OpenBLT Host Library - Reference Manual 1.3.4

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Contents

1	Ope	nBLT Host Library (LibOpenBLT)	1
	1.1	Introduction	1
2	Mod	ule Index	3
	2.1	Modules	3
3	Data	Structure Index	5
	3.1	Data Structures	5
4	File	Index	7
	4.1	File List	7
5	Mod	ule Documentation	11
	5.1	CAN driver	11
		5.1.1 Detailed Description	12
	5.2	Firmware Data Module	13
		5.2.1 Detailed Description	13
	5.3	TCP/IP Network Access	14
		5.3.1 Detailed Description	14
	5.4	Library API	15
		5.4.1 Detailed Description	15
	5.5	Linux SocketCAN interface	16
		5.5.1 Detailed Description	16
	5.6	Kvaser Leaf Light v2 interface	17
		F. G. 1 — Detailed Description	17

ii CONTENTS

5.7	Lawice	el C	1AC	NUS	3B i	nte	rfac	се															 				18
	5.7.1	D	Deta	aile	d D	esc	rip	tion	١.				 •										 	•			18
5.8	Peak P	PC/	AN	I-US	B i	nter	rfac	се								•							 				19
	5.8.1	D	Deta	aile	d D	esc	rip	tion	١.				 •					•					 				19
5.9	Vector	r XL	L D)rive	r U	SB	to	CA	N ii	nte	erfa	ace											 				20
	5.9.1	D	Deta	aile	d D	esc	rip	tion	١.														 				20
5.10	Serial p	poi	rt c	drive	∍r.																		 				21
	5.10.1	D	Deta	aile	d D	esc	rip	tion	١.														 				21
5.11	Commi	านท	nica	ation	ı Se	∍ssi∉	on	Мо	dul	е													 				22
	5.11.1	D	Deta	aile	d D	esc	rip	tion	١.				 •					•					 				22
5.12	Generi	ric l	Util	lities	.																		 				23
	5.12.1	D	Deta	aile	d D	esc	rip	tion	١.														 				23
5.13	XCP ve	/ers	sior	n 1.0	0 pr	roto	col	١.															 				24
	5.13.1	D	Deta	aile	d D	esc	rip	tion	١.														 				24
5.14	XCP C	CAN	N tr	rans	ioq	rt la	ıyeı	٢.															 				25
	5.14.1	D	Deta	aile	d D	esc	rip	tion	١.														 				25
5.15	XCP TO	ГСБ	P/IF	o tra	เทรเ	port	t la	yer					 •					•					 				26
	5.15.1	D	Deta	aile	d D	esc	rip	tion	١.														 				26
5.16	XCP U	JAF	RT	trar	ıspo	ort I	laye	er															 				27
	5.16.1	D	Deta	aile	d D	esc	rip	tion	١.				 •								•		 			•	27
5.17	XCP U	JSE	B tr	ans	por	t la	ıyer	٠.					 •										 	•			28
	5.17.1	D	Det	aile	d D	esc	rip	tion	١.														 				28

CONTENTS

6	Data	Struct	ure Docur	mentation	29
	6.1	tBltSes	ssionSettin	ngsXcpV10 Struct Reference	29
		6.1.1	Detailed	Description	29
		6.1.2	Field Do	cumentation	29
			6.1.2.1	connectMode	29
			6.1.2.2	seedKeyFile	30
			6.1.2.3	timeoutT1	30
			6.1.2.4	timeoutT3	30
			6.1.2.5	timeoutT4	30
			6.1.2.6	timeoutT5	30
			6.1.2.7	timeoutT6	30
			6.1.2.8	timeoutT7	30
	6.2	tBltTra	nsportSett	tingsXcpV10Can Struct Reference	31
		6.2.1	Detailed	Description	31
		6.2.2	Field Do	cumentation	31
			6.2.2.1	baudrate	31
			6.2.2.2	deviceChannel	32
			6.2.2.3	deviceName	32
			6.2.2.4	receiveld	32
			6.2.2.5	transmitld	32
			6.2.2.6	useExtended	32
	6.3	tBltTra	nsportSett	tingsXcpV10Net Struct Reference	32
		6.3.1	Detailed	Description	33
		6.3.2	Field Do	cumentation	33
			6.3.2.1	address	33
			6.3.2.2	port	33
	6.4	tBltTra	nsportSett	tingsXcpV10Rs232 Struct Reference	33
		6.4.1	Detailed	Description	33
		6.4.2	Field Do	cumentation	34
			6.4.2.1	baudrate	34

iv CONTENTS

		6.4.2.2	portNam	ne .			 	 	 	 	 	 ٠.	 	. 34
6.5	tCanE	vents Struc	ct Referen	ice .			 	 	 	 	 	 	 	. 34
	6.5.1	Detailed	Description	on .			 	 	 	 	 	 	 	. 34
6.6	tCanIn	iterface Str	uct Refer	ence			 	 	 	 	 	 	 	. 34
	6.6.1	Detailed	Description	on .			 	 	 	 	 	 	 	. 35
6.7	tCanM	lsg Struct F	Reference				 	 	 	 	 	 	 	. 35
	6.7.1	Detailed	Description	on .			 	 	 	 	 	 	 	. 35
	6.7.2	Field Doo	cumentati	on .			 	 	 	 	 	 	 	. 35
		6.7.2.1	data .				 	 	 	 	 	 	 	. 36
		6.7.2.2	dlc				 	 	 	 	 	 	 	. 36
		6.7.2.3	id				 	 	 	 	 	 	 	. 36
6.8	tCanSe	ettings Stru	uct Refere	ence			 	 	 	 	 	 	 	. 36
	6.8.1	Detailed	Description	on .			 	 	 	 	 	 	 	. 37
	6.8.2	Field Doo	cumentati	on .			 	 	 	 	 	 	 	. 37
		6.8.2.1	baudrate	e			 	 	 	 	 	 	 	. 37
		6.8.2.2	channel				 	 	 	 	 	 	 	. 37
		6.8.2.3	code .				 	 	 	 	 	 	 	. 38
		6.8.2.4	devicen	ame			 	 	 	 	 	 	 	. 38
		6.8.2.5	mask .				 	 	 	 	 	 	 	. 38
6.9	tFirmw	areParser	Struct Re	ferenc	e .		 	 	 	 	 	 	 	. 38
	6.9.1	Detailed	Description	on .			 	 	 	 	 	 	 	. 39
6.10	tFirmw	/areSegme	ent Struct	Refere	ence		 	 	 	 	 	 	 	. 39
	6.10.1	Detailed	Description	on .			 	 	 	 	 	 	 	. 39
6.11	tSessio	onProtocol	Struct Re	eferenc	ce .		 	 	 	 	 	 	 	. 39
	6.11.1	Detailed	Description	on .			 	 	 	 	 	 	 	. 40
6.12	tSocke	etCanThrea	adCtrl Stru	uct Ref	feren	ce .	 	 	 	 	 	 	 	. 40
	6.12.1	Detailed	Description	on .			 	 	 	 	 	 	 	. 40
	6.12.2	Field Doo	cumentati	on .			 	 	 	 	 	 	 	. 40
		6.12.2.1	terminat	е			 	 	 	 	 	 	 	. 41
		6.12.2.2	terminat	ed .			 	 	 	 	 	 	 	. 41

CONTENTS

6.13	tXcpLo	aderSettings Struct Reference	41
	6.13.1	Detailed Description	42
6.14	tXcpTp	CanSettings Struct Reference	42
	6.14.1	Detailed Description	43
	6.14.2	Field Documentation	43
		6.14.2.1 baudrate	43
		6.14.2.2 channel	43
		6.14.2.3 device	43
		6.14.2.4 receiveld	43
		6.14.2.5 transmitld	44
		6.14.2.6 useExtended	44
6.15	tXcpTp	NetSettings Struct Reference	44
	6.15.1	Detailed Description	44
	6.15.2	Field Documentation	44
		6.15.2.1 address	45
		6.15.2.2 port	45
6.16	tXcpTp	UartSettings Struct Reference	45
	6.16.1	Detailed Description	45
	6.16.2	Field Documentation	45
		6.16.2.1 baudrate	45
		6.16.2.2 portname	46
6.17	tXcpTra	ansport Struct Reference	46
	6.17.1	Detailed Description	46
6.18	tXcpTra	ansportPacket Struct Reference	46
	6.18.1	Detailed Description	47
	6.18.2	Field Documentation	47
		6.18.2.1 data	47
		6.18.2.2 len	47

vi

7	File	Docum	entation		49
	7.1	candri	ver.c File R	deference	49
		7.1.1	Detailed I	Description	50
		7.1.2	Function	Documentation	50
			7.1.2.1	CanConnect()	50
			7.1.2.2	CanInit()	50
			7.1.2.3	CanlsBusError()	51
			7.1.2.4	CanIsConnected()	52
			7.1.2.5	CanRegisterEvents()	52
			7.1.2.6	CanTransmit()	52
	7.2	candri	ver.h File R	Reference	53
		7.2.1	Detailed I	Description	54
		7.2.2	Macro De	efinition Documentation	54
			7.2.2.1	CAN_MSG_EXT_ID_MASK	54
		7.2.3	Enumera	tion Type Documentation	55
			7.2.3.1	tCanBaudrate	55
		7.2.4	Function	Documentation	55
			7.2.4.1	CanConnect()	55
			7.2.4.2	CanInit()	56
			7.2.4.3	CanlsBusError()	56
			7.2.4.4	CanlsConnected()	57
			7.2.4.5	CanRegisterEvents()	57
			7.2.4.6	CanTransmit()	57
	7.3	canust	o.c File Ref	erence	58
		7.3.1	Detailed I	Description	60
		7.3.2	Function	Documentation	60
			7.3.2.1	CanUsbCloseChannel()	60
			7.3.2.2	CanUsbConnect()	61
			7.3.2.3	CanUsbGetInterface()	61
			7.3.2.4	CanUsbInit()	61

CONTENTS vii

		7.3.2.5	CanUsblsBusError()	. 62
		7.3.2.6	CanUsbLibFuncClose()	. 62
		7.3.2.7	CanUsbLibFuncOpen()	. 63
		7.3.2.8	CanUsbLibFuncSetReceiveCallBack()	. 63
		7.3.2.9	CanUsbLibFuncStatus()	. 64
		7.3.2.10	CanUsbLibFuncWrite()	. 65
		7.3.2.11	CanUsbLibReceiveCallback()	. 65
		7.3.2.12	CanUsbOpenChannel()	. 66
		7.3.2.13	CanUsbRegisterEvents()	. 66
		7.3.2.14	CanUsbTransmit()	. 67
7.4	canust	o.h File Re	ference	. 67
	7.4.1	Detailed	Description	. 68
	7.4.2	Function	Documentation	. 68
		7.4.2.1	CanUsbGetInterface()	. 68
7.5	critutil.	c File Refe	erence	. 68
	7.5.1	Detailed	Description	. 69
7.6	critutil.	c File Refe	erence	. 69
	7.6.1	Detailed	Description	. 70
7.7	firmwa	re.c File R	deference	. 70
	7.7.1	Detailed	Description	. 72
	7.7.2	Function	Documentation	. 72
		7.7.2.1	FirmwareAddData()	. 72
		7.7.2.2	FirmwareCreateSegment()	. 73
		7.7.2.3	FirmwareDeleteSegment()	. 74
		7.7.2.4	FirmwareGetFirstAddress()	. 74
		7.7.2.5	FirmwareGetLastAddress()	. 75
		7.7.2.6	FirmwareGetSegment()	. 75
		7.7.2.7	FirmwareGetSegmentCount()	. 76
		7.7.2.8	FirmwareInit()	. 76
		7.7.2.9	FirmwareLoadFromFile()	. 77

viii CONTENTS

		7.7.2.10	FirmwareRemoveData()	77
		7.7.2.11	FirmwareSaveToFile()	78
		7.7.2.12	FirmwareTrimSegment()	78
7.8	firmwa	re.h File R	reference	79
	7.8.1	Detailed	Description	80
	7.8.2	Function	Documentation	80
		7.8.2.1	FirmwareAddData()	80
		7.8.2.2	FirmwareGetSegment()	81
		7.8.2.3	FirmwareGetSegmentCount()	82
		7.8.2.4	FirmwareInit()	82
		7.8.2.5	FirmwareLoadFromFile()	82
		7.8.2.6	FirmwareRemoveData()	83
		7.8.2.7	FirmwareSaveToFile()	83
7.9	leafligh	nt.c File Re	eference	84
	7.9.1	Detailed	Description	86
	7.9.2	Function	Documentation	86
		7.9.2.1	LeafLightConnect()	87
		7.9.2.2	LeafLightGetInterface()	87
		7.9.2.3	LeafLightInit()	87
		7.9.2.4	LeafLightIsBusError()	88
		7.9.2.5	LeafLightLibFuncBusOff()	88
		7.9.2.6	LeafLightLibFuncBusOn()	89
		7.9.2.7	LeafLightLibFuncClose()	89
		7.9.2.8	LeafLightLibFuncloCtl()	90
		7.9.2.9	LeafLightLibFuncOpenChannel()	91
		7.9.2.10	LeafLightLibFuncRead()	91
		7.9.2.11	LeafLightLibFuncReadStatus()	92
		7.9.2.12	LeafLightLibFuncSetAcceptanceFilter()	93
		7.9.2.13	LeafLightLibFuncSetBusOutputControl()	94
		7.9.2.14	LeafLightLibFuncSetBusParams()	94

CONTENTS

		7.9.2.15	Le	afLight	LibF	uncl	Jnloa	adLil	brar	y ()	 	 	 	 	 	 	 95
		7.9.2.16	Le	afLight	LibF	uncV	Vrite	() .			 	 	 	 	 	 	 96
		7.9.2.17	Le	afLight	Rece	eptio	nThr	read	l() .		 	 	 	 	 	 	 96
		7.9.2.18	Le	afLight	Regi	isterl	Even	its()			 	 	 	 	 	 	 97
		7.9.2.19	Le	afLight	Tran	smit(() .				 	 	 	 	 	 	 97
7.10	leafligh	t.h File Re	efere	ence .							 	 	 	 	 	 	 98
	7.10.1	Detailed	Des	cription	n .						 	 	 	 	 	 	 98
	7.10.2	Function	n Doo	ument	atior	ı					 	 	 	 	 	 	 98
		7.10.2.1	Le	afLight	Getl	nterf	ace() .			 	 	 	 	 	 	 98
7.11	netacce	ess.c File I	Refe	erence							 	 	 	 	 	 	 99
	7.11.1	Detailed	Des	cription	n .						 	 	 	 	 	 	 100
	7.11.2	Function	n Doo	ument	atior	1					 	 	 	 	 	 	 100
		7.11.2.1	Ne	tAcces	ssCo	nnec	ct() .				 	 	 	 	 	 	 100
		7.11.2.2	Ne	tAcces	ssRe	ceive	∋() .				 	 	 	 	 	 	 100
		7.11.2.3	Ne	tAcces	ssSe	nd()					 	 	 	 	 	 	 101
7.12	netacce	ess.c File I	Refe	erence							 	 	 	 	 	 	 101
	7.12.1	Detailed	Des	cription	n .						 	 	 	 	 	 	 102
	7.12.2	Function	n Doo	cument	atior	n					 	 	 	 	 	 	 102
		7.12.2.1	Ne	tAcces	ssCo	nnec	ct() .				 	 	 	 	 	 	 102
		7.12.2.2	Ne	tAcces	ssRe	ceive	∋() .				 	 	 	 	 	 	 103
		7.12.2.3	Ne	tAcces	ssSe	nd()					 	 	 	 	 	 	 103
7.13	netacce	ess.h File l	Refe	erence							 	 	 	 	 	 	 104
	7.13.1	Detailed	Des	cription	n .						 	 	 	 	 	 	 105
	7.13.2	Function	n Doo	ument	atior	n					 	 	 	 	 	 	 105
		7.13.2.1	Ne	tAcces	ssCo	nnec	ct() .				 	 	 	 	 	 	 105
		7.13.2.2	Ne	etAcces	ssRe	eceive	e() .				 	 	 	 	 	 	 105
		7.13.2.3	Ne	etAcces	ssSe	nd()					 	 	 	 	 	 	 106
7.14	openblt	i.c File Rei				v											
		Detailed															
		Function		•													

CONTENTS

	7.14.2.1	BltFirmwareAddData()	 109
	7.14.2.2	BltFirmwareGetSegment()	 110
	7.14.2.3	BltFirmwareGetSegmentCount()	 110
	7.14.2.4	BltFirmwareInit()	 110
	7.14.2.5	BltFirmwareLoadFromFile()	 111
	7.14.2.6	BltFirmwareRemoveData()	 111
	7.14.2.7	BltFirmwareSaveToFile()	 111
	7.14.2.8	BltSessionClearMemory()	 112
	7.14.2.9	BltSessionInit()	 112
	7.14.2.10	D BltSessionReadData()	 113
	7.14.2.11	1 BltSessionStart()	 113
	7.14.2.12	2 BltSessionWriteData()	 113
	7.14.2.13	3 BltUtilCrc16Calculate()	 114
	7.14.2.14	4 BltUtilCrc32Calculate()	 114
	7.14.2.15	5 BltUtilCryptoAes256Decrypt()	 115
	7.14.2.16	6 BltUtilCryptoAes256Encrypt()	 115
	7.14.2.17	7 BltUtilTimeDelayMs()	 115
	7.14.2.18	B BltUtilTimeGetSystemTime()	 116
	7.14.2.19	9 BltVersionGetNumber()	 116
	7.14.2.20	D BltVersionGetString()	 116
7.15 openb	lt.h File Re	eference	 117
7.15.1	Detailed	Description	 119
7.15.2	Function	Documentation	 119
	7.15.2.1	BltFirmwareAddData()	 120
	7.15.2.2	BltFirmwareGetSegment()	 120
	7.15.2.3	BltFirmwareGetSegmentCount()	 120
	7.15.2.4	BltFirmwareInit()	 121
	7.15.2.5	BltFirmwareLoadFromFile()	 121
	7.15.2.6	BltFirmwareRemoveData()	 121
	7.15.2.7	BltFirmwareSaveToFile()	 122

CONTENTS xi

		7.15.2.8	BltSessionClearMemory()	. 122
		7.15.2.9	BltSessionInit()	. 123
		7.15.2.10	BltSessionReadData()	. 123
		7.15.2.11	BltSessionStart()	. 123
		7.15.2.12	BltSessionWriteData()	. 124
		7.15.2.13	BltUtilCrc16Calculate()	. 124
		7.15.2.14	BltUtilCrc32Calculate()	. 125
		7.15.2.15	BltUtilCryptoAes256Decrypt()	. 125
		7.15.2.16	BltUtilCryptoAes256Encrypt()	. 125
		7.15.2.17	BltUtilTimeDelayMs()	. 126
		7.15.2.18	BltUtilTimeGetSystemTime()	. 126
		7.15.2.19	BltVersionGetNumber()	. 126
		7.15.2.20	BltVersionGetString()	. 127
7.16	pcanus	b.c File Re	eference	. 127
	7.16.1	Detailed [Description	. 129
	7.16.2	Function I	Documentation	. 129
		7.16.2.1	PCanUsbConnect()	. 129
		7.16.2.2	PCanUsbGetInterface()	. 130
		7.16.2.3	PCanUsbInit()	. 130
		7.16.2.4	PCanUsblsBusError()	. 130
		7.16.2.5	PCanUsbLibFuncFilterMessages()	. 131
		7.16.2.6	PCanUsbLibFuncGetStatus()	. 131
		7.16.2.7	PCanUsbLibFuncInitialize()	. 132
		7.16.2.8	PCanUsbLibFuncRead()	. 133
		7.16.2.9	PCanUsbLibFuncSetValue()	. 133
		7.16.2.10	PCanUsbLibFuncUninitialize()	. 134
		7.16.2.11	PCanUsbLibFuncWrite()	. 135
		7.16.2.12	PCanUsbReceptionThread()	. 135
		7.16.2.13	PCanUsbRegisterEvents()	. 136
		7.16.2.14	PCanUsbTransmit()	. 136

xii CONTENTS

7.1	17 pcanus	sb.h File Reference
	7.17.1	Detailed Description
	7.17.2	Function Documentation
		7.17.2.1 PCanUsbGetInterface()
7.1	18 serialp	ort.c File Reference
	7.18.1	Detailed Description
	7.18.2	Function Documentation
		7.18.2.1 SerialPortOpen()
		7.18.2.2 SerialPortRead()
		7.18.2.3 SerialPortWrite()
7.1	19 serialp	ort.c File Reference
	7.19.1	Detailed Description
	7.19.2	Macro Definition Documentation
		7.19.2.1 UART_RX_BUFFER_SIZE
		7.19.2.2 UART_TX_BUFFER_SIZE
	7.19.3	Function Documentation
		7.19.3.1 SerialConvertBaudrate()
		7.19.3.2 SerialPortOpen()
		7.19.3.3 SerialPortRead()
		7.19.3.4 SerialPortWrite()
7.2	20 serialp	ort.h File Reference
	7.20.1	Detailed Description
	7.20.2	Enumeration Type Documentation
		7.20.2.1 tSerialPortBaudrate
	7.20.3	Function Documentation
		7.20.3.1 SerialPortOpen()
		7.20.3.2 SerialPortRead()
		7.20.3.3 SerialPortWrite()
7.2	21 session	n.c File Reference
	7.21.1	Detailed Description

CONTENTS xiii

	7.21.2	Function	Documentation	. 150
		7.21.2.1	SessionClearMemory()	. 150
		7.21.2.2	SessionInit()	. 150
		7.21.2.3	SessionReadData()	. 150
		7.21.2.4	SessionStart()	. 151
		7.21.2.5	SessionWriteData()	. 151
7.22	session	n.h File Re	eference	. 152
	7.22.1	Detailed	Description	. 152
	7.22.2	Function	Documentation	. 153
		7.22.2.1	SessionClearMemory()	. 153
		7.22.2.2	SessionInit()	. 153
		7.22.2.3	SessionReadData()	. 153
		7.22.2.4	SessionStart()	. 154
		7.22.2.5	SessionWriteData()	. 154
7.23	socketo	an.c File I	Reference	. 155
	7.23.1	Detailed	Description	. 156
	7.23.2	Function	Documentation	. 156
		7.23.2.1	SocketCanConnect()	. 156
		7.23.2.2	SocketCanEventThread()	. 157
		7.23.2.3	SocketCanGetInterface()	. 158
		7.23.2.4	SocketCanInit()	. 158
		7.23.2.5	SocketCanlsBusError()	. 159
		7.23.2.6	SocketCanRegisterEvents()	. 159
		7.23.2.7	SocketCanStartEventThread()	. 159
		7.23.2.8	SocketCanStopEventThread()	. 160
		7.23.2.9	SocketCanTransmit()	. 160
	7.23.3	Variable l	Documentation	. 161
		7.23.3.1	socketCanErrorDetected	. 161
7.24	socketo	an.h File	Reference	. 161
	7.24.1	Detailed	Description	. 161

xiv CONTENTS

	7.24.2	Function Documentation	32
		7.24.2.1 SocketCanGetInterface()	32
7.25	srecpa	rser.c File Reference	32
	7.25.1	Detailed Description	33
	7.25.2	Enumeration Type Documentation	33
		7.25.2.1 tSRecParserLineType	33
	7.25.3	Function Documentation	34
		7.25.3.1 SRecParserConstructLine()	34
		7.25.3.2 SRecParserExtractLineData()	35
		7.25.3.3 SRecParserGetLineType()	35
		7.25.3.4 SRecParserGetParser()	36
		7.25.3.5 SRecParserHexStringToByte()	36
		7.25.3.6 SRecParserLoadFromFile()	37
		7.25.3.7 SRecParserSaveToFile()	37
		7.25.3.8 SRecParserVerifyChecksum()	38
		7.25.3.9 SRecParserVerifyFile()	38
7.26	srecpa	rser.h File Reference	39
	7.26.1	Detailed Description	39
	7.26.2	Function Documentation	39
		7.26.2.1 SRecParserGetParser()	70
7.27	timeutil	.c File Reference	70
	7.27.1	Detailed Description	70
	7.27.2	Function Documentation	70
		7.27.2.1 UtilTimeDelayMs()	70
		7.27.2.2 UtilTimeGetSystemTimeMs()	71
7.28	timeutil	.c File Reference	72
	7.28.1	Detailed Description	72
	7.28.2	Function Documentation	72
		7.28.2.1 UtilTimeDelayMs()	72
		7.28.2.2 UtilTimeGetSystemTimeMs()	73

CONTENTS xv

7.29 u	usbbulk	k.c File Re	ference			 	 	 	 	 	173
7	7.29.1	Detailed	Description .			 	 	 	 	 	174
7	7.29.2	Function	Documentation	١		 	 	 	 	 	174
		7.29.2.1	UsbBulkOper	ı()		 	 	 	 	 	175
		7.29.2.2	UsbBulkRead	()		 	 	 	 	 	175
		7.29.2.3	UsbBulkWrite	()		 	 	 	 	 	176
7.30 t	usbbulk	k.c File Re	ference			 	 	 	 	 	176
7	7.30.1	Detailed	Description .			 	 	 	 	 	178
7	7.30.2	Function	Documentation	١		 	 	 	 	 	178
		7.30.2.1	UsbBulkLibFu	ıncOpen()		 	 	 	 	 	178
		7.30.2.2	UsbBulkLibFu	ıncReceive(()	 	 	 	 	 	179
		7.30.2.3	UsbBulkLibFu	ıncTransmit	i()	 	 	 	 	 	179
		7.30.2.4	UsbBulkOper	ı()		 	 	 	 	 	180
		7.30.2.5	UsbBulkRead	()		 	 	 	 	 	180
		7.30.2.6	UsbBulkWrite	()		 	 	 	 	 	181
7.31 u	usbbulk	k.h File Re	ference			 	 	 	 	 	181
7	7.31.1	Detailed	Description .			 	 	 	 	 	182
7	7.31.2	Function	Documentation	١		 	 	 	 	 	182
		7.31.2.1	UsbBulkOper	ı()		 	 	 	 	 	182
		7.31.2.2	UsbBulkRead	()		 	 	 	 	 	182
		7.31.2.3	UsbBulkWrite	()		 	 	 	 	 	183
7.32 t	util.c Fi	le Referer	ice			 	 	 	 	 	184
7	7.32.1	Detailed	Description .			 	 	 	 	 	185
7	7.32.2	Function	Documentation	1		 	 	 	 	 	185
		7.32.2.1	UtilChecksum	ıCrc16Calcı	ulate()	 	 	 	 	 	185
		7.32.2.2	UtilChecksum	ıCrc32Calcı	ulate()	 	 	 	 	 	185
		7.32.2.3	UtilCryptoAes	256Decryp	t()	 	 	 	 	 	186
		7.32.2.4	UtilCryptoAes	:256Encryp	t()	 	 	 	 	 	186
		7.32.2.5	UtilFileExtract	Filename()		 	 	 	 	 	187
7.33 u	util.h Fi	le Referer	nce			 	 	 	 	 	187

xvi CONTENTS

	7.33.1	Detailed Description	88
	7.33.2	Function Documentation	38
		7.33.2.1 UtilChecksumCrc16Calculate()	38
		7.33.2.2 UtilChecksumCrc32Calculate()	39
		7.33.2.3 UtilCryptoAes256Decrypt()	39
		7.33.2.4 UtilCryptoAes256Encrypt()	90
		7.33.2.5 UtilFileExtractFilename()	0
		7.33.2.6 UtilTimeDelayMs())1
		7.33.2.7 UtilTimeGetSystemTimeMs())2
7.34	xcpload	ler.c File Reference)2
	7.34.1	Detailed Description)4
	7.34.2	Macro Definition Documentation)4
		7.34.2.1 XCPLOADER_CMD_CONNECT)4
		7.34.2.2 XCPLOADER_CMD_GET_SEED)5
		7.34.2.3 XCPLOADER_CMD_GET_STATUS)5
		7.34.2.4 XCPLOADER_CMD_PID_RES)5
		7.34.2.5 XCPLOADER_CMD_PROGRAM)5
		7.34.2.6 XCPLOADER_CMD_PROGRAM_CLEAR)5
		7.34.2.7 XCPLOADER_CMD_PROGRAM_MAX)6
		7.34.2.8 XCPLOADER_CMD_PROGRAM_RESET	96
		7.34.2.9 XCPLOADER_CMD_PROGRAM_START)6
		7.34.2.10 XCPLOADER_CMD_SET_MTA	96
		7.34.2.11 XCPLOADER_CMD_UNLOCK)6
		7.34.2.12 XCPLOADER_CMD_UPLOAD)7
	7.34.3	Function Documentation)7
		7.34.3.1 XcpLoaderClearMemory())7
		7.34.3.2 XcpLoaderGetOrderedWord())7
		7.34.3.3 XcpLoaderGetProtocol()	8
		7.34.3.4 XcpLoaderInit()	8
		7.34.3.5 XcpLoaderReadData()	8

CONTENTS xvii

		7.34.3.6 XcpLoaderSendCmdConnect()	99
		7.34.3.7 XcpLoaderSendCmdGetSeed()	99
		7.34.3.8 XcpLoaderSendCmdGetStatus()	00
		7.34.3.9 XcpLoaderSendCmdProgram()	01
		7.34.3.10 XcpLoaderSendCmdProgramClear()	01
		7.34.3.11 XcpLoaderSendCmdProgramMax()	02
		7.34.3.12 XcpLoaderSendCmdProgramReset()	03
		7.34.3.13 XcpLoaderSendCmdProgramStart()	03
		7.34.3.14 XcpLoaderSendCmdSetMta()	03
		7.34.3.15 XcpLoaderSendCmdUnlock()	04
		7.34.3.16 XcpLoaderSendCmdUpload()	05
		7.34.3.17 XcpLoaderSetOrderedLong()	05
		7.34.3.18 XcpLoaderStart()	06
		7.34.3.19 XcpLoaderWriteData()	06
7.35	xcpload	der.h File Reference	07
	7.35.1	Detailed Description	07
	7.35.2	Function Documentation	07
		7.35.2.1 XcpLoaderGetProtocol()	80
7.36	xcpprot	tect.c File Reference	80
	7.36.1	Detailed Description	09
	7.36.2	Function Documentation	09
		7.36.2.1 XCPProtectComputeKeyFromSeed()	09
		7.36.2.2 XcpProtectGetPrivileges()	09
		7.36.2.3 XcpProtectInit()	10
7.37	xcpprot	tect.c File Reference	11
	7.37.1	Detailed Description	11
	7.37.2	Function Documentation	12
		7.37.2.1 XCPProtectComputeKeyFromSeed()	12
		7.37.2.2 XcpProtectGetPrivileges()	12
		7.37.2.3 XcpProtectInit()	13

xviii CONTENTS

7.	38 xcppro	tect.h File	Reference	213
	7.38.1	Detailed	Description	214
	7.38.2	Macro De	efinition Documentation	214
		7.38.2.1	XCPPROTECT_RESOURCE_CALPAG	214
		7.38.2.2	XCPPROTECT_RESOURCE_DAQ	214
		7.38.2.3	XCPPROTECT_RESOURCE_PGM	214
		7.38.2.4	XCPPROTECT_RESOURCE_STIM	214
	7.38.3	Function	Documentation	214
		7.38.3.1	XCPProtectComputeKeyFromSeed()	214
		7.38.3.2	XcpProtectGetPrivileges()	215
		7.38.3.3	XcpProtectInit()	216
7.	39 xcptpc	an.c File R	Reference	216
	7.39.1	Detailed	Description	218
	7.39.2	Function	Documentation	218
		7.39.2.1	XcpTpCanConnect()	218
		7.39.2.2	XcpTpCanEventMessageReceived()	218
		7.39.2.3	XcpTpCanEventMessageTransmitted()	218
		7.39.2.4	XcpTpCanGetTransport()	219
		7.39.2.5	XcpTpCanInit()	219
		7.39.2.6	XcpTpCanSendPacket()	219
7.	40 xcptpc	an.h File R	Reference	220
	7.40.1	Detailed	Description	220
	7.40.2	Function	Documentation	220
		7.40.2.1	XcpTpCanGetTransport()	220
7.	41 xcptpn	et.c File Re	eference	221
	7.41.1	Detailed	Description	222
	7.41.2	Function	Documentation	222
		7.41.2.1	XcpTpNetConnect()	222
		7.41.2.2	XcpTpNetGetTransport()	222
		7.41.2.3	XcpTpNetInit()	222

CONTENTS xix

		7.41.2.4	XcpTpNetSendPacket()	 	 	 223
7.42	xcptpne	et.h File R	eference	 	 	 223
	7.42.1	Detailed	Description	 	 	 224
	7.42.2	Function	Documentation	 	 	 224
		7.42.2.1	XcpTpNetGetTransport()	 	 	 224
7.43	xcptpua	art.c File F	eference	 	 	 224
	7.43.1	Detailed	Description	 	 	 225
	7.43.2	Function	Documentation	 	 	 225
		7.43.2.1	XcpTpUartConnect()	 	 	 225
		7.43.2.2	XcpTpUartGetTransport()	 	 	 226
		7.43.2.3	XcpTpUartInit()	 	 	 226
		7.43.2.4	XcpTpUartSendPacket()	 	 	 226
7.44	xcptpua	art.h File F	eference	 	 	 227
	7.44.1	Detailed	Description	 	 	 227
	7.44.2	Function	Documentation	 	 	 227
		7.44.2.1	XcpTpUartGetTransport()	 	 	 227
7.45	xcptpus	sb.c File R	eference	 	 	 228
	7.45.1	Detailed	Description	 	 	 228
	7.45.2	Function	Documentation	 	 	 229
		7.45.2.1	XcpTpUsbConnect()	 	 	 229
		7.45.2.2	XcpTpUsbGetTransport()	 	 	 229
		7.45.2.3	XcpTpUsbInit()	 	 	 229
		7.45.2.4	XcpTpUsbSendPacket()	 	 	 230
7.46	xcptpus	sb.h File R	eference	 	 	 230
	7.46.1	Detailed	Description	 	 	 230
	7.46.2	Function	Documentation	 	 	 231
		7.46.2.1	XcpTpUsbGetTransport()	 	 	 231
7.47	xldriver	c File Ref	erence	 	 	 231
	7.47.1	Detailed	Description	 	 	 233
	7.47.2	Function	Documentation	 	 	 233
		7.47.2.1	VectorXIConnect()	 	 	 233
		7.47.2.2	VectorXIConvertToRawBitrate()	 	 	 233
		7.47.2.3	VectorXIGetInterface()	 	 	 234
		7.47.2.4	VectorXIInit()	 	 	 234
		7.47.2.5	VectorXIIsBusError()	 	 	 234
		7.47.2.6	VectorXIReceptionThread()	 	 	 235
		7.47.2.7	VectorXIRegisterEvents()	 	 	 235
		7.47.2.8	VectorXITransmit()	 	 	 235
7.48	xldriver	h File Ref	erence	 	 	 236
	7.48.1	Detailed	Description	 	 	 236
	7.48.2	Function	Documentation	 	 	 236
		7.48.2.1	VectorXIGetInterface()	 	 	 237

ΚΧ	CONTENTS

Index 239

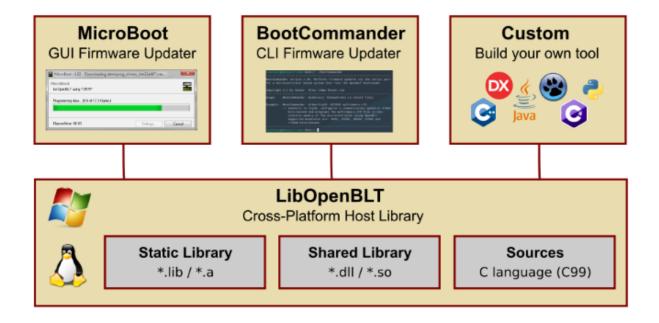
Chapter 1

OpenBLT Host Library (LibOpenBLT)

1.1 Introduction

LibOpenBLT is a host library for the OpenBLT bootloader. Its purpose is to allow quick and easy creation of programs that can connect to and perform firmware updates on a microcontroller that runs the OpenBLT bootloader.

