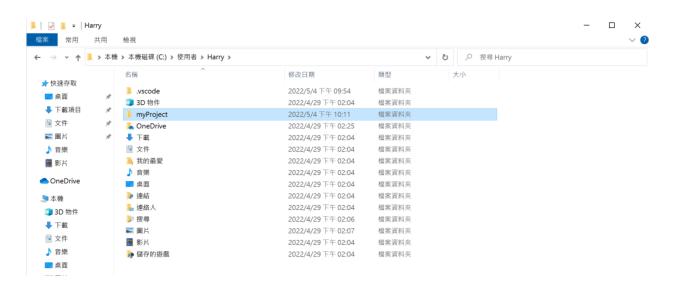
# venv + django

### STEP 1. 建立資料夾

#### STEP 2. 把剛剛建立的資料夾拖曳到 VSCODE



## 工作區會長這樣

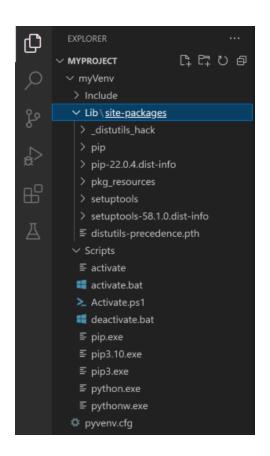
### 打開終端機 pip install pyvenv

```
PS C:\Users\Harry\myProject> pip install pyvenv
Collecting pyvenv
  Downloading pyvenv-0.2.2-py3-none-any.whl (3.8 kB)
Collecting termcolor<2.0.0,>=1.1.0
  Downloading termcolor-1.1.0.tar.gz (3.9 kB)
  Preparing metadata (setup.py) ... done
Collecting clipboard<0.0.5,>=0.0.4
  Downloading clipboard-0.0.4.tar.gz (1.7 kB)
  Preparing metadata (setup.py) ... done
Collecting pyperclip>=1.3
  Downloading pyperclip-1.8.2.tar.gz (20 kB)
Preparing metadata (setup.py) ... done
Using legacy 'setup.py install' for clipboard, since package 'wheel' is not installed.
Using legacy 'setup.py install' for termcolor, since package 'wheel' is not installed.
Using legacy 'setup.py install' for pyperclip, since package 'wheel' is not installed.
Installing collected packages: termcolor, pyperclip, clipboard, pyvenv
  Running setup.py install for termcolor ... done
  Running setup.py install for pyperclip ... done
  Running setup.py install for clipboard ... done
Successfully installed clipboard-0.0.4 pyperclip-1.8.2 pyvenv-0.2.2 termcolor-1.1.0
PS C:\Users\Harry\myProject>
```

## 工作區發生變化

myVenv > Lib > site-packages

之後會發現接下來 install 的第三方庫都會跑到裡面(前提是要啟動虛擬環境)



## STEP 3. 啟動虛擬環境

先確認當前路徑



成功進入的話 前面會有剛剛取的名字

```
PROBLEMS OUTPUT DEBUG CONSOLE TERMINAL

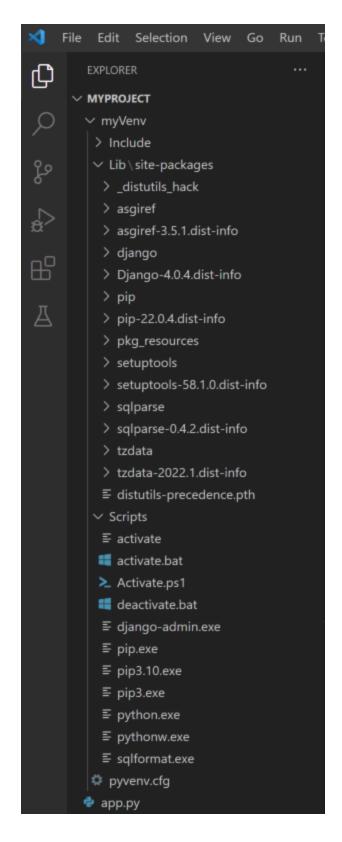
(myVenv) C:\Users\Harry\myProject>.\myVenv\Scripts\activate.bat
```

## pip install django

```
(myVenv) C:\Users\Harry\myProject>pip install django
Collecting django
Using cached Django-4.0.4-py3-none-any.whl (8.0 MB)
Collecting sqlparse>=0.2.2
Using cached sqlparse-0.4.2-py3-none-any.whl (42 kB)
Collecting asgiref<4,>=3.4.1
Using cached asgiref-3.5.1-py3-none-any.whl (22 kB)
Collecting tzdata
Using cached tzdata-2022.1-py2.py3-none-any.whl (339 kB)
Installing collected packages: tzdata, sqlparse, asgiref, django
Successfully installed asgiref-3.5.1 django-4.0.4 sqlparse-0.4.2 tzdata-2022.1
(myVenv) C:\Users\Harry\myProject>
```

#### 工作區

可以發現 myVenv > Lib > site-packages 裡面多了個 Django 第三方庫



# **Create Djangoo APP**

```
django-admin startproject <自己取名> // 輸入完指令後cd <自己取名> // 再來python manage.py startapp <自己取> // 建立 app
```

# Step 4. 再到 setting.py 添加 APP(剛剛取的 webApp)

#### python manage.py makemigrations

#### python manage.py migrate

```
TERMINAL
 Apply all migrations: admin, auth, contenttypes, sessions
Running migrations:
 Applying contenttypes.0001_initial... OK
 Applying auth.0001_initial... OK
 Applying admin.0001_initial... OK
 Applying admin.0002_logentry_remove_auto_add... OK
 Applying admin.0003_logentry_add_action_flag_choices... OK
 Applying contenttypes.0002_remove_content_type_name... OK
 Applying auth.0002_alter_permission_name_max_length... OK
 Applying auth.0003_alter_user_email_max_length... OK
 Applying auth.0004_alter_user_username_opts... OK
 Applying auth.0005_alter_user_last_login_null... OK
 Applying auth.0006_require_contenttypes_0002... OK
 Applying auth.0007_alter_validators_add_error_messages... OK
 Applying auth.0008_alter_user_username_max_length... OK
 Applying auth.0009_alter_user_last_name_max_length... OK
 Applying auth.0010_alter_group_name_max_length... OK
 Applying auth.0011_update_proxy_permissions... OK
 Applying auth.0012_alter_user_first_name_max_length... OK
 Applying sessions.0001_initial... OK
```

#### python manage.py runserver

```
(myVenv) C:\Users\Harry\myProject\WebProject>python manage.p yrunserver
C:\Users\Harry\AppData\Local\Programs\Python\Python310\python.exe: can't open file 'C:\\Users\\WebProject\Python manage.py runserver
(myVenv) C:\Users\Harry\myProject\WebProject>python manage.py runserver
Watching for file changes with StatReloader
Performing system checks...

System check identified no issues (0 silenced).
May 04, 2022 - 23:01:07
Django version 4.0.4, using settings 'WebProject.settings'
Starting development server at http://127.0.0.1:8000/
Quit the server with CTRL-BREAK.
```

