Problem: Given an integer array nums whose size is n and a target integer, write a code to determine if there exists a contiguous subarray in nums that sums up to the target. If such a subarray exists, return True; otherwise, return False. The first number of input is n, and then input n numbers consecutively to represent array[1] to array[n]. Here $1 \le n \le 1e7$.

Example input: ```3 1 2 3 5```

Example output: ``` True```

Testcase 1: 3 1 2 3 5

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Testcase 5: 1000

Testcase 6: 10000

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Testcase 9: 10000000

Testcase 10: 10000000