

Prob. 1

$$Y_n \sim b(n, p) \quad E \bar{Y}_n = p \quad \text{Var}(\bar{Y}_n) = \frac{p(1-p)}{n}$$

$$a) \quad P(|X - \mu| \geq k\sigma) \leq \frac{1}{k^2}$$

$$\Rightarrow P\left(|\bar{Y}_n - p| \geq \varepsilon \frac{\sqrt{n}}{\sqrt{p(1-p)}} \cdot \sqrt{\frac{p(1-p)}{n}}\right) \leq \frac{p(1-p)}{\varepsilon^2 n}$$

$$\text{as } n \rightarrow \infty, \quad P(|\bar{Y}_n - p| \geq \varepsilon) \leq \frac{p(1-p)}{\varepsilon^2 n} \rightarrow 0$$

$$\therefore \frac{Y_n}{n} \xrightarrow{P} p$$

b)

$$E\left(1 - \frac{Y_n}{n}\right) = 1 - p \quad \text{Var}\left(1 - \frac{Y_n}{n}\right) = \frac{p(1-p)}{n}$$

$$\Rightarrow P\left(\left|1 - \frac{Y_n}{n} - (1-p)\right| \geq \varepsilon \frac{\sqrt{n}}{\sqrt{p(1-p)}} \cdot \sqrt{\frac{p(1-p)}{n}}\right) \leq \frac{p(1-p)}{\varepsilon^2 n}$$

$$\text{as } n \rightarrow \infty, \quad P\left(\left|1 - \frac{Y_n}{n} - (1-p)\right| \geq \varepsilon\right) \leq \frac{p(1-p)}{\varepsilon^2 n} \rightarrow 0$$

$$\therefore 1 - \frac{Y_n}{n} \xrightarrow{P} 1 - p$$

$$c) \quad \therefore \frac{Y_n}{n} \xrightarrow{P} p \quad \text{and} \quad 1 - \frac{Y_n}{n} \xrightarrow{P} 1 - p$$

$$\therefore \frac{Y_n}{n} \left(1 - \frac{Y_n}{n}\right) \xrightarrow{P} p(1-p)$$

prob. 2

$$W_n \sim \begin{matrix} \text{mean } \mu \\ \text{var } b/nP \end{matrix}$$

$$P(|W_n - \mu| \geq \varepsilon \sqrt{\frac{nP}{b}} \sqrt{\frac{b}{nP}}) \geq \frac{b}{\varepsilon^2 nP}$$

$$\text{as } n \rightarrow \infty, P(|W_n - \mu| \geq \varepsilon) \geq \frac{b}{\varepsilon^2 nP} \rightarrow 0$$

$$\therefore W_n \xrightarrow{P} \mu$$

prob. 3

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} e^{-(x-\theta)} & x > \theta, -\infty < \theta < \infty \\ 0 & \text{o.w.} \end{cases}$$

$$Y_n = \min(X_1, \dots, X_n)$$

$$\bar{F}_X(x) = 1 - e^{\theta-x}, \quad x > \theta, -\infty < \theta < \infty$$

$$F_{Y_n}(y) = P(\min(X_1, \dots, X_n) \leq y)$$

$$= 1 - P(X_1 > y)^n = 1 - [1 - (1 - e^{\theta-y})]^n$$

$$= 1 - (e^{\theta-y})^n, \quad y > \theta, -\infty < \theta < \infty$$

$$P(|Y_n - \theta| < \varepsilon) = P(\theta - \varepsilon < Y_n < \theta + \varepsilon)$$

$$= \bar{F}_{Y_n}(\theta + \varepsilon) - \bar{F}_{Y_n}(\theta - \varepsilon), \quad \varepsilon > 0$$

$$= 1 - e^{-\varepsilon n} \rightarrow 0$$

$$= 1 - e^{-\varepsilon n}$$

$$\text{as } n \rightarrow \infty, P(|Y_n - \theta| < \varepsilon) \rightarrow 1$$

$$\therefore Y_n \xrightarrow{P} \theta$$

prob. 4

$$X_1, \dots, X_n \text{ iid } \begin{cases} f(x) = e^{-(x-\theta)}, & \theta < x < \infty \\ f(x) = 0, & \text{o.w.} \end{cases}$$

$$Y_1 = \min(X_1, \dots, X_n) \quad \underline{Z_n = n(Y_1 - \theta)}$$

$$\bar{F}_X(x) = 1 - e^{\theta-x}, \quad \theta < x < \infty$$

$$\begin{aligned} \bar{F}_{Y_1}(y) &= P(\min(X_1, \dots, X_n) < y) \\ &= 1 - P(X_1 > y, \dots, X_n > y) = 1 - (1 - (1 - e^{\theta-y}))^n \\ &= 1 - e^{n(\theta-y)} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \bar{F}_{Z_n}(z) &= P(Z_n < z) = P(n(Y_1 - \theta) < z) \\ &= P(Y_1 < \frac{z}{n} + \theta) = \bar{F}_{Y_1}(\frac{z}{n} + \theta) = 1 - e^{n(\theta - \frac{z}{n} - \theta)} \\ &= 1 - e^{-z}, \quad z > 0 \end{aligned}$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \bar{F}_{Z_n}(t) = \begin{cases} 1 - e^{-t}, & t > 0 \\ 0, & \text{o.w.} \end{cases}$$

