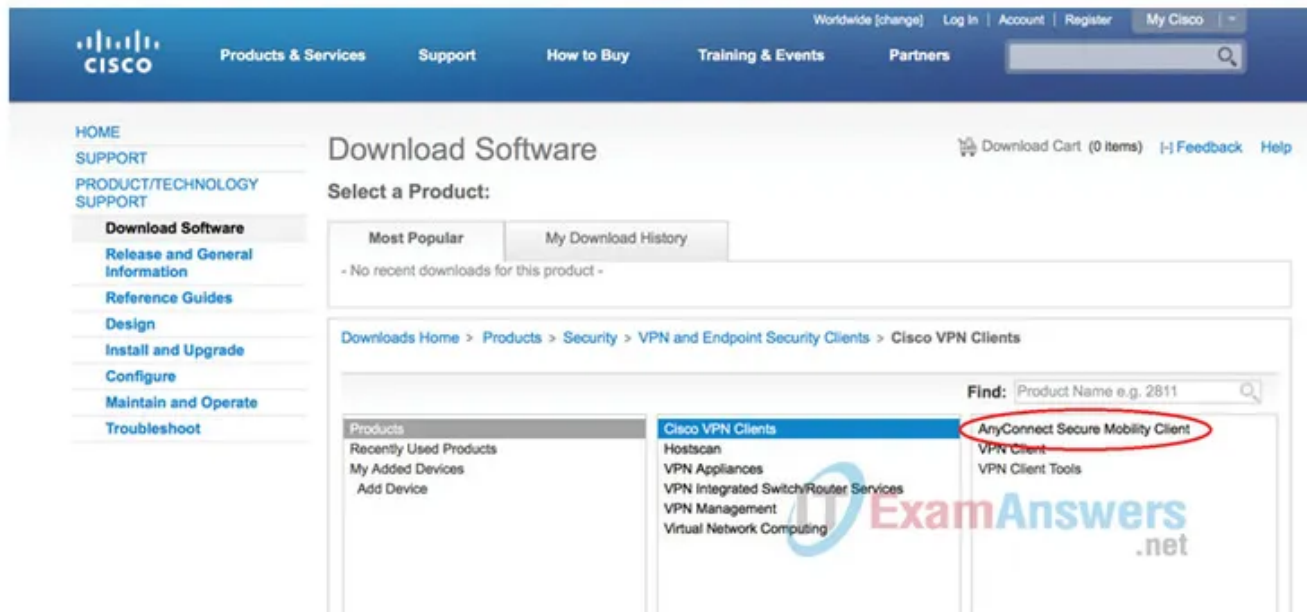
**Note:** AnyConnect client version 4.5 is available for download in CCNA Security Instructor Resources.

