# 二分查找 Binary Search

主讲:令狐冲



扫描二维码关注微信/微博 获取最新面试题及权威解答

微信: ninechapter

微博: http://www.weibo.com/ninechapter

官网: www.jiuzhang.com

### **Outline**



**Binary Search Template** 

When & How?

Binary Search in Rotated Sorted Array

## **Binary Search**



Given an sorted integer array - nums, and an integer - target.

Find the any/first/last position of target in nums

Return -1 if target doesn't exist.

What's the difference?

http://www.lintcode.com/problem/classical-binary-search/

http://www.lintcode.com/problem/first-position-of-target/

http://www.lintcode.com/problem/last-position-of-target/



$$T(n) = T(n/2) + O(1) = O(logn)$$

通过O(1)的时间, 把规模为n的问题变为n/2

思考:通过O(n)的时间, 把规模为n的问题变为n/2?

## Recursion or While-loop?



Recursion? reply `R`
While-loop? reply `W`
Both OK? reply `B`

# 二分法程序实现中的常见问题



- 又死循环了! what are you 弄撒捏!
- 循环结束条件到底是哪个?
  - start <= end</li>
  - start < end</li>
  - start + 1 < end</li>
- 指针变化到底是哪个?
  - o start = mid
  - start = mid + 1
  - start = mid 1

## 通用的二分法模板



http://www.jiuzhang.com/solutions/binary-search/

### 四点要素:

- 1. start + 1 < end
- 2. start + (end start) / 2
- 3. A[mid] ==, <, >
- 4. A[start] A[end] ? target

### When & How



#### When?

- 你需要优化一个O(n)的暴力算法到更快的算法
- Sorted Array or Rotated Sorted Array

#### How?

找到满足某个条件的第一个或者是最后一个位置



# 独孤九剑 之 破剑式

比O(n)更优的时间复杂度 几乎只能是O(logn)的二分法



# Sqrt(x)

http://www.lintcode.com/problem/sqrtx/

http://www.jiuzhang.com/solutions/sqrtx/

*Last* number that number^2 <= x



# Follow Up

What if return a double, not integer?



## Search a 2D Matrix

http://www.lintcode.com/problem/search-a-2d-matrix/

http://www.jiuzhang.com/solutions/search-a-2d-matrix/

**Last** row that matrix[row][0] <= target



## **Search Insert Position**

http://www.lintcode.com/problem/search-insert-position/

http://www.jiuzhang.com/solutions/search-insert-position/

*First* position >= target

(Last position < target) + 1

### **Related Questions**



#### Count of Smaller Number:

http://www.lintcode.com/problem/count-of-smaller-number/

### Search for a Range / Number of Target

http://www.lintcode.com/problem/search-for-a-range/

## Search in a Big/Infinite Sorted Array

http://www.lintcode.com/problem/search-in-a-big-sorted-array/



# Take a break



## First Bad Version

http://www.lintcode.com/problem/find-bad-version/

http://www.jiuzhang.com/solutions/find-bad-version/

*First* version that is bad version

## **Find Minimum in Rotated Sorted Array**



# Find Minimum in Rotated Sorted Array

http://www.lintcode.com/problem/find-minimum-in-rotated-sorted-array/

http://www.jiuzhang.com/solutions/find-minimum-in-rotated-sorted-array/

*First* position <= Last Number

(WRONG: First position <= or < First Number)



# Find the first/last position

VS

Keep the part that must have target in it

## **Search in Rotated Sorted Array**



# Search in Rotated Sorted Array

http://www.lintcode.com/problem/search-in-rotated-sorted-array/

http://www.jiuzhang.com/solutions/search-in-rotated-sorted-array/



## Find Peak Element

http://www.lintcode.com/problem/find-peak-element/

http://www.jiuzhang.com/solutions/find-peak-element/

Follow Up: Find Peak Element II (by 强化班)

### **Related Questions**



### **Recover Rotated Sorted Array**

- http://www.lintcode.com/problem/recover-rotated-sorted-array/
- http://www.jiuzhang.com/solutions/recover-rotated-sorted-array/

### **Rotate String**

- http://www.lintcode.com/problem/rotate-string/
- http://www.jiuzhang.com/solutions/rotate-string/