

Homework #3 – Due Thursday, Jul. 26
STAT-UB.0001 – Statistics for Business Control

Problem 1

A multiple-choice quiz has 20 questions. Each question has five possible answers, of which only one is correct.

- (a) What is the probability that sheer guesswork will yield exactly 10 correct answers?
- (b) What is the expected number of correct answers by sheer guesswork?
- (c) Suppose 5 points are awarded for a correctly answered question. How many points should be deducted for an incorrectly answered question, so that for a student guessing randomly, the expected score on a question is zero? (Most standardized tests use this method to set penalties for guessing.)
- (d) If a student is able to correctly eliminate one option as a possible correct answer but is still guessing randomly, what happens to his/her expected score for that question? Use your answer to (c) as the number of points being deducted for an incorrect answer.

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Problem 2

A Motel has 16 bedrooms. From past experience, the manager knows that 20% of the people who make room reservations don't show up. The manager accepts 20 reservations. If a customer with a reservation shows up and the motel has run out of rooms, it is the motel's policy to pay \$100 as compensation to the customer.

- (a) What is the expected number of customers that will show up?
- (b) What is the expected value of the compensation that the motel must pay?

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Problem 3

An automatic car wash takes exactly 5 minutes to wash a car. On average, 8 cars per hour arrive at the car wash. Suppose the number of cars arrive follows a Poisson distribution. Now suppose 15 minutes before closing time, 3 cars are in line. If the car wash is in continuous use until closing time, what is the chance that anyone will be in line at closing time?

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Problem 4

Suppose that you throw two dice. Each die can come up as 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 or 6, and the results from the two dice are independent of each other. We are interested in the random variable X , the sum of the two numbers that land face up. The possible values for X are $2, 3, \dots, 12$.

- (a) Make a table giving the probability distribution of X . Explain briefly how you did the calculations.
- (b) Show that $E(X) = 7$ and $\text{var}(X) = 210/36 = 5.833$
- (c) The distribution of X would look somewhat bell-shaped. (This is not a coincidence. The more dice you toss, the closer the distribution of the sum comes to a normal distribution. More on this later in the course.) For now, let's see how well the empirical rule works. Show that the probability that X is within $E(X) \pm \text{sd}(X)$ is $24/36 = 0.667$. Show that the probability that X is within $E(X) \pm 2\text{sd}(X)$ is $34/36 = 0.944$.

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