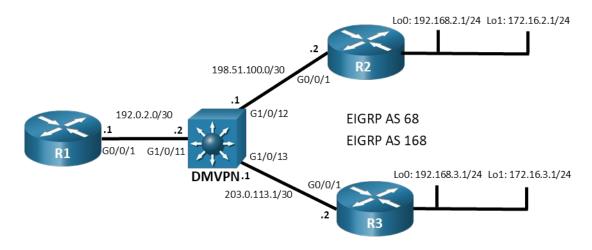


Lab - Configure Secure DMVPN Tunnels (Instructor Version)

Instructor Note: Red font color or gray highlights indicate text that appears in the instructor copy only.

Topology



Addressing Table

Device	Interface	IPv4 Address	
R1	G0/0/1	192.0.2.1/24	
	Tunnel 1	100.100.100.1/29	
R2	G0/0/1	198.51.100.2/24	
	Loopback 0	192.168.1.1/24	
	Loopback 1	172.16.1.1/24	
	Tunnel 1	100.100.100.2/29	
R3	G0/0/1	203.0.113.2/24	
	Loopback 0	192.168.3.1/24	
	Loopback 1	172.16.3.1/24	
	Tunnel 1	100.100.100.3/29	

Objectives

Part 1: Build the Network and Verify DMVPN Phase 3 Operation

Part 2: Secure DMVPN Phase 3 Tunnels

Background / Scenario

In previous labs, you have configured DMVPN Phase 1 and Phase 3 networks, including configuration of DMVPN Phase 3 with IPv6. However, in those labs, IPsec was not used to encrypt and protect data travelling on the tunnels. IPsec functionality is essential to DMVPN implementation. In this lab, you will work with the DMVPN Phase 3 implementation from the Implement a DMVPN Phase 3 Spoke-to-Spoke Topology lab. You will start with a working configuration and then apply IPsec to the spoke-to-hub and spoke-to-spoke tunnels. Finally, you will verify the operation of the secured tunnels.

Note: The routers used with CCNA hands-on labs are Cisco 4221 with Cisco IOS XE Release 16.9.4 (universalk9 image). The switch used is a Cisco Catalyst 3650 with Cisco IOS XE Release 16.9.4 (universalk9 image). Other routers, Layer 3 switches, and Cisco IOS versions can be used. Depending on the model and Cisco IOS version, the commands available and the output produced might vary from what is shown in the labs. Refer to the Router Interface Summary Table at the end of the lab for the correct interface identifiers.

Required Resources

- 3 Routers (Cisco 4221 with Cisco IOS XE Release 16.9.4 universal image or comparable)
- 1 Switch (Cisco 3560 with Cisco IOS XE Release 16.9.4 universal image or comparable)
- 1 PC (Choice of operating system with a terminal emulation program installed)
- Console cables to configure the Cisco IOS devices via the console ports
- Ethernet cables as shown in the topology

Initial Configurations

Students will use the answer configurations from the lab Implement a DMVPN Phase 3 Spoke-to-Spoke Topology. If they do not have the preconfigured devices, they could benefit by practicing configuration of DMVPN Phase 3 from that lab. Otherwise, they could paste the initial configurations into the devices. Initial configurations are provided here.

R1 hub router

```
hostname R1
no ip domain lookup
banner motd # R1, Implement DMVPN Hub #
line con 0
 exec-timeout 0 0
 logging synchronous
 exit
line vty 0 4
 privilege level 15
 password cisco123
 exec-timeout 0 0
 logging synchronous
 login
 exit
interface g0/0/1
 ip address 192.0.2.1 255.255.255.252
 no shutdown
 exit
interface tunnel 1
 tunnel mode gre multipoint
 tunnel source g0/0/1
```

```
tunnel key 999
ip address 100.100.100.1 255.255.255.248
ip nhrp network-id 1
ip nhrp authentication NHRPauth
ip nhrp map multicast dynamic
ip nhrp redirect
bandwidth 4000
ip mtu 1400
ip tcp adjust-mss 1360
exit
router eigrp DMVPN TUNNEL NET
address-family ipv4 unicast autonomous-system 68
eigrp router-id 1.1.1.1
network 100.100.100.0 255.255.255.248
af-interface tunnel 1
 no split-horizon
router eigrp DMVPN TRANS NET
address-family ipv4 unicast autonomous-system 168
eigrp router-id 10.1.1.1
network 192.0.2.0 255.255.255.252
end
```

