

$$b) \begin{pmatrix} [0,1]^T & \frac{m_1}{2} & b & r \\ [2,3]^T & 1 & 1 & -V \\ [3,2]^T & 2 & 2 & - \\ [1,0]^T & 1 & 1 & xT \\ [3,2]^T & 2 & 2 & TTV \\ [2,3]^T & 3 & 3 & XT \end{pmatrix}$$

$$c) \frac{\partial f(w)}{\partial w_j} = \sum_{i=1}^n \frac{\partial f_i(w)}{\partial \hat{y}_i} \cdot \frac{\partial \hat{y}_i}{\partial w_j}$$

$$\hat{y}_i = \frac{1}{1 + e^{-\sum_j w_j x_j^i}}$$

$$\alpha \frac{1}{2} (\hat{y}_i - y_i)^2 + \lambda \sum_{j=1}^p w_j^2 = (\hat{y}_i - y_i)$$

Activity 23

$$b(z) = \max\{0, z\}$$

$$* 1. h_1 = b(2+4+2) = 8$$

$$h_2 = b(-2+12-8) = 2$$

$$y_1 = b(4+(-1)) = 3$$

$$y_2 = b(-4+1) = 0$$

$$* 2. a) \hat{y}_i = \begin{cases} \sum_{j=0}^p w_j x_j^i, & \text{if } \sum_{j=0}^p w_j x_j^i > 0 \\ 0, & \text{if } \sum_{j=0}^p w_j x_j^i < 0 \end{cases}$$

$$b) \text{ chain rule } \frac{\partial f(w)}{\partial w_j} = \sum_{i=1}^n \frac{\partial f_i(w)}{\partial \hat{y}_i} \cdot \frac{\partial \hat{y}_i}{\partial w_j} \quad (\text{whole dataset})$$

$$= \sum_{i=1}^n (\hat{y}_i - y_i) \cdot x_j^i, \quad \sum_{j=0}^p w_j x_j^i > 0$$

$$= \sum_{i=1}^n (\hat{y}_i - y_i) \cdot 0, \quad \sum_{j=0}^p w_j x_j^i < 0$$

$$\frac{\partial f_i(w)}{\partial \hat{y}_i} = \frac{\partial}{\partial \hat{y}_i} \left(\frac{1}{2} (\hat{y}_i - y_i)^2 \right) = \frac{1}{2} \frac{\partial \hat{y}_i^2 - 2\hat{y}_i y_i + y_i^2}{\partial \hat{y}_i} = \frac{1}{2} (2\hat{y}_i - 2y_i) = \hat{y}_i - y_i$$

ii) Initialize w_j

Iterate for $t=0, 1, 2, \dots$

SGD choose $i \in \{1, 2, \dots, N\}$ at random

forward Net compute \hat{y}_j^t from x_j^t, w_j^t

Backward update $w_j^{t+1} = w_j^t - \alpha t \cdot (\hat{y}_j^t - y_j^t) \cdot x_j^t$ (single data)

$$\hat{y}_i = \sum_{j=0}^p w_j x_j^i$$

$$\rightarrow x_j^i \cdot x_j^i$$

$$\frac{\partial f(w)}{\partial w_j} = (\hat{y}_i - y_i) \cdot \frac{\partial (\sum w_j x_j^i)}{\partial w_j}$$

$$\rightarrow y_i = \sigma\left(\sum w_j x_j^i\right)$$

$$\sigma(g(w)) = \frac{1}{1 + e^{-g(w)}}$$

$$\frac{\partial y_i}{\partial g(w)} = \sigma(g(w)) (1 - \sigma(g(w)))$$

$$\frac{\partial g(w)}{\partial w_j} = x_j^i$$

$$\frac{\partial f(w)}{\partial w_j} = \frac{\partial f(w)}{\partial \sigma} \frac{\partial \sigma}{\partial w_j}$$

$$\Rightarrow (\hat{y}_i - y_i) \cdot \hat{y}_i \cdot (1 - \hat{y}_i) x_j^i$$