LibOpenBLT is written in the C programming language (C99) and is cross-platform. It has been successfully tested on a Windows PC, Linux PC and even embedded Linux systems such as a Raspberry Pi and a Beagle Board.



Both the MicroBoot (GUI) and BootCommander (CLI) firmware updater tools, which are part of the OpenBLT bootloader package, make use of the OpenBLT Host Library. The source code of these two tools serve as an additional reference on how to use the OpenBLT Host Library when your are developing your own custom tool.

Refer to the OpenBLT website for additional information regarding the OpenBLT Host Library, including step-by-step instructions on how to build both that shared and static library from sources: https://www.feaser.com/openblt/doku.php?id=manual:libopenblt.

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Chapter 2

Module Index

2.1 Modules

Here is a list of all modules:

Library API	15
Firmware Data Module	13
Communication Session Module	22
CAN driver	11
Linux SocketCAN interface	16
Kvaser Leaf Light v2 interface	17
Lawicel CANUSB interface	18
Peak PCAN-USB interface	19
Vector XL Driver USB to CAN interface	20
TCP/IP Network Access	14
Serial port driver	21
XCP version 1.0 protocol	
XCP CAN transport layer	25
XCP TCP/IP transport layer	26
XCP UART transport layer	
XCP USB transport layer	28
Comparin Halliaina	20

4 Module Index

Chapter 3

Data Structure Index

3.1 Data Structures

Here are the data structures with brief descriptions:

tBltSessionSettingsXcpV10	
Structure layout of the XCP version 1.0 session settings	29
tBltTransportSettingsXcpV10Can	
Structure layout of the XCP version 1.0 CAN transport layer settings. The deviceName field is platform dependent. On Linux based systems this should be the socketCAN interface name such as "can0". The terminal command "ip addr" can be issued to view a list of interfaces that are up and available. Under Linux it is assumed that the socketCAN interface is already configured on the system, before using the OpenBLT library. When baudrate is configured when bringing up the system, so the baudrate field in this structure is don't care when using the library on a Linux was system. On Windows based systems, the device name is a name that is pre-defined by this library for the supported CAN adapters. The device name should be one of the following: "peak_pcanusb", "kvaser_leaflight", or "lawicel_canusb". Field use extended is a boolean field. When set to 0, the specified transmitld and receiveld are assumed to be 11-bit standard CAN	
identifier. It the field is 1, these identifiers are assumed to be 29-bit extended CAN identifiers .	31
tBltTransportSettingsXcpV10Net Structure layout of the XCP version 1.0 NET transport layer settings. The address field can be set to either the IP address or the hostname, such as "192.168.178.23" or "mymicro.mydomain. ← com". The port should be set to the TCP port number that the bootloader target listens on	32
tBltTransportSettingsXcpV10Rs232	
Structure layout of the XCP version 1.0 RS232 transport layer settings. The portName field is platform dependent. On Linux based systems this should be the filename of the tty-device, such as "/dev/tty0". On Windows based systems it should be the name of the COM-port, such as "COM1"	33
tCanEvents	
Structure with CAN event callback functions	34
tCanInterface	
CAN interface type	34
tCanMsg	
Layout of a CAN message. Note that CAN_MSG_EXT_ID_MASK can be used to configure the CAN message identifier as 29-bit extended	35

Data Structure Index 6

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Type to group of CAN interface related settings. The device name specifies the name of the CAN interface device. For some CAN interfaces this is don't care, but for other absolutely necessar, for example Linux SocketCAN. The channel specifies the channel on the CAN interface, in case it has multiple CAN channels. The baudrate specifies the communication speed on the CAN network. The code and mask values configure the message reception acceptance filter. A mask bit value of 0 means don't care. The code part of the filter determines what bit values to match in the received message identifier. Example 1: Receive all CAN identifiers .code = 0x000000000 .mask = 0x00000000 Example 2: Receive only CAN identifier 0x124 (11-bit or 29-bit) .code = 0x00000124 .mask = 0x1fffffff Example 3: Receive only CAN identifier 0x124 (11-bit) .code = 0x00000124 .mask = 0x9ffffff Example 4: Receive only CAN identifier 0x124 (29-bit) .code = 36 tFirmwareParser Firmware file parser 38 tFirmwareSegment Groups information together of a firmware segment, such that it can be used as a node in a linked list 39 tSessionProtocol 39 tSocketCanThreadCtrl 40 tXcpLoaderSettings 41 tXcpTpCanSettings Layout of structure with settings specific to the XCP transport layer module for CAN tXcpTpNetSettings Layout of structure with settings specific to the XCP transport layer module for TCP/IP 44 tXcpTpUartSettings Layout of structure with settings specific to the XCP transport layer module for UART 45 tXcpTransport 46 tXcpTransportPacket

Chapter 4

File Index

4.1 File List

Here is a list of all documented files with brief descriptions:

candriver.c	
Generic CAN driver source file	49
candriver.h	
	53
canusb.c	
	58
canusb.h	
Lawicel CANUSB interface header file	67
linux/critutil.c	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	68
windows/critutil.c	
·	69
firmware.c	
	70
firmware.h	
	79
leaflight.c	_
	84
leaflight.h	٠.
	98
linux/netaccess.c	00
	99
windows/netaccess.c TCP/IP network access source file	01
netaccess.h	U
	04
openblt.c	0-
	07
openblt.h	U1
	117
pcanusb.c	17
•	27
pcanusb.h	_,
•	36
linux/serialport.c	
\cdot	138

8 File Index

windows/serialport.c
Serial port source file
Serialport.h Serial port header file
session.c
Communication session module source file
Communication session module header file
socketcan.c Linux SocketCAN interface source file
socketcan.h
Linux SocketCAN interface header file
Motorola S-record file parser source file
Srecparser.h Motorola S-record file parser header file
linux/timeutil.c
Time utility source file
Time utility source file
linux/usbbulk.c USB bulk driver source file
windows/usbbulk.c
USB bulk driver source file
USB bulk driver header file
util.c
Utility module source file
Utility module header file
xcploader.c XCP Loader module source file
xcploader.h XCP Loader module header file
linux/xcpprotect.c
XCP Protection module source file
windows/xcpprotect.c XCP Protection module source file
xcpprotect.h
XCP Protection module header file
XCP CAN transport layer source file
xcptpcan.h XCP CAN transport layer header file
xcptpnet.c
XCP TCP/IP transport layer source file
XCP TCP/IP transport layer header file
xcptpuart.c
XCP UART transport layer source file
XCP UART transport layer header file
xcptpusb.c XCP USB transport layer source file
xcptpusb.h
XCP USB transport layer header file
Vector XL driver interface source file

4.1 File List 9

xldriver.h	
Vector XI driver interface header file	29

10 File Index

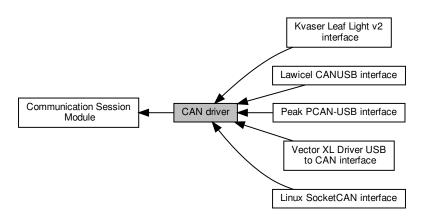
Chapter 5

Module Documentation

5.1 CAN driver

This module implements a generic CAN driver.

Collaboration diagram for CAN driver:



Modules

· Linux SocketCAN interface

This module implements the CAN interface for Linux SocketCAN.

Kvaser Leaf Light v2 interface

This module implements the CAN interface for the Kvaser Leaf Light v2.

· Lawicel CANUSB interface

This module implements the CAN interface for the Lawicel CANUSB.

Peak PCAN-USB interface

This module implements the CAN interface for the Peak PCAN-USB.

· Vector XL Driver USB to CAN interface

This module implements the CAN interface for the Vector XL Driver.

12 Module Documentation

Files

• file candriver.c

Generic CAN driver source file.

• file candriver.h

Generic CAN driver header file.

5.1.1 Detailed Description

This module implements a generic CAN driver.

5.2 Firmware Data Module 13

5.2 Firmware Data Module

Module with functionality to load, manipulate and store firmware data.

Collaboration diagram for Firmware Data Module:



Files

· file firmware.c

Firmware data module source file.

· file firmware.h

Firmware data module header file.

· file srecparser.c

Motorola S-record file parser source file.

• file srecparser.h

Motorola S-record file parser header file.

5.2.1 Detailed Description

Module with functionality to load, manipulate and store firmware data.

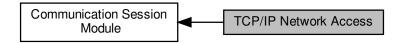
The Firmwarwe Data module contains functionality to load, manipulate and store firmware data. It contains an interface for linking firmware file parsers that handle the loading and saving the firmware data from and to a file in the correct format. For example the Motorola S-record format.

14 Module Documentation

5.3 TCP/IP Network Access

This module implements a generic TCP/IP network access client driver.

Collaboration diagram for TCP/IP Network Access:



Files

· file netaccess.h

TCP/IP network access header file.

• file linux/netaccess.c

TCP/IP network access source file.

• file windows/netaccess.c

TCP/IP network access source file.

5.3.1 Detailed Description

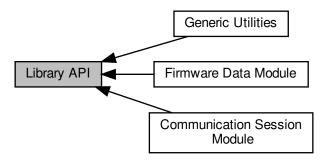
This module implements a generic TCP/IP network access client driver.

5.4 Library API 15

5.4 Library API

OpenBLT Library API.

Collaboration diagram for Library API:



Modules

· Firmware Data Module

Module with functionality to load, manipulate and store firmware data.

· Communication Session Module

Module with functionality to communicate with the bootloader on the target system.

· Generic Utilities

Generic utility functions and definitions.

Files

· file openblt.c

OpenBLT host library source file.

· file openblt.h

OpenBLT host library header file.

5.4.1 Detailed Description

OpenBLT Library API.

The Library API contains the application programming interface for the OpenBLT libary. it defines the functions and definitions that an external program uses to access the library's functionality.

5.5 Linux SocketCAN interface

This module implements the CAN interface for Linux SocketCAN.

Collaboration diagram for Linux SocketCAN interface:



Files

• file socketcan.c

Linux SocketCAN interface source file.

• file socketcan.h

Linux SocketCAN interface header file.

5.5.1 Detailed Description

This module implements the CAN interface for Linux SocketCAN.

5.6 Kvaser Leaf Light v2 interface

This module implements the CAN interface for the Kvaser Leaf Light v2.

Collaboration diagram for Kvaser Leaf Light v2 interface:



Files

• file leaflight.c

Kvaser Leaf Light v2 interface source file.

· file leaflight.h

Kvaser Leaf Light v2 interface header file.

5.6.1 Detailed Description

This module implements the CAN interface for the Kvaser Leaf Light v2.

5.7 Lawicel CANUSB interface

This module implements the CAN interface for the Lawicel CANUSB.

Collaboration diagram for Lawicel CANUSB interface:



Files

• file canusb.c

Lawicel CANUSB interface source file.

· file canusb.h

Lawicel CANUSB interface header file.

5.7.1 Detailed Description

This module implements the CAN interface for the Lawicel CANUSB.

When using the Lawicel CANUSB interface, the 32-bit driver for the CANUSB DLL API should be installed: $http \leftarrow : //www.can232.com/download/canusb_setup_win32_v_2_2.zip$

5.8 Peak PCAN-USB interface

This module implements the CAN interface for the Peak PCAN-USB.

Collaboration diagram for Peak PCAN-USB interface:



Files

• file pcanusb.c

Peak PCAN-USB interface source file.

• file pcanusb.h

Peak PCAN-USB interface header file.

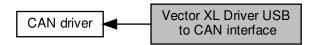
5.8.1 Detailed Description

This module implements the CAN interface for the Peak PCAN-USB.

5.9 Vector XL Driver USB to CAN interface

This module implements the CAN interface for the Vector XL Driver.

Collaboration diagram for Vector XL Driver USB to CAN interface:



Files

• file xldriver.c

Vector XL driver interface source file.

• file xldriver.h

Vector XL driver interface header file.

5.9.1 Detailed Description

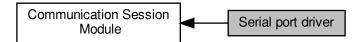
This module implements the CAN interface for the Vector XL Driver.

5.10 Serial port driver 21

5.10 Serial port driver

This module implements a generic serial port driver.

Collaboration diagram for Serial port driver:



Files

• file linux/serialport.c

Serial port source file.

• file windows/serialport.c

Serial port source file.

• file serialport.h

Serial port header file.

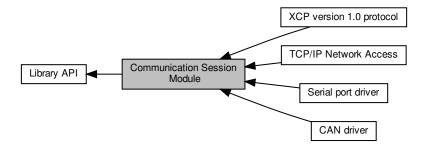
5.10.1 Detailed Description

This module implements a generic serial port driver.

5.11 Communication Session Module

Module with functionality to communicate with the bootloader on the target system.

Collaboration diagram for Communication Session Module:



Modules

· CAN driver

This module implements a generic CAN driver.

TCP/IP Network Access

This module implements a generic TCP/IP network access client driver.

· Serial port driver

This module implements a generic serial port driver.

· XCP version 1.0 protocol

This module implements the XCP communication protocol that can be linked to the Session module.

Files

· file session.c

Communication session module source file.

· file session.h

Communication session module header file.

5.11.1 Detailed Description

Module with functionality to communicate with the bootloader on the target system.

The Communication Session module handles the communication with the bootloader during firmware updates on the target system. It contains an interface to link the desired communication protocol that should be used for the communication. For example the XCP protocol.

5.12 Generic Utilities 23

5.12 Generic Utilities

Generic utility functions and definitions.

Collaboration diagram for Generic Utilities:



Files

• file linux/critutil.c

Critical section utility source file.

• file linux/timeutil.c

Time utility source file.

• file windows/critutil.c

Critical section utility source file.

• file windows/timeutil.c

Time utility source file.

• file util.c

Utility module source file.

• file util.h

Utility module header file.

5.12.1 Detailed Description

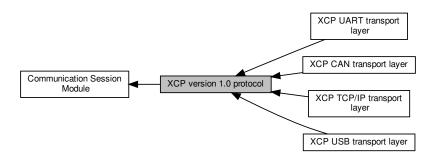
Generic utility functions and definitions.

The Utility module contains generic functions and definitions that can be handy for use internally in the library and also externally by another application that makes use of the library.

5.13 XCP version 1.0 protocol

This module implements the XCP communication protocol that can be linked to the Session module.

Collaboration diagram for XCP version 1.0 protocol:



Modules

· XCP CAN transport layer

This module implements the XCP transport layer for CAN.

XCP TCP/IP transport layer

This module implements the XCP transport layer for TCP/IP.

XCP UART transport layer

This module implements the XCP transport layer for UART.

XCP USB transport layer

This module implements the XCP transport layer for USB.

Files

• file linux/xcpprotect.c

XCP Protection module source file.

• file windows/xcpprotect.c

XCP Protection module source file.

• file xcploader.c

XCP Loader module source file.

· file xcploader.h

XCP Loader module header file.

· file xcpprotect.h

XCP Protection module header file.

5.13.1 Detailed Description

This module implements the XCP communication protocol that can be linked to the Session module.

This XCP Loader module contains functionality according to the standardized XCP protocol version 1.0. XCP is a universal measurement and calibration communication protocol. Note that only those parts of the XCP master functionality are implemented that are applicable to performing a firmware update on the slave. This means functionality for reading, programming, and erasing (non-volatile) memory.

5.14 XCP CAN transport layer

This module implements the XCP transport layer for CAN.

Collaboration diagram for XCP CAN transport layer:



Files

• file xcptpcan.c

XCP CAN transport layer source file.

• file xcptpcan.h

XCP CAN transport layer header file.

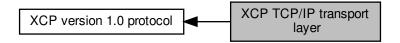
5.14.1 Detailed Description

This module implements the XCP transport layer for CAN.

5.15 XCP TCP/IP transport layer

This module implements the XCP transport layer for TCP/IP.

Collaboration diagram for XCP TCP/IP transport layer:



Files

• file xcptpnet.c

XCP TCP/IP transport layer source file.

• file xcptpnet.h

XCP TCP/IP transport layer header file.

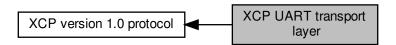
5.15.1 Detailed Description

This module implements the XCP transport layer for TCP/IP.

5.16 XCP UART transport layer

This module implements the XCP transport layer for UART.

Collaboration diagram for XCP UART transport layer:



Files

• file xcptpuart.c

XCP UART transport layer source file.

• file xcptpuart.h

XCP UART transport layer header file.

5.16.1 Detailed Description

This module implements the XCP transport layer for UART.

5.17 XCP USB transport layer

This module implements the XCP transport layer for USB.

Collaboration diagram for XCP USB transport layer:



Files

• file linux/usbbulk.c

USB bulk driver source file.

• file windows/usbbulk.c

USB bulk driver source file.

• file usbbulk.h

USB bulk driver header file.

• file xcptpusb.c

XCP USB transport layer source file.

• file xcptpusb.h

XCP USB transport layer header file.

5.17.1 Detailed Description

This module implements the XCP transport layer for USB.

Chapter 6

Data Structure Documentation

6.1 tBltSessionSettingsXcpV10 Struct Reference

Structure layout of the XCP version 1.0 session settings.

```
#include <openblt.h>
```

Data Fields

- uint16_t timeoutT1
- uint16_t timeoutT3
- uint16_t timeoutT4
- uint16_t timeoutT5
- uint16_t timeoutT6
- uint16_t timeoutT7
- char const * seedKeyFile
- uint8_t connectMode

6.1.1 Detailed Description

Structure layout of the XCP version 1.0 session settings.

6.1.2 Field Documentation

6.1.2.1 connectMode

uint8_t connectMode

Connection mode parameter in XCP connect command.

6.1.2.2 seedKeyFile

```
char const* seedKeyFile
```

Seed/key algorithm library filename.

6.1.2.3 timeoutT1

```
uint16_t timeoutT1
```

Command response timeout in milliseconds.

6.1.2.4 timeoutT3

```
uint16_t timeoutT3
```

Start programming timeout in milliseconds.

6.1.2.5 timeoutT4

```
uint16_t timeoutT4
```

Erase memory timeout in milliseconds.

6.1.2.6 timeoutT5

```
uint16_t timeoutT5
```

Program memory and reset timeout in milliseconds.

6.1.2.7 timeoutT6

```
uint16_t timeoutT6
```

Connect response timeout in milliseconds.

6.1.2.8 timeoutT7

```
uint16_t timeoutT7
```

Busy wait timer timeout in milliseonds.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

· openblt.h

6.2 tBltTransportSettingsXcpV10Can Struct Reference

Structure layout of the XCP version 1.0 CAN transport layer settings. The deviceName field is platform dependent. On Linux based systems this should be the socketCAN interface name such as "can0". The terminal command "ip addr" can be issued to view a list of interfaces that are up and available. Under Linux it is assumed that the socket CAN interface is already configured on the system, before using the OpenBLT library. When baudrate is configured when bringing up the system, so the baudrate field in this structure is don't care when using the library on a Linux was system. On Windows based systems, the device name is a name that is pre-defined by this library for the supported CAN adapters. The device name should be one of the following: "peak_pcanusb", "kvaser_leaflight", or "lawicel_canusb". Field use extended is a boolean field. When set to 0, the specified transmitld and receiveld are assumed to be 11-bit standard CAN identifier. It the field is 1, these identifiers are assumed to be 29-bit extended CAN identifiers.

#include <openblt.h>

Data Fields

- char const * deviceName
- · uint32 t deviceChannel
- uint32_t baudrate
- uint32_t transmitId
- · uint32 t receiveld
- · uint32 t useExtended

6.2.1 Detailed Description

Structure layout of the XCP version 1.0 CAN transport layer settings. The deviceName field is platform dependent. On Linux based systems this should be the socketCAN interface name such as "can0". The terminal command "ip addr" can be issued to view a list of interfaces that are up and available. Under Linux it is assumed that the socket CAN interface is already configured on the system, before using the OpenBLT library. When baudrate is configured when bringing up the system, so the baudrate field in this structure is don't care when using the library on a Linux was system. On Windows based systems, the device name is a name that is pre-defined by this library for the supported CAN adapters. The device name should be one of the following: "peak_pcanusb", "kvaser_leaflight", or "lawicel_canusb". Field use extended is a boolean field. When set to 0, the specified transmitld and receiveld are assumed to be 11-bit standard CAN identifier. It the field is 1, these identifiers are assumed to be 29-bit extended CAN identifiers.

6.2.2 Field Documentation

6.2.2.1 baudrate

uint32_t baudrate

Communication speed in bits/sec.

6.2.2.2 deviceChannel

uint32_t deviceChannel

Channel on the device to use.

6.2.2.3 deviceName

char const* deviceName

Device name such as can0, peak_pcanusb etc.

6.2.2.4 receiveld

uint32_t receiveId

Receive CAN identifier.

6.2.2.5 transmitld

uint32_t transmitId

Transmit CAN identifier.

6.2.2.6 useExtended

uint32_t useExtended

Boolean to configure 29-bit CAN identifiers.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

· openblt.h

6.3 tBltTransportSettingsXcpV10Net Struct Reference

Structure layout of the XCP version 1.0 NET transport layer settings. The address field can be set to either the IP address or the hostname, such as "192.168.178.23" or "mymicro.mydomain.com". The port should be set to the TCP port number that the bootloader target listens on.

```
#include <openblt.h>
```

Data Fields

- char const * address
- uint16_t port

6.3.1 Detailed Description

Structure layout of the XCP version 1.0 NET transport layer settings. The address field can be set to either the IP address or the hostname, such as "192.168.178.23" or "mymicro.mydomain.com". The port should be set to the TCP port number that the bootloader target listens on.

6.3.2 Field Documentation

6.3.2.1 address

```
char const* address
```

Target IP-address or hostname on the network.

6.3.2.2 port

uint16_t port

TCP port to use.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

· openblt.h

6.4 tBltTransportSettingsXcpV10Rs232 Struct Reference

Structure layout of the XCP version 1.0 RS232 transport layer settings. The portName field is platform dependent. On Linux based systems this should be the filename of the tty-device, such as "/dev/tty0". On Windows based systems it should be the name of the COM-port, such as "COM1".

```
#include <openblt.h>
```

Data Fields

- char const * portName
- uint32_t baudrate

6.4.1 Detailed Description

Structure layout of the XCP version 1.0 RS232 transport layer settings. The portName field is platform dependent. On Linux based systems this should be the filename of the tty-device, such as "/dev/tty0". On Windows based systems it should be the name of the COM-port, such as "COM1".

6.4.2 Field Documentation

6.4.2.1 baudrate

uint32_t baudrate

Communication speed in bits/sec.

6.4.2.2 portName

char const* portName

Communication port name such as /dev/tty0.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

· openblt.h

6.5 tCanEvents Struct Reference

Structure with CAN event callback functions.

```
#include <candriver.h>
```

Data Fields

void(* MsgTxed)(tCanMsg const *msg)

Event function that should be called when a message was transmitted.

void(* MsgRxed)(tCanMsg const *msg)

Event function that should be called when a message was received.

6.5.1 Detailed Description

Structure with CAN event callback functions.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

· candriver.h

6.6 tCanInterface Struct Reference

CAN interface type.

#include <candriver.h>

Data Fields

void(* Init)(tCanSettings const *settings)

Initialization of the CAN interface.

void(* Terminate)(void)

Terminates the CAN interface.

bool(* Connect)(void)

Connects the CAN interface to the CAN bus.

void(* Disconnect)(void)

Disconnects the CAN interface from the CAN bus.

bool(* Transmit)(tCanMsg const *msg)

Submits a CAN message for transmission.

bool(* IsBusError)(void)

Check if a bus off and/or bus heavy situation occurred.

void(* RegisterEvents)(tCanEvents const *events)

Registers the event callback functions.

6.6.1 Detailed Description

CAN interface type.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

· candriver.h

6.7 tCanMsg Struct Reference

Layout of a CAN message. Note that CAN_MSG_EXT_ID_MASK can be used to configure the CAN message identifier as 29-bit extended.

```
#include <candriver.h>
```

Data Fields

- uint32_t id
- uint8_t dlc
- uint8_t data [CAN_MSG_MAX_LEN]

6.7.1 Detailed Description

Layout of a CAN message. Note that CAN_MSG_EXT_ID_MASK can be used to configure the CAN message identifier as 29-bit extended.

6.7.2 Field Documentation

6.7.2.1 data

```
uint8_t data[CAN_MSG_MAX_LEN]
```

Array with CAN message data.

Referenced by CanUsbLibReceiveCallback(), CanUsbTransmit(), LeafLightReceptionThread(), LeafLightTransmit(), PCanUsbReceptionThread(), PCanUsbTransmit(), SocketCanTransmit(), VectorXIReceptionThread(), VectorXI ~ Transmit(), XcpTpCanEventMessageReceived(), and XcpTpCanSendPacket().

6.7.2.2 dlc

uint8_t dlc

CAN message data length code.

Referenced by CanUsbLibReceiveCallback(), CanUsbTransmit(), LeafLightReceptionThread(), LeafLightTransmit(), PCanUsbReceptionThread(), PCanUsbTransmit(), SocketCanTransmit(), VectorXIReceptionThread(), VectorXICTransmit(), XcpTpCanEventMessageReceived(), and XcpTpCanSendPacket().

6.7.2.3 id

uint32_t id

CAN message identifier.

Referenced by CanUsbLibReceiveCallback(), CanUsbTransmit(), LeafLightReceptionThread(), LeafLightTransmit(), PCanUsbReceptionThread(), PCanUsbTransmit(), SocketCanTransmit(), VectorXIReceptionThread(), VectorXI\times Transmit(), XcpTpCanEventMessageReceived(), and XcpTpCanSendPacket().

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

· candriver.h

6.8 tCanSettings Struct Reference

Type to group of CAN interface related settings. The device name specifies the name of the CAN interface device. For some CAN interfaces this is don't care, but for other absolutely necessar, for example Linux SocketCAN. The channel specifies the channel on the CAN interface, in case it has multiple CAN channels. The baudrate specifies the communication speed on the CAN network. The code and mask values configure the message reception acceptance filter. A mask bit value of 0 means don't care. The code part of the filter determines what bit values to match in the received message identifier. Example 1: Receive all CAN identifiers .code = 0x00000000 .mask = 0x00000000 Example 2: Receive only CAN identifier 0x124 (11-bit or 29-bit) .code = 0x00000124 .mask = 0x1fffffff Example 4: Receive only CAN identifier 0x124 (29-bit) .code = 0x80000124 .mask = 0x9fffffff.

#include <candriver.h>

Data Fields

- char const * devicename
- uint32 t channel
- tCanBaudrate baudrate
- · uint32 t code
- · uint32_t mask

6.8.1 Detailed Description

Type to group of CAN interface related settings. The device name specifies the name of the CAN interface device. For some CAN interfaces this is don't care, but for other absolutely necessar, for example Linux SocketCAN. The channel specifies the channel on the CAN interface, in case it has multiple CAN channels. The baudrate specifies the communication speed on the CAN network. The code and mask values configure the message reception acceptance filter. A mask bit value of 0 means don't care. The code part of the filter determines what bit values to match in the received message identifier. Example 1: Receive all CAN identifiers .code = 0x00000000 .mask = 0x00000000 Example 2: Receive only CAN identifier 0x124 (11-bit or 29-bit) .code = 0x00000124 .mask = 0x1fffffff Example 4: Receive only CAN identifier 0x124 (29-bit) .code = 0x80000124 .mask = 0x9fffffff.

6.8.2 Field Documentation

6.8.2.1 baudrate

tCanBaudrate baudrate

Communication speed.

Referenced by CanUsbInit(), CanUsbOpenChannel(), CanUsbTerminate(), LeafLightConnect(), LeafLightInit(), LeafLightTerminate(), PCanUsbConnect(), PCanUsbInit(), PCanUsbTerminate(), SocketCanInit(), SocketCanCorminate(), VectorXIConnect(), VectorXIInit(), VectorXITerminate(), and XcpTpCanInit().

6.8.2.2 channel

uint32_t channel

Zero based CAN channel index.

Referenced by CanUsbInit(), CanUsbTerminate(), LeafLightInit(), LeafLightTerminate(), PCanUsbConnect(), $P \leftarrow CanUsbDisconnect()$, PCanUsbInit(), PCanUsbIsBusError(), PCanUsbReceptionThread(), PCanUsbTerminate(), PCanUsbTerminate(), PCanUsbTerminate(), VectorXIConnect(), VectorXIInit(), VectorXI $\leftarrow Terminate()$, and XcpTpCanInit().

6.8.2.3 code

uint32_t code

Code of the reception acceptance filter.

Referenced by CanUsbInit(), CanUsbOpenChannel(), CanUsbTerminate(), LeafLightConnect(), LeafLightInit(), LeafLightTerminate(), PCanUsbConnect(), PCanUsbInit(), PCanUsbTerminate(), SocketCanConnect(), SocketCanConnect(), VectorXIConnect(), VectorXIInit(), VectorXITerminate(), and XcpTpCanInit().

6.8.2.4 devicename

char const* devicename

CAN interface device name (pcanusb, vcan0).

Referenced by CanInit(), CanUsbInit(), CanUsbTerminate(), LeafLightInit(), LeafLightInit(), PCanUsb Init(), PCanUsbTerminate(), SocketCanConnect(), SocketCanInit(), SocketCanTerminate(), VectorXIInit(), Vector XITerminate(), and XcpTpCanInit().

6.8.2.5 mask

uint32_t mask

Mask of the reception acceptance filter.

Referenced by CanUsbInit(), CanUsbOpenChannel(), CanUsbTerminate(), LeafLightConnect(), LeafLightInit(), LeafLightTerminate(), PCanUsbConnect(), PCanUsbInit(), PCanUsbTerminate(), SocketCanConnect(), SocketCanConnect(), VectorXIConnect(), VectorXIInit(), VectorXITerminate(), and XcpTpCanInit().

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

· candriver.h

6.9 tFirmwareParser Struct Reference

Firmware file parser.

#include <firmware.h>

Data Fields

- bool(* LoadFromFile)(char const *firmwareFile, uint32_t addressOffset)
 Extract the firmware segments from the firmware file and add them as nodes to the linked list.
- bool(* SaveToFile)(char const *firmwareFile)

Write all the firmware segments from the linked list to the specified firmware file.

6.9.1 Detailed Description

Firmware file parser.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

· firmware.h

6.10 tFirmwareSegment Struct Reference

Groups information together of a firmware segment, such that it can be used as a node in a linked list.

```
#include <firmware.h>
```

Data Fields

· uint32_t base

Start memory address of the segment.

· uint32_t length

Number of data bytes in the segment.

uint8_t * data

Pointer to array with the segment's data bytes.

 $\bullet \quad \text{struct t_firmware_segment} * \textbf{prev}$

Pointer to the previous node, or NULL if it is the first one.

struct t firmware segment * next

Pointer to the next node, or NULL if it is the last one.

6.10.1 Detailed Description

Groups information together of a firmware segment, such that it can be used as a node in a linked list.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

· firmware.h

6.11 tSessionProtocol Struct Reference

Session communication protocol interface.

```
#include <session.h>
```

Data Fields

void(* Init)(void const *settings)

Initializes the protocol module.

void(* Terminate)(void)

Terminates the protocol module.

bool(* Start)(void)

Starts the firmware update session. This is where the connection with the target is made and the bootloader on the target is activated.

void(* Stop)(void)

Stops the firmware update. This is where the bootloader starts the user program on the target if a valid one is present. After this the connection with the target is severed.

bool(* ClearMemory)(uint32_t address, uint32_t len)

Requests the bootloader to erase the specified range of memory on the target. The bootloader aligns this range to hardware specified erase blocks.

bool(* WriteData)(uint32_t address, uint32_t len, uint8_t const *data)

Requests the bootloader to program the specified data to memory. In case of non-volatile memory, the application needs to make sure the memory range was erased beforehand.

bool(* ReadData)(uint32_t address, uint32_t len, uint8_t *data)

Request the bootloader to upload the specified range of memory. The data is stored in the data byte array to which the pointer was specified.