R2 spoke router 1

```
hostname R2
no ip domain lookup
banner motd # R2, Implement DMVPN Spoke 1 #
line con 0
 exec-timeout 0 0
logging synchronous
 exit
line vty 0 4
 privilege level 15
 password cisco123
 exec-timeout 0 0
 logging synchronous
 login
 exit
interface q0/0/1
 ip address 198.51.100.2 255.255.255.252
no shutdown
 exit
interface loopback 0
 ip address 192.168.2.1 255.255.255.0
 no shutdown
 exit
interface loopback 1
 ip address 172.16.2.1 255.255.255.0
```

```
no shutdown
    exit
   interface tunnel 1
    tunnel mode gre multipoint
    tunnel source loopback 0
    no tunnel destination
    tunnel key 999
    ip address 100.100.100.2 255.255.255.248
    ip nhrp network-id 1
    ip nhrp authentication NHRPauth
    ip nhrp nhs 100.100.100.1
    ip nhrp map multicast 192.0.2.1
    ip nhrp map 100.100.100.1 192.0.2.1
    ip nhrp shortcut
   ip mtu 1400
   ip tcp adjust-mss 1360
   router eigrp DMVPN TUNNEL NET
    address-family ipv4 unicast autonomous-system 68
    eigrp router-id 2.2.2.2
   network 100.100.100.0 255.255.255.248
    network 172.16.2.0 255.255.255.0
   eigrp stub connected
   router eigrp DMVPN TRANS NET
    address-family ipv4 unicast autonomous-system 168
   eigrp router-id 20.2.2.2
   network 198.51.100.0 255.255.255.252
    network 192.168.2.0 255.255.255.0
   end
Router R3 spoke 2
   hostname R3
   no ip domain lookup
  banner motd # R3, Implement DMVPN Spoke 2 #
  line con 0
   exec-timeout 0 0
   logging synchronous
   exit
   line vty 0 4
   privilege level 15
   password cisco123
   exec-timeout 0 0
   logging synchronous
   login
   exit
   interface g0/0/1
    ip address 203.0.113.2 255.255.255.252
```

```
no shutdown
    exit
   interface loopback 0
   ip address 192.168.3.1 255.255.255.0
   no shutdown
   exit
   interface loopback 1
   ip address 172.16.3.1 255.255.255.0
   no shutdown
    exit
   interface tunnel 1
    tunnel mode gre multipoint
   tunnel source loopback 0
   no tunnel destination
    tunnel key 999
    ip address 100.100.100.3 255.255.255.248
    ip nhrp network-id 1
    ip nhrp authentication NHRPauth
    ip nhrp nhs 100.100.100.1
   ip nhrp map multicast 192.0.2.1
    ip nhrp map 100.100.100.1 192.0.2.1
   ip nhrp shortcut
   ip mtu 1400
   ip tcp adjust-mss 1360
   router eigrp DMVPN TUNNEL NET
    address-family ipv4 unicast autonomous-system 68
    eigrp router-id 3.3.3.3
   network 100.100.100.0 255.255.255.248
   network 172.16.3.0 255.255.255.0
    eigrp stub connected
   router eigrp DMVPN TRANS NET
    address-family ipv4 unicast autonomous-system 168
    eigrp router-id 30.3.3.3
   network 203.0.113.0 255.255.255.252
    network 192.168.3.0 255.255.255.0
    eigrp stub connected
   end
Layer 3 Switch DMVPN
   hostname DMVPN
   no ip domain lookup
   ip routing
  banner motd # DMVPN, DMVPN cloud switch #
   line con 0
```

exec-timeout 0 0
logging synchronous

```
exit
line vty 0 4
privilege level 15
password cisco123
exec-timeout 0 0
logging synchronous
login
interface g1/0/11
no switchport
ip address 192.0.2.2 255.255.255.252
no shutdown
exit
interface g1/0/12
no switchport
ip address 198.51.100.1 255.255.255.252
no shutdown
exit
interface g1/0/13
no switchport
ip address 203.0.113.1 255.255.255.252
no shutdown
exit
router eigrp DMVPN TRANS NET
 address-family ipv4 unicast autonomous-system 168
eigrp router-id 40.4.4.4
network 192.0.2.0 255.255.255.252
network 198.51.100.0 255.255.255.252
network 203.0.113.0 255.255.255.252
end
```