### Step 1: Download the AnyConnect Secure Mobility Client software packages from cisco.com.

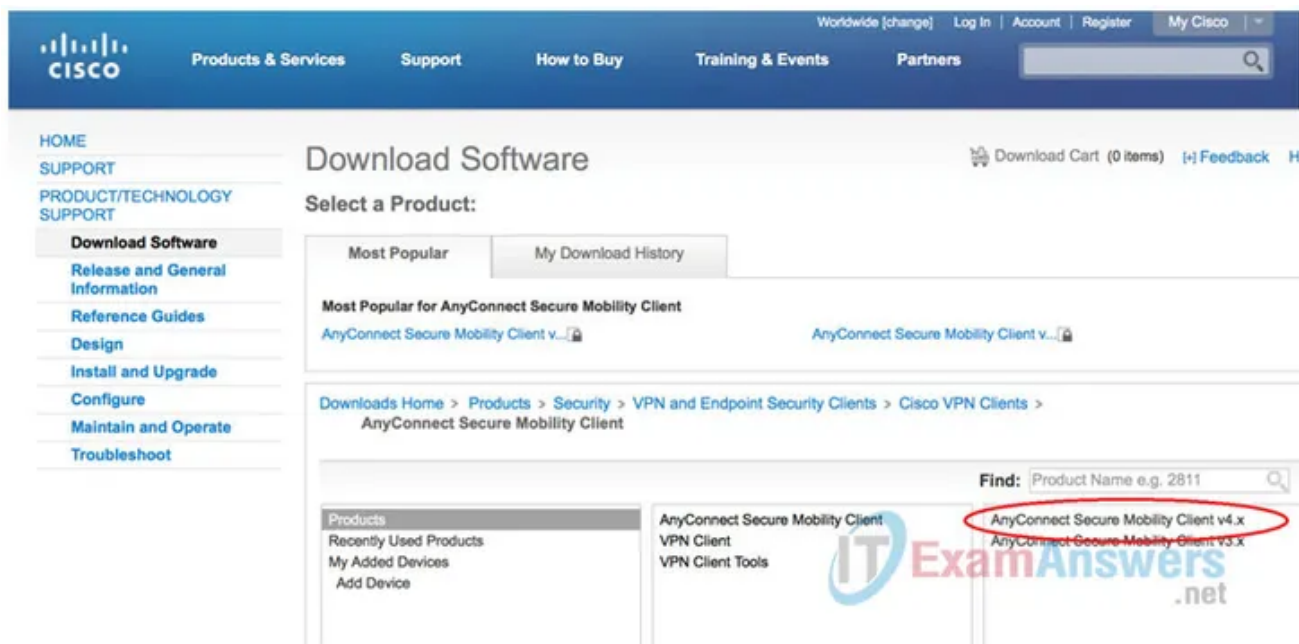
- Using a browser, connect to the [www.cisco.com](http://www.cisco.com) and log in.
- Click **Support > Security (VPN, Firewall) > AnyConnect VPN Client**.
- From the Cisco AnyConnect VPN Client screen, click **Download Software**.



- From the Download Software – Select a Product screen, click **AnyConnect Secure Mobility Client**.



e. Click **AnyConnect Security Mobility Client v4.x**.



f. Use the scroll bar in the Download Software – AnyConnect Secure Mobility Client v4.x screen to locate the **Full installation package – Windows / Head-end deployment (PKG)** Click **Download**.

**Note:** The Windows package release 4.1.00028 filename is **anyconnect-win-4.1.1.00028-k9.pkg**.



The screenshot shows the Cisco Download Software page for AnyConnect Secure Mobility Client v4.x. The page includes a navigation bar with links like 'Products & Services', 'Support', 'How to Buy', 'Training & Events', and 'Partners'. The main content area displays the release 4.1.00028 with a table of files for download. The 'Full installation package - Windows / Head-end deployment (PKG)' file, named 'anyconnect-win-4.1.00028-k9.pkg', is highlighted with a red circle around its 'Download' button.

File Information	Release Date	Size	Download
Web Security Module - Windows / Standalone installer (MSI) anyconnect-websecurity-win-4.1.00028-pre-deploy-k9.msi	08-MAY-2015	1.61 MB	Download
Full installation package - Windows / Head-end deployment (PKG) anyconnect-win-4.1.00028-k9.pkg	08-MAY-2015	16.16 MB	Download
Language localization transform files - Windows / Standalone anyconnect-win-4.1.00028-pre-deploy-k9-lang.zip	08-MAY-2015	0.56 MB	Download
Full installation package - Window / Standalone installer (ISO). Includes installation packages for DART, NAM, Core/VPN, Phone Home, Hostscan, ISE Posture, and WebSecurity components. anyconnect-win-4.1.00028-pre-deploy-k9.iso	08-MAY-2015	24.30 MB	Download

## Step 2: Upload the AnyConnect Secure Mobility Client to the ASA 5505.

a. After the **anyconnect-win-4.1.00028-k9.pkg** has been downloaded, connect the PC to the ASA 5505 Eo/1 interface and assign it a static IP address of **168.1.3** with a subnet mask of **255.255.255.0**.

**Note:** This PC will also need TFTP server software installed. Free or trial versions of TFTP server can be downloaded from the Internet. Use a web browser to search for “free windows tftp server” and refer to the software documentation for more information.