6.11.1 Detailed Description

Session communication protocol interface.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

· session.h

6.12 tSocketCanThreadCtrl Struct Reference

Groups data for thread control.

Data Fields

- bool terminate
- bool terminated

6.12.1 Detailed Description

Groups data for thread control.

6.12.2 Field Documentation

6.12.2.1 terminate

bool terminate

flag to request thread termination.

 $Referenced \ by \ Socket Can Event Thread (), \ Socket Can Start Event Thread (), \ and \ Socket Can Stop Event Thread ().$

6.12.2.2 terminated

bool terminated

handshake flag.

Referenced by SocketCanEventThread(), SocketCanStartEventThread(), and SocketCanStopEventThread().

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

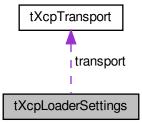
· socketcan.c

6.13 tXcpLoaderSettings Struct Reference

XCP protocol specific settings.

#include <xcploader.h>

Collaboration diagram for tXcpLoaderSettings:



Data Fields

uint16_t timeoutT1

Command response timeout in milliseconds.

uint16_t timeoutT3

Start programming timeout in milliseconds.

uint16_t timeoutT4

Erase memory timeout in milliseconds.

uint16_t timeoutT5

Program memory and reset timeout in milliseconds.

uint16_t timeoutT6

Connect response timeout in milliseconds.

uint16_t timeoutT7

Busy wait timer timeout in milliseconds.

• uint8_t connectMode

Connection mode used in the XCP connect command.

char const * seedKeyFile

Seed/key algorithm library filename.

tXcpTransport const * transport

Pointer to the transport layer to use during protocol communications.

void const * transportSettings

Pointer to the settings for the transport layer.

6.13.1 Detailed Description

XCP protocol specific settings.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

· xcploader.h

6.14 tXcpTpCanSettings Struct Reference

Layout of structure with settings specific to the XCP transport layer module for CAN.

```
#include <xcptpcan.h>
```

Data Fields

- · char const * device
- uint32_t channel
- uint32_t baudrate
- uint32_t transmitId
- · uint32 t receiveld
- bool useExtended

6.14.1 Detailed Description

Layout of structure with settings specific to the XCP transport layer module for CAN.

6.14.2 Field Documentation

6.14.2.1 baudrate

uint32_t baudrate

Communication speed in bits/sec.

Referenced by XcpTpCanInit(), and XcpTpCanTerminate().

6.14.2.2 channel

uint32_t channel

Channel on the device to use.

Referenced by XcpTpCanInit(), and XcpTpCanTerminate().

6.14.2.3 device

char const* device

Device name such as can0, peak_pcanusb, etc.

Referenced by XcpTpCanInit(), and XcpTpCanTerminate().

6.14.2.4 receiveld

uint32_t receiveId

Receive CAN identifier.

Referenced by XcpTpCanEventMessageReceived(), XcpTpCanInit(), and XcpTpCanTerminate().

6.14.2.5 transmitld

uint32_t transmitId

Transmit CAN identifier.

Referenced by XcpTpCanInit(), XcpTpCanSendPacket(), and XcpTpCanTerminate().

6.14.2.6 useExtended

bool useExtended

Boolean to configure 29-bit CAN identifiers.

Referenced by XcpTpCanEventMessageReceived(), XcpTpCanInit(), XcpTpCanSendPacket(), and XcpTpCanCentral Terminate().

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

· xcptpcan.h

6.15 tXcpTpNetSettings Struct Reference

Layout of structure with settings specific to the XCP transport layer module for TCP/IP.

```
#include <xcptpnet.h>
```

Data Fields

- char const * address
- uint16_t port

6.15.1 Detailed Description

Layout of structure with settings specific to the XCP transport layer module for TCP/IP.

6.15.2 Field Documentation

6.15.2.1 address

char const* address

Target IP-address or hostname on the network.

Referenced by XcpTpNetConnect(), XcpTpNetInit(), and XcpTpNetTerminate().

6.15.2.2 port

uint16_t port

TCP port to use.

Referenced by XcpTpNetConnect(), XcpTpNetInit(), and XcpTpNetTerminate().

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

xcptpnet.h

6.16 tXcpTpUartSettings Struct Reference

Layout of structure with settings specific to the XCP transport layer module for UART.

```
#include <xcptpuart.h>
```

Data Fields

- char const * portname
- uint32_t baudrate

6.16.1 Detailed Description

Layout of structure with settings specific to the XCP transport layer module for UART.

6.16.2 Field Documentation

6.16.2.1 baudrate

uint32_t baudrate

Communication speed in bits/sec.

Referenced by XcpTpUartConnect(), XcpTpUartInit(), and XcpTpUartTerminate().

6.16.2.2 portname

```
char const* portname
```

Interface port name, i.e. /dev/ttyUSB0.

Referenced by XcpTpUartConnect(), XcpTpUartInit(), and XcpTpUartTerminate().

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

· xcptpuart.h

6.17 tXcpTransport Struct Reference

XCP transport layer.

```
#include <xcploader.h>
```

Data Fields

void(* Init)(void const *settings)

Initialization of the XCP transport layer.

void(* Terminate)(void)

Termination the XCP transport layer.

bool(* Connect)(void)

Connects the XCP transport layer.

void(* Disconnect)(void)

Disconnects the XCP transport layer.

 bool(* SendPacket)(tXcpTransportPacket const *txPacket, tXcpTransportPacket *rxPacket, uint16_t timeout)

Sends an XCP packet and waits for the response to come back.

6.17.1 Detailed Description

XCP transport layer.

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

· xcploader.h

6.18 tXcpTransportPacket Struct Reference

XCP transport layer packet type.

```
#include <xcploader.h>
```

Data Fields

- uint8_t data [XCPLOADER_PACKET_SIZE_MAX]
- uint8 t len

6.18.1 Detailed Description

XCP transport layer packet type.

6.18.2 Field Documentation

6.18.2.1 data

uint8_t data[XCPLOADER_PACKET_SIZE_MAX]

Packet data.

Referenced by XcpLoaderSendCmdConnect(), XcpLoaderSendCmdGetSeed(), XcpLoaderSendCmdGetStatus(), XcpLoaderSendCmdProgram(), XcpLoaderSendCmdProgramClear(), XcpLoaderSendCmdProgramMax(), Xcp \leftarrow LoaderSendCmdProgramReset(), XcpLoaderSendCmdProgramStart(), XcpLoaderSendCmdSetMta(), Xcp \leftarrow LoaderSendCmdUnlock(), XcpLoaderSendCmdUpload(), XcpTpCanSendPacket(), XcpTpNetSendPacket(), Xcp \leftarrow TpUartSendPacket(), and XcpTpUsbSendPacket().

6.18.2.2 len

uint8_t len

Packet length.

Referenced by XcpLoaderSendCmdConnect(), XcpLoaderSendCmdGetSeed(), XcpLoaderSendCmdGetStatus(), XcpLoaderSendCmdProgram(), XcpLoaderSendCmdProgramClear(), XcpLoaderSendCmdProgramMax(), XcptLoaderSendCmdProgramReset(), XcpLoaderSendCmdProgramStart(), XcpLoaderSendCmdSetMta(), XcptLoaderSendCmdUnlock(), XcpLoaderSendCmdUpload(), XcpTpCanSendPacket(), XcpTpNetSendPacket(), XcptDartSendPacket(), and XcpTpUsbSendPacket().

The documentation for this struct was generated from the following file:

· xcploader.h

Chapter 7

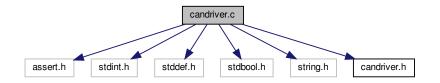
File Documentation

7.1 candriver.c File Reference

Generic CAN driver source file.

```
#include <assert.h>
#include <stdint.h>
#include <stddef.h>
#include <stdbool.h>
#include <string.h>
#include "candriver.h"
```

Include dependency graph for candriver.c:



Functions

void CanInit (tCanSettings const *settings)

Initializes the CAN module. Typically called once at program startup.

void CanTerminate (void)

Terminates the CAN module. Typically called once at program cleanup.

bool CanConnect (void)

Connects the CAN module.

void CanDisconnect (void)

Disconnects the CAN module.

bool CanIsConnected (void)

Obtains the connection state of the CAN module.

• bool CanTransmit (tCanMsg const *msg)

Submits a message for transmission on the CAN bus.

• bool CanlsBusError (void)

Checks if a bus off or bus heavy situation occurred.

void CanRegisterEvents (tCanEvents const *events)

Registers the event callback functions that should be called by the CAN module.

50 File Documentation

Variables

• static tCanInterface const * canIfPtr

Pointer to the CAN interface that is linked.

· static bool canConnected

Flag to store the connection status.

7.1.1 Detailed Description

Generic CAN driver source file.

7.1.2 Function Documentation

7.1.2.1 CanConnect()

```
bool CanConnect (
     void )
```

Connects the CAN module.

Returns

True if connected, false otherwise.

Referenced by XcpTpCanConnect().

Here is the caller graph for this function:



7.1.2.2 CanInit()

Initializes the CAN module. Typically called once at program startup.

Parameters

Referenced by XcpTpCanInit().

Here is the caller graph for this function:



7.1.2.3 CanlsBusError()

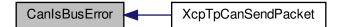
Checks if a bus off or bus heavy situation occurred.

Returns

True if a bus error situation was detected, false otherwise.

 $Referenced\ by\ XcpTpCanSendPacket().$

Here is the caller graph for this function:



7.1.2.4 CanIsConnected()

```
bool CanIsConnected (
     void )
```

Obtains the connection state of the CAN module.

Returns

True if connected, false otherwise.

7.1.2.5 CanRegisterEvents()

Registers the event callback functions that should be called by the CAN module.

Parameters

events Pointer to structure with event callback function pointers.

Referenced by XcpTpCanInit().

Here is the caller graph for this function:



7.1.2.6 CanTransmit()

```
bool CanTransmit ( {\tt tCanMsg~const~*~\textit{msg}~)}
```

Submits a message for transmission on the CAN bus.

Parameters

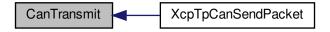
msg Pointer to CAN message structure.

Returns

True if successful, false otherwise.

Referenced by XcpTpCanSendPacket().

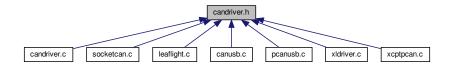
Here is the caller graph for this function:



7.2 candriver.h File Reference

Generic CAN driver header file.

This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



Data Structures

struct tCanMsg

Layout of a CAN message. Note that CAN_MSG_EXT_ID_MASK can be used to configure the CAN message identifier as 29-bit extended.

struct tCanSettings

Type to group of CAN interface related settings. The device name specifies the name of the CAN interface device. For some CAN interfaces this is don't care, but for other absolutely necessar, for example Linux SocketCAN. The channel specifies the channel on the CAN interface, in case it has multiple CAN channels. The baudrate specifies the communication speed on the CAN network. The code and mask values configure the message reception acceptance filter. A mask bit value of 0 means don't care. The code part of the filter determines what bit values to match in the received message identifier. Example 1: Receive all CAN identifiers .code = 0x00000000 .mask = 0x00000000 Example 2: Receive only CAN identifier 0x124 (11-bit) .code = 0x00000124 .mask = 0x1fffffff Example 3: Receive only CAN identifier 0x124 (11-bit) .code = 0x00000124 .mask = 0x9fffffff Example 4: Receive only CAN identifier 0x124 (29-bit) .code = 0x80000124 .mask = 0x9fffffff.

struct tCanEvents

Structure with CAN event callback functions.

struct tCanInterface

CAN interface type.

Macros

- #define CAN_MSG_MAX_LEN (8u)
 Maximum number of data bytes in a CAN message.

 #define CAN_MSG_EXT_ID_MASK (0x80000000u)
- **Enumerations**

```
    enum tCanBaudrate {
        CAN_BR10K = 0, CAN_BR20K = 1, CAN_BR50K = 2, CAN_BR100K = 3,
        CAN_BR125K = 4, CAN_BR250K = 5, CAN_BR500K = 6, CAN_BR800K = 7,
        CAN_BR1M = 8 }
```

Enumeration of the supported baudrates.

Functions

void CanInit (tCanSettings const *settings)

Initializes the CAN module. Typically called once at program startup.

void CanTerminate (void)

Terminates the CAN module. Typically called once at program cleanup.

bool CanConnect (void)

Connects the CAN module.

void CanDisconnect (void)

Disconnects the CAN module.

bool CanIsConnected (void)

Obtains the connection state of the CAN module.

bool CanTransmit (tCanMsg const *msg)

Submits a message for transmission on the CAN bus.

· bool CanIsBusError (void)

Checks if a bus off or bus heavy situation occurred.

void CanRegisterEvents (tCanEvents const *events)

Registers the event callback functions that should be called by the CAN module.

7.2.1 Detailed Description

Generic CAN driver header file.

7.2.2 Macro Definition Documentation

7.2.2.1 CAN_MSG_EXT_ID_MASK

```
#define CAN_MSG_EXT_ID_MASK (0x8000000u)
```

Bit mask that configures a CAN message identifier as 29-bit extended as opposed to 11-bit standard. Whenever this bit is set in the CAN identifier field of tCanMsg, then the CAN identifier is configured for 29-bit CAN extended.

Referenced by CanUsbLibReceiveCallback(), CanUsbOpenChannel(), CanUsbTransmit(), LeafLightConnect(), LeafLightReceptionThread(), LeafLightTransmit(), PCanUsbConnect(), PCanUsbReceptionThread(), PCanUsbConnect(), PCanUsbReceptionThread(), VectorXIConnect(), Vec

7.2.3 Enumeration Type Documentation

7.2.3.1 tCanBaudrate

enum tCanBaudrate

Enumeration of the supported baudrates.

Enumerator

CAN_BR10K	10 kbits/sec
CAN_BR20K	20 kbits/sec
CAN_BR50K	50 kbits/sec
CAN_BR100K	100 kbits/sec
CAN_BR125K	125 kbits/sec
CAN_BR250K	250 kbits/sec
CAN_BR500K	500 kbits/sec
CAN_BR800K	800 kbits/sec
CAN_BR1M	1 Mbits/sec

7.2.4 Function Documentation

7.2.4.1 CanConnect()

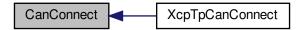
Connects the CAN module.

Returns

True if connected, false otherwise.

Referenced by XcpTpCanConnect().

Here is the caller graph for this function:



7.2.4.2 CanInit()

Initializes the CAN module. Typically called once at program startup.

Parameters

settings	Pointer to the CAN module settings.
----------	-------------------------------------

Referenced by XcpTpCanInit().

Here is the caller graph for this function:



7.2.4.3 CanIsBusError()

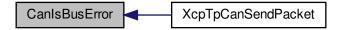
Checks if a bus off or bus heavy situation occurred.

Returns

True if a bus error situation was detected, false otherwise.

Referenced by XcpTpCanSendPacket().

Here is the caller graph for this function:



7.2.4.4 CanIsConnected()

Obtains the connection state of the CAN module.

Returns

True if connected, false otherwise.

7.2.4.5 CanRegisterEvents()

Registers the event callback functions that should be called by the CAN module.

Parameters

events Pointer to structure with event callback function pointers.

Referenced by XcpTpCanInit().

Here is the caller graph for this function:



7.2.4.6 CanTransmit()

```
bool CanTransmit ( {\tt tCanMsg~const~*~\textit{msg}~)}
```

Submits a message for transmission on the CAN bus.

Parameters

msg Pointer to CAN message structure.

Returns

True if successful, false otherwise.

Referenced by XcpTpCanSendPacket().

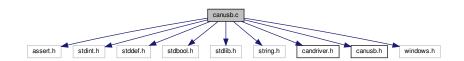
Here is the caller graph for this function:



7.3 canusb.c File Reference

Lawicel CANUSB interface source file.

```
#include <assert.h>
#include <stdint.h>
#include <stddef.h>
#include <stdbool.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <string.h>
#include "candriver.h"
#include "canusb.h"
#include <windows.h>
#include "lawicel_can.h"
Include dependency graph for canusb.c:
```



Functions

static void CanUsbInit (tCanSettings const *settings)

Initializes the CAN interface.

· static void CanUsbTerminate (void)

Terminates the CAN interface.

• static bool CanUsbConnect (void)

Connects the CAN interface.

• static void CanUsbDisconnect (void)

Disconnects the CAN interface.

• static bool CanUsbTransmit (tCanMsg const *msg)

Submits a message for transmission on the CAN bus.

static bool CanUsbIsBusError (void)

Checks if a bus off or bus heavy situation occurred.

static void CanUsbRegisterEvents (tCanEvents const *events)

Registers the event callback functions that should be called by the CAN interface.

static bool CanUsbOpenChannel (void)

Opens the CAN channel. Note that the opening of the CAN channel takes a long time in the Lawicel CANUSB API, therefore this is not done in CanUsbConnect() for this CAN interface.

static bool CanUsbCloseChannel (void)

Closes the CAN channel. Note that the closing of the CAN channel takes a long time in the Lawicel CANUSB API, therefore this is not done in CanUsbDisconnect() for this CAN interface.

static void CanUsbLibLoadDII (void)

Loads the Lawicel CANUSBDRV DLL and initializes the API function pointers.

• static void CanUsbLibUnloadDll (void)

Unloads the Lawicel CANUSBDRV DLL and resets the API function pointers.

static void stdcall CanUsbLibReceiveCallback (CANMsg const *pMsg)

Callback function that gets called by the Lawicel CANUSB API each time a CAN message was received.

 static CANHANDLE CanUsbLibFuncOpen (LPCSTR szID, LPCSTR szBitrate, uint32_t acceptance_code, uint32_t acceptance_mask, uint32_t flags)

Open a channel to a physical CAN interface.

• static int32_t CanUsbLibFuncClose (CANHANDLE h)

Close channel with handle h.

static int32 t CanUsbLibFuncWrite (CANHANDLE h, CANMsg *msg)

Write message to channel with handle h.

• static int32_t CanUsbLibFuncStatus (CANHANDLE h)

Get Adapter status for channel with handle h.

• static int32_t CanUsbLibFuncSetReceiveCallBack (CANHANDLE h, LPFNDLL_RECEIVE_CALLBACK fn)

With this method one can define a function that will receive all incoming messages.

tCanInterface const * CanUsbGetInterface (void)

Obtains a pointer to the CAN interface structure, so that it can be linked to the generic CAN driver module.

Variables

· static const tCanInterface canUsbInterface

CAN interface structure filled with Lawicel CANUSB specifics.

static tCanSettings canUsbSettings

The settings to use in this CAN interface.

static tCanEvents * canUsbEventsList

List with callback functions that this driver should use.

static uint32_t canUsbEventsEntries

Total number of event entries into the canUsbEventsList list.

static HINSTANCE canUsbDIIHandle

Handle to the Lawicel CANUSB dynamic link library.

static CANHANDLE canUsbCanHandle

Handle to the CAN channel.

static tCanUsbLibFuncOpen canUsbLibFuncOpenPtr

Function pointer to the Lawicel CANUSB canusb_Open function.

static tCanUsbLibFuncClose canUsbLibFuncClosePtr

Function pointer to the Lawicel CANUSB canusb_Close function.

static tCanUsbLibFuncWrite canUsbLibFuncWritePtr

Function pointer to the Lawicel CANUSB canusb_Write function.

• static tCanUsbLibFuncStatus canUsbLibFuncStatusPtr

Function pointer to the Lawicel CANUSB canusb_Status function.

• static tCanUsbLibFuncSetReceiveCallBack canUsbLibFuncSetReceiveCallBackPtr

Function pointer to the Lawicel CANUSB canusb_setReceiveCallBack function.

7.3.1 Detailed Description

Lawicel CANUSB interface source file.

7.3.2 Function Documentation

7.3.2.1 CanUsbCloseChannel()

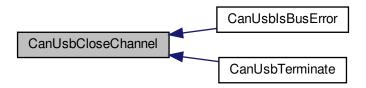
Closes the CAN channel. Note that the closing of the CAN channel takes a long time in the Lawicel CANUSB API, therefore this is not done in CanUsbDisconnect() for this CAN interface.

Returns

True if successful, false otherwise.

Referenced by CanUsbIsBusError(), and CanUsbTerminate().

Here is the caller graph for this function:



7.3 canusb.c File Reference

61

7.3.2.2 CanUsbConnect()

Connects the CAN interface.

Returns

True if connected, false otherwise.

7.3.2.3 CanUsbGetInterface()

Obtains a pointer to the CAN interface structure, so that it can be linked to the generic CAN driver module.

Returns

Pointer to CAN interface structure.

Referenced by CanInit().

Here is the caller graph for this function:



7.3.2.4 CanUsbInit()

Initializes the CAN interface.

Parameters

settings	Pointer to the CAN interface settings.

7.3.2.5 CanUsblsBusError()

Checks if a bus off or bus heavy situation occurred.

Returns

True if a bus error situation was detected, false otherwise.

7.3.2.6 CanUsbLibFuncClose()

Close channel with handle h.

Parameters

h Handle to the opened device.

Returns

> 0 if successful, ERROR_CANUSB_xxx (<= 0) otherwise.

Referenced by CanUsbCloseChannel().

Here is the caller graph for this function:



7.3 canusb.c File Reference 63

7.3.2.7 CanUsbLibFuncOpen()

Open a channel to a physical CAN interface.

Parameters

szID	Serial number for adapter or NULL to open the first found.	
szBitrate	"10", "20", "50", "100", "250", "500", "800" or "1000" (kbps) or as a btr pair. btr0:btr1 pai	
	ex. "0x03:0x1c" can be used to set a custom baudrate.	
acceptance_code	Set to CANUSB_ACCEPTANCE_CODE_ALL to get all messages or another code to filter	
	messages.	
acceptance_mask	Set to CANUSB_ACCEPTANCE_MASK_ALL to get all messages or another code to filter	
	messages.	
flags	Optional flags CANUSB_FLAG_xxx.	

Returns

Handle to device if open was successful or zero on failure.

Referenced by CanUsbOpenChannel().

Here is the caller graph for this function:



7.3.2.8 CanUsbLibFuncSetReceiveCallBack()

```
static int32_t CanUsbLibFuncSetReceiveCallBack ( {\tt CANHANDLE}\ h, {\tt LPFNDLL\_RECEIVE\_CALLBACK}\ fn\ )\ [static]
```

With this method one can define a function that will receive all incoming messages.

Parameters

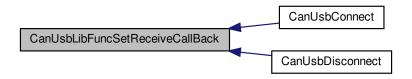
h	Handle to the opened device.	
fn	Pointer to the callback function to set. NULL removes it again.	

Returns

> 0 if successful, ERROR_CANUSB_xxx (<= 0) otherwise.

Referenced by CanUsbConnect(), and CanUsbDisconnect().

Here is the caller graph for this function:



7.3.2.9 CanUsbLibFuncStatus()

Get Adapter status for channel with handle h.

Parameters

h Handle to the opened device.

Returns

CANSTATUS_xxx if status info is set, 0 otherwise.

Referenced by CanUsbIsBusError().

7.3 canusb.c File Reference 65

Here is the caller graph for this function:



7.3.2.10 CanUsbLibFuncWrite()

```
static int32_t CanUsbLibFuncWrite ( {\tt CANHANDLE}\ h, {\tt CANMsg}\ *\ msg\ ) \quad [static]
```

Write message to channel with handle h.

Parameters

h Handle to the opened dev		Handle to the opened device.
	msg	CAN message to send.

Returns

```
> 0 if successful, ERROR_CANUSB_xxx (<= 0) otherwise.
```

Referenced by CanUsbTransmit().

Here is the caller graph for this function:



7.3.2.11 CanUsbLibReceiveCallback()

```
static void __stdcall CanUsbLibReceiveCallback ( {\tt CANMsg~const~*~pMsg~)}~~[{\tt static}]
```

Callback function that gets called by the Lawicel CANUSB API each time a CAN message was received.

Parameters

pMsg Pointer to the received CAN message.

Referenced by CanUsbConnect().

Here is the caller graph for this function:



7.3.2.12 CanUsbOpenChannel()

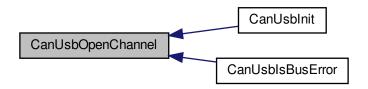
Opens the CAN channel. Note that the opening of the CAN channel takes a long time in the Lawicel CANUSB API, therefore this is not done in CanUsbConnect() for this CAN interface.

Returns

True if successful, false otherwise.

Referenced by CanUsbInit(), and CanUsbIsBusError().

Here is the caller graph for this function:



7.3.2.13 CanUsbRegisterEvents()

Registers the event callback functions that should be called by the CAN interface.

Parameters

<i>events</i> Pointer to structure with event callback function pointers.

7.3.2.14 CanUsbTransmit()

```
static bool CanUsbTransmit ( {\tt tCanMsg~const~*~msg~)} \quad [{\tt static}]
```

Submits a message for transmission on the CAN bus.

Parameters

msg	Pointer to CAN message structure.
-----	-----------------------------------

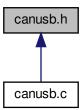
Returns

True if successful, false otherwise.

7.4 canusb.h File Reference

Lawicel CANUSB interface header file.

This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



Functions

tCanInterface const * CanUsbGetInterface (void)

Obtains a pointer to the CAN interface structure, so that it can be linked to the generic CAN driver module.

7.4.1 Detailed Description

Lawicel CANUSB interface header file.

7.4.2 Function Documentation

7.4.2.1 CanUsbGetInterface()

Obtains a pointer to the CAN interface structure, so that it can be linked to the generic CAN driver module.

Returns

Pointer to CAN interface structure.

Referenced by CanInit().

Here is the caller graph for this function:

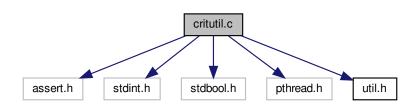


7.5 critutil.c File Reference

Critical section utility source file.

```
#include <assert.h>
#include <stdint.h>
#include <stdbool.h>
#include <pthread.h>
#include "util.h"
```

Include dependency graph for linux/critutil.c:



7.6 critutil.c File Reference 69

Functions

· void UtilCriticalSectionInit (void)

Initializes the critical section module. Should be called before the Enter/Exit functions are used. It is okay to call this initialization multiple times from different modules.

void UtilCriticalSectionTerminate (void)

Terminates the critical section module. Should be called once critical sections are no longer needed. Typically called from another module's termination function that also initialized it. It is okay to call this termination multiple times from different modules.

· void UtilCriticalSectionEnter (void)

Enters a critical section. The functions UtilCriticalSectionEnter and UtilCriticalSectionExit should always be used in a pair.

void UtilCriticalSectionExit (void)

Leaves a critical section. The functions UtilCriticalSectionEnter and UtilCriticalSectionExit should always be used in a pair.

Variables

• static volatile bool criticalSectionInitialized = false

Flag to determine if the critical section object was already initialized.

static volatile pthread_mutex_t mtxCritSect

Critical section object.

7.5.1 Detailed Description

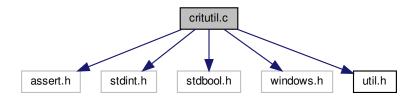
Critical section utility source file.

7.6 critutil.c File Reference

Critical section utility source file.

```
#include <assert.h>
#include <stdint.h>
#include <stdbool.h>
#include <windows.h>
#include "util.h"
```

Include dependency graph for windows/critutil.c:



Functions

· void UtilCriticalSectionInit (void)

Initializes the critical section module. Should be called before the Enter/Exit functions are used. It is okay to call this initialization multiple times from different modules.

void UtilCriticalSectionTerminate (void)

Terminates the critical section module. Should be called once critical sections are no longer needed. Typically called from another module's termination function that also initialized it. It is okay to call this termination multiple times from different modules.

void UtilCriticalSectionEnter (void)

Enters a critical section. The functions UtilCriticalSectionEnter and UtilCriticalSectionExit should always be used in a pair.

void UtilCriticalSectionExit (void)

Leaves a critical section. The functions UtilCriticalSectionEnter and UtilCriticalSectionExit should always be used in a pair.

Variables

• static volatile bool criticalSectionInitialized = false

Flag to determine if the critical section object was already initialized.

• static CRITICAL_SECTION criticalSection

Critical section object.

7.6.1 Detailed Description

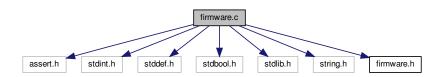
Critical section utility source file.

7.7 firmware.c File Reference

Firmware data module source file.

```
#include <assert.h>
#include <stdint.h>
#include <stddef.h>
#include <stdbool.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <string.h>
#include "firmware.h"
```

Include dependency graph for firmware.c:



Functions

• static void FirmwareCreateSegment (uint32 t address, uint32 t len, uint8 t const *data)

Creates and adds a new segment to the linked list. It allocates memory for the segment data and copies the data to it.

static void FirmwareDeleteSegment (tFirmwareSegment const *segment)

Deletes the specified segment from the linked list and handles the release of the segment's allocated memory.

• static void FirmwareTrimSegment (tFirmwareSegment const *segment, uint32 t address, uint32 t len)

Removes the specified data range (address to address + len) from the segment. If if overlaps the entire segment, the segment will be deleted. Otherwise, the segment will be trimmed and, if needed, split into multiple segments.

static void FirmwareSortSegments (void)

Helper function to sort the segments in the linked list in order of ascending base address. It uses a bubble sort algorithm.

static void FirmwareMergeSegments (void)

Helper function to merge the segments in the linked list. When the firmware data in two adjacent segments also holds an adjacent range, then the firmware data from both segments are combined into one new one. Note that this function only works properly if the segments are already ordered. For this reasonse, the segments are explicitly sorted at the start.

• static uint32 t FirmwareGetFirstAddress (void)

Helper function to obtain the first memory address of the firmware data that is present in the linked list with segments.

static uint32_t FirmwareGetLastAddress (void)

Helper function to obtain the last memory address of the firmware data that is present in the linked list with segments.

void FirmwareInit (tFirmwareParser const *parser)

Initializes the module.

void FirmwareTerminate (void)

Terminates the module.

bool FirmwareLoadFromFile (char const *firmwareFile, uint32_t addressOffset)

Uses the linked parser to load the firmware data from the specified file into the linked list of segments.

bool FirmwareSaveToFile (char const *firmwareFile)

Uses the linked parser to save the dat stored in the segments of the linked list to the specified file.

uint32_t FirmwareGetSegmentCount (void)

Obtains the total number of segments in the linked list with firmware data.

tFirmwareSegment * FirmwareGetSegment (uint32 t segmentIdx)

Obtains the segment as the specified index from the linked list with firmware data.

bool FirmwareAddData (uint32_t address, uint32_t len, uint8_t const *data)

Adds data to the segments that are currently present in the firmware data module. If the data overlaps with already existing data, the existing data gets overwritten. The size of a segment is automatically adjusted or a new segment gets created, if necessary.

bool FirmwareRemoveData (uint32 t address, uint32 t len)

Removes data from the segments that are currently present in the firmware data module. The size of a segment is automatically adjusted or removed, if necessary. Note that it is safe to assume in this function that the segments are already ordered in the linked list by ascending base memory address.

void FirmwareClearData (void)

Clears all data and segments that are currently present in the linked list.

Variables

static tFirmwareParser const * parserPtr

Pointer to the firmware parser that is linked.

static tFirmwareSegment * segmentList

Linked list with firmware segments.

7.7.1 Detailed Description

Firmware data module source file.

7.7.2 Function Documentation

7.7.2.1 FirmwareAddData()

Adds data to the segments that are currently present in the firmware data module. If the data overlaps with already existing data, the existing data gets overwritten. The size of a segment is automatically adjusted or a new segment gets created, if necessary.

Parameters

address Base address of the firmware data.		
len	Number of bytes to add.	
data Pointer to array with data bytes that should be add		

Returns

True if successful, false otherwise.

Referenced by SRecParserLoadFromFile().

Here is the caller graph for this function:



7.7.2.2 FirmwareCreateSegment()

Creates and adds a new segment to the linked list. It allocates memory for the segment data and copies the data to it.

Parameters

address [Base address of the firmware data.	
	len	Number of bytes to add to the new segment.	
data Pointer to the byte array with data		Pointer to the byte array with data for the segment.	

Referenced by FirmwareAddData(), and FirmwareTrimSegment().

Here is the caller graph for this function:



7.7.2.3 FirmwareDeleteSegment()

```
static void FirmwareDeleteSegment ( {\tt tFirmwareSegment\ const\ *\ segment\ )} \quad [{\tt static}]
```

Deletes the specified segment from the linked list and handles the release of the segment's allocated memory.

Parameters

segment	Pointer to the segment.

Referenced by FirmwareMergeSegments(), FirmwareRemoveData(), and FirmwareTrimSegment().

Here is the caller graph for this function:



7.7.2.4 FirmwareGetFirstAddress()

Helper function to obtain the first memory address of the firmware data that is present in the linked list with segments.

Returns

The first memory address.

Referenced by FirmwareRemoveData().

Here is the caller graph for this function:



7.7.2.5 FirmwareGetLastAddress()

Helper function to obtain the last memory address of the firmware data that is present in the linked list with segments.

Returns

The last memory address.

Referenced by FirmwareRemoveData().

Here is the caller graph for this function:



7.7.2.6 FirmwareGetSegment()

Obtains the segment as the specified index from the linked list with firmware data.

Parameters

segmentldx The segment index. It should be a value greater or equal to zero and smaller than the value returned by FirmwareGetSegmentCount.

Returns

The segment if successful, NULL otherwise.

Referenced by FirmwareGetFirstAddress(), FirmwareGetLastAddress(), FirmwareRemoveData(), and SRec ParserSaveToFile().