Instructions

Part 1: Build the Network and Verify DMVPN Phase 3 Operation

In Part 1, you will set up the network topology and configure basic settings if the network is not already configured. This lab uses the same topology and final configurations from the **Implement a DMVPN Phase 3 Spoke-to-Spoke Topology** lab.

Step 1: Cable the network as shown in the topology.

Connect the devices as shown in the topology diagram.

Step 2: Configure initial settings for each router and the Layer 3 switch.

Console into each device, enter global configuration mode, and apply the initial settings for the lab if the devices are not already configured.

Step 3: Verify connectivity in the network.

a. From R1, **ping** the loopback interfaces of R2 and R3. All pings should be successful. This verifies that full connectivity exists in the underlay, or transport, network.

```
R1# ping 192.168.2.1

Type escape sequence to abort.

Sending 5, 100-byte ICMP Echos to 192.168.3.1, timeout is 2 seconds:
!!!!!

Success rate is 100 percent (5/5), round-trip min/avg/max = 1/1/1 ms

R1# ping 192.168.3.1

Type escape sequence to abort.

Sending 5, 100-byte ICMP Echos to 192.168.3.1, timeout is 2 seconds:
!!!!!

Success rate is 100 percent (5/5), round-trip min/avg/max = 1/1/1 ms
```

Step 4: Verify DMVPN Phase 3 operation.

a. Return to R2. Initiate a **traceroute** to the simulated LAN interface on R3. The path will pass through R1 as it does in a DMVPN Phase 1 network.

Note: The first trace may fail if the DMVPN switch CAM table is empty.

```
R2# traceroute 172.16.3.1

Type escape sequence to abort.

Tracing the route to 172.16.3.1

VRF info: (vrf in name/id, vrf out name/id)

1 100.100.100.1 1 msec 1 msec 1 msec
2 100.100.100.3 1 msec * 2 msec
```

b. Issue the **traceroute** command again. You will now see that R1 has enabled direct spoke-to-spoke communication between R2 and R3. This tunnel will expire and close dynamically. The tunnel reopens after data for the spoke router is sent again.

```
R2# traceroute 172.16.3.1
Type escape sequence to abort.
Tracing the route to 172.16.3.1
VRF info: (vrf in name/id, vrf out name/id)
1 100.100.100.3 1 msec * 1 msec
```

Part 2: Secure DMVPN Phase 3 Tunnels

Now that the tunnels have been configured and DMVPN connectivity has been verified, the tunnels can be secured with IPsec.

Step 1: Create the IKE policy.

Create an IKE policy that defines the hash algorithm, encryption type, key exchange method, Diffie-Hellman group, and the authentication method.

```
R1(config) # crypto isakmp policy 99
R1(config-isakmp) # hash sha384
R1(config-isakmp) # encryption aes 256
R1(config-isakmp) # group 14
R1(config-isakmp) # authentication pre-share
```

```
R1(config-isakmp)# exit
```

Step 2: Configure the ISAKMP key.

Configure the pre-shared key and peer address. Use 0.0.0.0 to match multiple peer addresses. Use a key of **DMVPN@key#**.

```
R1(config)# crypto isakmp key DMVPN@key# address 0.0.0.0
```

Step 3: Create and configure the IPsec transform set.

Configure the IPsec transform set. Use **DMVPN_TRANS** as the transform set name. Specify **esp-aes** with a 256-bit key as the encryption transform and **esp-sha384-hmac** as the authentication transform. Configure the transform set to use IPsec **transport** mode for the tunnels.

```
R1(config)# crypto ipsec transform-set DMVPN_TRANS esp-aes 256 esp-sha384-hmac
R1(cfg-crypto-trans)# mode transport
R1(cfg-crypto-trans)# exit
```

Step 4: Create the IPsec profile.

