Problem Set 8



Problem 1. (Final Exam, Fall 2020, Version A, 16 marks) Compute the nth order determinant:

$$\det A = \begin{vmatrix} a & 0 & \cdots & \cdots & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & a & \cdots & \cdots & 0 & 0 \\ \vdots & \vdots & \ddots & & \vdots & \vdots \\ \vdots & \vdots & & \ddots & \vdots & \vdots \\ 0 & 0 & \cdots & \cdots & a & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & \cdots & \cdots & 0 & a \end{vmatrix}, n \geqslant 2$$

Solution 1.

Cofactor expansion on row 2, row 3, ..., row n-1:

$$\det A = \begin{vmatrix} a & 0 & \cdots & \cdots & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & a & \cdots & \cdots & 0 & 0 \\ \vdots & \vdots & \ddots & & \vdots & \vdots \\ \vdots & \vdots & & \ddots & \vdots & \vdots \\ 0 & 0 & \cdots & \cdots & a & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & \cdots & \cdots & 0 & a \end{vmatrix} = a^{n-2} \begin{vmatrix} a & 1 \\ 1 & a \end{vmatrix} = a^n - a^{n-2}$$

Problem 2. (Final Exam, Fall 2020, Version B, 10 marks) Compute the nth order determinant:

$$D_{n}(x,y) = \begin{vmatrix} x + y & xy & & & & \\ 1 & x + y & xy & & & & \\ & 1 & x + y & xy & & & \\ & & 1 & \ddots & \ddots & & \\ & & & \ddots & x + y & xy & \\ & & & & 1 & x + y & \end{vmatrix}, n \ge 2$$

Solution 2.

Cofactor expansion on row 1, following by cofactor expansion on column 1:

$$D_{n}(x,y) = (x+y) D_{n-1} - xy \begin{vmatrix} 1 & xy & & & \\ 0 & x+y & xy & & \\ 0 & 1 & x+y & \ddots & \\ 0 & & \ddots & \ddots & xy \\ 0 & & & 1 & x+y \end{vmatrix} = (x+y) D_{n-1} - xyD_{n-2}$$

Check $D_1(x,y)=x+y$ and $D_2(x,y)=x^2+xy+y^2$. By mathematical induction, $D_n(x,y)=x^n+x^{n-1}y+...+xy^{n-1}+y^n$. (Process omitted here.)

Problem 3. Compute the nth order determinant:

$$\begin{vmatrix} 1 + x_1^2 & x_1 x_2 & \cdots & x_1 x_n \\ x_2 x_1 & 1 + x_2^2 & \cdots & x_2 x_n \\ \vdots & \vdots & \ddots & \vdots \\ x_n x_1 & x_n x_2 & \cdots & 1 + x_n^2 \end{vmatrix}$$

Solution 3.

Add column 1:

$$\det A = \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & \cdots & 0 \\ x_1 & 1 + x_1^2 & x_1 x_2 & \cdots & x_1 x_n \\ x_2 & x_2 x_1 & 1 + x_2^2 & \cdots & x_2 x_n \\ \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \ddots & \vdots \\ x_n & x_n x_1 & x_n x_2 & \cdots & 1 + x_n^2 \end{vmatrix} = \begin{vmatrix} 1 & -x_1 & -x_2 & \cdots & -x_n \\ x_1 & 1 & & & \\ x_2 & & 1 & & \\ \vdots & & & \ddots & & \\ x_n & & & & 1 \end{vmatrix} = 1 + \sum_{i=1}^n x_i^2$$

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Problem 4. Compute the nth order determinant:

$$\det A = \begin{vmatrix} 0 & 1 & 1 & 1 & \cdots & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 & 1 & \cdots & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 & 1 & \cdots & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 & 0 & \cdots & 1 \\ \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \ddots & \vdots \\ 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & \cdots & 0 \end{vmatrix}$$

Solution 4.

Add column 1:

Problem 5. Compute the determinant:

$$\begin{vmatrix} a & a^2 & a^3 & a^5 \\ b & b^2 & b^3 & b^5 \\ c & c^2 & c^3 & c^5 \\ d & d^2 & d^3 & d^5 \end{vmatrix}$$

Solution 5.

$$\begin{vmatrix} a & a^2 & a^3 & a^5 \\ b & b^2 & b^3 & b^5 \\ c & c^2 & c^3 & c^5 \\ d & d^2 & d^3 & d^5 \end{vmatrix} = abcd \begin{vmatrix} 1 & a & a^2 & a^4 \\ 1 & b & b^2 & b^4 \\ 1 & c & c^2 & c^4 \\ 1 & d & d^2 & d^4 \end{vmatrix}$$

 $Let \ S = (d-c) \ (d-b) \ (d-a) \ (c-b) \ (c-a) \ (b-a) :$

$$\det A = \begin{vmatrix} 1 & a & a^2 & a^3 & a^4 \\ 1 & b & b^2 & b^3 & b^4 \\ 1 & c & c^2 & c^3 & c^4 \\ 1 & d & d^2 & d^3 & d^4 \\ 1 & x & x^2 & x^3 & x^4 \end{vmatrix} = S(x-a)(x-b)(x-c)(x-d) = C_{51} + C_{52}x + C_{53}x^2 + C_{54}x^3 + C_{55}x^4$$

Compare the coefficient of x^3 :

$$C_{54} = (-a - b - c - d) S$$

$$M_{54} = (-1)^{5+4} (-a - b - c - d) S = (a + b + c + d) S$$

Therefore the final result is:

$$\begin{vmatrix} a & a^2 & a^3 & a^5 \\ b & b^2 & b^3 & b^5 \\ c & c^2 & c^3 & c^5 \\ d & d^2 & d^3 & d^5 \end{vmatrix} = abcd(a+b+c+d)(d-c)(d-b)(d-a)(c-b)(c-a)(b-a)$$

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Problem 6. Compute the determinant:

$$\begin{vmatrix} 1+x & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1-x & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 1+y & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 & 1-y \end{vmatrix}$$

Solution 6.

 $Add\ column\ 1:$

$$\det A = \begin{vmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 1+x & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 1-x & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 & 1+y & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1-y \end{vmatrix} = \begin{vmatrix} 1 & -1 & -1 & -1 & -1 \\ 1 & x & & & & \\ 1 & & -x & & & \\ 1 & & & y & & \\ 1 & & & & -y \end{vmatrix} = \begin{vmatrix} 1 & x & & & & \\ 1 & x & & & & \\ 1 & & & & & \\ 1 & & & & & -y \end{vmatrix} = x^2y^2$$