Here is the caller graph for this function:



7.7.2.7 FirmwareGetSegmentCount()

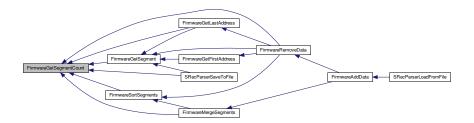
Obtains the total number of segments in the linked list with firmware data.

Returns

Total number of segments.

Referenced by FirmwareGetLastAddress(), FirmwareGetSegment(), FirmwareMergeSegments(), FirmwareGetSegments(), RemoveData(), FirmwareSortSegments(), and SRecParserSaveToFile().

Here is the caller graph for this function:



7.7.2.8 FirmwareInit()

Initializes the module.

Parameters

parser	The firmware file parser to link. It is okay to specify NULL if no file parser is needed.
10000	

7.7.2.9 FirmwareLoadFromFile()

Uses the linked parser to load the firmware data from the specified file into the linked list of segments.

Parameters

firmwareFile	Filename of the firmware file to load.
addressOffset	Optional memory address offset to add when loading the firmware data from the file.

Returns

True if successful, false otherwise.

7.7.2.10 FirmwareRemoveData()

Removes data from the segments that are currently present in the firmware data module. The size of a segment is automatically adjusted or removed, if necessary. Note that it is safe to assume in this function that the segments are already ordered in the linked list by ascending base memory address.

Parameters

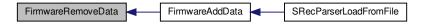
address	Base address of the firmware data.
len	Number of bytes to remove.

Returns

True if successful, false otherwise.

Referenced by FirmwareAddData().

Here is the caller graph for this function:



7.7.2.11 FirmwareSaveToFile()

Uses the linked parser to save the dat stored in the segments of the linked list to the specified file.

Parameters

firmwareFile	Filename of the firmware file to write to.
--------------	--------------------------------------------

Returns

True if successful, false otherwise.

7.7.2.12 FirmwareTrimSegment()

Removes the specified data range (address to address + len) from the segment. If if overlaps the entire segment, the segment will be deleted. Otherwise, the segment will be trimmed and, if needed, split into multiple segments.

Parameters

segment Pointer		Pointer to the segment to trim.
ſ	address	Start address of the data that should be removed.
	len	Total number of data bytes that should be removed.

Referenced by FirmwareRemoveData().

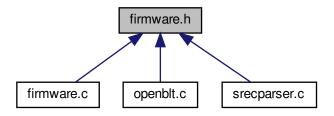
Here is the caller graph for this function:



7.8 firmware.h File Reference

Firmware data module header file.

This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



Data Structures

struct tFirmwareSegment

Groups information together of a firmware segment, such that it can be used as a node in a linked list.

· struct tFirmwareParser

Firmware file parser.

Functions

void FirmwareInit (tFirmwareParser const *parser)

Initializes the module.

void FirmwareTerminate (void)

Terminates the module.

bool FirmwareLoadFromFile (char const *firmwareFile, uint32_t addressOffset)

Uses the linked parser to load the firmware data from the specified file into the linked list of segments.

• bool FirmwareSaveToFile (char const *firmwareFile)

Uses the linked parser to save the dat stored in the segments of the linked list to the specified file.

uint32_t FirmwareGetSegmentCount (void)

Obtains the total number of segments in the linked list with firmware data.

tFirmwareSegment * FirmwareGetSegment (uint32_t segmentIdx)

Obtains the segment as the specified index from the linked list with firmware data.

• bool FirmwareAddData (uint32_t address, uint32_t len, uint8_t const *data)

Adds data to the segments that are currently present in the firmware data module. If the data overlaps with already existing data, the existing data gets overwritten. The size of a segment is automatically adjusted or a new segment gets created, if necessary.

• bool FirmwareRemoveData (uint32 t address, uint32 t len)

Removes data from the segments that are currently present in the firmware data module. The size of a segment is automatically adjusted or removed, if necessary. Note that it is safe to assume in this function that the segments are already ordered in the linked list by ascending base memory address.

void FirmwareClearData (void)

Clears all data and segments that are currently present in the linked list.

7.8.1 Detailed Description

Firmware data module header file.

7.8.2 Function Documentation

7.8.2.1 FirmwareAddData()

Adds data to the segments that are currently present in the firmware data module. If the data overlaps with already existing data, the existing data gets overwritten. The size of a segment is automatically adjusted or a new segment gets created, if necessary.

Parameters

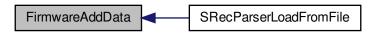
address	Base address of the firmware data.
len	Number of bytes to add.
data	Pointer to array with data bytes that should be added.

Returns

True if successful, false otherwise.

Referenced by SRecParserLoadFromFile().

Here is the caller graph for this function:



7.8.2.2 FirmwareGetSegment()

Obtains the segment as the specified index from the linked list with firmware data.

Parameters

segmentldx	The segment index. It should be a value greater or equal to zero and smaller than the value
	returned by FirmwareGetSegmentCount.

Returns

The segment if successful, NULL otherwise.

Referenced by FirmwareGetFirstAddress(), FirmwareGetLastAddress(), FirmwareRemoveData(), and SRec \leftarrow ParserSaveToFile().

Here is the caller graph for this function:



7.8.2.3 FirmwareGetSegmentCount()

```
\begin{tabular}{ll} \begin{tabular}{ll} uint 32\_t & Firmware Get Segment Count ( & void ) \end{tabular}
```

Obtains the total number of segments in the linked list with firmware data.

Returns

Total number of segments.

Referenced by FirmwareGetLastAddress(), FirmwareGetSegment(), FirmwareMergeSegments(), FirmwareGetSegments(), RemoveData(), FirmwareSortSegments(), and SRecParserSaveToFile().

Here is the caller graph for this function:



7.8.2.4 FirmwareInit()

Initializes the module.

Parameters

	parser	The firmware file parser to link. It is okay to specify NULL if no file parser is needed.
--	--------	-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------

7.8.2.5 FirmwareLoadFromFile()

Uses the linked parser to load the firmware data from the specified file into the linked list of segments.

Parameters

firmwareFile	Filename of the firmware file to load.
addressOffset	Optional memory address offset to add when loading the firmware data from the file.

Returns

True if successful, false otherwise.

7.8.2.6 FirmwareRemoveData()

Removes data from the segments that are currently present in the firmware data module. The size of a segment is automatically adjusted or removed, if necessary. Note that it is safe to assume in this function that the segments are already ordered in the linked list by ascending base memory address.

Parameters

address	Base address of the firmware data.
len	Number of bytes to remove.

Returns

True if successful, false otherwise.

Referenced by FirmwareAddData().

Here is the caller graph for this function:



7.8.2.7 FirmwareSaveToFile()

Uses the linked parser to save the dat stored in the segments of the linked list to the specified file.

Parameters

firmwareFile Filename of the firmware file to write to.

Returns

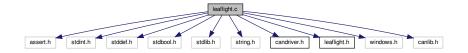
True if successful, false otherwise.

7.9 leaflight.c File Reference

Kvaser Leaf Light v2 interface source file.

```
#include <assert.h>
#include <stdint.h>
#include <stddef.h>
#include <stdbool.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include "candriver.h"
#include "leaflight.h"
#include "canlib.h"
```

Include dependency graph for leaflight.c:



Functions

static void LeafLightInit (tCanSettings const *settings)

Initializes the CAN interface.

• static void LeafLightTerminate (void)

Terminates the CAN interface.

static bool LeafLightConnect (void)

Connects the CAN interface.

static void LeafLightDisconnect (void)

Disconnects the CAN interface.

static bool LeafLightTransmit (tCanMsg const *msg)

Submits a message for transmission on the CAN bus.

static bool LeafLightIsBusError (void)

Checks if a bus off or bus heavy situation occurred.

static void LeafLightRegisterEvents (tCanEvents const *events)

Registers the event callback functions that should be called by the CAN interface.

static DWORD WINAPI LeafLightReceptionThread (LPVOID pv)

CAN message reception thread.

static void LeafLightLibLoadDll (void)

Loads the Kvaser CANLIB DLL and initializes the API function pointers.

static void LeafLightLibUnloadDll (void)

Unloads the Kvaser CANLIB DLL and resets the API function pointers.

· static void LeafLightLibFuncInitializeLibrary (void)

This function must be called before any other functions is used. It will initialize the driver.

• static canStatus LeafLightLibFuncUnloadLibrary (void)

Frees allocated memory, unload the DLLs canlib32.dll has loaded and de- initializes data structures.

• static CanHandle LeafLightLibFuncOpenChannel (int32 t channel, int32 t flags)

Opens a CAN channel and returns a handle which is used in subsequent calls.

• static canStatus LeafLightLibFuncSetBusParams (const CanHandle hnd, int32_t freq, uint32_t tseg1, uint32_t tseg2, uint32_t siw, uint32_t noSamp, uint32_t syncmode)

This function sets the nominal bus timing parameters for the specified CAN controller. The library provides default values for tseg1, tseg2, sjw and noSamp when freq is specified to one of the pre-defined constants, canBITRATE_xxx for classic CAN and canFD_BITRATE_xxx for CAN FD.

static canStatus LeafLightLibFuncSetBusOutputControl (const CanHandle hnd, const uint32_t drivertype)

This function sets the driver type for a CAN controller. This corresponds loosely to the bus output control register in the CAN controller, hence the name of this function. CANLIB does not allow for direct manipulation of the bus output control register; instead, symbolic constants are used to select the desired driver type.

static canStatus LeafLightLibFuncSetAcceptanceFilter (const CanHandle hnd, uint32_t code, uint32_t mask, int32_t is extended)

This routine sets the message acceptance filters on a CAN channel.

• static canStatus LeafLightLibFuncloCtl (const CanHandle hnd, uint32_t func, void *buf, uint32_t buflen)

This API call performs several different functions; these are described below. The functions are handle-specific unless otherwise noted; this means that they affect only the handle you pass to canloCtl(), whereas other open handles will remain unaffected. The contents of buf after the call is dependent on the function code you specified.

static canStatus LeafLightLibFuncBusOn (const CanHandle hnd)

Takes the specified channel on-bus.

• static canStatus LeafLightLibFuncWrite (const CanHandle hnd, int32_t id, void *msg, uint32_t dlc, uint32_t flag)

This function sends a CAN message. The call returns immediately after queuing the message to the driver.

static canStatus LeafLightLibFuncRead (const CanHandle hnd, int32_t *id, void *msg, uint32_t *dlc, uint32←
 _t *flag, uint32_t *time)

Reads a message from the receive buffer. If no message is available, the function returns immediately with return code canERR NOMSG.

• static canStatus LeafLightLibFuncReadStatus (const CanHandle hnd, uint32 t *const flags)

Returns the status for the specified circuit. flags points to a longword which receives a combination of the canSTA← T xxx flags.

• static canStatus LeafLightLibFuncBusOff (const CanHandle hnd)

Takes the specified channel off-bus.

• static canStatus LeafLightLibFuncClose (const CanHandle hnd)

Closes the channel associated with the handle. If no other threads are using the CAN circuit, it is taken off bus. The handle can not be used for further references to the channel, so any variable containing it should be zeroed.

tCanInterface const * LeafLightGetInterface (void)

Obtains a pointer to the CAN interface structure, so that it can be linked to the generic CAN driver module.

Variables

· static const tCanInterface leafLightInterface

CAN interface structure filled with Kvaser Leaf Light v2 specifics.

static tCanSettings leafLightSettings

The settings to use in this CAN interface.

static tCanEvents * leafLightEventsList

List with callback functions that this driver should use.

• static uint32_t leafLightEventsEntries

Total number of event entries into the leafLightEventsList list.

· static HINSTANCE leafLightDllHandle

Handle to the Kvaser CANLIB dynamic link library.

· static CanHandle leafLightCanHandle

Handle to the CAN channel.

static tLeafLightLibFuncInitializeLibrary leafLightLibFuncInitializeLibraryPtr

Function pointer to the Kvaser CANLIB canInitializeLibrary function.

static tLeafLightLibFuncUnloadLibrary leafLightLibFuncUnloadLibraryPtr

Function pointer to the Kvaser CANLIB canUnloadLibrary function.

static tLeafLightLibFuncOpenChannelleafLightLibFuncOpenChannelPtr

Function pointer to the Kvaser CANLIB canOpenChannel function.

static tLeafLightLibFuncSetBusParams leafLightLibFuncSetBusParamsPtr

Function pointer to the Kvaser CANLIB canSetBusParams function.

static tLeafLightLibFuncSetBusOutputControl leafLightLibFuncSetBusOutputControlPtr

Function pointer to the Kvaser CANLIB canSetBusOutputControl function.

static tLeafLightLibFuncSetAcceptanceFilter leafLightLibFuncSetAcceptanceFilterPtr

Function pointer to the Kvaser CANLIB canSetAcceptanceFilter function.

static tLeafLightLibFuncloCtl leafLightLibFuncloCtlPtr

Function pointer to the Kvaser CANLIB canloCtl function.

static tLeafLightLibFuncBusOn leafLightLibFuncBusOnPtr

Function pointer to the Kvaser CANLIB canBusOn function.

static tLeafLightLibFuncWrite leafLightLibFuncWritePtr

Function pointer to the Kvaser CANLIB canWrite function.

• static tLeafLightLibFuncRead leafLightLibFuncReadPtr

Function pointer to the Kvaser CANLIB canRead function.

• static tLeafLightLibFuncReadStatus leafLightLibFuncReadStatusPtr

Function pointer to the Kvaser CANLIB canReadStatus function.

static tLeafLightLibFuncBusOff leafLightLibFuncBusOffPtr

Function pointer to the Kvaser CANLIB canBusOff function.

static tLeafLightLibFuncClose leafLightLibFuncClosePtr

Function pointer to the Kvaser CANLIB canClose function.

· static HANDLE leafLightTerminateEvent

Handle for the event to terminate the reception thread.

static HANDLE leafLightCanEvent

Handle for a CAN related event.

static HANDLE leafLightRxThreadHandle

Handle for the CAN reception thread.

7.9.1 Detailed Description

Kvaser Leaf Light v2 interface source file.

7.9.2 Function Documentation

7.9.2.1 LeafLightConnect()

Connects the CAN interface.

Returns

True if connected, false otherwise.

7.9.2.2 LeafLightGetInterface()

Obtains a pointer to the CAN interface structure, so that it can be linked to the generic CAN driver module.

Returns

Pointer to CAN interface structure.

Referenced by CanInit().

Here is the caller graph for this function:



7.9.2.3 LeafLightInit()

Initializes the CAN interface.

Parameters

settings	Pointer to the CAN interface settings.

7.9.2.4 LeafLightIsBusError()

Checks if a bus off or bus heavy situation occurred.

Returns

True if a bus error situation was detected, false otherwise.

7.9.2.5 LeafLightLibFuncBusOff()

Takes the specified channel off-bus.

Parameters

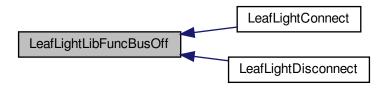
hnd A handle to an open circuit.

Returns

canOK if successful, canERR_xxx otherwise.

Referenced by LeafLightConnect(), and LeafLightDisconnect().

Here is the caller graph for this function:



7.9.2.6 LeafLightLibFuncBusOn()

```
static can
Status LeafLightLibFuncBusOn ( {\tt const~CanHandle~\it hnd}~)~[{\tt static}]
```

Takes the specified channel on-bus.

Parameters

hnd	An open handle to a CAN channel.
-----	----------------------------------

Returns

canOK if successful, canERR_xxx otherwise.

Referenced by LeafLightConnect().

Here is the caller graph for this function:



7.9.2.7 LeafLightLibFuncClose()

Closes the channel associated with the handle. If no other threads are using the CAN circuit, it is taken off bus. The handle can not be used for further references to the channel, so any variable containing it should be zeroed.

Parameters

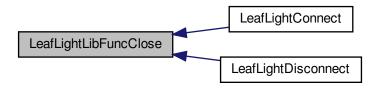
hnd	A handle to an open circuit.
-----	------------------------------

Returns

canOK if successful, canERR_xxx otherwise.

Referenced by LeafLightConnect(), and LeafLightDisconnect().

Here is the caller graph for this function:



7.9.2.8 LeafLightLibFuncloCtl()

This API call performs several different functions; these are described below. The functions are handle-specific unless otherwise noted; this means that they affect only the handle you pass to canloCtl(), whereas other open handles will remain unaffected. The contents of buf after the call is dependent on the function code you specified.

Parameters

hnd	A handle to an open circuit.
func	A canIOCTL_xxx function code.
buf	Pointer to a buffer containing function-dependent data; or a NULL pointer for certain function codes. The buffer can be used for both input and output depending on the function code. See canIOCTL_xxx.
buflen	The length of the buffer.

Returns

canOK if successful, canERR_xxx otherwise.

Referenced by LeafLightConnect().

Here is the caller graph for this function:



7.9.2.9 LeafLightLibFuncOpenChannel()

Opens a CAN channel and returns a handle which is used in subsequent calls.

Parameters

channel	The number of the channel. Channel numbering is hardware dependent.
flags	A combination of canOPEN_xxx flags.

Returns

Handle (positive) to the channel if successful, canERR_xxx (negative) otherwise.

Referenced by LeafLightConnect().

Here is the caller graph for this function:



7.9.2.10 LeafLightLibFuncRead()

Reads a message from the receive buffer. If no message is available, the function returns immediately with return code canERR_NOMSG.

Parameters

hnd	A handle to an open circuit.

Parameters

id	Pointer to a buffer which receives the CAN identifier. This buffer will only get the identifier. To determine whether this identifier was standard (11-bit) or extended (29-bit), and/or whether it was remote or not, or if it was an error frame, examine the contents of the flag argument.
msg	Pointer to the buffer which receives the message data. This buffer must be large enough (i.e. 8 bytes.)
	Only the message data is copied; the rest of the buffer is left as-is.
dlc	Pointer to a buffer which receives the message length.
flag	Pointer to a buffer which receives the message flags, which is a combination of the canMSG_xxx and
	canMSGERR_xxx values.
time	Pointer to a buffer which receives the message time stamp.

Returns

canOK if successful, canERR_xxx otherwise.

Referenced by LeafLightReceptionThread().

Here is the caller graph for this function:



7.9.2.11 LeafLightLibFuncReadStatus()

Returns the status for the specified circuit. flags points to a longword which receives a combination of the canST \leftarrow AT_xxx flags.

Parameters

hnd	A handle to an open circuit.
flags	Pointer to a DWORD which receives the status flags; this is a combination of any of the canSTAT_xxx.

Returns

canOK if successful, canERR_xxx otherwise.

Referenced by LeafLightIsBusError().

Here is the caller graph for this function:



7.9.2.12 LeafLightLibFuncSetAcceptanceFilter()

This routine sets the message acceptance filters on a CAN channel.

Parameters

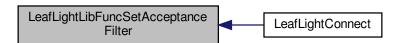
hnd	A handle to an open circuit.
code	The acceptance code to set.
mask	The acceptance mask to set
is_extended	Select 29-bit CAN identifiers.

Returns

canOK if successful, canERR_xxx otherwise.

 $Referenced\ by\ LeafLightConnect().$

Here is the caller graph for this function:



7.9.2.13 LeafLightLibFuncSetBusOutputControl()

This function sets the driver type for a CAN controller. This corresponds loosely to the bus output control register in the CAN controller, hence the name of this function. CANLIB does not allow for direct manipulation of the bus output control register; instead, symbolic constants are used to select the desired driver type.

Parameters

hnd	A handle to an open circuit.
drivertype	Can driver type (canDRIVER_xxx).

Returns

canOK if successful, canERR_xxx otherwise.

Referenced by LeafLightConnect().

Here is the caller graph for this function:



7.9.2.14 LeafLightLibFuncSetBusParams()

This function sets the nominal bus timing parameters for the specified CAN controller. The library provides default values for tseg1, tseg2, sjw and noSamp when freq is specified to one of the pre-defined constants, canBITRAT← E_xxx for classic CAN and canFD_BITRATE_xxx for CAN FD.

Parameters

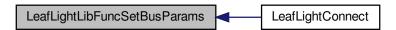
hnd	An open handle to a CAN controller.
freq	Bit rate (measured in bits per second); or one of the predefined constants (canBITRATE_xxx for classic CAN and canFD_BITRATE_xxx for CAN FD).
tseg1	Time segment 1, that is, the number of quanta from (but not including) the Sync Segment to the sampling point.
tseg2	Time segment 2, that is, the number of quanta from the sampling point to the end of the bit.
sjw	The Synchronization Jump Width.
noSamp	The number of sampling points; can be 1 or 3.
syncmode	Unsupported and ignored.

Returns

canOK if successful, canERR_xxx otherwise.

Referenced by LeafLightConnect().

Here is the caller graph for this function:



7.9.2.15 LeafLightLibFuncUnloadLibrary()

Frees allocated memory, unload the DLLs canlib32.dll has loaded and de-initializes data structures.

Returns

canOK if successful, canERR_xxx otherwise.

Referenced by LeafLightTerminate().

Here is the caller graph for this function:



7.9.2.16 LeafLightLibFuncWrite()

This function sends a CAN message. The call returns immediately after queuing the message to the driver.

Parameters

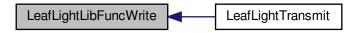
hnd	A handle to an open CAN circuit.
id	The identifier of the CAN message to send.
msg	A pointer to the message data, or NULL.
dlc	The length of the message in bytes.
flag	A combination of message flags, canMSG_xxx (including canFDMSG_xxx if the CAN FD protocol is enabled). Use this parameter to send extended (29-bit) frames and/or remote frames. Use canMSG_EXT and/or canMSG_RTR for this purpose.

Returns

canOK if successful, canERR_xxx otherwise.

Referenced by LeafLightTransmit().

Here is the caller graph for this function:



7.9.2.17 LeafLightReceptionThread()

```
static DWORD WINAPI LeafLightReceptionThread ( $\tt LPVOID\ pv\ )$ [static]
```

CAN message reception thread.

Parameters

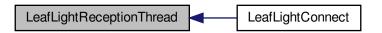
pv	Pointer to thread parameters.
----	-------------------------------

Returns

Thread exit code.

Referenced by LeafLightConnect().

Here is the caller graph for this function:



7.9.2.18 LeafLightRegisterEvents()

Registers the event callback functions that should be called by the CAN interface.

Parameters

events Pointer to structure with event callback function pointers.

7.9.2.19 LeafLightTransmit()

```
static bool LeafLightTransmit ( {\tt tCanMsg~const~*\it msg~)} \quad [{\tt static}]
```

Submits a message for transmission on the CAN bus.

Parameters

msg Pointer to CAN message structure.

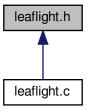
Returns

True if successful, false otherwise.

7.10 leaflight.h File Reference

Kvaser Leaf Light v2 interface header file.

This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



Functions

• tCanInterface const * LeafLightGetInterface (void)

Obtains a pointer to the CAN interface structure, so that it can be linked to the generic CAN driver module.

7.10.1 Detailed Description

Kvaser Leaf Light v2 interface header file.

7.10.2 Function Documentation

7.10.2.1 LeafLightGetInterface()

Obtains a pointer to the CAN interface structure, so that it can be linked to the generic CAN driver module.

Returns

Pointer to CAN interface structure.

Referenced by CanInit().

Here is the caller graph for this function:

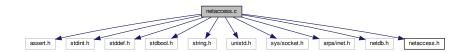


7.11 netaccess.c File Reference

TCP/IP network access source file.

```
#include <assert.h>
#include <stdint.h>
#include <stddef.h>
#include <stdbool.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <unistd.h>
#include <sys/socket.h>
#include <arpa/inet.h>
#include <netdb.h>
#include "netaccess.h"
```

Include dependency graph for linux/netaccess.c:



Macros

• #define NETACCESS_INVALID_SOCKET (-1)

Constant value that indicates that the network socket is invalid.

Functions

· void NetAccessInit (void)

Initializes the network access module.

void NetAccessTerminate (void)

Terminates the network access module.

• bool NetAccessConnect (char const *address, uint16_t port)

Connects to the TCP/IP server at the specified address and the given port.

void NetAccessDisconnect (void)

Disconnects from the TCP/IP server.

• bool NetAccessSend (uint8_t const *data, uint32_t length)

Sends data to the TCP/IP server.

• bool NetAccessReceive (uint8_t *data, uint32_t *length, uint32_t timeout)

Receives data from the TCP/IP server in a blocking manner.

Variables

· static int netAccessSocket

The socket that is used as an endpoint for the TCP/IP network communication.

7.11.1 Detailed Description

TCP/IP network access source file.

7.11.2 Function Documentation

7.11.2.1 NetAccessConnect()

Connects to the TCP/IP server at the specified address and the given port.

Parameters

address	The address of the server. This can be a hostname (such as mydomain.com) or an IP address (such as 127.0.0.1).
port	The port number on the server to connect to.

Returns

True if successful, false otherwise.

7.11.2.2 NetAccessReceive()

```
bool NetAccessReceive (
            uint8_t * data,
            uint32_t * length,
            uint32_t timeout )
```

Receives data from the TCP/IP server in a blocking manner.

Parameters

data	Pointer to byte array to store the received data.
length	Holds the max number of bytes that can be stored into the byte array. This function also overwrites this value with the number of bytes that were actually received.
timeout	Timeout in milliseconds for the data reception.

Returns

True if successful, false otherwise.

7.11.2.3 NetAccessSend()

Sends data to the TCP/IP server.

Parameters

data	Pointer to byte array with data to send.
length	Number of bytes to send.

Returns

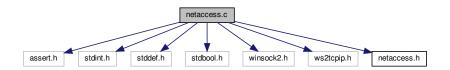
True if successful, false otherwise.

7.12 netaccess.c File Reference

TCP/IP network access source file.

```
#include <assert.h>
#include <stdint.h>
#include <stddef.h>
#include <stdbool.h>
#include <winsock2.h>
#include <ws2tcpip.h>
#include "netaccess.h"
```

Include dependency graph for windows/netaccess.c:



Functions

· void NetAccessInit (void)

Initializes the network access module.

void NetAccessTerminate (void)

Terminates the network access module.

bool NetAccessConnect (char const *address, uint16_t port)

Connects to the TCP/IP server at the specified address and the given port.

· void NetAccessDisconnect (void)

Disconnects from the TCP/IP server.

• bool NetAccessSend (uint8_t const *data, uint32_t length)

Sends data to the TCP/IP server.

bool NetAccessReceive (uint8_t *data, uint32_t *length, uint32_t timeout)

Receives data from the TCP/IP server in a blocking manner.

Variables

· static bool winsockInitialized

Boolean flag to keep track if the Winsock library is initialized.

· static SOCKET netAccessSocket

The socket that is used as an endpoint for the TCP/IP network communication.

7.12.1 Detailed Description

TCP/IP network access source file.

7.12.2 Function Documentation

7.12.2.1 NetAccessConnect()

Connects to the TCP/IP server at the specified address and the given port.

Parameters

address	The address of the server. This can be a hostname (such as mydomain.com) or an IP address (such as 127.0.0.1).
port	The port number on the server to connect to.

Returns

True if successful, false otherwise.

Referenced by XcpTpNetConnect().

Here is the caller graph for this function:



7.12.2.2 NetAccessReceive()

Receives data from the TCP/IP server in a blocking manner.

Parameters

data	Pointer to byte array to store the received data.
length	Holds the max number of bytes that can be stored into the byte array. This function also overwrites this value with the number of bytes that were actually received.
timeout	Timeout in milliseconds for the data reception.

Returns

True if successful, false otherwise.

Referenced by XcpTpNetSendPacket().

Here is the caller graph for this function:



7.12.2.3 NetAccessSend()

Sends data to the TCP/IP server.

Parameters

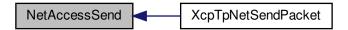
data	Pointer to byte array with data to send.
length	Number of bytes to send.

Returns

True if successful, false otherwise.

Referenced by XcpTpNetSendPacket().

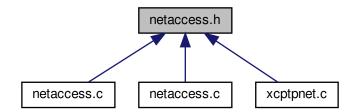
Here is the caller graph for this function:



7.13 netaccess.h File Reference

TCP/IP network access header file.

This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



Functions

void NetAccessInit (void)

Initializes the network access module.

void NetAccessTerminate (void)

Terminates the network access module.

bool NetAccessConnect (char const *address, uint16_t port)

Connects to the TCP/IP server at the specified address and the given port.

void NetAccessDisconnect (void)

Disconnects from the TCP/IP server.

bool NetAccessSend (uint8_t const *data, uint32_t length)

Sends data to the TCP/IP server.

• bool NetAccessReceive (uint8_t *data, uint32_t *length, uint32_t timeout)

Receives data from the TCP/IP server in a blocking manner.

7.13.1 Detailed Description

TCP/IP network access header file.

7.13.2 Function Documentation

7.13.2.1 NetAccessConnect()

Connects to the TCP/IP server at the specified address and the given port.

Parameters

address	The address of the server. This can be a hostname (such as mydomain.com) or an IP address (such as 127.0.0.1).
port	The port number on the server to connect to.

Returns

True if successful, false otherwise.

Referenced by XcpTpNetConnect().

Here is the caller graph for this function:



7.13.2.2 NetAccessReceive()

Receives data from the TCP/IP server in a blocking manner.

Parameters

data	Pointer to byte array to store the received data.
length	Holds the max number of bytes that can be stored into the byte array. This function also overwrites this value with the number of bytes that were actually received.
timeout	Timeout in milliseconds for the data reception.

Returns

True if successful, false otherwise.

 $Referenced\ by\ XcpTpNetSendPacket().$

Here is the caller graph for this function:



7.13.2.3 NetAccessSend()

Sends data to the TCP/IP server.

Parameters

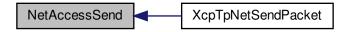
data	Pointer to byte array with data to send.
length	Number of bytes to send.

Returns

True if successful, false otherwise.

Referenced by XcpTpNetSendPacket().

Here is the caller graph for this function:



7.14 openblt.c File Reference

OpenBLT host library source file.

```
#include <assert.h>
#include <stddef.h>
#include <stdbool.h>
#include "openblt.h"
#include "util.h"
#include "firmware.h"
#include "srecparser.h"
#include "session.h"
#include "xcploader.h"
#include "xcptpuart.h"
#include "xcptpuart.h"
#include "xcptpusb.h"
#include "xcptpusb.h"
#include dependency graph for openblt.c:
```

menado dependente, grapinios ependidos



Macros

• #define BLT_VERSION_NUMBER (10304u)

The version number of the library as an integer. The number has two digits for major-, minor-, and patch-version. Version 1.05.12 would for example be 10512.

#define BLT_VERSION_STRING "1.03.04"

The version number of the library as a null-terminated string.

Functions

• LIBOPENBLT EXPORT uint32 t BltVersionGetNumber (void)

Obtains the version number of the library as an integer. The number has two digits for major-, minor-, and patch-version. Version 1.05.12 would for example return 10512.

LIBOPENBLT_EXPORT char const * BltVersionGetString (void)

Obtains the version number of the library as a null-terminated string. Version 1.05.12 would for example return "1.05.12".

LIBOPENBLT_EXPORT void BltSessionInit (uint32_t sessionType, void const *sessionSettings, uint32_

 t transportType, void const *transportSettings)

Initializes the firmware update session for a specific communication protocol and transport layer. This function is typically called once at the start of the firmware update.

LIBOPENBLT EXPORT void BltSessionTerminate (void)

Terminates the firmware update session. This function is typically called once at the end of the firmware update.

LIBOPENBLT EXPORT uint32 t BltSessionStart (void)

Starts the firmware update session. This is were the library attempts to activate and connect with the bootloader running on the target, through the transport layer that was specified during the session's initialization.

• LIBOPENBLT_EXPORT void BltSessionStop (void)

Stops the firmware update session. This is there the library disconnects the transport layer as well.

LIBOPENBLT EXPORT uint32 t BltSessionClearMemory (uint32 t address, uint32 t len)

Requests the target to erase the specified range of memory on the target. Note that the target automatically aligns this to the erasable memory block sizes. This typically results in more memory being erased than the range that was specified here. Refer to the target implementation for details.

• LIBOPENBLT EXPORT uint32 t BltSessionWriteData (uint32 t address, uint32 t len, uint8 t const *data)

Requests the target to program the specified data to memory. Note that it is the responsibility of the application to make sure the memory range was erased beforehand.

• LIBOPENBLT_EXPORT uint32_t BltSessionReadData (uint32_t address, uint32_t len, uint8_t *data)

Requests the target to upload the specified range from memory and store its contents in the specified data buffer.

LIBOPENBLT EXPORT void BltFirmwareInit (uint32 t parserType)

Initializes the firmware data module for a specified firmware file parser.

LIBOPENBLT EXPORT void BltFirmwareTerminate (void)

Terminates the firmware data module. Typically called at the end of the program when the firmware data module is no longer needed.

LIBOPENBLT_EXPORT uint32_t BltFirmwareLoadFromFile (char const *firmwareFile, uint32_t address
 Offset)

Loads firmware data from the specified file using the firmware file parser that was specified during the initialization of this module.

• LIBOPENBLT_EXPORT uint32_t BltFirmwareSaveToFile (char const *firmwareFile)

Writes firmware data to the specified file using the firmware file parser that was specified during the initialization of this module.

• LIBOPENBLT_EXPORT uint32_t BltFirmwareGetSegmentCount (void)

Obtains the number of firmware data segments that are currently present in the firmware data module.

• LIBOPENBLT EXPORT uint8 t * BltFirmwareGetSegment (uint32 t idx, uint32 t *address, uint32 t *len)

Obtains the contents of the firmware data segment that was specified by the index parameter.

• LIBOPENBLT_EXPORT uint32_t BltFirmwareAddData (uint32_t address, uint32_t len, uint8_t const *data)

Adds data to the segments that are currently present in the firmware data module. If the data overlaps with already existing data, the existing data gets overwritten. The size of a segment is automatically adjusted or a new segment gets created, if necessary.