Create an IPsec profile with the name **DMVPN_PROFILE**. Associate the **DMVPN_TRANS** transform set with the profile.

```
R1(config) # crypto ipsec profile DMVPN_PROFILE
R1(ipsec-profile) # set transform-set DMVPN_TRANS
R1(ipsec-profile) # exit
```

Step 5: Apply the IPsec profile to the tunnel interface.

Finally, apply the IPsec profile to the tunnel interface. After you apply the profile, you will see the that IPsec is now active and you will lose adjacency with R2 and R3 until their respective ends of the tunnel are configured.

```
R1(config)# interface tunnel 1
R1(config-if)# tunnel protection ipsec profile DMVPN_PROFILE
R1(config-if)# exit
*Mar 30 07:39:32.398: %CRYPTO-6-ISAKMP_ON_OFF: ISAKMP is ON
R1(config)#
*Mar 30 07:39:32.963: %IOSXE-3-PLATFORM: R0/0: cpp_cp: QFP:0.0 Thread:001
TS:00000000594132950499 %IPSEC-3-RECVD_PKT_NOT_IPSEC: Rec'd packet not an IPSEC
packet, dest_addr= 192.0.2.1, src_addr= 192.168.2.1, prot= 47
*Mar 30 07:39:43.664: %DUAL-5-NBRCHANGE: EIGRP-IPv4 68: Neighbor 100.100.100.2
(Tunnell) is down: holding time expired
*Mar 30 07:39:44.235: %DUAL-5-NBRCHANGE: EIGRP-IPv4 68: Neighbor 100.100.100.3
(Tunnell) is down: holding time expired
R1(config)#
```

Step 6: Configure R2 and R3 with IPsec.

Repeat this configuration on the R2 and R3 routers.

```
R2(config)# crypto isakmp policy 99
R2(config-isakmp)# hash sha384
R2(config-isakmp)# encryption aes 256
R2(config-isakmp)# group 14
R2(config-isakmp)# authentication pre-share
R2(config-isakmp)# exit
R2(config)# crypto isakmp key DMVPN@key# address 0.0.0.0
```

```
R2(config)# crypto ipsec transform-set DMVPN_TRANS esp-aes 256 esp-sha384-hmac
R2(cfg-crypto-trans)# mode transport
R2(cfg-crypto-trans)# exit
R2(config)# crypto ipsec profile DMVPN PROFILE
R2(ipsec-profile) # set transform-set DMVPN TRANS
R2(ipsec-profile) # exit
R2(config) # interface tunnel 1
R2(config-if) # tunnel protection ipsec profile DMVPN PROFILE
R2(config-if)# exit
R3(config) # crypto isakmp policy 99
R3(config-isakmp) # hash sha384
R3(config-isakmp) # encryption aes 256
R3(config-isakmp) # group 14
R3(config-isakmp)# authentication pre-share
R3(config-isakmp) # exit
R3(config)# crypto isakmp key DMVPN@key# address 0.0.0.0
R3(config)# crypto ipsec transform-set DMVPN TRANS esp-aes 256 esp-sha384-hmac
R3(cfg-crypto-trans) # mode transport
R3(cfg-crypto-trans)# exit
R3(config) # crypto ipsec profile DMVPN_PROFILE
R3(ipsec-profile) # set transform-set DMVPN TRANS
R3(ipsec-profile) # exit
R3(config) # interface tunnel 1
R3(config-if)# tunnel protection ipsec profile DMVPN PROFILE
R3(config-if)# exit
```

Step 7: Verify DMVPN Phase 3 operation.

a. As was done previously, test the operation of the spoke-to-spoke DMVPN. Return to R2. Initiate a traceroute to the simulated LAN interface on R3. The path will pass through R1 as it does in a DMVPN Phase 1 network.

```
R2# traceroute 172.16.3.1

Type escape sequence to abort.

Tracing the route to 172.16.3.1

VRF info: (vrf in name/id, vrf out name/id)

1 100.100.100.1 1 msec 1 msec 1 msec
2 100.100.100.3 1 msec * 2 msec
```

b. Issue the **traceroute** command again. You will now see that R1 has enabled direct spoke-to-spoke communication between R2 and R3. This tunnel will expire and close dynamically. The tunnel reopens after data for the spoke router is sent again.

```
R2# traceroute 172.16.3.1
Type escape sequence to abort.
Tracing the route to 172.16.3.1
VRF info: (vrf in name/id, vrf out name/id)
1 100.100.100.3 1 msec * 1 msec
```

Step 8: Verify IPsec configuration.

