## Math 4242 Homework 3

- (1) Let  $V = \mathbb{R}^3$  and  $W = \mathbb{R}_{\leq 2}[x]$ . Let  $T(a, b, c) = a + b(x 1) + c(x 1)^2$ . Is T linear? If so, identify a basis for V and W and write down the matrix
- (2) Consider the linear map  $T: M_{2,2}(\mathbb{R}) \to \mathbb{R}^2$  given by

$$T\left(\begin{bmatrix} a & b \\ c & d \end{bmatrix}\right) = (a - b, c + d)$$

Find a basis for Ker(T) and Img(T).

- (3) Suppose  $T \in \text{End}(V)$  is an invertible map. Prove that if  $v_1, \dots, v_n$  is a
- (5) Suppose T ∈ End(V) is an invertible map. Prove that if v<sub>1</sub>, ..., v<sub>n</sub> is a basis, then Tv<sub>1</sub>, ..., Tv<sub>n</sub> is also a basis.
  (4) Prove that (a) (U + W)<sup>0</sup> = U<sup>0</sup> ∩ W<sup>0</sup> (b) (U ∩ W)<sup>0</sup> = U<sup>0</sup> + W<sup>0</sup>.
  (5) Let T: ℝ<sup>3</sup> → ℝ<sup>2</sup> defined by T(x, y, z) = (2x + 3y + 4x, 3x + 4y + 5z). Let e<sub>1</sub>, e<sub>2</sub>, e<sub>3</sub> denote the standard basis of ℝ<sup>3</sup> and f<sub>1</sub>, f<sub>2</sub> denote the standard basis of  $\mathbb{R}^2$ . (a) Describe the linear functionals  $T^*(f_1^*)$  and  $T^*(f_2^*)$ . (b) Write  $T^*(f_1^*)$  and  $T^*(f_2^*)$  as linear combinations of  $e_1^*, e_2^*, e_3^*$ .
- (6) Suppose U is a subspace of V, and  $\pi: V \to V/U$  the quotient map. Consider the dual of the quotient map  $\pi^* \in \text{Hom}((V/U)^*, V^*)$ . Show that  $\operatorname{Img}(\pi^*) = U^0$  and  $\pi^*$  is an isomorphism  $(U/V)^* \cong U^0$ .
- (7) OS 3.1.9
- (8) OS 3.1.17