• LIBOPENBLT_EXPORT uint32_t BltFirmwareRemoveData (uint32_t address, uint32_t len)

Removes data from the segments that are currently present in the firmware data module. The size of a segment is automatically adjusted or removed, if necessary.

• LIBOPENBLT_EXPORT void BltFirmwareClearData (void)

Clears all data and segments that are currently present in the firmware data module.

• LIBOPENBLT_EXPORT uint16_t BltUtilCrc16Calculate (uint8_t const *data, uint32_t len)

Calculates a 16-bit CRC value over the specified data.

LIBOPENBLT_EXPORT uint32_t BltUtilCrc32Calculate (uint8_t const *data, uint32_t len)

Calculates a 32-bit CRC value over the specified data.

LIBOPENBLT_EXPORT uint32_t BltUtilTimeGetSystemTime (void)

Get the system time in milliseconds.

LIBOPENBLT_EXPORT void BltUtilTimeDelayMs (uint16_t delay)

Performs a delay of the specified amount of milliseconds.

- LIBOPENBLT_EXPORT uint32_t BltUtilCryptoAes256Encrypt (uint8_t *data, uint32_t len, uint8_t const *key)

 Encrypts the len-bytes in the specified data-array, using the specified 256-bit (32 bytes) key. The results are written back into the same array.
- LIBOPENBLT_EXPORT uint32_t BltUtilCryptoAes256Decrypt (uint8_t *data, uint32_t len, uint8_t const *key)

Decrypts the len-bytes in the specified data-array, using the specified 256- bit (32 bytes) key. The results are written back into the same array.

Variables

char const bltVersionString [] = BLT_VERSION_STRING
 Constant null-terminated string with the version number of the library.

7.14.1 Detailed Description

OpenBLT host library source file.

7.14.2 Function Documentation

7.14.2.1 BltFirmwareAddData()

Adds data to the segments that are currently present in the firmware data module. If the data overlaps with already existing data, the existing data gets overwritten. The size of a segment is automatically adjusted or a new segment gets created, if necessary.

Parameters

address Base address of the firmware data.	
len	Number of bytes to add.
data	Pointer to array with data bytes that should be added.

Returns

BLT_RESULT_OK if successful, BLT_RESULT_ERROR_xxx otherwise.

7.14.2.2 BltFirmwareGetSegment()

Obtains the contents of the firmware data segment that was specified by the index parameter.

Parameters

idx	The segment index. It should be a value greater or equal to zero and smaller than the value returned by BltFirmwareGetSegmentCount.
address	Pointer to where the segment's base address will be written to.
len	Pointer to where the segment's length will be written to.

Returns

Pointer to the segment data if successful, NULL otherwise.

7.14.2.3 BltFirmwareGetSegmentCount()

```
\label{libopenblt} \mbox{LIBOPENBLT\_EXPORT uint } \mbox{32\_t BltFirmwareGetSegmentCount (} \\ \mbox{void )}
```

Obtains the number of firmware data segments that are currently present in the firmware data module.

Returns

The total number of segments.

7.14.2.4 BltFirmwareInit()

```
LIBOPENBLT_EXPORT void BltFirmwareInit ( uint32_t parserType )
```

Initializes the firmware data module for a specified firmware file parser.

Parameters

parserTvpe	The firmware file parser to use in this module. It should be a BLT_FIRMWARE_PARSER_xxx value.
1	

7.14.2.5 BltFirmwareLoadFromFile()

Loads firmware data from the specified file using the firmware file parser that was specified during the initialization of this module.

Parameters

firmwareFile	Filename of the firmware file to load.
addressOffset	Optional memory address offset to add when loading the firmware data from the file. This is
	typically only useful when loading firmware data from a binary formatted firmware file.

Returns

BLT_RESULT_OK if successful, BLT_RESULT_ERROR_xxx otherwise.

7.14.2.6 BltFirmwareRemoveData()

Removes data from the segments that are currently present in the firmware data module. The size of a segment is automatically adjusted or removed, if necessary.

Parameters

address	Base address of the firmware data.
len	Number of bytes to remove.

Returns

BLT_RESULT_OK if successful, BLT_RESULT_ERROR_xxx otherwise.

7.14.2.7 BltFirmwareSaveToFile()

Writes firmware data to the specified file using the firmware file parser that was specified during the initialization of this module.

Parameters

ne of the firmware file to write to.	firmwareFile
--------------------------------------	--------------

Returns

BLT_RESULT_OK if successful, BLT_RESULT_ERROR_xxx otherwise.

7.14.2.8 BltSessionClearMemory()

```
LIBOPENBLT_EXPORT uint32_t BltSessionClearMemory ( uint32_t address, uint32_t len )
```

Requests the target to erase the specified range of memory on the target. Note that the target automatically aligns this to the erasable memory block sizes. This typically results in more memory being erased than the range that was specified here. Refer to the target implementation for details.

Parameters

address	The starting memory address for the erase operation.
len	The total number of bytes to erase from memory.

Returns

BLT_RESULT_OK if successful, BLT_RESULT_ERROR_xxx otherwise.

7.14.2.9 BltSessionInit()

Initializes the firmware update session for a specific communication protocol and transport layer. This function is typically called once at the start of the firmware update.

Parameters

sessionType	The communication protocol to use for this session. It should be a BLT_SESSION_xxx value.
sessionSettings	Pointer to a structure with communication protocol specific settings.
transportType	The transport layer to use for the specified communication protocol. It should be a BLT_TRANSPORT_xxx value.
transportSettings	Pointer to a structure with transport layer specific settings.

7.14.2.10 BltSessionReadData()

Requests the target to upload the specified range from memory and store its contents in the specified data buffer.

Parameters

address	The starting memory address for the read operation.	
len	The number of bytes to upload from the target and store in the data buffer.	
data	Pointer to the byte array where the uploaded data should be stored.	

Returns

BLT_RESULT_OK if successful, BLT_RESULT_ERROR_xxx otherwise.

7.14.2.11 BltSessionStart()

```
LIBOPENBLT_EXPORT uint32_t BltSessionStart ( void )
```

Starts the firmware update session. This is were the library attempts to activate and connect with the bootloader running on the target, through the transport layer that was specified during the session's initialization.

Returns

BLT_RESULT_OK if successful, BLT_RESULT_ERROR_xxx otherwise.

7.14.2.12 BltSessionWriteData()

Requests the target to program the specified data to memory. Note that it is the responsibility of the application to make sure the memory range was erased beforehand.

Parameters

address	The starting memory address for the write operation.
len	The number of bytes in the data buffer that should be written.
data	Pointer to the byte array with data to write.

Returns

BLT_RESULT_OK if successful, BLT_RESULT_ERROR_xxx otherwise.

7.14.2.13 BltUtilCrc16Calculate()

```
LIBOPENBLT_EXPORT uint16_t BltUtilCrc16Calculate ( uint8_t const * data, uint32_t len )
```

Calculates a 16-bit CRC value over the specified data.

Parameters

data	Array with bytes over which the CRC16 should be calculated.
len	Number of bytes in the data array.

Returns

The 16-bit CRC value.

7.14.2.14 BltUtilCrc32Calculate()

Calculates a 32-bit CRC value over the specified data.

Parameters

data	Array with bytes over which the CRC32 should be calculated.
len	Number of bytes in the data array.

Returns

The 32-bit CRC value.

7.14.2.15 BltUtilCryptoAes256Decrypt()

Decrypts the len-bytes in the specified data-array, using the specified 256- bit (32 bytes) key. The results are written back into the same array.

Parameters

data	data Pointer to the byte array with data to decrypt. The decrypted bytes are stored in the same array.	
len	The number of bytes in the data-array to decrypt. It must be a multiple of 16, as this is the AES256	
	minimal block size.	
key	The 256-bit decryption key as a array of 32 bytes.	

Returns

BLT_RESULT_OK if successful, BLT_RESULT_ERROR_xxx otherwise.

7.14.2.16 BltUtilCryptoAes256Encrypt()

Encrypts the len-bytes in the specified data-array, using the specified 256-bit (32 bytes) key. The results are written back into the same array.

Parameters

data	Pointer to the byte array with data to encrypt. The encrypted bytes are stored in the same array.
len	The number of bytes in the data-array to encrypt. It must be a multiple of 16, as this is the AES256
	minimal block size.
key	The 256-bit encryption key as a array of 32 bytes.

Returns

 ${\tt BLT_RESULT_OK}\ if\ successful,\ {\tt BLT_RESULT_ERROR_xxx}\ otherwise.$

7.14.2.17 BltUtilTimeDelayMs()

```
LIBOPENBLT_EXPORT void BltUtilTimeDelayMs ( uint16_t delay)
```

Performs a delay of the specified amount of milliseconds.

Parameters

7.14.2.18 BltUtilTimeGetSystemTime()

```
LIBOPENBLT_EXPORT uint32_t BltUtilTimeGetSystemTime ( void )
```

Get the system time in milliseconds.

Returns

Time in milliseconds.

7.14.2.19 BltVersionGetNumber()

```
\label{libopenblt} \begin{tabular}{ll} LIBOPENBLT\_EXPORT & uint32\_t & BltVersionGetNumber & ( \\ & void & ) \end{tabular}
```

Obtains the version number of the library as an integer. The number has two digits for major-, minor-, and patch-version. Version 1.05.12 would for example return 10512.

Returns

Library version number as an integer.

7.14.2.20 BltVersionGetString()

Obtains the version number of the library as a null-terminated string. Version 1.05.12 would for example return "1.05.12".

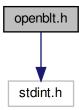
Returns

Library version number as a null-terminated string.

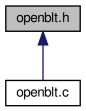
7.15 openblt.h File Reference

OpenBLT host library header file.

#include <stdint.h>
Include dependency graph for openblt.h:



This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



Data Structures

- struct tBltSessionSettingsXcpV10
 - Structure layout of the XCP version 1.0 session settings.
- struct tBltTransportSettingsXcpV10Rs232

Structure layout of the XCP version 1.0 RS232 transport layer settings. The portName field is platform dependent. On Linux based systems this should be the filename of the tty-device, such as "/dev/tty0". On Windows based systems it should be the name of the COM-port, such as "COM1".

• struct tBltTransportSettingsXcpV10Can

Structure layout of the XCP version 1.0 CAN transport layer settings. The deviceName field is platform dependent. On Linux based systems this should be the socketCAN interface name such as "can0". The terminal command "ip addr" can be issued to view a list of interfaces that are up and available. Under Linux it is assumed that the socketCAN interface is already configured on the system, before using the OpenBLT library. When baudrate is configured when bringing up the system, so the baudrate field in this structure is don't care when using the library on a Linux was system. On Windows based systems, the device name is a name that is pre-defined by this library for the supported CAN adapters. The device name should be one of the following: "peak_pcanusb", "kvaser_leaflight", or "lawicel_\cup canusb". Field use extended is a boolean field. When set to 0, the specified transmitld and receiveld are assumed to be 11-bit standard CAN identifier. It the field is 1, these identifiers are assumed to be 29-bit extended CAN identifiers.

struct tBltTransportSettingsXcpV10Net

Structure layout of the XCP version 1.0 NET transport layer settings. The address field can be set to either the IP address or the hostname, such as "192.168.178.23" or "mymicro.mydomain.com". The port should be set to the TCP port number that the bootloader target listens on.

Macros

• #define BLT RESULT OK (0u)

Function return value for when everything went okay.

#define BLT RESULT ERROR GENERIC (1u)

Function return value for when a generic error occured.

#define BLT_SESSION_XCP_V10 ((uint32_t)0u)

XCP protocol version 1.0. XCP is a universal measurement and calibration communication protocol. It contains functionality for reading, programming, and erasing (non-volatile) memory making it a good fit for bootloader purposes.

• #define BLT_TRANSPORT_XCP_V10_RS232 ((uint32_t)0u)

Transport layer for the XCP v1.0 protocol that uses RS-232 serial communication for data exchange.

• #define BLT TRANSPORT XCP V10 CAN ((uint32 t)1u)

Transport layer for the XCP v1.0 protocol that uses Controller Area Network (CAN) for data exchange.

#define BLT_TRANSPORT_XCP_V10_USB ((uint32_t)2u)

Transport layer for the XCP v1.0 protocol that uses USB Bulk for data exchange.

#define BLT_TRANSPORT_XCP_V10_NET ((uint32_t)3u)

Transport layer for the XCP v1.0 protocol that uses TCP/IP for data exchange.

#define BLT_FIRMWARE_PARSER_SRECORD ((uint32_t)0u)

The S-record parser enables writing and reading firmware data to and from file formatted as Motorola S-record. This is a widely known file format and pretty much all microcontroller compiler toolchains included functionality to output or convert the firmware's data as an S-record.

Functions

LIBOPENBLT EXPORT uint32 t BltVersionGetNumber (void)

Obtains the version number of the library as an integer. The number has two digits for major-, minor-, and patch-version. Version 1.05.12 would for example return 10512.

LIBOPENBLT EXPORT char const * BltVersionGetString (void)

Obtains the version number of the library as a null-terminated string. Version 1.05.12 would for example return "1.05.12".

• LIBOPENBLT_EXPORT void BltSessionInit (uint32_t sessionType, void const *sessionSettings, uint32_ t transportType, void const *transportSettings)

Initializes the firmware update session for a specific communication protocol and transport layer. This function is typically called once at the start of the firmware update.

LIBOPENBLT EXPORT void BltSessionTerminate (void)

Terminates the firmware update session. This function is typically called once at the end of the firmware update.

LIBOPENBLT_EXPORT uint32_t BltSessionStart (void)

Starts the firmware update session. This is were the library attempts to activate and connect with the bootloader running on the target, through the transport layer that was specified during the session's initialization.

LIBOPENBLT_EXPORT void BltSessionStop (void)

Stops the firmware update session. This is there the library disconnects the transport layer as well.

· LIBOPENBLT EXPORT uint32 t BltSessionClearMemory (uint32 t address, uint32 t len)

Requests the target to erase the specified range of memory on the target. Note that the target automatically aligns this to the erasable memory block sizes. This typically results in more memory being erased than the range that was specified here. Refer to the target implementation for details.

• LIBOPENBLT EXPORT uint32 t BltSessionWriteData (uint32 t address, uint32 t len, uint8 t const *data)

Requests the target to program the specified data to memory. Note that it is the responsibility of the application to make sure the memory range was erased beforehand.

LIBOPENBLT EXPORT uint32 t BltSessionReadData (uint32 t address, uint32 t len, uint8 t *data)

Requests the target to upload the specified range from memory and store its contents in the specified data buffer.

LIBOPENBLT_EXPORT void BltFirmwareInit (uint32_t parserType)

Initializes the firmware data module for a specified firmware file parser.

LIBOPENBLT EXPORT void BltFirmwareTerminate (void)

Terminates the firmware data module. Typically called at the end of the program when the firmware data module is no longer needed.

LIBOPENBLT_EXPORT uint32_t BltFirmwareLoadFromFile (char const *firmwareFile, uint32_t address
 — Offset)

Loads firmware data from the specified file using the firmware file parser that was specified during the initialization of this module.

LIBOPENBLT_EXPORT uint32_t BltFirmwareSaveToFile (char const *firmwareFile)

Writes firmware data to the specified file using the firmware file parser that was specified during the initialization of this module.

• LIBOPENBLT EXPORT uint32_t BltFirmwareGetSegmentCount (void)

Obtains the number of firmware data segments that are currently present in the firmware data module.

LIBOPENBLT_EXPORT uint8_t * BltFirmwareGetSegment (uint32_t idx, uint32_t *address, uint32_t *len)

Obtains the contents of the firmware data segment that was specified by the index parameter.

• LIBOPENBLT EXPORT uint32 t BltFirmwareAddData (uint32 t address, uint32 t len, uint8 t const *data)

Adds data to the segments that are currently present in the firmware data module. If the data overlaps with already existing data, the existing data gets overwritten. The size of a segment is automatically adjusted or a new segment gets created, if necessary.

LIBOPENBLT EXPORT uint32 t BltFirmwareRemoveData (uint32 t address, uint32 t len)

Removes data from the segments that are currently present in the firmware data module. The size of a segment is automatically adjusted or removed, if necessary.

LIBOPENBLT_EXPORT void BltFirmwareClearData (void)

Clears all data and segments that are currently present in the firmware data module.

LIBOPENBLT_EXPORT uint16_t BltUtilCrc16Calculate (uint8_t const *data, uint32_t len)

Calculates a 16-bit CRC value over the specified data.

LIBOPENBLT EXPORT uint32 t BltUtilCrc32Calculate (uint8 t const *data, uint32 t len)

Calculates a 32-bit CRC value over the specified data.

LIBOPENBLT_EXPORT uint32_t BltUtilTimeGetSystemTime (void)

Get the system time in milliseconds.

• LIBOPENBLT_EXPORT void BltUtilTimeDelayMs (uint16_t delay)

Performs a delay of the specified amount of milliseconds.

- LIBOPENBLT_EXPORT uint32_t BltUtilCryptoAes256Encrypt (uint8_t *data, uint32_t len, uint8_t const *key)

 Encrypts the len-bytes in the specified data-array, using the specified 256-bit (32 bytes) key. The results are written back into the same array.
- LIBOPENBLT_EXPORT uint32_t BltUtilCryptoAes256Decrypt (uint8_t *data, uint32_t len, uint8_t const *key)

Decrypts the len-bytes in the specified data-array, using the specified 256- bit (32 bytes) key. The results are written back into the same array.

7.15.1 Detailed Description

OpenBLT host library header file.

7.15.2 Function Documentation

7.15.2.1 BltFirmwareAddData()

Adds data to the segments that are currently present in the firmware data module. If the data overlaps with already existing data, the existing data gets overwritten. The size of a segment is automatically adjusted or a new segment gets created, if necessary.

Parameters

address	Base address of the firmware data.
len	Number of bytes to add.
data	Pointer to array with data bytes that should be added.

Returns

BLT_RESULT_OK if successful, BLT_RESULT_ERROR_xxx otherwise.

7.15.2.2 BltFirmwareGetSegment()

Obtains the contents of the firmware data segment that was specified by the index parameter.

Parameters

idx	The segment index. It should be a value greater or equal to zero and smaller than the value returned by BltFirmwareGetSegmentCount.	
address	Pointer to where the segment's base address will be written to.	
len	Pointer to where the segment's length will be written to.	

Returns

Pointer to the segment data if successful, NULL otherwise.

7.15.2.3 BltFirmwareGetSegmentCount()

```
\label{libopenblt} \begin{tabular}{ll} LIBOPENBLT\_EXPORT & uint 32\_t & BltFirmware GetSegment Count & void & voi
```

Obtains the number of firmware data segments that are currently present in the firmware data module.

Returns

The total number of segments.

7.15.2.4 BltFirmwareInit()

```
LIBOPENBLT_EXPORT void BltFirmwareInit ( uint32_t parserType )
```

Initializes the firmware data module for a specified firmware file parser.

Parameters

parserType -	The firmware file parser to use in this module. It should be a BLT_FIRMWARE_PARSER_xxx value.
--------------	-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------

7.15.2.5 BltFirmwareLoadFromFile()

Loads firmware data from the specified file using the firmware file parser that was specified during the initialization of this module.

Parameters

firmwareFile	Filename of the firmware file to load.	
addressOffset	addressOffset Optional memory address offset to add when loading the firmware data from the file. This is	
	typically only useful when loading firmware data from a binary formatted firmware file.	

Returns

BLT_RESULT_OK if successful, BLT_RESULT_ERROR_xxx otherwise.

7.15.2.6 BltFirmwareRemoveData()

```
LIBOPENBLT_EXPORT uint32_t BltFirmwareRemoveData ( uint32_t address, uint32_t len )
```

Removes data from the segments that are currently present in the firmware data module. The size of a segment is automatically adjusted or removed, if necessary.

Parameters

address	Base address of the firmware data.
len	Number of bytes to remove.

Returns

BLT_RESULT_OK if successful, BLT_RESULT_ERROR_xxx otherwise.

7.15.2.7 BltFirmwareSaveToFile()

Writes firmware data to the specified file using the firmware file parser that was specified during the initialization of this module.

Parameters

re file to write to.	firmwareFile Filename of
----------------------	--------------------------

Returns

BLT_RESULT_OK if successful, BLT_RESULT_ERROR_xxx otherwise.

7.15.2.8 BltSessionClearMemory()

Requests the target to erase the specified range of memory on the target. Note that the target automatically aligns this to the erasable memory block sizes. This typically results in more memory being erased than the range that was specified here. Refer to the target implementation for details.

Parameters

address	The starting memory address for the erase operation.
len	The total number of bytes to erase from memory.

Returns

BLT RESULT OK if successful, BLT RESULT ERROR xxx otherwise.

7.15.2.9 BltSessionInit()

Initializes the firmware update session for a specific communication protocol and transport layer. This function is typically called once at the start of the firmware update.

Parameters

sessionType	The communication protocol to use for this session. It should be a BLT_SESSION_xxx
	value.
sessionSettings	Pointer to a structure with communication protocol specific settings.
transportType	The transport layer to use for the specified communication protocol. It should be a
	BLT_TRANSPORT_xxx value.
transportSettings	Pointer to a structure with transport layer specific settings.

7.15.2.10 BltSessionReadData()

Requests the target to upload the specified range from memory and store its contents in the specified data buffer.

Parameters

address	The starting memory address for the read operation.	
len	The number of bytes to upload from the target and store in the data buffer.	
data	Pointer to the byte array where the uploaded data should be stored.	

Returns

BLT_RESULT_OK if successful, BLT_RESULT_ERROR_xxx otherwise.

7.15.2.11 BltSessionStart()

```
LIBOPENBLT_EXPORT uint32_t BltSessionStart ( void )
```

Starts the firmware update session. This is were the library attempts to activate and connect with the bootloader running on the target, through the transport layer that was specified during the session's initialization.

Returns

BLT_RESULT_OK if successful, BLT_RESULT_ERROR_xxx otherwise.

7.15.2.12 BltSessionWriteData()

Requests the target to program the specified data to memory. Note that it is the responsibility of the application to make sure the memory range was erased beforehand.

Parameters

address	The starting memory address for the write operation.
len	The number of bytes in the data buffer that should be written.
data	Pointer to the byte array with data to write.

Returns

BLT_RESULT_OK if successful, BLT_RESULT_ERROR_xxx otherwise.

7.15.2.13 BltUtilCrc16Calculate()

Calculates a 16-bit CRC value over the specified data.

Parameters

data	Array with bytes over which the CRC16 should be calculated.	
len	Number of bytes in the data array.	

Returns

The 16-bit CRC value.

7.15.2.14 BltUtilCrc32Calculate()

```
LIBOPENBLT_EXPORT uint32_t BltUtilCrc32Calculate ( uint8_t const * data, uint32_t len )
```

Calculates a 32-bit CRC value over the specified data.

Parameters

data	Array with bytes over which the CRC32 should be calculated.
len	Number of bytes in the data array.

Returns

The 32-bit CRC value.

7.15.2.15 BltUtilCryptoAes256Decrypt()

Decrypts the len-bytes in the specified data-array, using the specified 256- bit (32 bytes) key. The results are written back into the same array.

Parameters

data	Pointer to the byte array with data to decrypt. The decrypted bytes are stored in the same array.
len	The number of bytes in the data-array to decrypt. It must be a multiple of 16, as this is the AES256
	minimal block size.
key	The 256-bit decryption key as a array of 32 bytes.

Returns

BLT_RESULT_OK if successful, BLT_RESULT_ERROR_xxx otherwise.

7.15.2.16 BltUtilCryptoAes256Encrypt()

Encrypts the len-bytes in the specified data-array, using the specified 256-bit (32 bytes) key. The results are written back into the same array.

Parameters

data	Pointer to the byte array with data to encrypt. The encrypted bytes are stored in the same array.	
len	The number of bytes in the data-array to encrypt. It must be a multiple of 16, as this is the AES256 minimal block size.	
	Illillilla block size.	
key	The 256-bit encryption key as a array of 32 bytes.	

Returns

BLT_RESULT_OK if successful, BLT_RESULT_ERROR_xxx otherwise.

7.15.2.17 BltUtilTimeDelayMs()

```
LIBOPENBLT_EXPORT void BltUtilTimeDelayMs ( \label{eq:bltDelayMs} \mbox{ uint16\_t } \mbox{ } delay \mbox{ )}
```

Performs a delay of the specified amount of milliseconds.

Parameters

d	elay	Delay time in milliseconds.
---	------	-----------------------------

7.15.2.18 BltUtilTimeGetSystemTime()

```
LIBOPENBLT_EXPORT uint32_t BltUtilTimeGetSystemTime ( void )
```

Get the system time in milliseconds.

Returns

Time in milliseconds.

7.15.2.19 BltVersionGetNumber()

Obtains the version number of the library as an integer. The number has two digits for major-, minor-, and patch-version. Version 1.05.12 would for example return 10512.

Returns

Library version number as an integer.

7.15.2.20 BltVersionGetString()

```
\label{libopenblt} \begin{tabular}{ll} LIBOPENBLT\_EXPORT & char const* BltVersionGetString ( \\ & void & ) \end{tabular}
```

Obtains the version number of the library as a null-terminated string. Version 1.05.12 would for example return "1.05.12".

Returns

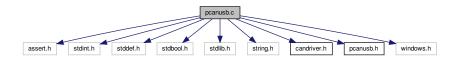
Library version number as a null-terminated string.

7.16 pcanusb.c File Reference

Peak PCAN-USB interface source file.

```
#include <assert.h>
#include <stdint.h>
#include <stddef.h>
#include <stdbool.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <string.h>
#include "candriver.h"
#include "pcanusb.h"
#include <windows.h>
#include "PCANBasic.h"
```

Include dependency graph for pcanusb.c:



Macros

• #define PCANUSB_BUSOFF_AUTORECOVERY_ENABLE (0u)

Configurable to enabled/disable the automatic CAN bus off recovery feature. Testing shows that it is better to leave this disabled. If no connection with the target can be made, the PCAN-USB automatically re-initialized anyway.

Functions

static void PCanUsbInit (tCanSettings const *settings)

Initializes the CAN interface.

• static void PCanUsbTerminate (void)

Terminates the CAN interface.

static bool PCanUsbConnect (void)

Connects the CAN interface.

static void PCanUsbDisconnect (void)

Disconnects the CAN interface.

static bool PCanUsbTransmit (tCanMsg const *msg)

Submits a message for transmission on the CAN bus.

• static bool PCanUsbIsBusError (void)

Checks if a bus off or bus heavy situation occurred.

• static void PCanUsbRegisterEvents (tCanEvents const *events)

Registers the event callback functions that should be called by the CAN interface.

static DWORD WINAPI PCanUsbReceptionThread (LPVOID pv)

CAN message reception thread.

static void PCanUsbLibLoadDII (void)

Loads the PCAN-Basic DLL and initializes the API function pointers.

static void PCanUsbLibUnloadDll (void)

Unloads the PCAN-Basic DLL and resets the API function pointers.

static TPCANStatus PCanUsbLibFuncInitialize (TPCANHandle Channel, TPCANBaudrate Btr0Btr1, TPCA
 —
 NType HwType, DWORD IOPort, WORD Interrupt)

Initializes a PCAN Channel.

• static TPCANStatus PCanUsbLibFuncUninitialize (TPCANHandle Channel)

Uninitializes a PCAN Channel.

static TPCANStatus PCanUsbLibFuncGetStatus (TPCANHandle Channel)

Gets the current BUS status of a PCAN Channel.

 static TPCANStatus PCanUsbLibFuncSetValue (TPCANHandle Channel, TPCANParameter Parameter, void *Buffer, DWORD BufferLength)

Sets a configuration or information value within a PCAN Channel.

static TPCANStatus PCanUsbLibFuncRead (TPCANHandle Channel, TPCANMsg *MessageBuffer, TPC
 — ANTimestamp *TimestampBuffer)

Reads a CAN message from the receive queue of a PCAN Channel.

static TPCANStatus PCanUsbLibFuncWrite (TPCANHandle Channel, TPCANMsg *MessageBuffer)

Transmits a CAN message.

 static TPCANStatus PCanUsbLibFuncFilterMessages (TPCANHandle Channel, DWORD FromID, DWORD ToID, TPCANMode Mode)

Configures the reception filter.

tCanInterface const * PCanUsbGetInterface (void)

Obtains a pointer to the CAN interface structure, so that it can be linked to the generic CAN driver module.

Variables

• static const tCanInterface pCanUsbInterface

CAN interface structure filled with Peak PCAN-USB specifics.

static const TPCANHandle pCanUsbChannelLookup []

PCAN-USB channel handle lookup table. The pCanUsbSettings.channel value can be used as the index.

static tCanSettings pCanUsbSettings

The settings to use in this CAN interface.

static tCanEvents * pCanUsbEventsList

List with callback functions that this driver should use.

static uint32 t pCanUsbEventsEntries

Total number of event entries into the pCanUsbEventsList list.

static HINSTANCE pCanUsbDllHandle

Handle to the PCAN-Basic dynamic link library.

static tPCanUsbLibFuncInitialize pCanUsbLibFuncInitializePtr

Function pointer to the PCAN-Basic Initialize function.

static tPCanUsbLibFuncUninitialize pCanUsbLibFuncUninitializePtr

Function pointer to the PCAN-Basic Uninitialize function.

static tPCanUsbLibFuncGetStatus pCanUsbLibFuncGetStatusPtr

Function pointer to the PCAN-Basic GetStatus function.

static tPCanUsbLibFuncSetValue pCanUsbLibFuncSetValuePtr

Function pointer to the PCAN-Basic SetValue function.

static tPCanUsbLibFuncRead pCanUsbLibFuncReadPtr

Function pointer to the PCAN-Basic Read function.

static tPCanUsbLibFuncWrite pCanUsbLibFuncWritePtr

Function pointer to the PCAN-Basic Write function.

static tPCanUsbLibFuncFilterMessages pCanUsbLibFuncFilterMessagesPtr

Function pointer to the PCAN-Basic FilterMessages function.

• static HANDLE pCanUsbTerminateEvent

Handle for the event to terminate the reception thread.

static HANDLE pCanUsbCanEvent

Handle for a CAN related event.

• static HANDLE pCanUsbRxThreadHandle

Handle for the CAN reception thread.

7.16.1 Detailed Description

Peak PCAN-USB interface source file.

7.16.2 Function Documentation

7.16.2.1 PCanUsbConnect()

Connects the CAN interface.

Returns

True if connected, false otherwise.

7.16.2.2 PCanUsbGetInterface()

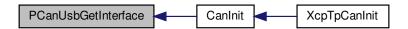
Obtains a pointer to the CAN interface structure, so that it can be linked to the generic CAN driver module.

Returns

Pointer to CAN interface structure.

Referenced by CanInit().

Here is the caller graph for this function:



7.16.2.3 PCanUsbInit()

Initializes the CAN interface.

Parameters

settings	Pointer to the CAN interface settings.
----------	----------------------------------------

7.16.2.4 PCanUsbIsBusError()

Checks if a bus off or bus heavy situation occurred.

Returns

True if a bus error situation was detected, false otherwise.

7.16.2.5 PCanUsbLibFuncFilterMessages()

Configures the reception filter.

Parameters

Channel	The handle of a PCAN Channel.
FromID	The lowest CAN ID wanted to be received.
ToID	The highest CAN ID wanted to be received.
Mode	The type of the filter being set.

Returns

The return value is a TPCANStatus code. PCAN_ERROR_OK is returned on success.

Referenced by PCanUsbConnect().

Here is the caller graph for this function:



7.16.2.6 PCanUsbLibFuncGetStatus()

Gets the current BUS status of a PCAN Channel.

Parameters

Channel	The handle of a PCAN Channel.

Returns

The return value is a TPCANStatus code. PCAN_ERROR_OK is returned on success.

Referenced by PCanUsbIsBusError().

Here is the caller graph for this function:



7.16.2.7 PCanUsbLibFuncInitialize()

Initializes a PCAN Channel.

Parameters

Channel	The handle of a PCAN Channel.	
Btr0Btr1	The speed for the communication (BTR0BTR1 code).	
НwТуре	The type of the Non-Plug-and-Play hardware and its operation mode.	
IOPort	The I/O address for the parallel port of the Non-Plug-and-Play hardware.	
Interrupt	The Interrupt number of the parallel port of the Non-Plug- and-Play hardware.	

Returns

The return value is a TPCANStatus code. PCAN_ERROR_OK is returned on success.

Referenced by PCanUsbConnect().

Here is the caller graph for this function:



7.16.2.8 PCanUsbLibFuncRead()

Reads a CAN message from the receive queue of a PCAN Channel.

Parameters

Channel	The handle of a PCAN Channel.
MessageBuffer	A TPCANMsg buffer to store the CAN message.
TimestampBuffer	A TPCANTimestamp buffer to get the reception time of the message.

Returns

The return value is a TPCANStatus code. PCAN_ERROR_OK is returned on success.

Referenced by PCanUsbReceptionThread().

Here is the caller graph for this function:



7.16.2.9 PCanUsbLibFuncSetValue()

Sets a configuration or information value within a PCAN Channel.

Parameters

Channel	The handle of a PCAN Channel.
Parameter	The code of the value to be set .
Buffer	The buffer containing the value to be set.
BufferLength	The length in bytes of the given buffer.

Returns

The return value is a TPCANStatus code. PCAN_ERROR_OK is returned on success.

Referenced by PCanUsbConnect().

Here is the caller graph for this function:



7.16.2.10 PCanUsbLibFuncUninitialize()

```
static TPCANStatus PCanUsbLibFuncUninitialize ( {\tt TPCANHandle}\ {\it Channel}\ )\ [{\tt static}]
```

Uninitializes a PCAN Channel.

Parameters

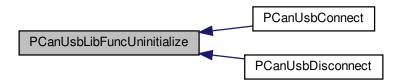
Channel	The handle of a PCAN Channel.

Returns

The return value is a TPCANStatus code. PCAN_ERROR_OK is returned on success.

