Soc 756 Problem Set 2

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(a)

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p\approx 0.5959345\times 100\% = 59.59\%
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```
-----A
4 us_lt <- read.table("bltper_1x1.txt", header = TRUE, skip = 2,</pre>
     stringsAsFactors = FALSE)
5 us_lt_2005 <- us_lt[us_lt$Year == 2005, ]</pre>
7 us_lt_2005$Age <- as.numeric(gsub("\\+", "", us_lt_2005$Age))</pre>
9 # Add p_accident
10 f_accident <- function(age) {</pre>
   return (0.062 - 0.000053 * (age^2))
us_lt_2005$p_accident <- sapply(us_lt_2005$Age, f_accident)</pre>
15 # Create lx_surv_acc
us_lt_2005$lx_surv_acc <- numeric(nrow(us_lt_2005))</pre>
17 us_lt_2005$lx_surv_acc[1] <- us_lt_2005$lx[1]
 for(i in 2:nrow(us_lt_2005)) {
    us_lt_2005$lx_surv_acc[i] <- us_lt_2005$lx_surv_acc[i-1] *
     (1 - us_1t_2005 qx[i-1]) *
      (1 - us_lt_2005$p_accident[i-1])
23 }
24
```

(b)

 $p \approx 0.1234985$

(c)

 $p \approx 0.0038111$

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#============ C

# Cumulative no-accident probability
sus_lt_2005$cum_no_acc <- numeric(nrow(us_lt_2005))

for(i in 1:nrow(us_lt_2005)) {
    us_lt_2005$cum_no_acc[i] <- prod(1 - us_lt_2005$p_accident[1:i])
}

death_noacc_1630 <- sum(us_lt_2005$dx[us_lt_2005$Age >= 16 & us_lt_2005$
    Age <= 30] *

    us_lt_2005$cum_no_acc[us_lt_2005$Age >= 16 & us_lt_2005$Age <= 30])

p_death_noacc_1630 <- death_noacc_1630 / us_lt_2005$1x[us_lt_2005$Age == 16]</pre>
```

print (p_death_noacc_1630)

(D)

Overestimate if those having accident have a higher probability of dying; underestimate if otherwise.