prob. 5

$$\begin{aligned} \bar{F}_{Y_n}(y) &= P(\max(X_1, \dots, X_n) \leq y) \\ &= P(X_1 \leq y, \dots, X_n \leq y) = [\bar{F}(y)]^n \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \bar{F}_{Z_n}(t) &= P(n(1 - \bar{F}(Y_n)) \leq t) = P(1 - \bar{F}(Y_n) \leq \frac{t}{n}) \\ &= P(\bar{F}(Y_n) \geq 1 - \frac{t}{n}) = 1 - P(\bar{F}(Y_n) \leq 1 - \frac{t}{n}) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
&= 1 - P\left(Y_n \leq \bar{F}^{-1}\left(1 - \frac{t}{n}\right)\right) \\
&= 1 - P\left(\max(X_1, \dots, X_n) \leq \bar{F}^{-1}\left(1 - \frac{t}{n}\right)\right) \\
&= 1 - \left[\bar{F}\left(\bar{F}^{-1}\left(1 - \frac{t}{n}\right)\right)\right]^n \\
&= 1 - \left(1 - \frac{t}{n}\right)^n = \underbrace{1 - e^{-t}}_{}, t > 0
\end{aligned}$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} F_{Z_n}(t) = \begin{cases} 1 - e^{-t}, & t > 0 \\ 0, & o.w. \end{cases}$$

prob. 6

$$X_1, \dots, X_n \text{ iid } f(x) = \begin{cases} e^{-x}, & 0 < x < \infty \\ 0, & o.w. \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
a) M_{Y_n}(t) &= E(e^{tY_n}) = E(e^{t\sqrt{n}(\bar{X}_n - 1)}) \\
&= E(e^{t\sqrt{n}\bar{X}_n - t\sqrt{n}}) = e^{-t\sqrt{n}} E(e^{t\sqrt{n}\bar{X}_n}) \\
&= e^{-t\sqrt{n}} E(e^{t\sqrt{n} \cdot \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n X_i})
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
M_X(t) &= E(e^{tX}) = \int_0^\infty e^{tx} \cdot e^{-x} dx = \frac{1}{t-1} e^{tx-x} \Big|_0^\infty \\
&= \frac{1}{1-t}, \quad t < 1
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
\therefore M_{Y_n}(t) &= e^{-t\sqrt{n}} \cdot \left(M_X\left(\frac{t}{\sqrt{n}}\right)\right)^n = e^{-t\sqrt{n}} \cdot \left(\frac{1}{1 - \frac{t}{\sqrt{n}}}\right)^n \\
&= e^{-t\sqrt{n}} \cdot \left(\frac{\sqrt{n}}{\sqrt{n} - t}\right)^n, \quad \frac{t}{\sqrt{n}} < 1 \Rightarrow t < \sqrt{n}
\end{aligned}$$

b)

$$\begin{aligned}
 \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} M_{Y_n}(t) &= \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left(e^{-t\sqrt{n}} \cdot \left(\frac{\sqrt{n}}{\sqrt{n}-t} \right)^n \right) \\
 &= \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left(\left(e^{\frac{t}{\sqrt{n}}} \right)^n \cdot \left(\frac{\sqrt{n}-t}{\sqrt{n}} \right)^{-n} \right) \\
 &= \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left(\left(e^{\frac{t}{\sqrt{n}}} \cdot \left(1 - \frac{t}{\sqrt{n}} \right) \right)^{-n} \right) \\
 &= \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left[\left(1 + \frac{t}{\sqrt{n}} + \frac{t^2}{2!n} + \frac{t^3}{3!n^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \dots \right) \cdot \left(1 - \frac{t}{\sqrt{n}} \right) \right]^{-n} \\
 &= \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left[\left(1 + \frac{t}{\sqrt{n}} + \frac{t^2}{2!n} + \dots \right) - \left(\frac{t}{\sqrt{n}} + \frac{t^2}{n} + \frac{t^3}{2!n^{\frac{3}{2}}} + \dots \right) \right]^{-n} \\
 &= \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left[1 - \frac{t^2}{2n} - \frac{t^3}{3n^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \dots \right]^{-n} \\
 &\sim \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left[1 - \frac{t^2}{2n} + \frac{\phi(n)}{n} \right]^{-n} \\
 &\quad \phi(n) \rightarrow 0 \text{ as } n \rightarrow \infty \\
 &= e^{-\frac{t^2}{2} \cdot (-1)} = \left[e^{\frac{t^2}{2}} \right] \\
 &\quad e^{\frac{t^2}{2}} \sim \text{mgf of } N(0, 1) \\
 &\Rightarrow Y_n \xrightarrow{D} N(0, 1)
 \end{aligned}$$