Referenced by PCanUsbConnect(), and PCanUsbDisconnect().

Here is the caller graph for this function:



7.16.2.11 PCanUsbLibFuncWrite()

Transmits a CAN message.

Parameters

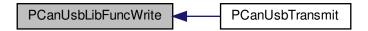
Channel	The handle of a PCAN Channel.
MessageBuffer	A TPCANMsg buffer containing the CAN message to be sent.

Returns

The return value is a TPCANStatus code. PCAN_ERROR_OK is returned on success.

Referenced by PCanUsbTransmit().

Here is the caller graph for this function:



7.16.2.12 PCanUsbReceptionThread()

CAN message reception thread.

Parameters

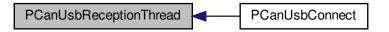
pv	Pointer to thread parameters.
----	-------------------------------

Returns

Thread exit code.

Referenced by PCanUsbConnect().

Here is the caller graph for this function:



7.16.2.13 PCanUsbRegisterEvents()

Registers the event callback functions that should be called by the CAN interface.

Parameters

events Pointer to structure with event callback function pointers.

7.16.2.14 PCanUsbTransmit()

Submits a message for transmission on the CAN bus.

Parameters

msg Pointer to CAN message structure.

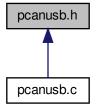
Returns

True if successful, false otherwise.

7.17 pcanusb.h File Reference

Peak PCAN-USB interface header file.

This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



Functions

• tCanInterface const * PCanUsbGetInterface (void)

Obtains a pointer to the CAN interface structure, so that it can be linked to the generic CAN driver module.

7.17.1 Detailed Description

Peak PCAN-USB interface header file.

7.17.2 Function Documentation

7.17.2.1 PCanUsbGetInterface()

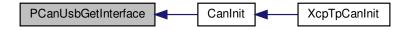
Obtains a pointer to the CAN interface structure, so that it can be linked to the generic CAN driver module.

Returns

Pointer to CAN interface structure.

Referenced by CanInit().

Here is the caller graph for this function:

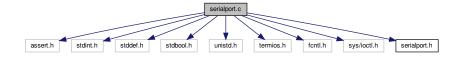


7.18 serialport.c File Reference

Serial port source file.

```
#include <assert.h>
#include <stdint.h>
#include <stddef.h>
#include <stdbool.h>
#include <unistd.h>
#include <termios.h>
#include <fcntl.h>
#include <sys/ioctl.h>
#include "serialport.h"
```

Include dependency graph for linux/serialport.c:



Macros

• #define SERIALPORT_INVALID_HANDLE (-1)

Invalid serial port device handle.

Functions

void SerialPortInit (void)

Initializes the serial port module.

void SerialPortTerminate (void)

Terminates the serial port module.

• bool SerialPortOpen (char const *portname, tSerialPortBaudrate baudrate)

Opens the connection with the serial port configured as 8,N,1 and no flow control.

void SerialPortClose (void)

Closes the connection with the serial port.

• bool SerialPortWrite (uint8_t const *data, uint32_t length)

Writes data to the serial port.

• bool SerialPortRead (uint8_t *data, uint32_t length)

Reads data from the serial port in a blocking manner.

Variables

• static int32_t portHandle

Serial port handle.

static const speed_t baudrateLookup []

Lookup table for converting this module's generic baudrate value to a value supported by the low level interface.

7.18.1 Detailed Description

Serial port source file.

7.18.2 Function Documentation

7.18.2.1 SerialPortOpen()

Opens the connection with the serial port configured as 8,N,1 and no flow control.

Parameters

portname	The name of the serial port to open, i.e. /dev/ttyUSB0.
baudrate	The desired communication speed.

Returns

True if successful, false otherwise.

Referenced by XcpTpUartConnect().

Here is the caller graph for this function:



7.18.2.2 SerialPortRead()

Reads data from the serial port in a blocking manner.

Parameters

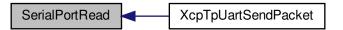
data	Pointer to byte array to store read data.
length	Number of bytes to read.

Returns

True if successful, false otherwise.

Referenced by XcpTpUartSendPacket().

Here is the caller graph for this function:



7.18.2.3 SerialPortWrite()

Writes data to the serial port.

Parameters

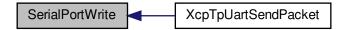
data	Pointer to byte array with data to write.
length	Number of bytes to write.

Returns

True if successful, false otherwise.

Referenced by XcpTpUartSendPacket().

Here is the caller graph for this function:

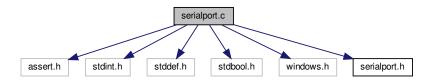


7.19 serialport.c File Reference

Serial port source file.

```
#include <assert.h>
#include <stdint.h>
#include <stddef.h>
#include <stdbool.h>
#include <windows.h>
#include "serialport.h"
```

Include dependency graph for windows/serialport.c:



Macros

- #define UART_TX_BUFFER_SIZE (1024u)
- #define UART_RX_BUFFER_SIZE (1024u)

Functions

static uint32_t SerialConvertBaudrate (tSerialPortBaudrate baudrate)

Opens the connection with the serial port configured as 8,N,1 and no flow control.

void SerialPortInit (void)

Initializes the serial port module.

void SerialPortTerminate (void)

Terminates the serial port module.

• bool SerialPortOpen (char const *portname, tSerialPortBaudrate baudrate)

Opens the connection with the serial port configured as 8,N,1 and no flow control.

void SerialPortClose (void)

Closes the connection with the serial port.

• bool SerialPortWrite (uint8_t const *data, uint32_t length)

Writes data to the serial port.

bool SerialPortRead (uint8_t *data, uint32_t length)

Reads data from the serial port in a blocking manner.

Variables

 static HANDLE hUart Serial port handle.

7.19.1 Detailed Description

Serial port source file.

7.19.2 Macro Definition Documentation

7.19.2.1 UART_RX_BUFFER_SIZE

```
#define UART_RX_BUFFER_SIZE (1024u)
```

reception buffer size

Referenced by SerialPortOpen().

7.19.2.2 UART_TX_BUFFER_SIZE

```
#define UART_TX_BUFFER_SIZE (1024u)
```

transmission buffer size

Referenced by SerialPortOpen().

7.19.3 Function Documentation

7.19.3.1 SerialConvertBaudrate()

Opens the connection with the serial port configured as 8,N,1 and no flow control.

Parameters

baudrate	The desired communication speed.
----------	----------------------------------

Returns

True if successful, false otherwise.

Referenced by SerialPortOpen().

Here is the caller graph for this function:



7.19.3.2 SerialPortOpen()

Opens the connection with the serial port configured as 8,N,1 and no flow control.

Parameters

portname	The name of the serial port to open, i.e. COM4.
baudrate	The desired communication speed.

Returns

True if successful, false otherwise.

7.19.3.3 SerialPortRead()

Reads data from the serial port in a blocking manner.

Parameters

data	Pointer to byte array to store read data.
length	Number of bytes to read.

Returns

True if successful, false otherwise.

7.19.3.4 SerialPortWrite()

Writes data to the serial port.

Parameters

data	Pointer to byte array with data to write.
length	Number of bytes to write.

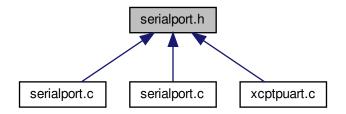
Returns

True if successful, false otherwise.

7.20 serialport.h File Reference

Serial port header file.

This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



Enumerations

```
    enum tSerialPortBaudrate {
        SERIALPORT_BR9600 = 0, SERIALPORT_BR19200 = 1, SERIALPORT_BR38400 = 2, SERIALPORT_B
        R57600 = 3,
        SERIALPORT_BR115200 = 4 }
```

Enumeration of the supported baudrates.

Functions

void SerialPortInit (void)

Initializes the serial port module.

void SerialPortTerminate (void)

Terminates the serial port module.

• bool SerialPortOpen (char const *portname, tSerialPortBaudrate baudrate)

Opens the connection with the serial port configured as 8,N,1 and no flow control.

void SerialPortClose (void)

Closes the connection with the serial port.

• bool SerialPortWrite (uint8_t const *data, uint32_t length)

Writes data to the serial port.

bool SerialPortRead (uint8_t *data, uint32_t length)

Reads data from the serial port in a blocking manner.

7.20.1 Detailed Description

Serial port header file.

7.20.2 Enumeration Type Documentation

7.20.2.1 tSerialPortBaudrate

```
enum tSerialPortBaudrate
```

Enumeration of the supported baudrates.

Enumerator

SERIALPORT_BR9600	9600 bits/sec
SERIALPORT_BR19200	19200 bits/sec
SERIALPORT_BR38400	38400 bits/sec
SERIALPORT_BR57600	57600 bits/sec
SERIALPORT_BR115200	115200 bits/sec

7.20.3 Function Documentation

7.20.3.1 SerialPortOpen()

Opens the connection with the serial port configured as 8,N,1 and no flow control.

Parameters

portname	The name of the serial port to open, i.e. /dev/ttyUSB0.
baudrate	The desired communication speed.

Returns

True if successful, false otherwise.

Parameters

portname	The name of the serial port to open, i.e. COM4.
baudrate	The desired communication speed.

Returns

True if successful, false otherwise.

Referenced by XcpTpUartConnect().

Here is the caller graph for this function:



7.20.3.2 SerialPortRead()

Reads data from the serial port in a blocking manner.

Parameters

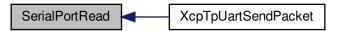
data	Pointer to byte array to store read data.
length	Number of bytes to read.

Returns

True if successful, false otherwise.

Referenced by XcpTpUartSendPacket().

Here is the caller graph for this function:



7.20.3.3 SerialPortWrite()

Writes data to the serial port.

Parameters

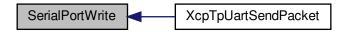
data	Pointer to byte array with data to write.
length	Number of bytes to write.

Returns

True if successful, false otherwise.

 $Referenced\ by\ XcpTpUartSendPacket().$

Here is the caller graph for this function:

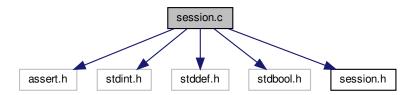


7.21 session.c File Reference

Communication session module source file.

```
#include <assert.h>
#include <stdint.h>
#include <stddef.h>
#include <stdbool.h>
#include "session.h"
```

Include dependency graph for session.c:



Functions

• void SessionInit (tSessionProtocol const *protocol, void const *protocolSettings)

Initializes the communication session module for the specified protocol.

void SessionTerminate (void)

Terminates the communication session module.

bool SessionStart (void)

Starts the firmware update session. This is where the connection with the target is made and the bootloader on the target is activated.

void SessionStop (void)

Stops the firmware update. This is where the bootloader starts the user program on the target if a valid one is present. After this the connection with the target is severed.

• bool SessionClearMemory (uint32_t address, uint32_t len)

Requests the bootloader to erase the specified range of memory on the target. The bootloader aligns this range to hardware specified erase blocks.

bool SessionWriteData (uint32_t address, uint32_t len, uint8_t const *data)

Requests the bootloader to program the specified data to memory. In case of non-volatile memory, the application needs to make sure the memory range was erased beforehand.

• bool SessionReadData (uint32 t address, uint32 t len, uint8 t *data)

Request the bootloader to upload the specified range of memory. The data is stored in the data byte array to which the pointer was specified.

Variables

static tSessionProtocol const * protocolPtr

Pointer to the communication protocol that is linked.

7.21.1 Detailed Description

Communication session module source file.

7.21.2 Function Documentation

7.21.2.1 SessionClearMemory()

Requests the bootloader to erase the specified range of memory on the target. The bootloader aligns this range to hardware specified erase blocks.

Parameters

address	The starting memory address for the erase operation.
len	The total number of bytes to erase from memory.

Returns

True if successful, false otherwise.

7.21.2.2 SessionInit()

Initializes the communication session module for the specified protocol.

Parameters

protocol	The session protocol module to link.
protocolSettings	Pointer to structure with protocol specific settings.

7.21.2.3 SessionReadData()

```
uint32_t len,
uint8_t * data )
```

Request the bootloader to upload the specified range of memory. The data is stored in the data byte array to which the pointer was specified.

Parameters

address	The starting memory address for the read operation.
len	The number of bytes to upload from the target and store in the data buffer.
data	Pointer to the byte array where the uploaded data should be stored.

Returns

True if successful, false otherwise.

7.21.2.4 SessionStart()

```
bool SessionStart (
     void )
```

Starts the firmware update session. This is where the connection with the target is made and the bootloader on the target is activated.

Returns

True if successful, false otherwise.

7.21.2.5 SessionWriteData()

Requests the bootloader to program the specified data to memory. In case of non-volatile memory, the application needs to make sure the memory range was erased beforehand.

Parameters

address	The starting memory address for the write operation.
len	The number of bytes in the data buffer that should be written.
data	Pointer to the byte array with data to write.

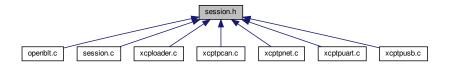
Returns

True if successful, false otherwise.

7.22 session.h File Reference

Communication session module header file.

This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



Data Structures

· struct tSessionProtocol

Session communication protocol interface.

Functions

void SessionInit (tSessionProtocol const *protocol, void const *protocolSettings)

Initializes the communication session module for the specified protocol.

void SessionTerminate (void)

Terminates the communication session module.

bool SessionStart (void)

Starts the firmware update session. This is where the connection with the target is made and the bootloader on the target is activated.

void SessionStop (void)

Stops the firmware update. This is where the bootloader starts the user program on the target if a valid one is present. After this the connection with the target is severed.

bool SessionClearMemory (uint32_t address, uint32_t len)

Requests the bootloader to erase the specified range of memory on the target. The bootloader aligns this range to hardware specified erase blocks.

• bool SessionWriteData (uint32 t address, uint32 t len, uint8 t const *data)

Requests the bootloader to program the specified data to memory. In case of non-volatile memory, the application needs to make sure the memory range was erased beforehand.

bool SessionReadData (uint32_t address, uint32_t len, uint8_t *data)

Request the bootloader to upload the specified range of memory. The data is stored in the data byte array to which the pointer was specified.

7.22.1 Detailed Description

Communication session module header file.

7.22.2 Function Documentation

7.22.2.1 SessionClearMemory()

Requests the bootloader to erase the specified range of memory on the target. The bootloader aligns this range to hardware specified erase blocks.

Parameters

address	The starting memory address for the erase operation.
len	The total number of bytes to erase from memory.

Returns

True if successful, false otherwise.

7.22.2.2 SessionInit()

Initializes the communication session module for the specified protocol.

Parameters

protocol	The session protocol module to link.
protocolSettings	Pointer to structure with protocol specific settings.

7.22.2.3 SessionReadData()

Request the bootloader to upload the specified range of memory. The data is stored in the data byte array to which the pointer was specified.

Parameters

address	The starting memory address for the read operation.
len	The number of bytes to upload from the target and store in the data buffer.
data	Pointer to the byte array where the uploaded data should be stored.

Returns

True if successful, false otherwise.

7.22.2.4 SessionStart()

```
bool SessionStart (
     void )
```

Starts the firmware update session. This is where the connection with the target is made and the bootloader on the target is activated.

Returns

True if successful, false otherwise.

7.22.2.5 SessionWriteData()

Requests the bootloader to program the specified data to memory. In case of non-volatile memory, the application needs to make sure the memory range was erased beforehand.

Parameters

address	The starting memory address for the write operation.
len	The number of bytes in the data buffer that should be written.
data	Pointer to the byte array with data to write.

Returns

True if successful, false otherwise.

7.23 socketcan.c File Reference

Linux SocketCAN interface source file.

```
#include <assert.h>
#include <stdint.h>
#include <stddef.h>
#include <stdbool.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <pthread.h>
#include <unistd.h>
#include <fcntl.h>
#include <sys/time.h>
#include <sys/ioctl.h>
#include <net/if.h>
#include <linux/can.h>
#include <linux/can/raw.h>
#include <linux/can/error.h>
#include "util.h"
#include "candriver.h"
#include "socketcan.h"
Include dependency graph for socketcan.c:
```



Data Structures

· struct tSocketCanThreadCtrl

Groups data for thread control.

Functions

static void SocketCanInit (tCanSettings const *settings)

Initializes the CAN interface. Note that this module assumes that the CAN device was already properly configured and brought online on the Linux system. Terminal command "ip addr" can be used to verify this.

static void SocketCanTerminate (void)

Terminates the CAN interface.

static bool SocketCanConnect (void)

Connects the CAN interface. Note that the channel and baudrate settings are ignored for the SocketCAN, because these are expected to be configured when the CAN device was brought online on the Linux system.

static void SocketCanDisconnect (void)

Disconnects the CAN interface.

static bool SocketCanTransmit (tCanMsg const *msg)

Submits a message for transmission on the CAN bus.

static bool SocketCanlsBusError (void)

Checks if a bus off or bus heavy situation occurred.

static void SocketCanRegisterEvents (tCanEvents const *events)

Registers the event callback functions that should be called by the CAN interface.

static bool SocketCanStartEventThread (void)

Starts the event thread.

static void SocketCanStopEventThread (void)

Stops the event thread. It sets the termination request and then waits for the termination handshake.

static void * SocketCanEventThread (void *param)

Event thread that handles the asynchronous reception of data from the CAN interface.

tCanInterface const * SocketCanGetInterface (void)

Obtains a pointer to the CAN interface structure, so that it can be linked to the generic CAN driver module.

Variables

· static const tCanInterface socketCanInterface

CAN interface structure filled with SocketCAN specifics.

static tCanSettings socketCanSettings

The settings to use in this CAN interface.

static volatile tCanEvents * socketCanEventsList

List with callback functions that this driver should use.

static volatile uint32_t socketCanEventsEntries

Total number of event entries into the socketCanEventsList list.

static volatile bool socketCanErrorDetected

Flag to set in the event thread when either a bus off or bus heavy situation.

static volatile tSocketCanThreadCtrl eventThreadCtrl

Event thread control.

· static pthread_t eventThreadId

The ID of the event thread.

· static volatile int32_t canSocket

CAN raw socket.

7.23.1 Detailed Description

Linux SocketCAN interface source file.

7.23.2 Function Documentation

7.23.2.1 SocketCanConnect()

Connects the CAN interface. Note that the channel and baudrate settings are ignored for the SocketCAN, because these are expected to be configured when the CAN device was brought online on the Linux system.

Returns

True if connected, false otherwise.

7.23.2.2 SocketCanEventThread()

Event thread that handles the asynchronous reception of data from the CAN interface.

Parameters

arg Pointer to thread parameters.

Returns

Thread return value. Not used in this case, so always set to NULL.

Referenced by SocketCanStartEventThread().

Here is the caller graph for this function:



7.23.2.3 SocketCanGetInterface()

Obtains a pointer to the CAN interface structure, so that it can be linked to the generic CAN driver module.

Returns

Pointer to CAN interface structure.

Referenced by CanInit().

Here is the caller graph for this function:



7.23.2.4 SocketCanInit()

Initializes the CAN interface. Note that this module assumes that the CAN device was already properly configured and brought online on the Linux system. Terminal command "ip addr" can be used to verify this.

Parameters

7.23.2.5 SocketCanlsBusError()

Checks if a bus off or bus heavy situation occurred.

Returns

True if a bus error situation was detected, false otherwise.

7.23.2.6 SocketCanRegisterEvents()

Registers the event callback functions that should be called by the CAN interface.

Parameters

events Pointer to structure with event callback function pointers.

7.23.2.7 SocketCanStartEventThread()

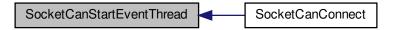
Starts the event thread.

Returns

True if the thread was successfully started, false otherwise.

Referenced by SocketCanConnect().

Here is the caller graph for this function:



7.23.2.8 SocketCanStopEventThread()

Stops the event thread. It sets the termination request and then waits for the termination handshake.

Returns

None.

Referenced by SocketCanDisconnect().

Here is the caller graph for this function:



7.23.2.9 SocketCanTransmit()

```
static bool SocketCanTransmit ( {\tt tCanMsg~const~*~msg~)} \quad [{\tt static}]
```

Submits a message for transmission on the CAN bus.

Parameters

msg Pointer to CAN message structure.

Returns

True if successful, false otherwise.

7.23.3 Variable Documentation

7.23.3.1 socketCanErrorDetected

volatile bool socketCanErrorDetected [static]

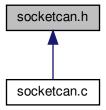
Flag to set in the event thread when either a bus off or bus heavy situation.

Referenced by SocketCanConnect(), SocketCanDisconnect(), SocketCanEventThread(), SocketCanInit(), and SocketCanIsBusError().

7.24 socketcan.h File Reference

Linux SocketCAN interface header file.

This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



Functions

tCanInterface const * SocketCanGetInterface (void)

Obtains a pointer to the CAN interface structure, so that it can be linked to the generic CAN driver module.

7.24.1 Detailed Description

Linux SocketCAN interface header file.

7.24.2 Function Documentation

7.24.2.1 SocketCanGetInterface()

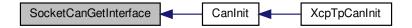
Obtains a pointer to the CAN interface structure, so that it can be linked to the generic CAN driver module.

Returns

Pointer to CAN interface structure.

Referenced by CanInit().

Here is the caller graph for this function:

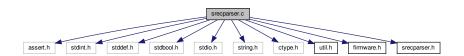


7.25 srecparser.c File Reference

Motorola S-record file parser source file.

```
#include <assert.h>
#include <stdint.h>
#include <stddef.h>
#include <stdbool.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <ctype.h>
#include "util.h"
#include "firmware.h"
#include "srecparser.h"
```

Include dependency graph for srecparser.c:



Enumerations

enum tSRecParserLineType {
 SREC_PARSER_LINE_TYPE_S0, SREC_PARSER_LINE_TYPE_S1, SREC_PARSER_LINE_TYPE_S2,
 SREC_PARSER_LINE_TYPE_S3,
 SREC_PARSER_LINE_TYPE_S7, SREC_PARSER_LINE_TYPE_S8, SREC_PARSER_LINE_TYPE_S9,
 SREC_PARSER_LINE_TYPE_UNSUPPORTED }

Enumeration for the different supported S-record line types.

Functions

static bool SRecParserLoadFromFile (char const *firmwareFile, uint32_t addressOffset)

Parses the specified firmware file to extract firmware data and adds this data to the firmware data that is currently managed by the firmware data module.

static bool SRecParserVerifyFile (char const *firmwareFile)

Parses the specified firmware file to verify that the file is a valid S-record file.

static bool SRecParserSaveToFile (char const *firmwareFile)

Writes firmware data to the specified file in the correct file format.

• static bool SRecParserExtractLineData (char const *line, uint32_t *address, uint32_t *len, uint8_t *data)

Checks if the specified S-record line is of the type that contains program data. If it does, then the program data and base address are extracted and stored at the function parameter pointers.

static tSRecParserLineType SRecParserGetLineType (char const *line)

Inspects a line from a Motorola S-Record file to determine its type.

• static bool SRecParserVerifyChecksum (char const *line)

Inspects an S1, S2 or S3 line from a Motorola S-Record file to determine if the checksum at the end is corrrect.

static bool SRecParserConstructLine (char *line, tSRecParserLineType lineType, uint32_t address, uint8_t const *data, uint8_t dataLen)

Creates a NUL terminated S-record line, given the specified line type, address and data bytes. The checksum at the end of the line is also calculated and added.

• static uint8_t SRecParserHexStringToByte (char const *hexstring)

Helper function to convert a sequence of 2 characters that represent a hexadecimal value to the actual byte value. Example: SRecParserHexStringToByte("2f") -> returns 47.

tFirmwareParser const * SRecParserGetParser (void)

Obtains a pointer to the parser structure, so that it can be linked to the firmware data module.

Variables

· static const tFirmwareParser srecParser

File parser structure filled with Motorola S-record parsing specifics.

7.25.1 Detailed Description

Motorola S-record file parser source file.

7.25.2 Enumeration Type Documentation

7.25.2.1 tSRecParserLineType

 $\verb"enum tSRecParserLineType"$

Enumeration for the different supported S-record line types.

Enumerator

SREC_PARSER_LINE_TYPE_S0	Header record.
SREC_PARSER_LINE_TYPE_S1	16-bit address data record.
SREC_PARSER_LINE_TYPE_S2	24-bit address data record.
SREC_PARSER_LINE_TYPE_S3	32-bit address data record.
SREC_PARSER_LINE_TYPE_S7	32-bit address termination.
SREC_PARSER_LINE_TYPE_S8	24-bit address termination.
SREC_PARSER_LINE_TYPE_S9	16-bit address termination.
SREC_PARSER_LINE_TYPE_UNSUPPORTED	Unsupported line.

7.25.3 Function Documentation

7.25.3.1 SRecParserConstructLine()

Creates a NUL terminated S-record line, given the specified line type, address and data bytes. The checksum at the end of the line is also calculated and added.

Parameters

line	Pointer to character array where the string will be stored.
lineType	The type of S-record line to construct.
address	The address to embed into the line after the byte count.
data	Point to byte array with data bytes to add to the line.
dataLen	The number of data bytes present in the data-array.

Returns

True if successful, false otherwise.

 $Referenced\ by\ SRecParserSaveToFile().$

Here is the caller graph for this function:



7.25.3.2 SRecParserExtractLineData()

Checks if the specified S-record line is of the type that contains program data. If it does, then the program data and base address are extracted and stored at the function parameter pointers.

Parameters

line	line Pointer to the line from an S-record file.	
address	Pointer where the start address of the program data is stored.	
len	len Pointer for storing the number of extracted program data bytes.	
data	Pointer to byte array where the extracted program data bytes are stored.	

Returns

True if successful, false otherwise.

Referenced by SRecParserLoadFromFile().

Here is the caller graph for this function:



7.25.3.3 SRecParserGetLineType()

Inspects a line from a Motorola S-Record file to determine its type.

Parameters

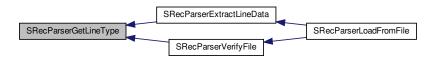
line	A line from the S-Record.

Returns

The S-Record line type.

Referenced by SRecParserExtractLineData(), and SRecParserVerifyFile().

Here is the caller graph for this function:



7.25.3.4 SRecParserGetParser()

Obtains a pointer to the parser structure, so that it can be linked to the firmware data module.

Returns

Pointer to firmware parser structure.

7.25.3.5 SRecParserHexStringToByte()

Helper function to convert a sequence of 2 characters that represent a hexadecimal value to the actual byte value. Example: SRecParserHexStringToByte("2f") -> returns 47.

Parameters

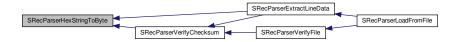
hexstring	String beginning with 2 characters that represent a hexa- decimal value.
-----------	--------------------------------------------------------------------------

Returns

The resulting byte value.

Referenced by SRecParserExtractLineData(), and SRecParserVerifyChecksum().

Here is the caller graph for this function:



7.25.3.6 SRecParserLoadFromFile()

Parses the specified firmware file to extract firmware data and adds this data to the firmware data that is currently managed by the firmware data module.

Parameters

firmwareFile	vareFile Filename of the firmware file to load.	
addressOffset Optional memory address offset to add when loading the firmware data from the		

Returns

True if successful, false otherwise.

7.25.3.7 SRecParserSaveToFile()

Writes firmware data to the specified file in the correct file format.

Parameters

firmwareFile	Filename of the firmware file to write to.
--------------	--------------------------------------------

Returns

True if successful, false otherwise.

7.25.3.8 SRecParserVerifyChecksum()

```
static bool SRecParserVerifyChecksum ( {\tt char\ const\ *\ line\ )} \quad [{\tt static}]
```

Inspects an S1, S2 or S3 line from a Motorola S-Record file to determine if the checksum at the end is corrrect.

Parameters

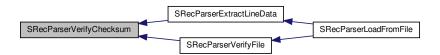
```
line An S1, S2 or S3 line from the S-Record.
```

Returns

True if the checksum is correct, false otherwise.

Referenced by SRecParserExtractLineData(), and SRecParserVerifyFile().

Here is the caller graph for this function:



7.25.3.9 SRecParserVerifyFile()

Parses the specified firmware file to verify that the file is a valid S-record file.

Parameters

firmwareFile	Filename of the firmware file to verify.
--------------	------------------------------------------

Returns

True if successful, false otherwise.

Referenced by SRecParserLoadFromFile().

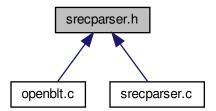
Here is the caller graph for this function:



7.26 srecparser.h File Reference

Motorola S-record file parser header file.

This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



Functions

• tFirmwareParser const * SRecParserGetParser (void)

Obtains a pointer to the parser structure, so that it can be linked to the firmware data module.

7.26.1 Detailed Description

Motorola S-record file parser header file.

7.26.2 Function Documentation

7.26.2.1 SRecParserGetParser()

Obtains a pointer to the parser structure, so that it can be linked to the firmware data module.

Returns

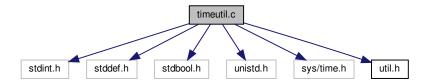
Pointer to firmware parser structure.

7.27 timeutil.c File Reference

Time utility source file.

```
#include <stdint.h>
#include <stddef.h>
#include <stdbool.h>
#include <unistd.h>
#include <sys/time.h>
#include "util.h"
```

Include dependency graph for linux/timeutil.c:



Functions

• uint32_t UtilTimeGetSystemTimeMs (void)

Get the system time in milliseconds.

• void UtilTimeDelayMs (uint16_t delay)

Performs a delay of the specified amount of milliseconds.

7.27.1 Detailed Description

Time utility source file.

7.27.2 Function Documentation

7.27.2.1 UtilTimeDelayMs()

Performs a delay of the specified amount of milliseconds.

Parameters

delay Delay time in milliseconds.	
-----------------------------------	--

Referenced by SocketCanStopEventThread(), and XcpTpCanSendPacket().

Here is the caller graph for this function:



7.27.2.2 UtilTimeGetSystemTimeMs()

```
\begin{tabular}{ll} \beg
```

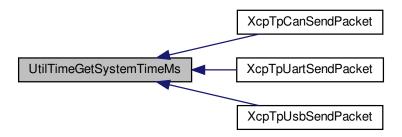
Get the system time in milliseconds.

Returns

Time in milliseconds.

Referenced by XcpTpCanSendPacket(), XcpTpUartSendPacket(), and XcpTpUsbSendPacket().

Here is the caller graph for this function:

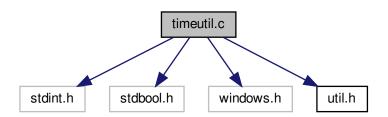


7.28 timeutil.c File Reference

Time utility source file.

```
#include <stdint.h>
#include <stdbool.h>
#include <windows.h>
#include "util.h"
```

Include dependency graph for windows/timeutil.c:



Functions

• uint32_t UtilTimeGetSystemTimeMs (void)

Get the system time in milliseconds.

• void UtilTimeDelayMs (uint16_t delay)

Performs a delay of the specified amount of milliseconds.

7.28.1 Detailed Description

Time utility source file.

7.28.2 Function Documentation

7.28.2.1 UtilTimeDelayMs()

```
void UtilTimeDelayMs ( \label{eq:uint16_total} \mbox{uint16_t} \ \ delay \ )
```

Performs a delay of the specified amount of milliseconds.

Parameters

delay Delay time in milliseconds.	
-----------------------------------	--

Returns

none.

7.28.2.2 UtilTimeGetSystemTimeMs()

Get the system time in milliseconds.

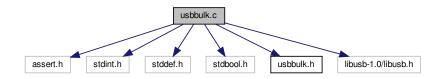
Returns

Time in milliseconds.

7.29 usbbulk.c File Reference

USB bulk driver source file.

```
#include <assert.h>
#include <stdint.h>
#include <stddef.h>
#include <stdbool.h>
#include "usbbulk.h"
#include #include #include for linux/usbbulk.c:
```



Macros

• #define USBBULK_READ_DATA_BUFFER_SIZE (64u)

Size of the internal endpoint read buffer. This should be the same as the size of the buffer size of the endpoint on the USB device itself.

Functions

void UsbBulkInit (void)

Initializes the USB bulk driver.

· void UsbBulkTerminate (void)

Terminates the USB bulk driver.

bool UsbBulkOpen (void)

Opens the connection with the USB device.

void UsbBulkClose (void)

Closes the connection with the USB device.

bool UsbBulkWrite (uint8_t const *data, uint16_t length)

Writes data to the USB device.

bool UsbBulkRead (uint8_t *data, uint16_t length, uint32_t timeout)

Reads data from the USB device.

Variables

• static const uint16_t openBltVendorld = 0x1D50

Vendor ID of the OpenBLT bootloader as assigned by the OpenMoko project.

static const uint16_t openBltProductId = 0x60AC

Product ID of the OpenBLT bootloader as assigned by the OpenMoko project.

• static libusb_context * libUsbCtx

LibUsb context.

• static libusb device handle * libUsbDevHandle

LibUsb device handle.

• static uint8_t readDataBuffer [USBBULK_READ_DATA_BUFFER_SIZE]

Internal endpoint read buffer. With LibUsb endpoint read operations should always be attempted with the size of the endpoint buffer on the USB device itself.

static uint8_t readDataPending

Variable that holds the number of bytes that were read from the endpoint, but were not yet retrieved from this module via UsbBulkRead().

static uint8 t readDataCurrentReadIdx

Index into the endpoint read buffer (readDataBuffer[]) that point to the next byte value that should be read.

7.29.1 Detailed Description

USB bulk driver source file.

7.29.2 Function Documentation

7.29.2.1 UsbBulkOpen()

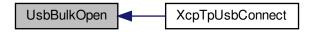
Opens the connection with the USB device.

Returns

True if successful, false otherwise.

Referenced by XcpTpUsbConnect().

Here is the caller graph for this function:



7.29.2.2 UsbBulkRead()

Reads data from the USB device.