Note: Shut down a tunnel interface to clear its IPsec socket if you wish to explore the outputs before and after spoke-to-spoke tunnel establishment.

a. To show information about the IPsec profiles that are configured on a device, issue the **show crypto** ipsec profile command. Note that the profile that was previously configured is shown along with a default profile.

```
R2# show crypto ipsec profile

IPSEC profile DMVPN_PROFILE

    Security association lifetime: 4608000 kilobytes/3600 seconds
    Responder-Only (Y/N): N
    PFS (Y/N): N
    Mixed-mode : Disabled
    Transform sets={
         DMVPN_TRANS: { esp-256-aes esp-sha384-hmac } ,
    }

IPSEC profile default
    Security association lifetime: 4608000 kilobytes/3600 seconds
    Responder-Only (Y/N): N
    PFS (Y/N): N
    Mixed-mode : Disabled
    Transform sets={
```

default: { esp-aes esp-sha-hmac } ,

b. It is very important to verify that tunnel traffic will be encrypted. On R1, issue the **show dmvpn detail** command. As the hub router, R1 should see the spoke peers. The first part of the output shows the tunnel interface status and the peer table. Both peers should be shown with their transport and overlay interface addresses, as you have seen previously.

The Crypto Session Details portion of the output should contain information about the status of the encrypted tunnels. Both of the spoke routers should appear in this output also. Note that the transform set that you configured is also displayed in the Crypto Session output.

R1# show dmvpn detail

```
Interface: Tunnel1
Session: [0x7F6E17B867D0]
 Session ID: 0
 IKEv1 SA: local 192.0.2.1/500 remote 192.168.2.1/500 Active
          Capabilities: (none) connid:1001 lifetime:23:59:19
 Session ID: 0
  IKEv1 SA: local 192.0.2.1/500 remote 192.168.2.1/500 Active
          Capabilities: (none) connid:1002 lifetime:23:59:28
 Crypto Session Status: UP-ACTIVE
  fvrf: (none), Phasel id: 192.168.2.1
  IPSEC FLOW: permit 47 host 192.0.2.1 host 192.168.2.1
        Active SAs: 4, origin: crypto map
        Inbound: #pkts dec'ed 17 drop 0 life (KB/Sec) 4607998/3568
        Outbound: #pkts enc'ed 16 drop 0 life (KB/Sec) 4607999/3568
   Outbound SPI: 0xD2E76488, transform: esp-256-aes esp-sha384-hmac
    Socket State: Open
Interface: Tunnel1
Session: [0x7F6E17B86950]
 Session ID: 0
  IKEv1 SA: local 192.0.2.1/500 remote 192.168.3.1/500 Active
          Capabilities: (none) connid:1004 lifetime:23:59:48
 Session ID: 0
  IKEv1 SA: local 192.0.2.1/500 remote 192.168.3.1/500 Active
          Capabilities: (none) connid:1003 lifetime:23:59:40
 Crypto Session Status: UP-ACTIVE
  fvrf: (none), Phasel id: 192.168.3.1
 IPSEC FLOW: permit 47 host 192.0.2.1 host 192.168.3.1
        Active SAs: 6, origin: crypto map
        Inbound: #pkts dec'ed 11 drop 0 life (KB/Sec) 4607999/3588
        Outbound: #pkts enc'ed 10 drop 0 life (KB/Sec) 4607999/3588
   Outbound SPI: 0xCB3D3313, transform: esp-256-aes esp-sha384-hmac
    Socket State: Open
Pending DMVPN Sessions:
```

