## **Testing memcached with telnet**

Created 2009/2/28, updated 2010/9/3 by Greg Hurrell

Start up a server on the localhost listening to some arbitrary port:

```
memcached -1 127.0.0.1 -p 12345 -m 64 -vv
```

The -m 64 switch is really just there for explicitness, seeing as memcached defaults to using 64MB of memory by default anyway.

-vv turns on verbose logging so that we can see what's happening.

If the -p switch is omitted memcached will use the default port of 11211.

Now from another console login via telnet:

```
telnet localhost 12345
```

We can issue get commands:

```
get greeting END
```

So nothing was found. Now let's store something:

```
set greeting 1 0 11
Hello world
STORED
```

That means, "use key greeting, use 1 as flag (arbitrary metadata), use 0 as the expiry (ie. never expire), and expect the value to be 11 bytes long".

Now we can get the value back out:

```
get greeting
VALUE greeting 1 11
Hello world
END
```

And we're done:

quit

## Other commands

stats
stats items
stats slabs
delete
replace
add

For a full list, see <a href="http://lzone.de/articles/memcached.htm">http://lzone.de/articles/memcached.htm</a>

memcached