Parameters

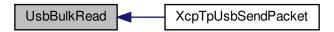
data	Pointer to byte array where received data should be stored.	
length	length Number of bytes to read from the USB device.	
timeout	Timeout in milliseconds for the read operation.	

Returns

True if successful, false otherwise.

Referenced by XcpTpUsbSendPacket().

Here is the caller graph for this function:



7.29.2.3 UsbBulkWrite()

Writes data to the USB device.

Parameters

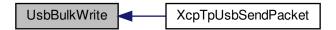
data	Pointer to byte array with data to write.
length	Number of bytes in the data array.

Returns

True if successful, false otherwise.

Referenced by XcpTpUsbSendPacket().

Here is the caller graph for this function:

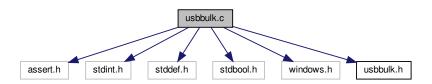


7.30 usbbulk.c File Reference

USB bulk driver source file.

```
#include <assert.h>
#include <stdint.h>
#include <stddef.h>
#include <stdbool.h>
#include <windows.h>
#include "usbbulk.h"
```

Include dependency graph for windows/usbbulk.c:



Functions

static void UsbBulkLibLoadDll (void)

Loads the USB bulk driver DLL and initializes the API function pointers.

static void UsbBulkLibUnloadDll (void)

Unloads the USB bulk driver DLL and resets the API function pointers.

static uint8_t UsbBulkLibFuncOpen (LPGUID guid)

Opens and configures the connection with the USB bulk device.

• static void UsbBulkLibFuncClose (void)

Closes the connection with the USB bulk device and frees all the related handles.

static uint8_t <u>UsbBulkLibFuncTransmit</u> (uint8_t *data, uint16_t len)

Starts transmission of the data on the bulk OUT pipe. Because USB bulk transmissions are quick, this function does not use the overlapped functionality, which means the caller is blocked until the transmission completed.

• static uint8 t UsbBulkLibFuncReceive (uint8 t *data, uint16 t len, uint32 t timeout)

Starts the asynchronous reception of the data from the bulk IN pipe. This function makes use of the overlapped functionality, which means the calling thread is placed into sleep mode until the reception is complete.

void UsbBulkInit (void)

Initializes the USB bulk driver.

· void UsbBulkTerminate (void)

Terminates the USB bulk driver.

bool UsbBulkOpen (void)

Opens the connection with the USB device.

void UsbBulkClose (void)

Closes the connection with the USB device.

bool UsbBulkWrite (uint8_t const *data, uint16_t length)

Writes data to the USB device.

• bool UsbBulkRead (uint8 t *data, uint16 t length, uint32 t timeout)

Reads data from the USB device.

Variables

• static HINSTANCE usbBulkLibDllHandle

Handle to the USB bulk driver dynamic link library.

• static tUsbBulkLibFuncOpen usbBulkLibFuncOpenPtr

Function pointer to the USB bulk driver library Open function.

• static tUsbBulkLibFuncClose usbBulkLibFuncClosePtr

Function pointer to the USB bulk driver library Close function.

static tUsbBulkLibFuncTransmit usbBulkLibFuncTransmitPtr

Function pointer to the USB bulk driver library Transmit function.

• static tUsbBulkLibFuncReceive usbBulkLibFuncReceivePtr

Function pointer to the USB bulk driver library Receive function.

7.30.1 Detailed Description

USB bulk driver source file.

7.30.2 Function Documentation

7.30.2.1 UsbBulkLibFuncOpen()

Opens and configures the connection with the USB bulk device.

Parameters

guid Pointer to GUID of the USB bulk device as found in the driver's INF-file.

Returns

UBL_OKAY if successful, UBL_ERROR otherwise.

Referenced by UsbBulkOpen().

Here is the caller graph for this function:



7.30.2.2 UsbBulkLibFuncReceive()

Starts the asynchronous reception of the data from the bulk IN pipe. This function makes use of the overlapped functionality, which means the calling thread is placed into sleep mode until the reception is complete.

Parameters

data	Pointer to byte array where the data will be stored.
len	Number of bytes to receive.
timeout	Maximum time in milliseconds for the read to complete.

Returns

UBL_OKAY if successful, UBL_TIMEOUT if failure due to timeout or UBL_ERROR otherwise.

Referenced by UsbBulkRead().

Here is the caller graph for this function:



7.30.2.3 UsbBulkLibFuncTransmit()

Starts transmission of the data on the bulk OUT pipe. Because USB bulk transmissions are quick, this function does not use the overlapped functionality, which means the caller is blocked until the transmission completed.

Parameters

data	Pointer to byte array with transmit data.
len	Number of bytes to transmit.

Returns

UBL_OKAY if successful, UBL_ERROR otherwise.

Referenced by UsbBulkWrite().

Here is the caller graph for this function:



7.30.2.4 UsbBulkOpen()

```
bool UsbBulkOpen (
     void )
```

Opens the connection with the USB device.

Returns

True if successful, false otherwise.

7.30.2.5 UsbBulkRead()

Reads data from the USB device.

Parameters

data	Pointer to byte array where received data should be stored.
length	Number of bytes to read from the USB device.
timeout	Timeout in milliseconds for the read operation.

Returns

True if successful, false otherwise.

7.30.2.6 UsbBulkWrite()

Writes data to the USB device.

Parameters

data	Pointer to byte array with data to write.
length	Number of bytes in the data array.

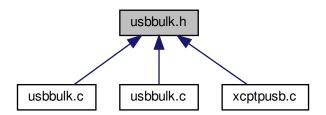
Returns

True if successful, false otherwise.

7.31 usbbulk.h File Reference

USB bulk driver header file.

This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



Functions

- void UsbBulkInit (void)
 Initializes the USB bulk driver.
- void UsbBulkTerminate (void)

Terminates the USB bulk driver.

• bool UsbBulkOpen (void)

Opens the connection with the USB device.

void UsbBulkClose (void)

Closes the connection with the USB device.

bool UsbBulkWrite (uint8_t const *data, uint16_t length)

Writes data to the USB device.

• bool UsbBulkRead (uint8_t *data, uint16_t length, uint32_t timeout)

Reads data from the USB device.

7.31.1 Detailed Description

USB bulk driver header file.

7.31.2 Function Documentation

7.31.2.1 UsbBulkOpen()

Opens the connection with the USB device.

Returns

True if successful, false otherwise.

Referenced by XcpTpUsbConnect().

Here is the caller graph for this function:



7.31.2.2 UsbBulkRead()

Reads data from the USB device.

Parameters

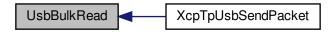
data	Pointer to byte array where received data should be stored.
length	Number of bytes to read from the USB device.
timeout	Timeout in milliseconds for the read operation.

Returns

True if successful, false otherwise.

Referenced by XcpTpUsbSendPacket().

Here is the caller graph for this function:



7.31.2.3 UsbBulkWrite()

Writes data to the USB device.

Parameters

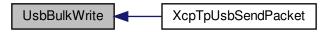
data	Pointer to byte array with data to write.
length	Number of bytes in the data array.

Returns

True if successful, false otherwise.

Referenced by XcpTpUsbSendPacket().

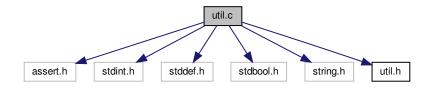
Here is the caller graph for this function:



7.32 util.c File Reference

Utility module source file.

```
#include <assert.h>
#include <stdint.h>
#include <stddef.h>
#include <stdbool.h>
#include <string.h>
#include "util.h"
#include "aes256.h"
Include dependency graph for util.c:
```



Functions

- uint16_t UtilChecksumCrc16Calculate (uint8_t const *data, uint32_t len)
 - Calculates a 16-bit CRC value over the specified data using byte wise computation with a table.
- uint32_t UtilChecksumCrc32Calculate (uint8_t const *data, uint32_t len)
 - Calculates a 32-bit CRC value over the specified data using byte wise computation with a table.
- bool UtilFileExtractFilename (char const *fullFilename, char *filenameBuffer)
 - Extracts the filename including extention from the specified full filename, which could possible include a path. The function can handle both the backslash and forward slash path delimiter, to make it crossplatform.
- bool UtilCryptoAes256Encrypt (uint8_t *data, uint32_t len, uint8_t const *key)
 - Encrypts the len-bytes in the specified data-array, using the specified 256-bit (32 bytes) key. The results are written back into the same array.
- bool UtilCryptoAes256Decrypt (uint8_t *data, uint32_t len, uint8_t const *key)
 - Decrypts the len-bytes in the specified data-array, using the specified 256- bit (32 bytes) key. The results are written back into the same array.

7.32 util.c File Reference 185

Variables

• static const uint16_t utilChecksumCrc16Table [256]

Lookup table for calculating a 16-bit CRC checksum. It was generated using an initial value of 0 and a polynomial of 0x8005.

• static const uint32_t utilChecksumCrc32Table [256]

Lookup table for calculating a 32-bit CRC checksum. It was generated using an initial value of 0 and a polynomial of 0x04C11DB7.

7.32.1 Detailed Description

Utility module source file.

7.32.2 Function Documentation

7.32.2.1 UtilChecksumCrc16Calculate()

Calculates a 16-bit CRC value over the specified data using byte wise computation with a table.

Parameters

data	Array with bytes over which the CRC16 should be calculated.
len	Number of bytes in the data array.

Returns

The 16-bit CRC value.

7.32.2.2 UtilChecksumCrc32Calculate()

Calculates a 32-bit CRC value over the specified data using byte wise computation with a table.

Parameters

data	Array with bytes over which the CRC32 should be calculated.
len	Number of bytes in the data array.

Returns

The 32-bit CRC value.

7.32.2.3 UtilCryptoAes256Decrypt()

Decrypts the len-bytes in the specified data-array, using the specified 256- bit (32 bytes) key. The results are written back into the same array.

Parameters

data	Pointer to the byte array with data to decrypt. The decrypted bytes are stored in the same array.
len	The number of bytes in the data-array to decrypt. It must be a multiple of 16, as this is the AES256 minimal block size.
key	The 256-bit decryption key as a array of 32 bytes.

Returns

True if successful, false otherwise.

7.32.2.4 UtilCryptoAes256Encrypt()

Encrypts the len-bytes in the specified data-array, using the specified 256-bit (32 bytes) key. The results are written back into the same array.

Parameters

data	Pointer to the byte array with data to encrypt. The encrypted bytes are stored in the same array.
len	The number of bytes in the data-array to encrypt. It must be a multiple of 16, as this is the AES256
	minimal block size.
key	The 256-bit encryption key as a array of 32 bytes.

Returns

True if successful, false otherwise.

7.33 util.h File Reference 187

7.32.2.5 UtilFileExtractFilename()

Extracts the filename including extention from the specified full filename, which could possible include a path. The function can handle both the backslash and forward slash path delimiter, to make it crossplatform.

Parameters

fullFilename	The filename with path possible included.
filenameBuffer	Pointer to the character array where the resulting filename should be stored.

Returns

True if successful, false otherwise.

Referenced by SRecParserSaveToFile().

Here is the caller graph for this function:



7.33 util.h File Reference

Utility module header file.

This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



Functions

- uint16_t UtilChecksumCrc16Calculate (uint8_t const *data, uint32_t len)
 Calculates a 16-bit CRC value over the specified data using byte wise computation with a table.
- uint32_t UtilChecksumCrc32Calculate (uint8_t const *data, uint32_t len)
 Calculates a 32-bit CRC value over the specified data using byte wise computation with a table.

• bool UtilFileExtractFilename (char const *fullFilename, char *filenameBuffer)

Extracts the filename including extention from the specified full filename, which could possible include a path. The function can handle both the backslash and forward slash path delimiter, to make it crossplatform.

uint32 t UtilTimeGetSystemTimeMs (void)

Get the system time in milliseconds.

void UtilTimeDelayMs (uint16_t delay)

Performs a delay of the specified amount of milliseconds.

void UtilCriticalSectionInit (void)

Initializes the critical section module. Should be called before the Enter/Exit functions are used. It is okay to call this initialization multiple times from different modules.

void UtilCriticalSectionTerminate (void)

Terminates the critical section module. Should be called once critical sections are no longer needed. Typically called from another module's termination function that also initialized it. It is okay to call this termination multiple times from different modules.

void UtilCriticalSectionEnter (void)

Enters a critical section. The functions UtilCriticalSectionEnter and UtilCriticalSectionExit should always be used in a pair.

void UtilCriticalSectionExit (void)

Leaves a critical section. The functions UtilCriticalSectionEnter and UtilCriticalSectionExit should always be used in a pair.

bool UtilCryptoAes256Encrypt (uint8_t *data, uint32_t len, uint8_t const *key)

Encrypts the len-bytes in the specified data-array, using the specified 256-bit (32 bytes) key. The results are written back into the same array.

bool UtilCryptoAes256Decrypt (uint8_t *data, uint32_t len, uint8_t const *key)

Decrypts the len-bytes in the specified data-array, using the specified 256- bit (32 bytes) key. The results are written back into the same array.

7.33.1 Detailed Description

Utility module header file.

7.33.2 Function Documentation

7.33.2.1 UtilChecksumCrc16Calculate()

Calculates a 16-bit CRC value over the specified data using byte wise computation with a table.

Parameters

data	Array with bytes over which the CRC16 should be calculated.
len Number of bytes in the data array.	

7.33 util.h File Reference

Returns

The 16-bit CRC value.

7.33.2.2 UtilChecksumCrc32Calculate()

Calculates a 32-bit CRC value over the specified data using byte wise computation with a table.

Parameters

data	Array with bytes over which the CRC32 should be calculated.
len	Number of bytes in the data array.

Returns

The 32-bit CRC value.

7.33.2.3 UtilCryptoAes256Decrypt()

Decrypts the len-bytes in the specified data-array, using the specified 256- bit (32 bytes) key. The results are written back into the same array.

Parameters

data	Pointer to the byte array with data to decrypt. The decrypted bytes are stored in the same array.	
len	The number of bytes in the data-array to decrypt. It must be a multiple of 16, as this is the AES256	
	minimal block size.	
key	The 256-bit decryption key as a array of 32 bytes.	

Returns

True if successful, false otherwise.

7.33.2.4 UtilCryptoAes256Encrypt()

Encrypts the len-bytes in the specified data-array, using the specified 256-bit (32 bytes) key. The results are written back into the same array.

Parameters

data Pointer to the byte array with data to encrypt. The encrypted bytes are stored in the same alen The number of bytes in the data-array to encrypt. It must be a multiple of 16, as this is the A		
key	The 256-bit encryption key as a array of 32 bytes.	

Returns

True if successful, false otherwise.

7.33.2.5 UtilFileExtractFilename()

Extracts the filename including extention from the specified full filename, which could possible include a path. The function can handle both the backslash and forward slash path delimiter, to make it crossplatform.

Parameters

fullFilename	The filename with path possible included.]
filenameBuffer	Pointer to the character array where the resulting filename should be stored.	

7.33 util.h File Reference

Returns

True if successful, false otherwise.

Referenced by SRecParserSaveToFile().

Here is the caller graph for this function:



7.33.2.6 UtilTimeDelayMs()

Performs a delay of the specified amount of milliseconds.

Parameters

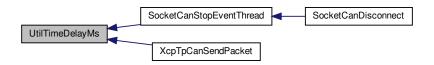
delay	Delay time in milliseconds.
delay	Delay time in milliseconds.

Returns

none.

 $Referenced\ by\ Socket CanStop Event Thread (),\ and\ Xcp Tp CanSend Packet ().$

Here is the caller graph for this function:



7.33.2.7 UtilTimeGetSystemTimeMs()

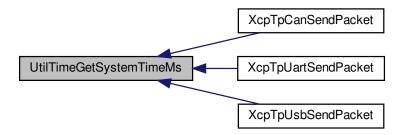
Get the system time in milliseconds.

Returns

Time in milliseconds.

Referenced by XcpTpCanSendPacket(), XcpTpUartSendPacket(), and XcpTpUsbSendPacket().

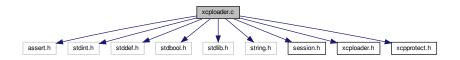
Here is the caller graph for this function:



7.34 xcploader.c File Reference

XCP Loader module source file.

```
#include <assert.h>
#include <stdint.h>
#include <stddef.h>
#include <stdbool.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <string.h>
#include "session.h"
#include "xcploader.h"
#include dependency graph for xcploader.c:
```



Macros

- #define XCPLOADER_CMD_CONNECT (0xFFu)
- #define XCPLOADER CMD GET STATUS (0xFDu)
- #define XCPLOADER CMD GET SEED (0xF8u)
- #define XCPLOADER_CMD_UNLOCK (0xF7u)
- #define XCPLOADER CMD SET MTA (0xF6u)
- #define XCPLOADER_CMD_UPLOAD (0xF5u)
- #define XCPLOADER_CMD_PROGRAM_START (0xD2u)
- #define XCPLOADER CMD PROGRAM CLEAR (0xD1u)
- #define XCPLOADER CMD PROGRAM (0xD0u)
- #define XCPLOADER CMD PROGRAM RESET (0xCFu)
- #define XCPLOADER_CMD_PROGRAM_MAX (0xC9u)
- #define XCPLOADER_CMD_PID_RES (0xFFu)
- #define XCPLOADER CONNECT RETRIES (5u)

Number of retries to connect to the XCP slave.

Functions

• static void XcpLoaderInit (void const *settings)

Initializes the protocol module.

static void XcpLoaderTerminate (void)

Terminates the protocol module.

static bool XcpLoaderStart (void)

Starts the firmware update session. This is where the connection with the target is made and the bootloader on the target is activated.

static void XcpLoaderStop (void)

Stops the firmware update. This is where the bootloader starts the user program on the target if a valid one is present. After this the connection with the target is severed.

static bool XcpLoaderClearMemory (uint32_t address, uint32_t len)

Requests the bootloader to erase the specified range of memory on the target. The bootloader aligns this range to hardware specified erase blocks.

static bool XcpLoaderWriteData (uint32_t address, uint32_t len, uint8_t const *data)

Requests the bootloader to program the specified data to memory. In case of non-volatile memory, the application needs to make sure the memory range was erased beforehand.

• static bool XcpLoaderReadData (uint32_t address, uint32_t len, uint8_t *data)

Request the bootloader to upload the specified range of memory. The data is stored in the data byte array to which the pointer was specified.

• static void XcpLoaderSetOrderedLong (uint32_t value, uint8_t *data)

Stores a 32-bit value into a byte buffer taking into account Intel or Motorola byte ordering.

static uint16_t XcpLoaderGetOrderedWord (uint8_t const *data)

Obtains a 16-bit value from a byte buffer taking into account Intel or Motorola byte ordering.

static bool XcpLoaderSendCmdConnect (void)

Sends the XCP Connect command.

static bool XcpLoaderSendCmdGetStatus (uint8_t *session, uint8_t *protectedResources, uint16_t *config←ld)

Sends the XCP Get Status command. Note that it is okay to specify a NULL value for the parameters if you are not interested in a particular one.

- $\bullet \ \ static\ bool\ XcpLoaderSendCmdGetSeed\ (uint8_t\ resource,\ uint8_t\ mode,\ uint8_t\ *seed,\ uint8_t\ *seedLen)$
 - Sends the XCP Get Seed command.
- static bool XcpLoaderSendCmdUnlock (uint8_t const *key, uint8_t keyLen, uint8_t *protectedResources)

Sends the XCP Unlock command.

static bool XcpLoaderSendCmdSetMta (uint32_t address)

Sends the XCP Set MTA command.

• static bool XcpLoaderSendCmdUpload (uint8_t *data, uint8_t length)

Sends the XCP UPLOAD command.

static bool XcpLoaderSendCmdProgramStart (void)

Sends the XCP PROGRAM START command.

static bool XcpLoaderSendCmdProgramReset (void)

Sends the XCP PROGRAM RESET command. Note that this command is a bit different as in it does not require a response.

static bool XcpLoaderSendCmdProgram (uint8_t length, uint8_t const *data)

Sends the XCP PROGRAM command.

static bool XcpLoaderSendCmdProgramMax (uint8_t const *data)

Sends the XCP PROGRAM MAX command.

static bool XcpLoaderSendCmdProgramClear (uint32 t length)

Sends the XCP PROGRAM CLEAR command.

tSessionProtocol const * XcpLoaderGetProtocol (void)

Obtains a pointer to the protocol structure, so that it can be linked to the communication session module.

Variables

• static const tSessionProtocol xcpLoader

Protocol structure filled with XCP loader specifics.

static tXcpLoaderSettings xcpSettings

The settings that should be used by the XCP loader.

static bool xcpConnected

Flag to keep track of the connection status.

static bool xcpSlaveIsIntel

Store the byte ordering of the XCP slave.

static uint8_t xcpMaxCto

The max number of bytes in the command transmit object (master->slave).

static uint8_t xcpMaxProgCto

The max number of bytes in the command transmit object (master->slave) during a programming session.

static uint16_t xcpMaxDto

The max number of bytes in the data transmit object (slave-> master).

7.34.1 Detailed Description

XCP Loader module source file.

7.34.2 Macro Definition Documentation

7.34.2.1 XCPLOADER_CMD_CONNECT

#define XCPLOADER_CMD_CONNECT (0xFFu)

XCP connect command code.

Referenced by XcpLoaderSendCmdConnect().

7.34.2.2 XCPLOADER_CMD_GET_SEED

#define XCPLOADER_CMD_GET_SEED (0xF8u)

XCP get seed command code.

Referenced by XcpLoaderSendCmdGetSeed().

7.34.2.3 XCPLOADER_CMD_GET_STATUS

#define XCPLOADER_CMD_GET_STATUS (0xFDu)

XCP get status command code.

Referenced by XcpLoaderSendCmdGetStatus().

7.34.2.4 XCPLOADER_CMD_PID_RES

#define XCPLOADER_CMD_PID_RES (0xFFu)

positive response

Referenced by XcpLoaderSendCmdConnect(), XcpLoaderSendCmdGetSeed(), XcpLoaderSendCmdGetStatus(), XcpLoaderSendCmdProgram(), XcpLoaderSendCmdProgramClear(), XcpLoaderSendCmdProgramMax(), Xcp \leftarrow LoaderSendCmdProgramReset(), XcpLoaderSendCmdProgramStart(), XcpLoaderSendCmdSetMta(), Xcp \leftarrow LoaderSendCmdUnlock(), and XcpLoaderSendCmdUpload().

7.34.2.5 XCPLOADER_CMD_PROGRAM

#define XCPLOADER_CMD_PROGRAM (0xD0u)

XCP program command code.

Referenced by XcpLoaderSendCmdProgram().

7.34.2.6 XCPLOADER_CMD_PROGRAM_CLEAR

#define XCPLOADER_CMD_PROGRAM_CLEAR (0xD1u)

XCP program clear command code.

Referenced by XcpLoaderSendCmdProgramClear().

7.34.2.7 XCPLOADER_CMD_PROGRAM_MAX

#define XCPLOADER_CMD_PROGRAM_MAX (0xC9u)

XCP program max command code.

Referenced by XcpLoaderSendCmdProgramMax().

7.34.2.8 XCPLOADER_CMD_PROGRAM_RESET

#define XCPLOADER_CMD_PROGRAM_RESET (0xCFu)

XCP program reset command code.

Referenced by XcpLoaderSendCmdProgramReset().

7.34.2.9 XCPLOADER_CMD_PROGRAM_START

#define XCPLOADER_CMD_PROGRAM_START (0xD2u)

XCP program start command code.

Referenced by XcpLoaderSendCmdProgramStart().

7.34.2.10 XCPLOADER_CMD_SET_MTA

#define XCPLOADER_CMD_SET_MTA (0xF6u)

XCP set mta command code.

Referenced by XcpLoaderSendCmdSetMta().

7.34.2.11 XCPLOADER_CMD_UNLOCK

#define XCPLOADER_CMD_UNLOCK (0xF7u)

XCP unlock command code.

Referenced by XcpLoaderSendCmdUnlock().

7.34.2.12 XCPLOADER_CMD_UPLOAD

```
#define XCPLOADER_CMD_UPLOAD (0xF5u)
```

XCP upload command code.

Referenced by XcpLoaderSendCmdUpload().

7.34.3 Function Documentation

7.34.3.1 XcpLoaderClearMemory()

Requests the bootloader to erase the specified range of memory on the target. The bootloader aligns this range to hardware specified erase blocks.

Parameters

address	The starting memory address for the erase operation.
len	The total number of bytes to erase from memory.

Returns

True if successful, false otherwise.

7.34.3.2 XcpLoaderGetOrderedWord()

Obtains a 16-bit value from a byte buffer taking into account Intel or Motorola byte ordering.

Parameters

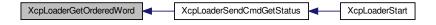
data	Array to the buffer with the word value stored as bytes.
------	----------------------------------------------------------

Returns

The 16-bit value.

Referenced by XcpLoaderSendCmdGetStatus().

Here is the caller graph for this function:



7.34.3.3 XcpLoaderGetProtocol()

Obtains a pointer to the protocol structure, so that it can be linked to the communication session module.

Returns

Pointer to protocol structure.

7.34.3.4 XcpLoaderInit()

Initializes the protocol module.

Parameters

settings Pointer to the structure with protocol settings.

7.34.3.5 XcpLoaderReadData()

Request the bootloader to upload the specified range of memory. The data is stored in the data byte array to which the pointer was specified.

Parameters

address The starting memory address for the read operation.		The starting memory address for the read operation.
	len	The number of bytes to upload from the target and store in the data buffer.
İ	data	Pointer to the byte array where the uploaded data should be stored.

Returns

True if successful, false otherwise.

7.34.3.6 XcpLoaderSendCmdConnect()

Sends the XCP Connect command.

Returns

True if successful, false otherwise.

 $Referenced\ by\ XcpLoaderStart().$

Here is the caller graph for this function:



7.34.3.7 XcpLoaderSendCmdGetSeed()

Sends the XCP Get Seed command.

Parameters

resource	The resource to unlock (XCPPROTECT_RESOURCE_xxx).	
mode	0 for the first part of the seed, 1 for the remaining part.	
seed	Pointer to byte array where the received seed is stored.	
seedLen	Length of the seed in bytes.	

Returns

True if successful, false otherwise.

Referenced by XcpLoaderStart().

Here is the caller graph for this function:



7.34.3.8 XcpLoaderSendCmdGetStatus()

Sends the XCP Get Status command. Note that it is okay to specify a NULL value for the parameters if you are not interested in a particular one.

Parameters

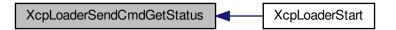
session	Current session status.
protectedResources	Current resource protection status.
configld	Session configuration identifier.

Returns

True if successful, false otherwise.

Referenced by XcpLoaderStart().

Here is the caller graph for this function:



7.34.3.9 XcpLoaderSendCmdProgram()

Sends the XCP PROGRAM command.

Parameters

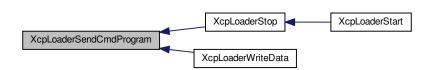
length	Number of bytes in the data array to program.
data	Array with data bytes to program.

Returns

True if successful, false otherwise.

 $Referenced\ by\ XcpLoaderStop(),\ and\ XcpLoaderWriteData().$

Here is the caller graph for this function:



7.34.3.10 XcpLoaderSendCmdProgramClear()

Sends the XCP PROGRAM CLEAR command.

Parameters

length Number of elements to clear starting at the MTA address.

Returns

True if successful, false otherwise.

Referenced by XcpLoaderClearMemory().

Here is the caller graph for this function:



7.34.3.11 XcpLoaderSendCmdProgramMax()

Sends the XCP PROGRAM MAX command.

Parameters

data	Array with data bytes to program.
------	-----------------------------------

Returns

True if successful, false otherwise.

Referenced by XcpLoaderWriteData().

Here is the caller graph for this function:



7.34.3.12 XcpLoaderSendCmdProgramReset()

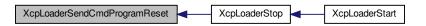
Sends the XCP PROGRAM RESET command. Note that this command is a bit different as in it does not require a response.

Returns

True if successful, false otherwise.

Referenced by XcpLoaderStop().

Here is the caller graph for this function:



7.34.3.13 XcpLoaderSendCmdProgramStart()

Sends the XCP PROGRAM START command.

Returns

True if successful, false otherwise.

Referenced by XcpLoaderStart().

Here is the caller graph for this function:



7.34.3.14 XcpLoaderSendCmdSetMta()

Sends the XCP Set MTA command.

Parameters

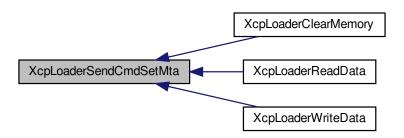
address New MTA address for the slave	Э.
---------------------------------------	----

Returns

True if successful, false otherwise.

 $Referenced\ by\ XcpLoader Clear Memory (),\ XcpLoader Read Data (),\ and\ XcpLoader Write Data ().$

Here is the caller graph for this function:



7.34.3.15 XcpLoaderSendCmdUnlock()

Sends the XCP Unlock command.

Parameters

key	Pointer to a byte array containing the key.
keyLen	The length of the key in bytes.
protectedResources	Current resource protection status.

Returns

True if successful, false otherwise.

Referenced by XcpLoaderStart().

Here is the caller graph for this function:



7.34.3.16 XcpLoaderSendCmdUpload()

Sends the XCP UPLOAD command.

Parameters

data	Destination data buffer.
length	Number of bytes to upload.

Returns

SB_TRUE is successfull, SB_FALSE otherwise.

Referenced by XcpLoaderReadData().

Here is the caller graph for this function:



7.34.3.17 XcpLoaderSetOrderedLong()

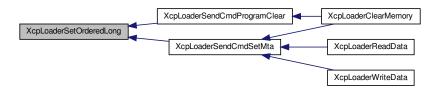
Stores a 32-bit value into a byte buffer taking into account Intel or Motorola byte ordering.

Parameters

value	The 32-bit value to store in the buffer.	
data	Array to the buffer for storage.	

Referenced by XcpLoaderSendCmdProgramClear(), and XcpLoaderSendCmdSetMta().

Here is the caller graph for this function:



7.34.3.18 XcpLoaderStart()

Starts the firmware update session. This is where the connection with the target is made and the bootloader on the target is activated.

Returns

True if successful, false otherwise.

7.34.3.19 XcpLoaderWriteData()

Requests the bootloader to program the specified data to memory. In case of non-volatile memory, the application needs to make sure the memory range was erased beforehand.

Parameters

address	The starting memory address for the write operation.	
len	The number of bytes in the data buffer that should be written.	
data	Pointer to the byte array with data to write.	

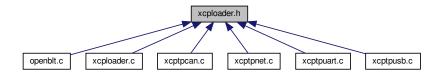
Returns

True if successful, false otherwise.

7.35 xcploader.h File Reference

XCP Loader module header file.

This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



Data Structures

- struct tXcpTransportPacket
 XCP transport layer packet type.
- struct tXcpTransport

XCP transport layer.

struct tXcpLoaderSettings

XCP protocol specific settings.

Macros

• #define XCPLOADER_PACKET_SIZE_MAX (255u)

Total number of bytes in a master<->slave data packet. It should be at least equal or larger than that configured on the slave.

Functions

tSessionProtocol const * XcpLoaderGetProtocol (void)

Obtains a pointer to the protocol structure, so that it can be linked to the communication session module.

7.35.1 Detailed Description

XCP Loader module header file.

7.35.2 Function Documentation

7.35.2.1 XcpLoaderGetProtocol()

Obtains a pointer to the protocol structure, so that it can be linked to the communication session module.

Returns

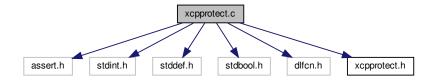
Pointer to protocol structure.

7.36 xcpprotect.c File Reference

XCP Protection module source file.

```
#include <assert.h>
#include <stdint.h>
#include <stddef.h>
#include <stdbool.h>
#include <dlfcn.h>
#include "xcpprotect.h"
```

Include dependency graph for linux/xcpprotect.c:



Functions

- void XcpProtectInit (char const *seedKeyFile)
 - Initializes the XCP protection module.
- void XcpProtectTerminate (void)

Terminates the XCP protection module.

bool XCPProtectComputeKeyFromSeed (uint8_t resource, uint8_t seedLen, uint8_t const *seedPtr, uint8_t *keyLenPtr, uint8_t *keyPtr)

Computes the key for the requested resource.

bool XcpProtectGetPrivileges (uint8 t *resourcePtr)

Obtains a bitmask of the resources for which an key algorithm is available.

Variables

static void * seedNKeyLibraryHandle

Handle to the dynamically loaded seed and key shared library. It can also be used as a flag to determine if the shared library was specified and success- fully loaded.

static tXcpProtectLibComputeKey xcpProtectLibComputeKey

Function pointer to the XCP ComputeKeyFromSeed shared library function.

static tXcpProtectLibGetPrivileges xcpProtectLibGetPrivileges

Function pointer to the XCP_GetAvailablePrivileges shared library function.

7.36.1 Detailed Description

XCP Protection module source file.

7.36.2 Function Documentation

7.36.2.1 XCPProtectComputeKeyFromSeed()

Computes the key for the requested resource.

Parameters

resource	resource for which the unlock key is requested
seedLen	length of the seed
seedPtr	pointer to the seed data
keyLenPtr	pointer where to store the key length
keyPtr	pointer where to store the key data

Returns

True if successful, false otherwise.

Referenced by XcpLoaderStart().

Here is the caller graph for this function:



7.36.2.2 XcpProtectGetPrivileges()

Obtains a bitmask of the resources for which an key algorithm is available.

Parameters

inter where to store the supported resources for the key computation.
ir

Returns

 ${\sf XCP_RESULT_OK} \ on \ success, \ otherwise \ {\sf XCP_RESULT_ERROR}.$

Referenced by XcpLoaderStart().

Here is the caller graph for this function:



7.36.2.3 XcpProtectInit()

Initializes the XCP protection module.