c. Issue the **show crypto ipsec sa** command on R2 to display the security associations (sa) that have been made by R2. This output is for the spoke-to-hub tunnel between R1 and R2 prior to the establishment of the spoke-to-spoke tunnel. This command provides additional details regarding the IPsec status of the tunnel, encrypted and decrypted packet statistics, and other details regarding characteristics of the encrypted tunnel.

```
R2# show crypto ipsec sa
```

```
interface: Tunnel1
    Crypto map tag: Tunnel1-head-0, local addr 192.168.2.1

protected vrf: (none)
local ident (addr/mask/prot/port): (192.168.2.1/255.255.255.255/47/0)
remote ident (addr/mask/prot/port): (192.0.2.1/255.255.255.255/47/0)
```

```
current peer 192.0.2.1 port 500
    PERMIT, flags={origin is acl,}
    #pkts encaps: 125, #pkts encrypt: 125, #pkts digest: 125
    #pkts decaps: 126, #pkts decrypt: 126, #pkts verify: 126
    #pkts compressed: 0, #pkts decompressed: 0
    #pkts not compressed: 0, #pkts compr. failed: 0
    #pkts not decompressed: 0, #pkts decompress failed: 0
    #send errors 0, #recv errors 0
    local crypto endpt.: 192.168.2.1, remote crypto endpt.: 192.0.2.1
    plaintext mtu 1458, path mtu 1514, ip mtu 1514, ip mtu idb Loopback0
    current outbound spi: 0x97C1D18A(2546061706)
    PFS (Y/N): N, DH group: none
    inbound esp sas:
     spi: 0xD2E76488(3538379912)
        transform: esp-256-aes esp-sha384-hmac,
       in use settings ={Transport, }
       conn id: 2003, flow id: ESG:3, sibling flags FFFFFFF80000008, crypto map:
Tunnel1-head-0
       sa timing: remaining key lifetime (k/sec): (4607984/3047)
       IV size: 16 bytes
       replay detection support: Y
       Status: ACTIVE (ACTIVE)
    inbound ah sas:
    inbound pcp sas:
    outbound esp sas:
     spi: 0x97C1D18A(2546061706)
       transform: esp-256-aes esp-sha384-hmac,
       in use settings ={Transport, }
       conn id: 2004, flow id: ESG:4, sibling flags FFFFFFF80000008, crypto map:
Tunnel1-head-0
        sa timing: remaining key lifetime (k/sec): (4607990/3047)
       IV size: 16 bytes
       replay detection support: Y
        Status: ACTIVE (ACTIVE)
    outbound ah sas:
    outbound pcp sas:
```

The output below is for the same command after the spoke-to-spoke tunnel is open. Entries exist for both the tunnel to R1 and the spoke-to-spoke tunnel between R2 and R3.

