Implement Off-Screen MSAA

Revision	Author	Date	Reviewer	Approver	Disapproval	Changelog	JIRA Story
"rev 0.1"	Zhang, Mingming	30 Jun 2022	Adrian Tut Zhang, Xufeng Laurentiu Pinte Mirela Kiss Razvan Oprea Csaba Abram Marius Pop Andrii Udovenko - (p) Tamas Both Lu, Wenting	Adrian Tut Zhang, Xufeng Laurentiu Pinte Mirela Kiss Razvan Oprea Csaba Abram Marius Pop Andrii Udovenko - (p) Tamas Both Lu, Wenting	Adrian Tut Zhang, Xufeng Laurentiu Pinte Mirela Kiss Razvan Oprea Csaba Abram Marius Pop Andrii Udovenko - (p) Tamas Both Lu, Wenting	Implement the off-screen MSAA	TASDK-24600 - Investigate and Implement the MSAA on Atlas engine CODE REVIEW

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Introduction

As a user, I would like to see smooth, non-aliased elements on the map (roads, buildings, etc) so that I can have a delightful experience when exploring the map.

Currently, the buildings and roads have an aliasing effect, we need to try different anti-alias technology to reduce it. even we've used FSAA, but its effect is not perfect.

Multisample anti-aliasing (MSAA) is a type of spatial anti-aliasing, a technique used in computer graphics to remove jaggies.

Here introduces it into Atlas engine as an option to improve picture quality and we could set 4x, 8x by configure.

Requirements

ANDROID-3010 Anti-aliasing using the MSAA technique

We've used FXAA for buildings on C++, and tried multiple other hack-fixes to try and hide the aliasing effects on the roads, but with no huge impact:

- https://jira.telenav.com:8443/browse/TASDK-21062
- https://jira.telenav.com:8443/browse/TASDK-21949

On Android, anti-aliasing could be better achieved using multi-sample anti-aliasing.

We need to start researching this option and decide what our course of action will be

Acceptance Criteria

AC should focus on below 4 major aspects:

- non-aliased elements on the map (Road, polygon, building, landmark, just the same scope of the current FXAA.
- Multiple samples should be configurable
 - It should be 4, 8, 16, when larger than the GPU maximum samples just using maximum GPU samples.
- no obvious performance degradation.
- Support to open FXAA and MSAA at the same time

Design

Solution 1

Using texelFetch + qlTexStorage2DMultisample

Advantage support to design your own sampling algorithm in shader, it will be more programmable.

Disadvantageuse GLES 3.1 new feature glTexStorage2DMultisample, but most of our client just support ES 3.0, in long term perspective, we should also support this.

Solution 2

Using glBlitFramebuffer

Advantage: glBlitFramebuffer need GLES 3.0 https://docs.gl/es3/glBlitFramebuffer, meet the most client's GL version, no shader changes, code is simple.

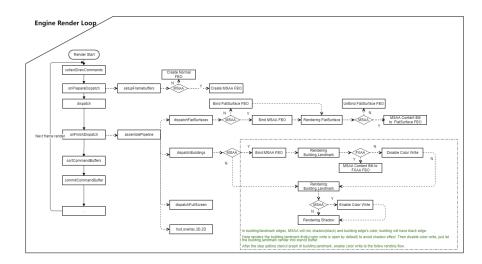
Disadvantagethe processed texture can't be used(binded) directly, need to use "blit" to the target frame buffer; the sampling algorithm is fixed (OpenGL defined), not be programmable.

Conside that most of our client just support ES 3.0, currently, Implement the solution 2 for atlas engine.

Class Diagram



MSAA Rendeing Pipeline



User Interfaces

Configuration

Add msaa option in view_settings of "default.info"

```
view_settings
    enabled
                false
```

Change Impact

Performance and Memory Impact

Test steps of Atlas performance: https://spaces.telenav.com:8443/x/FYspDQ

Environment: HP, win10, Intel(R) UHD Graphics 620

Data: NA20Q2

Test data xlsx: in the attachment of TASDK-24600 - Investigate and Implement the MSAA on Atlas engine CODE REVIEW named benchmark.7z.

Get avg from all xlsx files and calculate by hand

5s fps avg	msaa off, with 3D buiding	msaa off, without 3D buidling	msaa on 4x, with 3D building	msaa on 8x, with 3D building	msaa on 16x, with 3D building
	441.80	478.2226	277,90	206.17	127.25
	478.31	592.8634	263.51	206.70	144.55
	510.33	618.9639	287.84	209.16	135.13
AVG	476.8133	563.35	275.675	207.3433	135.6433
%	100%	118.15%	57.81%	43.48%	28.448%
	0	+18.15%	-42.18%	-56.51%	-71.55%

MSAA 4x performance degradation -42.18%

MSAA 8x performance degradation -56.51%

MSAA 16x performance degradation -71.55%

Test reprot print by running the python script: https://bitbucket.telenav.com/projects/NAV/repos/tasdk-nav-core/browse/mapdisplay2/tools/benchmark/process_kpi.py https://jira.telenav.com:8443/secure/attachment/762865/report.txt

	msaa off, with 3D buiding	msaa off, without 3D buidling	msaa on 4x, with 3D building	msaa on 8x, with 3D buiding	msaa on 16x, with 3D building
	379.650449	395.802080	293.585133	227.297507	149.894765
	403.024532	464.147817	275.051712	227.297507	158.841303
	407.566800	493.294706	278.868493	218.580432	153.795156
AVG	396.7473	451.0815	282.5018	224.3918	154.1771
%	100%	113.695%	71.204%	56.558%	38.86%
	0	+13.695%	-28.795%	-43.442%	-61.14%

MSAA 4x performance degradation -28.795%

MSAA 8x performance degradation -43.442%

MSAA 16x performance degradation -61.14%

Generally, the MSAA is expensive anti-aliasing method, suggest to use 4x, then 8x, not use 16x.

Test Images

Origin

MSAA x4

origin VS MSAA x4 left is origin, right the MSAA

MSAA x8

origin VS MSAA x8 left is origin, right the MSAA

FXAA + MSAA x8

FXAA

Backward Compatibility Impact

No impact on the backward compatibility, it's a new configure, no public API change.

Others (FAQ, References, ...)