CSIT 5500 Advanced Algorithms

2022 Fall Semester

Written Assignment 2 Handed out: September 30, 2022

Due: 23:59 on October 17, 2022

Please submit a soft copy via the canvas system by the due date and time shown above. Late assignments will not be graded.

1. (10 points) Consider the following string

abbabbbaabbcab

- (a) Treat the above string as a patten and compute the $next(\cdot)$ table for it that supports the KMP string matching algorithm. Show your steps.
- (b) Treat the above string as the text. Consider the following pattern

bbc

Run the KMP string matching algorithm to find the occurrence of bbc in the above string. Show the $next(\cdot)$ table for bbc. You do not need to show the intermediate steps. Show the intermediate steps of running the KMP algorithm as follows:

- Initially, draw the pattern and the text so that their leftmost symbols are aligned.
- Whenever the KMP algorithm accesses the next(\cdot) table,
 - indicate which two symbols in the pattern and the text were just compared by the KMP algorithm right before it accesses the next(·) table, and
 - draw the alignment of the pattern and the text to show the effect of accessing the next(\cdot) table.
- You can stop the KMP algorithm immediately after finding the occurrence of the pattern.
- 2. (10 points) Consider the following string

alotofklokkokko

- (a) Construct the suffix array for the above string by following the construction algorithm in the lecture notes which consists of $O(\log n)$ stages. For each stage $j=0,1,2,\ldots$, show the following:
 - The ordered pairs of substrings to be processed, as well as their corresponding ordered pairs of ranks.
 - The output table R for this stage j: R[i] gives the rank of the substring that starts at position i and has length 2^{j} .
- (b) Draw a full binary tree to represent possible execution paths a binary search would take when searching for a pattern using the suffix array that you construct for (a). In your drawing, each node of the full binary tree should show the following information:
 - The starting and ending indices of the range of the suffix array represented by that node.
 - The middle index of the range represented by that node.
 - The values of L_j and R_j for that node as defined in the lecture nodes.

- 3. (10 points) Let A[1..n] be an array of n integers. A sequence of indices $i_1 < i_2 < \cdots < i_k$ is called an *increasing subsequence* of A if $A[i_1] < A[i_2] < \cdots < A[i_k]$. Such a sequence is maximum if it is not shorter than any other increasing subsequence. Design a dynamic programming algorithm to determine a maximum increasing subsequence of A. Your algorithm should return the sequence of indices, and it should run in $O(n^2)$ time. Explain the correctness of your algorithm and its running time.
- 4. (10 points) Let R be a straight road. You want to drive your car from point s to point t on R. Assume that there are n gas stations $\{g_i : i \in [1, n]\}$ on R such that:
 - All n gas stations lie between s and t.
 - The g_i 's are at increasing distances from s as i increases from 1 to n
 - The distance between g_1 and s is d_0 , the distance between g_i and g_{i+1} is d_i for $i \in [1, n-1]$, and the distance between g_n and t is d_n .

Gas station g_i charges c_i dollars for one unit of fuel. One unit of fuel allows your car to move one unit of distance. Suppose that your car can travel L units of distance on full tank, and your car has a full tank when you begin your journey. Assume that the parameters L, d_i , and c_i are integers. Design a dynamic programming algorithm that determines the lowest cost for you to drive from s to t. Explain your design and the running time of your algorithm.