R2# show crypto ipsec sa

```
interface: Tunnel1
    Crypto map tag: Tunnel1-head-0, local addr 192.168.2.1
```

```
protected vrf: (none)
   local ident (addr/mask/prot/port): (192.168.2.1/255.255.255.255/47/0)
   remote ident (addr/mask/prot/port): (192.168.3.1/255.255.255.255/47/0)
   current peer 192.168.3.1 port 500
     PERMIT, flags={origin is acl,}
    #pkts encaps: 0, #pkts encrypt: 0, #pkts digest: 0
    #pkts decaps: 0, #pkts decrypt: 0, #pkts verify: 0
    #pkts compressed: 0, #pkts decompressed: 0
    #pkts not compressed: 0, #pkts compr. failed: 0
    #pkts not decompressed: 0, #pkts decompress failed: 0
    #send errors 0, #recv errors 0
     local crypto endpt.: 192.168.2.1, remote crypto endpt.: 192.168.3.1
     plaintext mtu 1458, path mtu 1514, ip mtu 1514, ip mtu idb Loopback0
     current outbound spi: 0x658E8CF5(1703841013)
     PFS (Y/N): N, DH group: none
     inbound esp sas:
      spi: 0xFA8FC9F2(4203727346)
       transform: esp-256-aes esp-sha384-hmac ,
        in use settings ={Transport, }
        conn id: 2005, flow id: ESG:5, sibling flags FFFFFFF80000008, crypto map:
Tunnel1-head-0
        sa timing: remaining key lifetime (k/sec): (4608000/3316)
        IV size: 16 bytes
        replay detection support: Y
        Status: ACTIVE (ACTIVE)
      spi: 0x59C41A42(1506024002)
        transform: esp-256-aes esp-sha384-hmac ,
        in use settings ={Transport, }
        conn id: 2007, flow id: ESG:7, sibling flags FFFFFFF80004008, crypto map:
Tunnel1-head-0
        sa timing: remaining key lifetime (k/sec): (4608000/3326)
        IV size: 16 bytes
       replay detection support: Y
        Status: ACTIVE (ACTIVE)
     inbound ah sas:
     inbound pcp sas:
     outbound esp sas:
      spi: 0x60CC6F77(1624010615)
        transform: esp-256-aes esp-sha384-hmac ,
        in use settings ={Transport, }
        conn id: 2006, flow id: ESG:6, sibling flags FFFFFFF80000008, crypto map:
Tunnel1-head-0
        sa timing: remaining key lifetime (k/sec): (4608000/3316)
        IV size: 16 bytes
```

```
replay detection support: Y
        Status: ACTIVE (ACTIVE)
      spi: 0x658E8CF5(1703841013)
        transform: esp-256-aes esp-sha384-hmac ,
        in use settings ={Transport, }
        conn id: 2008, flow id: ESG:8, sibling flags FFFFFFF80004008, crypto map:
Tunnel1-head-0
        sa timing: remaining key lifetime (k/sec): (4608000/3326)
        IV size: 16 bytes
        replay detection support: Y
        Status: ACTIVE (ACTIVE)
     outbound ah sas:
     outbound pcp sas:
   protected vrf: (none)
   local ident (addr/mask/prot/port): (192.168.2.1/255.255.255.255/47/0)
   remote ident (addr/mask/prot/port): (192.0.2.1/255.255.255.255/47/0)
   current peer 192.0.2.1 port 500
    PERMIT, flags={origin is acl,}
    #pkts encaps: 67, #pkts encrypt: 67, #pkts digest: 67
    #pkts decaps: 67, #pkts decrypt: 67, #pkts verify: 67
    #pkts compressed: 0, #pkts decompressed: 0
    #pkts not compressed: 0, #pkts compr. failed: 0
    #pkts not decompressed: 0, #pkts decompress failed: 0
    #send errors 0, #recv errors 0
    local crypto endpt.: 192.168.2.1, remote crypto endpt.: 192.0.2.1
     plaintext mtu 1458, path mtu 1514, ip mtu 1514, ip mtu idb Loopback0
     current outbound spi: 0x97C1D18A(2546061706)
     PFS (Y/N): N, DH group: none
    inbound esp sas:
      spi: 0xD2E76488(3538379912)
        transform: esp-256-aes esp-sha384-hmac ,
        in use settings ={Transport, }
        conn id: 2003, flow_id: ESG:3, sibling_flags FFFFFFF80000008, crypto map:
Tunnel1-head-0
        sa timing: remaining key lifetime (k/sec): (4607991/3305)
        IV size: 16 bytes
        replay detection support: Y
        Status: ACTIVE (ACTIVE)
     inbound ah sas:
     inbound pcp sas:
     outbound esp sas:
```

```
spi: 0x97C1D18A(2546061706)
    transform: esp-256-aes esp-sha384-hmac ,
    in use settings ={Transport, }
    conn id: 2004, flow_id: ESG:4, sibling_flags FFFFFFF80000008, crypto map:
Tunnel1-head-0
    sa timing: remaining key lifetime (k/sec): (4607995/3305)
    IV size: 16 bytes
    replay detection support: Y
    Status: ACTIVE(ACTIVE)

outbound ah sas:

outbound pcp sas:
```

d. On R2 issue the **show crypto isakmp sa** command to view the Internet Security Association Management Protocol (ISAKMP) SAs between the peers. Before the formation of the spoke-to-spoke tunnel, SAs have been made between R2 and R3, but no further negotiations have occurred, as indicated by the MM_NO_STATE state of the two SAs between the routers.

