

Learn Haskell

"Code you can believe in"

Leo Zhang



What is Haskell

Statically typed pure functional language

```
f :: Integer \rightarrow Integer
f x = x * x + x + 10
```

```
var f = function (x) {
  return x * x + x + 10;
};
```

*Main Lib> f 10 120

> f(10) 120

```
f :: Integer -> Integer
f x = x * x + x + 10

f :: Integer -> Integer
f x = (+) ((+) ((*) x x) x) 10
```

```
*Main Lib> f 10
120
```

```
var f = function (x) {
  return x * x + x + 10;
};
```

```
> f(10)
120
```

```
f2 x = x2 + x + 10
where
x2 = sqaure x
sqaure n = n * n
```

f2 :: Integer -> Integer

```
var f2 = function (x) {
  var square = function(n) {
    return n * n;
  };
 var x2 = square(x);
  return x2 + x + 10;
};
```

*Main Lib> f2 10 120

> f2(10) 120

```
sum_ :: [Integer] -> Integer
sum_ xs = recur 0 xs
where
   recur total [] = total
   recur total (x:xs) = total + x + (recur total xs)
```

```
*Main Lib> sum_ [1,2,3]
6
```

```
// iteration with for-loop
var sum = function (arr) {
  var total= 0;
  for (var i = 0; i < arr.length; i++) {</pre>
    total += arr[i];
  return total;
};
// recursion
var sum = function(arr) {
  var recur = function(total, arr) {
    if (arr.length === 0) {
      return total;
    var next = arr[0];
    return recur(total + next, arr.slice(1));
  };
  return recur(0, arr);
};
```

```
> sum([1,2,3])
6
> sum_([1,2,3])
6
```

Type Check Haskell

```
sum_ :: [Integer] -> Integer
sum_ xs = recur 0 xs
where
   recur total [] = total
   recur total (x:xs) = total + x + (recur total xs)
```

Type Inference Haskell

```
sum :: [Integer] -> Integer
sum_ xs = recur 0 xs
  where
    recur total [] = total
    recur total (x:xs) = total + x + (recur total xs)
                                                                   /Users/leo/zhangchiqing/haskell-talk/talk/src/Lib.hs:19:5: error:
sum_ xs = recur 0 xs
                                                                       • Couldn't match expected type 'Bool'
                                                                                   with actual type 'Integer -> [Integer] -> Integer'
  where
                                                                       • The equation(s) for 'iter' have two arguments,
    recur :: Bool
                                                                        but its type 'Bool' has none
    recur total [] = total
                                                                        In an equation for 'sum_':
    recur total (x:xs) = total + x + (recur total xs)
                                                                            sum xs
                                                                              = iter 0 xs
                                                                              where
                                                                                 iter :: Bool
sum xs = recur 0 xs
                                                                                 where
                                                                                 iter total (x : xs) = total + x + (iter total xs)
    recur :: Integer -> [Integer] -> Integer
                                                                   /Users/leo/zhangchiqing/haskell-talk/talk/src/Lib.hs:20:38: error:
    recur total [] = total
                                                                       • Couldn't match expected type 'Integer -> [Integer] -> Integer'
    recur total (x:xs) = total + x + (recur total xs)
                                                                                   with actual type 'Bool'
                                                                       • The function 'iter' is applied to two arguments,
                                                                        but its type 'Bool' has none
                                                                        In the second argument of '(+)', namely '(iter total xs)'
                                                                         In the expression: total + x + (iter total xs)
                                                                   Failed, modules loaded: none.
```

```
map_ :: (a -> b) -> [a] -> [b]
map_ f [] = []
map_ f (x:xs) = f x : map_ f xs
```

```
*Main Lib> map_ (+ 1) [1,2,3]
[2,3,4]

*Main Lib> sayHello whom = "Hello " ++ whom

*Main Lib> map_ sayHello ["Haskell", "Javascript"]
["Hello Haskell", "Hello Javascript"]
```

```
var map_ = function(f, arr) {
  var recur = function(f, mapped, remaining) {
    if (remaining.length === 0) {
      return mapped;
    }
    var next = f(remaining[0]);
    return recur(f, mapped.concat(next), remaining.slice(1));
  };
  return recur(f, [], arr);
};
```

```
> map_(function(x) { return x + 1; }, [1,2,3])
[ 2, 3, 4 ]
> map_(function(x) { return "Hello " + x; }, ["Haskell", "Javascript"]);
[ 'Hello Haskell', 'Hello Javascript' ]
```

```
map_ :: (a -> b) -> [a] -> [b]
map_ f [] = []
map_ f (x:xs) = f x : map_ f xs
```



```
*Main Lib> map_ (+ 1) [True, False] <interactive>:69:7: error:
```

- No instance for (Num Bool) arising from an operator section
- In the first argument of 'map_', namely '(+ 1)'
 In the expression: map_ (+ 1) [True, False]
 In an equation for 'it': it = map_ (+ 1) [True, False]

```
var map_ = function(f, arr) {
  var recur = function(f, mapped, remaining) {
    if (remaining.length === 0) {
      return mapped;
    }
    var next = f(remaining[0]);
    return recur(f, mapped.concat(next), remaining.slice(1));
  };
  return recur(f, [], arr);
};
```

```
> map_(function(x) { return x + 1 }, [true, false])
[ 2, 1 ]
```



```
map_ :: (a -> b) -> [a] -> [b]
   map_f[] = []
   map_f(x:xs) = fx : map_fxs
sum :: [Integer] -> Integer
sum_ xs = recur 0 xs
 where
   recur total [] = total
   recur total (x:xs) = total + x + (recur total xs)
```

```
var map = function(f, arr) {
  var recur = function(f, mapped, remaining) {
    if (remaining.length === 0) {
      return mapped;
    var next = f(remaining[0]);
    return recur(f, mapped.concat(next), remaining.slice(1));
  };
  return recur(f, [], arr);
};
// recursion
var sum_ = function(arr) {
  var recur = function(total, arr) {
    if (arr.length === 0) {
      return total;
```

var next = arr[0];

return recur(0, arr);

};

return recur(total + next, arr.slice(1));

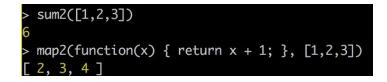
```
fold_ :: (a -> b -> b) -> b -> [a] -> b
fold_ f accum [] = accum
fold_ f accum (x:xs) = f x (fold_ f accum xs)

sum2 :: [Integer] -> Integer
sum2 xs = fold_ (+) 0 xs

map2 :: (a -> b) -> [a] -> [b]
map2 f xs = fold_ acc [] xs
  where
    acc x accum = f x : accum
```

```
*Main Lib> sum2 [1,2,3]
6
*Main Lib> map2 (+ 1) [1,2,3]
[2,3,4]
```

```
var fold = function(f, accum, arr) {
  if (arr.length === 0) {
    return accum;
  var next = arr[0];
  return f(next, fold_(f, accum, arr.slice(1)));
};
var sum2 = function(arr) {
  return fold_(function(n, accum) {
    return n + accum;
 }, 0, arr);
};
var map2 = function(f, arr) {
  return fold_(function(n, accum) {
    accum.splice(0, 0, f(n));
    return accum;
 }, [], arr);
};
```



Key takeaways

Compose high order functions

Static typed and advanced type inference system

"Code you can believe in"

Haskell

Resources

- Real world Haskell
 http://book.realworldhaskell.org/read/
- Learn you a Haskell for Great Good!
 http://learnyouahaskell.com/chapters
- What I Wish I Knew When Learning Haskell <u>http://dev.stephendiehl.com/hask/</u>