DATA130013: Homework 1

Due in class on March 20, 2019

- 1. Shumway's book (4th ed.) Problems 1.2, 1.5, 1.8, and 1.25.
- 2. The correlation coefficient we discussed is called Pearson's product-moment coefficient. Given two random variables X, Y, it is defined as

$$corr(X, Y) = \frac{cov(X, Y)}{\sqrt{var(X)var(X)}}.$$

It is claimed that such correlation only measures the *linear* dependence between random variables. Verify the following example by calculating $\operatorname{corr}(X,Y)$. Let $X \sim \operatorname{Unif}(-1,1)$ be a uniform distribution on (-1,1) and $Z \sim \operatorname{Unif}(0,\frac{1}{10})$. Assume X and Z are independent. Let $Y = X^2 + Z$.

- (a) Use the conditional structure Y given X, write down the joint density function of X, Y, say f(x, y).
- (b) Display the region where f(x,y) > 0, which is called the support of f(x,y). Describe the dependence structure between X and Y.
- (c) Calculate corr(X, Y).