R2# show crypto isakmp sa

IPv4 Crypto ISAKMP SA					
dst	src	state	conn-id	status	
192.0.2.1	192.168.2.1	QM_IDLE	1001	ACTIVE	
192.168.2.1	192.0.2.1	QM_IDLE	1002	ACTIVE	
192.168.3.1	192.168.2.1	MM_NO_STATE	1004	ACTIVE	(deleted)
192.168.2.1	192.168.3.1	MM_NO_STATE	1003	ACTIVE	(deleted)

IPv6 Crypto ISAKMP SA

After traffic has established the spoke-to-spoke tunnel, the SAs all show the QM_IDLE state. The SAs have been fully negotiated and are available for further ISAKMP quick mode exchanges.

Note: ISAKMP modes are outside the scope of this course.

R2# show crypto isakmp sa

IPv4 Crypto IS	SAKMP SA			
dst	src	state	conn-id	status
192.0.2.1	192.168.2.1	QM_IDLE	1001	ACTIVE
192.168.2.1	192.0.2.1	QM_IDLE	1002	ACTIVE
192.168.3.1	192.168.2.1	QM_IDLE	1004	ACTIVE
192.168.2.1	192.168.3.1	QM_IDLE	1003	ACTIVE

IPv6 Crypto ISAKMP SA

e. You have successfully configured and verified IPsec on DMVPN Phase 3 tunnels.

Router Interface Summary Table

Router Model	Ethernet Interface #1	Ethernet Interface #2	Serial Interface #1	Serial Interface #2
1800	Fast Ethernet 0/0 (F0/0)	Fast Ethernet 0/1 (F0/1)	Serial 0/0/0 (S0/0/0)	Serial 0/0/1 (S0/0/1)
1900	Gigabit Ethernet 0/0	Gigabit Ethernet 0/1	Serial 0/0/0 (S0/0/0)	Serial 0/0/1 (S0/0/1)

Router Model	Ethernet Interface #1	Ethernet Interface #2	Serial Interface #1	Serial Interface #2
	(G0/0)	(G0/1)		
2801	Fast Ethernet 0/0 (F0/0)	Fast Ethernet 0/1 (F0/1)	Serial 0/1/0 (S0/1/0)	Serial 0/1/1 (S0/1/1)
2811	Fast Ethernet 0/0 (F0/0)	Fast Ethernet 0/1 (F0/1)	Serial 0/0/0 (S0/0/0)	Serial 0/0/1 (S0/0/1)
2900	Gigabit Ethernet 0/0 (G0/0)	Gigabit Ethernet 0/1 (G0/1)	Serial 0/0/0 (S0/0/0)	Serial 0/0/1 (S0/0/1)
4221	Gigabit Ethernet 0/0/0 (G0/0/0)	Gigabit Ethernet 0/0/1 (G0/0/1)	Serial 0/1/0 (S0/1/0)	Serial 0/1/1 (S0/1/1)
4300	Gigabit Ethernet 0/0/0 (G0/0/0)	Gigabit Ethernet 0/0/1 (G0/0/1)	Serial 0/1/0 (S0/1/0)	Serial 0/1/1 (S0/1/1)

Note: To find out how the router is configured, look at the interfaces to identify the type of router and how many interfaces the router has. There is no way to effectively list all the combinations of configurations for each router class. This table includes identifiers for the possible combinations of Ethernet and Serial interfaces in the device. The table does not include any other type of interface, even though a specific router may contain one. An example of this might be an ISDN BRI interface. The string in parenthesis is the legal abbreviation that can be used in Cisco IOS commands to represent the interface.

Device Configs – Final

Routers R1, R2, and R3

```
enable
configure terminal
enable
conf t
crypto isakmp policy 99
hash sha384
encryption aes 256
group 14
authentication pre-share
exit
crypto isakmp key DMVPN@key# address 0.0.0.0
crypto ipsec transform-set DMVPN TRANS esp-aes 256 esp-sha384-hmac
mode transport
crypto ipsec profile DMVPN PROFILE
set transform-set DMVPN TRANS
exit
interface tunnel1
tunnel protection ipsec profile DMVPN PROFILE
```