The IP addresses used in this example are for reference only. The file **anyconnect-win-4.1.00028-k9.pkg** is used in this example.

b. Configure the ASA’s VLAN with an IP address of **168.1.1**, a subnet mask of **255.255.255.0**, and the nameif to **inside**.

```
ciscoasa(config)# int vlan 1
ciscoasa(config-if)# ip address 192.168.1.1 255.255.255.0
ciscoasa(config-if)# nameif inside
INFO: Security level for "inside" set to 100 by default.
ciscoasa(config-if)# no shut
```



c. Activate interface E0/o.

```
ciscoasa(config-if)# int e0/1
ciscoasa(config-if)# no shut
ciscoasa(config-if)# end
```

d. Start the TFTP server software and verify that the **anyconnect-win-4.1.00028-k9.pkg** file is located in the default directory.

e. From the CLI on the ASA, issue the **copy tftp://192.168.1.1/anyconnect-win-4.1.000028-k9.pkg flash:**

```
ciscoasa# copy tftp://192.168.1.3/anyconnect-win-4.1.00028-k9.pkg flash:

Address or name of remote host [192.168.1.3]?

Source filename [anyconnect-win-4.1.00028-k9.pkg]?

Destination filename [anyconnect-win-4.1.00028-k9.pkg]?

Accessing tftp://192.168.1.3/anyconnect-win-4.1.00028-
k9.pkg...!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!

Writing file disk0:/anyconnect-win-4.1.00028-k9.pkg...
!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!

16932458 bytes copied in 60.160 secs (282207 bytes/sec)
ciscoasa#
```

f. Issue the **show flash** command on the ASA to verify that the file has been uploaded to flash.

```
ciscoasa# show flash
--#--  --length--  ----date/time-----  path
  54  30468096    Feb 13 2015 15:09:42  asa923-k8.bin
  19   2048        May 13 2015 18:42:24  crypto_archive
  20   2048        May 13 2015 18:42:54  coredumpinfo
  21    59         May 13 2015 18:42:54  coredumpinfo/coredump.cfg
  10   2048        Aug 29 2011 13:59:36  log
  57  26350916    Mar 26 2015 14:20:14  asdm-741.bin
  62  12998641    Aug 29 2011 14:04:10  csd_3.5.2008-k9.pkg
  63   2048        Aug 29 2011 14:04:12  sdesktop
  86    0          Aug 29 2011 14:04:12  sdesktop/data.xml
  64  4678691     Apr 16 2015 16:10:22  anyconnect-win-2.5.2014-k9.pkg
  65  6487517     Apr 16 2015 16:11:26  anyconnect-macosx-i386-2.5.2014-k9.pkg
  66  6689498     Apr 16 2015 16:12:18  anyconnect-linux-2.5.2014-k9.pkg
  68  16932458    May 21 2015 22:23:05  anyconnect-win-4.1.00028-k9.pkg

128573440 bytes total (23339008 bytes free)
ciscoasa#
```

## Router Interface Summary Table

Router Interface Summary				
Router Model	Ethernet Interface #1	Ethernet Interface #2	Serial Interface #1	Serial Interface #2
1800	Fast Ethernet 0/0 (F0/0)	Fast Ethernet 0/1 (F0/1)	Serial 0/0/0 (S0/0/0)	Serial 0/0/1 (S0/0/1)
1900	Gigabit Ethernet 0/0 (G0/0)	Gigabit Ethernet 0/1 (G0/1)	Serial 0/0/0 (S0/0/0)	Serial 0/0/1 (S0/0/1)
2801	Fast Ethernet 0/0 (F0/0)	Fast Ethernet 0/1 (F0/1)	Serial 0/1/0 (S0/1/0)	Serial 0/1/1 (S0/1/1)
2811	Fast Ethernet 0/0 (F0/0)	Fast Ethernet 0/1 (F0/1)	Serial 0/0/0 (S0/0/0)	Serial 0/0/1 (S0/0/1)
2900	Gigabit Ethernet 0/0 (G0/0)	Gigabit Ethernet 0/1 (G0/1)	Serial 0/0/0 (S0/0/0)	Serial 0/0/1 (S0/0/1)

**Note:** To find out how the router is configured, look at the interfaces, identify the type of router used, and how many interfaces the router has. There is no way to effectively list all the combinations of configurations for each router class. This table includes identifiers for the possible combinations of Ethernet and Serial interfaces in the device. The table does not include any other type of interface, even though a specific router may contain one. An example of this might be an ISDN BRI interface. The string in parenthesis is the legal abbreviation that can be used in Cisco IOS commands to represent the interface.