Parameters

Filename of the seed and key shared library that contains the following functions:
 XCP_ComputeKeyFromSeed()
XCP_GetAvailablePrivileges()

Referenced by XcpLoaderInit().

Here is the caller graph for this function:

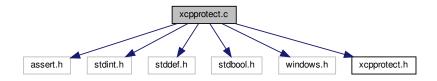


7.37 xcpprotect.c File Reference

XCP Protection module source file.

```
#include <assert.h>
#include <stdint.h>
#include <stddef.h>
#include <stdbool.h>
#include <windows.h>
#include "xcpprotect.h"
```

Include dependency graph for windows/xcpprotect.c:



Functions

void XcpProtectInit (char const *seedKeyFile)

Initializes the XCP protection module.

void XcpProtectTerminate (void)

Terminates the XCP protection module.

bool XCPProtectComputeKeyFromSeed (uint8_t resource, uint8_t seedLen, uint8_t const *seedPtr, uint8_t *keyLenPtr, uint8_t *keyPtr)

Computes the key for the requested resource.

bool XcpProtectGetPrivileges (uint8_t *resourcePtr)

Obtains a bitmask of the resources for which an key algorithm is available.

Variables

• static HINSTANCE seedNKeyLibraryHandle

Handle to the dynamically loaded seed and key shared library. It can also be used as a flag to determine if the shared library was specified and success- fully loaded.

static tXcpProtectLibComputeKey xcpProtectLibComputeKey

Function pointer to the XCP_ComputeKeyFromSeed shared library function.

• static tXcpProtectLibGetPrivileges xcpProtectLibGetPrivileges

Function pointer to the XCP_GetAvailablePrivileges shared library function.

7.37.1 Detailed Description

XCP Protection module source file.

7.37.2 Function Documentation

7.37.2.1 XCPProtectComputeKeyFromSeed()

Computes the key for the requested resource.

Parameters

resource	resource for which the unlock key is requested
seedLen	length of the seed
seedPtr	pointer to the seed data
keyLenPtr	pointer where to store the key length
keyPtr	pointer where to store the key data

Returns

True if successful, false otherwise.

7.37.2.2 XcpProtectGetPrivileges()

Obtains a bitmask of the resources for which an key algorithm is available.

Parameters

resourcePtr	pointer where to store the supported resources for the key computation.
-------------	-------------------------------------------------------------------------

Returns

XCP_RESULT_OK on success, otherwise XCP_RESULT_ERROR.

7.37.2.3 XcpProtectInit()

Initializes the XCP protection module.

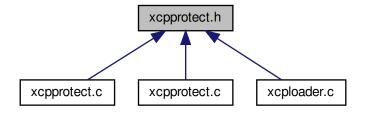
Parameters

seedKeyFile	Filename of the seed and key shared library that contains the following functions:
	XCP_ComputeKeyFromSeed()
	XCP_GetAvailablePrivileges()

7.38 xcpprotect.h File Reference

XCP Protection module header file.

This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



Macros

- #define XCPPROTECT_RESOURCE_PGM (0x10u)
- #define XCPPROTECT_RESOURCE_STIM (0x08u)
- #define XCPPROTECT_RESOURCE_DAQ (0x04u)
- #define XCPPROTECT_RESOURCE_CALPAG (0x01u)

Functions

• void XcpProtectInit (char const *seedKeyFile)

Initializes the XCP protection module.

void XcpProtectTerminate (void)

Terminates the XCP protection module.

bool XCPProtectComputeKeyFromSeed (uint8_t resource, uint8_t seedLen, uint8_t const *seedPtr, uint8_t *keyLenPtr, uint8_t *keyPtr)

Computes the key for the requested resource.

bool XcpProtectGetPrivileges (uint8_t *resourcePtr)

Obtains a bitmask of the resources for which an key algorithm is available.

7.38.1 Detailed Description

XCP Protection module header file.

7.38.2 Macro Definition Documentation

7.38.2.1 XCPPROTECT_RESOURCE_CALPAG

```
#define XCPPROTECT_RESOURCE_CALPAG (0x01u)
```

CALibration and PAGing resource.

Referenced by XcpLoaderSendCmdGetSeed().

7.38.2.2 XCPPROTECT_RESOURCE_DAQ

```
#define XCPPROTECT_RESOURCE_DAQ (0x04u)
```

Data AcQuisition resource.

Referenced by XcpLoaderSendCmdGetSeed().

7.38.2.3 XCPPROTECT_RESOURCE_PGM

```
#define XCPPROTECT_RESOURCE_PGM (0x10u)
```

ProGraMing resource.

Referenced by XcpLoaderSendCmdGetSeed(), and XcpLoaderStart().

7.38.2.4 XCPPROTECT_RESOURCE_STIM

```
#define XCPPROTECT_RESOURCE_STIM (0x08u)
```

data STIMulation resource.

Referenced by XcpLoaderSendCmdGetSeed().

7.38.3 Function Documentation

7.38.3.1 XCPProtectComputeKeyFromSeed()

Computes the key for the requested resource.

Parameters

resource	resource for which the unlock key is requested
seedLen	length of the seed
seedPtr	pointer to the seed data
keyLenPtr	pointer where to store the key length
keyPtr	pointer where to store the key data

Returns

True if successful, false otherwise.

Referenced by XcpLoaderStart().

Here is the caller graph for this function:



7.38.3.2 XcpProtectGetPrivileges()

Obtains a bitmask of the resources for which an key algorithm is available.

Parameters

|--|

Returns

 ${\sf XCP_RESULT_OK} \ on \ success, \ otherwise \ {\sf XCP_RESULT_ERROR}.$

Referenced by XcpLoaderStart().

Here is the caller graph for this function:



7.38.3.3 XcpProtectInit()

Initializes the XCP protection module.

Parameters

Filename of the seed and key shared library that contains the following functions:
XCP_ComputeKeyFromSeed()
XCP_GetAvailablePrivileges()

Referenced by XcpLoaderInit().

Here is the caller graph for this function:



7.39 xcptpcan.c File Reference

XCP CAN transport layer source file.

```
#include <assert.h>
#include <stdint.h>
#include <stddef.h>
```

```
#include <stdbool.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <string.h>
#include "session.h"
#include "xcploader.h"
#include "xcptpcan.h"
#include "util.h"
#include "candriver.h"
```

Include dependency graph for xcptpcan.c:



Functions

static void XcpTpCanInit (void const *settings)

Initializes the transport layer.

static void XcpTpCanTerminate (void)

Terminates the transport layer.

static bool XcpTpCanConnect (void)

Connects to the transport layer.

static void XcpTpCanDisconnect (void)

Disconnects from the transport layer.

static bool XcpTpCanSendPacket (tXcpTransportPacket const *txPacket, tXcpTransportPacket *rxPacket, uint16 t timeout)

Transmits an XCP packet on the transport layer and attempts to receive the response packet within the specified timeout.

static void XcpTpCanEventMessageTransmitted (tCanMsg const *msg)

CAN driver event callback function that gets called each time a CAN message was transmitted.

static void XcpTpCanEventMessageReceived (tCanMsg const *msg)

CAN driver event callback function that gets called each time a CAN message was received.

tXcpTransport const * XcpTpCanGetTransport (void)

Obtains a pointer to the transport layer structure, so that it can be linked to the XCP protocol module.

Variables

• static const tXcpTransport canTransport

XCP transport layer structure filled with CAN specifics.

static const tCanEvents canEvents

CAN driver event functions.

static tXcpTpCanSettings tpCanSettings

The settings to use in this transport layer.

static volatile bool tpCanResponseMessageReceived

Flag to indicate that a response packet was received via CAN. Made volatile because it is shared with an event callback function that could be called from a different thread.

• static volatile tCanMsg tpCanResponseMessage

Buffer for storing the CAN message with response packet data. Made volatile because it is shared with an event callback function that could be called from a different thread.

7.39.1 Detailed Description

XCP CAN transport layer source file.

7.39.2 Function Documentation

7.39.2.1 XcpTpCanConnect()

Connects to the transport layer.

Returns

True is connected, false otherwise.

7.39.2.2 XcpTpCanEventMessageReceived()

```
static void XcpTpCanEventMessageReceived ( {\tt tCanMsg\ const\ *\it msg\ }) \quad [{\tt static}]
```

CAN driver event callback function that gets called each time a CAN message was received.

Parameters

msg Pointer to the received CAN message.

7.39.2.3 XcpTpCanEventMessageTransmitted()

```
static void XcpTpCanEventMessageTransmitted ( {\tt tCanMsg~const~*~msg~)} \quad [{\tt static}]
```

CAN driver event callback function that gets called each time a CAN message was transmitted.

Parameters

msg Pointer to the transmitted CAN message.

7.39.2.4 XcpTpCanGetTransport()

Obtains a pointer to the transport layer structure, so that it can be linked to the XCP protocol module.

Returns

Pointer to transport layer structure.

7.39.2.5 XcpTpCanInit()

Initializes the transport layer.

Parameters

settings Pointer to settings structure	€.
----------------------------------------	----

Returns

None.

7.39.2.6 XcpTpCanSendPacket()

Transmits an XCP packet on the transport layer and attempts to receive the response packet within the specified timeout.

Parameters

txPacket	Pointer to the packet to transmit.
rxPacket	Pointer where the received packet info is stored.
timeout	Maximum time in milliseconds to wait for the reception of the response packet.

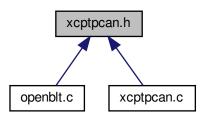
Returns

True is successful and a response packet was received, false otherwise.

7.40 xcptpcan.h File Reference

XCP CAN transport layer header file.

This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



Data Structures

• struct tXcpTpCanSettings

Layout of structure with settings specific to the XCP transport layer module for CAN.

Functions

tXcpTransport const * XcpTpCanGetTransport (void)
 Obtains a pointer to the transport layer structure, so that it can be linked to the XCP protocol module.

7.40.1 Detailed Description

XCP CAN transport layer header file.

7.40.2 Function Documentation

7.40.2.1 XcpTpCanGetTransport()

Obtains a pointer to the transport layer structure, so that it can be linked to the XCP protocol module.

Returns

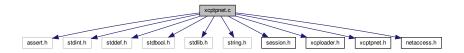
Pointer to transport layer structure.

7.41 xcptpnet.c File Reference

XCP TCP/IP transport layer source file.

```
#include <assert.h>
#include <stdint.h>
#include <stddef.h>
#include <stdbool.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <string.h>
#include "session.h"
#include "xcploader.h"
#include "xcptpnet.h"
#include "netaccess.h"
```

Include dependency graph for xcptpnet.c:



Functions

static void XcpTpNetInit (void const *settings)

Initializes the transport layer.

• static void XcpTpNetTerminate (void)

Terminates the transport layer.

static bool XcpTpNetConnect (void)

Connects to the transport layer.

static void XcpTpNetDisconnect (void)

Disconnects from the transport layer.

static bool XcpTpNetSendPacket (tXcpTransportPacket const *txPacket, tXcpTransportPacket *rxPacket, uint16_t timeout)

Transmits an XCP packet on the transport layer and attempts to receive the response packet within the specified timeout.

tXcpTransport const * XcpTpNetGetTransport (void)

Obtains a pointer to the transport layer structure, so that it can be linked to the XCP protocol module.

Variables

static const tXcpTransport netTransport

XCP transport layer structure filled with TCP/IP specifics.

• static tXcpTpNetSettings tpNetSettings

The settings to use in this transport layer.

static uint32_t tpNetCroCounter

Command receive object (CRO) counter. This counter starts at 1 with each new connection and is sent with each command packet. The counter gets incremented for each command packet, allowing the server to determine the correct order for the received commands.

7.41.1 Detailed Description

XCP TCP/IP transport layer source file.

7.41.2 Function Documentation

7.41.2.1 XcpTpNetConnect()

Connects to the transport layer.

Returns

True is connected, false otherwise.

7.41.2.2 XcpTpNetGetTransport()

Obtains a pointer to the transport layer structure, so that it can be linked to the XCP protocol module.

Returns

Pointer to transport layer structure.

7.41.2.3 XcpTpNetInit()

Initializes the transport layer.

Parameters

Returns

None.

7.41.2.4 XcpTpNetSendPacket()

Transmits an XCP packet on the transport layer and attempts to receive the response packet within the specified timeout.

Parameters

txPacket	Pointer to the packet to transmit.
rxPacket	Pointer where the received packet info is stored.
timeout	Maximum time in milliseconds to wait for the reception of the response packet.

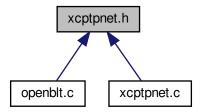
Returns

True is successful and a response packet was received, false otherwise.

7.42 xcptpnet.h File Reference

XCP TCP/IP transport layer header file.

This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



Data Structures

struct tXcpTpNetSettings

Layout of structure with settings specific to the XCP transport layer module for TCP/IP.

Functions

tXcpTransport const * XcpTpNetGetTransport (void)

Obtains a pointer to the transport layer structure, so that it can be linked to the XCP protocol module.

7.42.1 Detailed Description

XCP TCP/IP transport layer header file.

7.42.2 Function Documentation

7.42.2.1 XcpTpNetGetTransport()

Obtains a pointer to the transport layer structure, so that it can be linked to the XCP protocol module.

Returns

Pointer to transport layer structure.

7.43 xcptpuart.c File Reference

XCP UART transport layer source file.

```
#include <assert.h>
#include <stdint.h>
#include <stddef.h>
#include <stdbool.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <string.h>
#include "session.h"
#include "xcploader.h"
#include "xcptpuart.h"
#include "util.h"
#include "serialport.h"
```

Include dependency graph for xcptpuart.c:



Functions

static void XcpTpUartInit (void const *settings)

Initializes the transport layer.

static void XcpTpUartTerminate (void)

Terminates the transport layer.

static bool XcpTpUartConnect (void)

Connects to the transport layer.

static void XcpTpUartDisconnect (void)

Disconnects from the transport layer.

static bool XcpTpUartSendPacket (tXcpTransportPacket const *txPacket, tXcpTransportPacket *rxPacket, uint16_t timeout)

Transmits an XCP packet on the transport layer and attempts to receive the response packet within the specified timeout.

tXcpTransport const * XcpTpUartGetTransport (void)

Obtains a pointer to the transport layer structure, so that it can be linked to the XCP protocol module.

Variables

static const tXcpTransport uartTransport

XCP transport layer structure filled with UART specifics.

static tXcpTpUartSettings tpUartSettings

The settings to use in this transport layer.

7.43.1 Detailed Description

XCP UART transport layer source file.

7.43.2 Function Documentation

7.43.2.1 XcpTpUartConnect()

Connects to the transport layer.

Returns

True is connected, false otherwise.

7.43.2.2 XcpTpUartGetTransport()

Obtains a pointer to the transport layer structure, so that it can be linked to the XCP protocol module.

Returns

Pointer to transport layer structure.

7.43.2.3 XcpTpUartInit()

Initializes the transport layer.

Parameters

settings	Pointer to settings structure.
----------	--------------------------------

Returns

None.

7.43.2.4 XcpTpUartSendPacket()

Transmits an XCP packet on the transport layer and attempts to receive the response packet within the specified timeout.

Parameters

txPacket	Pointer to the packet to transmit.
rxPacket	Pointer where the received packet info is stored.
timeout	Maximum time in milliseconds to wait for the reception of the response packet.

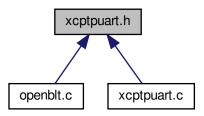
Returns

True is successful and a response packet was received, false otherwise.

7.44 xcptpuart.h File Reference

XCP UART transport layer header file.

This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



Data Structures

• struct tXcpTpUartSettings

Layout of structure with settings specific to the XCP transport layer module for UART.

Functions

tXcpTransport const * XcpTpUartGetTransport (void)
 Obtains a pointer to the transport layer structure, so that it can be linked to the XCP protocol module.

7.44.1 Detailed Description

XCP UART transport layer header file.

7.44.2 Function Documentation

7.44.2.1 XcpTpUartGetTransport()

Obtains a pointer to the transport layer structure, so that it can be linked to the XCP protocol module.

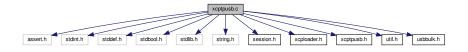
Returns

Pointer to transport layer structure.

7.45 xcptpusb.c File Reference

XCP USB transport layer source file.

```
#include <assert.h>
#include <stdint.h>
#include <stddef.h>
#include <stdbool.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include "session.h"
#include "xcploader.h"
#include "xcptpusb.h"
#include "util.h"
#include dependency graph for xcptpusb.c:
```



Functions

• static void XcpTpUsbInit (void const *settings)

Initializes the transport layer.

static void XcpTpUsbTerminate (void)

Terminates the transport layer.

• static bool XcpTpUsbConnect (void)

Connects to the transport layer.

static void XcpTpUsbDisconnect (void)

Disconnects from the transport layer.

static bool XcpTpUsbSendPacket (tXcpTransportPacket const *txPacket, tXcpTransportPacket *rxPacket, uint16_t timeout)

Transmits an XCP packet on the transport layer and attempts to receive the response packet within the specified timeout.

tXcpTransport const * XcpTpUsbGetTransport (void)

Obtains a pointer to the transport layer structure, so that it can be linked to the XCP protocol module.

Variables

static const tXcpTransport usbTransport

XCP transport layer structure filled with USB specifics.

7.45.1 Detailed Description

XCP USB transport layer source file.

7.45.2 Function Documentation

7.45.2.1 XcpTpUsbConnect()

Connects to the transport layer.

Returns

True is connected, false otherwise.

7.45.2.2 XcpTpUsbGetTransport()

Obtains a pointer to the transport layer structure, so that it can be linked to the XCP protocol module.

Returns

Pointer to transport layer structure.

7.45.2.3 XcpTpUsbInit()

Initializes the transport layer.

Parameters

settings Pointer to settings structure.	
-----------------------------------------	--

Returns

None.

7.45.2.4 XcpTpUsbSendPacket()

Transmits an XCP packet on the transport layer and attempts to receive the response packet within the specified timeout.

Parameters

txPacket	Pointer to the packet to transmit.
rxPacket	Pointer where the received packet info is stored.
timeout	Maximum time in milliseconds to wait for the reception of the response packet.

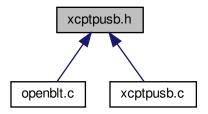
Returns

True is successful and a response packet was received, false otherwise.

7.46 xcptpusb.h File Reference

XCP USB transport layer header file.

This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



Functions

tXcpTransport const * XcpTpUsbGetTransport (void)

Obtains a pointer to the transport layer structure, so that it can be linked to the XCP protocol module.

7.46.1 Detailed Description

XCP USB transport layer header file.

7.46.2 Function Documentation

7.46.2.1 XcpTpUsbGetTransport()

Obtains a pointer to the transport layer structure, so that it can be linked to the XCP protocol module.

Returns

Pointer to transport layer structure.

7.47 xldriver.c File Reference

Vector XL driver interface source file.

```
#include <assert.h>
#include <stdint.h>
#include <stddef.h>
#include <stdbool.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <string.h>
#include "candriver.h"
#include "util.h"
#include "xldriver.h"
#include <windows.h>
#include <vxlapi.h>
```

Include dependency graph for xldriver.c:



Macros

• #define VECTOR_XL_RX_QUEUE_SIZE (4096u)

Internal driver queue size in CAN events.

Functions

static void VectorXIInit (tCanSettings const *settings)

Initializes the CAN interface.

static void VectorXITerminate (void)

Terminates the CAN interface.

static bool VectorXIConnect (void)

Connects the CAN interface.

static void VectorXIDisconnect (void)

Disconnects the CAN interface.

static bool VectorXITransmit (tCanMsg const *msg)

Submits a message for transmission on the CAN bus.

static bool VectorXIIsBusError (void)

Checks if a bus off or bus heavy situation occurred.

static void VectorXIRegisterEvents (tCanEvents const *events)

Registers the event callback functions that should be called by the CAN interface.

static uint32 t VectorXIConvertToRawBitrate (tCanBaudrate baudrate)

Converts the baudrate enumerated type value to a bitrate in bits/second.

static DWORD WINAPI VectorXIReceptionThread (LPVOID pv)

CAN event reception thread.

tCanInterface const * VectorXIGetInterface (void)

Obtains a pointer to the CAN interface structure, so that it can be linked to the generic CAN driver module.

Variables

static const tCanInterface pVectorXIInterface

CAN interface structure filled with Vector XL driver specifics.

· static tCanSettings vectorXISettings

The settings to use in this CAN interface.

static tCanEvents * vectorXIEventsList

List with callback functions that this driver should use.

static uint32_t vectorXIEventsEntries

Total number of event entries into the vectorXIEventsList list.

• static XLportHandle vectorXIPortHandle

The handle to the CAN port needed for API functions.

static XLaccess vectorXLChannelMask

The mask for the configured CAN channel.

static bool vectorXIDriverOpened

Boolean flag to track if the driver was opened or not.

· static bool vectorXIPortOpened

Boolean flag to track if the port was opened or not.

· static bool vectorXIChannelActivated

Boolean flag to track if the channel was activated or not.

static bool vectorXIBusErrorDetected

Boolean flag to detect if a CAN bus error state was detected.

static HANDLE vectorXITerminateEvent

Handle for the event to terminate the reception thread.

• static HANDLE vectorXICanEvent

Handle for a CAN related event.

static HANDLE vectorXIRxThreadHandle

Handle for the CAN reception thread.

7.47.1 Detailed Description

Vector XL driver interface source file.

7.47.2 Function Documentation

7.47.2.1 VectorXIConnect()

```
static bool VectorXlConnect ( void \quad ) \quad [static]
```

Connects the CAN interface.

Returns

True if connected, false otherwise.

7.47.2.2 VectorXIConvertToRawBitrate()

Converts the baudrate enumerated type value to a bitrate in bits/second.

Parameters

baudrate Baudrate enumarated type.

Returns

Bitrate in bits/second.

Referenced by VectorXIConnect().

Here is the caller graph for this function:



7.47.2.3 VectorXIGetInterface()

Obtains a pointer to the CAN interface structure, so that it can be linked to the generic CAN driver module.

Returns

Pointer to CAN interface structure.

Referenced by CanInit().

Here is the caller graph for this function:



7.47.2.4 VectorXIInit()

Initializes the CAN interface.

Parameters

settings	Pointer to the CAN interface settings.

7.47.2.5 VectorXIIsBusError()

Checks if a bus off or bus heavy situation occurred.

Returns

True if a bus error situation was detected, false otherwise.

7.47.2.6 VectorXIReceptionThread()

CAN event reception thread.

Parameters

pv Pointer to thread parameters.

Returns

Thread exit code.

Referenced by VectorXIConnect().

Here is the caller graph for this function:



7.47.2.7 VectorXIRegisterEvents()

Registers the event callback functions that should be called by the CAN interface.

Parameters

events Pointer to structure with event callback function pointers.

7.47.2.8 VectorXITransmit()

```
static bool VectorXlTransmit ( {\tt tCanMsg~const~*~msg~)} \quad [{\tt static}]
```

Submits a message for transmission on the CAN bus.

Parameters

msg Pointer to CAN message structure.

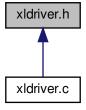
Returns

True if successful, false otherwise.

7.48 xldriver.h File Reference

Vector XL driver interface header file.

This graph shows which files directly or indirectly include this file:



Functions

• tCanInterface const * VectorXIGetInterface (void)

Obtains a pointer to the CAN interface structure, so that it can be linked to the generic CAN driver module.

7.48.1 Detailed Description

Vector XL driver interface header file.

7.48.2 Function Documentation

7.48.2.1 VectorXIGetInterface()

Obtains a pointer to the CAN interface structure, so that it can be linked to the generic CAN driver module.

Returns

Pointer to CAN interface structure.

Referenced by CanInit().

Here is the caller graph for this function:



Index

address	openblt.c, 114
tBltTransportSettingsXcpV10Net, 33	openblt.h, 124
tXcpTpNetSettings, 44	BltUtilCryptoAes256Decrypt
	openblt.c, 114
baudrate	openblt.h, 125
tBltTransportSettingsXcpV10Can, 31	BltUtilCryptoAes256Encrypt
tBltTransportSettingsXcpV10Rs232, 34	openblt.c, 115
tCanSettings, 37	openblt.h, 125
tXcpTpCanSettings, 43	BltUtilTimeDelayMs
tXcpTpUartSettings, 45	openblt.c, 115
BltFirmwareAddData	openblt.h, 126
openblt.c, 109	BltUtilTimeGetSystemTime
openblt.h, 119	openblt.c, 116
BltFirmwareGetSegment	openblt.h, 126
openblt.c, 109	BltVersionGetNumber
openblt.h, 120	openblt.c, 116
BltFirmwareGetSegmentCount	openblt.h, 126
openblt.c, 110	BltVersionGetString
openblt.h, 120	openblt.c, 116
BltFirmwareInit	openblt.h, 126
openblt.c, 110	openbit.ri, 126
openblt.h, 121	CAN driver, 11
BltFirmwareLoadFromFile	CAN MSG EXT ID MASK
openblt.c, 110	candriver.h, 54
•	CanConnect
openblt.h, 121	
BltFirmwareRemoveData	candriver.c, 50
openblt.c, 111	candriver.h, 55
openblt.h, 121	CanInit
BltFirmwareSaveToFile	candriver.c, 50
openblt.c, 111	candriver.h, 55
openblt.h, 122	CanlsBusError
BltSessionClearMemory	candriver.c, 51
openblt.c, 112	candriver.h, 56
openblt.h, 122	CanIsConnected
BltSessionInit	candriver.c, 51
openblt.c, 112	candriver.h, 56
openblt.h, 122	CanRegisterEvents
BltSessionReadData	candriver.c, 52
openblt.c, 113	candriver.h, 57
openblt.h, 123	CanTransmit
BltSessionStart	candriver.c, 52
openblt.c, 113	candriver.h, 57
openblt.h, 123	CanUsbCloseChannel
BltSessionWriteData	canusb.c, 60
openblt.c, 113	CanUsbConnect
openblt.h, 124	canusb.c, 60
BltUtilCrc16Calculate	CanUsbGetInterface
openblt.c, 114	canusb.c, 61
openblt.h, 124	canusb.h, 68
BltUtilCrc32Calculate	CanUsbInit

canusb.c, 61	tCanSettings, 37
CanUsbIsBusError	Communication Session Module, 22
canusb.c, 62	connectMode
CanUsbLibFuncClose	tBltSessionSettingsXcpV10, 29
canusb.c, 62	critutil.c, 68, 69
CanUsbLibFuncOpen	Citatii.5, 60, 65
•	data
canusb.c, 62 CanUsbLibFuncSetReceiveCallBack	tCanMsg, 35
	tXcpTransportPacket, 47
canusb.c, 63	device
CanUsbLibFuncStatus	tXcpTpCanSettings, 43
canusb.c, 64	deviceChannel
CanUsbLibFuncWrite	tBltTransportSettingsXcpV10Can, 31
canusb.c, 65	deviceName
CanUsbLibReceiveCallback	tBltTransportSettingsXcpV10Can, 32
canusb.c, 65	devicename
CanUsbOpenChannel	tCanSettings, 38
canusb.c, 66	dlc
CanUsbRegisterEvents	tCanMsg. 36
canusb.c, 66	Canivisg, 36
CanUsbTransmit	Firmware Data Module, 13
canusb.c, 67	firmware.c, 70
candriver.c, 49	FirmwareAddData, 72
CanConnect, 50	FirmwareCreateSegment, 72
CanInit, 50	
CanlsBusError, 51	FirmwareDeleteSegment, 74
CanIsConnected, 51	FirmwareGetFirstAddress, 74
CanRegisterEvents, 52	FirmwareGetLastAddress, 75
CanTransmit, 52	FirmwareGetSegment, 75
candriver.h, 53	FirmwareGetSegmentCount, 76
CAN_MSG_EXT_ID_MASK, 54	FirmwareInit, 76
CanConnect, 55	FirmwareLoadFromFile, 77
CanInit, 55	FirmwareRemoveData, 77
CanlsBusError, 56	FirmwareSaveToFile, 78
CanIsConnected, 56	FirmwareTrimSegment, 78
CanRegisterEvents, 57	firmware.h, 79
CanTransmit, 57	FirmwareAddData, 80
	FirmwareGetSegment, 81
tCanBaudrate, 55	FirmwareGetSegmentCount, 81
canusb.c, 58	FirmwareInit, 82
CanUsbCloseChannel, 60	FirmwareLoadFromFile, 82
CanUsbConnect, 60	FirmwareRemoveData, 83
CanUsbGetInterface, 61	FirmwareSaveToFile, 83
CanUsbInit, 61	FirmwareAddData
CanUsbIsBusError, 62	firmware.c, 72
CanUsbLibFuncClose, 62	firmware.h, 80
CanUsbLibFuncOpen, 62	FirmwareCreateSegment
CanUsbLibFuncSetReceiveCallBack, 63	firmware.c, 72
CanUsbLibFuncStatus, 64	FirmwareDeleteSegment
CanUsbLibFuncWrite, 65	firmware.c, 74
CanUsbLibReceiveCallback, 65	FirmwareGetFirstAddress
CanUsbOpenChannel, 66	firmware.c, 74
CanUsbRegisterEvents, 66	FirmwareGetLastAddress
CanUsbTransmit, 67	firmware.c, 75
canusb.h, 67	FirmwareGetSegment
CanUsbGetInterface, 68	firmware.c, 75
channel	firmware.h, 81
tCanSettings, 37	FirmwareGetSegmentCount
tXcpTpCanSettings, 43	firmware.c, 76
code	firmware.h, 81
	•

FirmwareInit	leaflight.c, 97
firmware.c, 76	LeafLightTransmit
firmware.h, 82	leaflight.c, 97
FirmwareLoadFromFile	leaflight.c, 84
firmware.c, 77	LeafLightConnect, 86
firmware.h, 82	LeafLightGetInterface, 87
FirmwareRemoveData	LeafLightInit, 87
firmware.c, 77	LeafLightIsBusError, 88
firmware.h, 83	LeafLightLibFuncBusOff, 88
FirmwareSaveToFile	LeafLightLibFuncBusOn, 88
firmware.c, 78	LeafLightLibFuncClose, 89
firmware.h, 83	LeafLightLibFuncloCtl, 90
FirmwareTrimSegment	LeafLightLibFuncOpenChannel, 91
firmware.c, 78	LeafLightLibFuncRead, 91
,	LeafLightLibFuncReadStatus, 92
Generic Utilities, 23	LeafLightLibFuncSetAcceptanceFilter, 93
	LeafLightLibFuncSetBusOutputControl, 93
id	LeafLightLibFuncSetBusParams, 94
tCanMsg, 36	LeafLightLibFuncUnloadLibrary, 95
	LeafLightLibFuncWrite, 95
Kvaser Leaf Light v2 interface, 17	LeafLightReceptionThread, 96
	LeafLightRegisterEvents, 97
Lawicel CANUSB interface, 18	LeafLightTransmit, 97
LeafLightConnect	leaflight.h, 98
leaflight.c, 86	LeafLightGetInterface, 98
LeafLightGetInterface	len
leaflight.c, 87	tXcpTransportPacket, 47
leaflight.h, 98	Library API, 15
LeafLightInit	Linux SocketCAN interface, 16
leaflight.c, 87	linux/netaccess.c
LeafLightIsBusError	NetAccessConnect, 100
leaflight.c, 88	NetAccessReceive, 100
LeafLightLibFuncBusOff	NetAccessSend, 100
leaflight.c, 88	linux/serialport.c
LeafLightLibFuncBusOn	•
leaflight.c, 88	SerialPortOpen, 139
LeafLightLibFuncClose	SerialPortRead, 139
leaflight.c, 89	SerialPortWrite, 140
LeafLightLibFuncloCtl	linux/timeutil.c
leaflight.c, 90	UtilTimeDelayMs, 170
LeafLightLibFuncOpenChannel	UtilTimeGetSystemTimeMs, 171
leaflight.c, 91	linux/usbbulk.c
LeafLightLibFuncRead	UsbBulkOpen, 174
leaflight.c, 91	UsbBulkRead, 175
LeafLightLibFuncReadStatus	UsbBulkWrite, 176
leaflight.c, 92	linux/xcpprotect.c
LeafLightLibFuncSetAcceptanceFilter	XCPProtectComputeKeyFromSeed, 209
leaflight.c, 93	XcpProtectGetPrivileges, 209
	XcpProtectInit, 210
LeafLightLibFuncSetBusOutputControl	
leaflight.c, 93	mask
LeafLightLibFuncSetBusParams	tCanSettings, 38
leaflight.c, 94	NetAssesson
LeafLightLibFuncUnloadLibrary	NetAccessConnect
leaflight.c, 95	linux/netaccess.c, 100
LeafLightLibFuncWrite	netaccess.h, 105
leaflight.c, 95	windows/netaccess.c, 102
LeafLightReceptionThread	NetAccessReceive
leaflight.c, 96	linux/netaccess.c, 100
LeafLightRegisterEvents	netaccess.h, 105

windows/netaccess.c, 102	PCanUsbInit
NetAccessSend	pcanusb.c, 130
linux/netaccess.c, 100	PCanUsbIsBusError
netaccess.h, 106	pcanusb.c, 130
windows/netaccess.c, 103	PCanUsbLibFuncFilterMessages
netaccess.c, 99, 101	pcanusb.c, 130
netaccess.h, 104	PCanUsbLibFuncGetStatus
NetAccessConnect, 105	pcanusb.c, 131
NetAccessReceive, 105	PCanUsbLibFuncInitialize
NetAccessSend, 106	pcanusb.c, 132
	PCanUsbLibFuncRead
openblt.c, 107	pcanusb.c, 132
BltFirmwareAddData, 109	PCanUsbLibFuncSetValue
BltFirmwareGetSegment, 109	pcanusb.c, 133
BltFirmwareGetSegmentCount, 110	PCanUsbLibFuncUninitialize
BltFirmwareInit, 110	pcanusb.c, 134
BltFirmwareLoadFromFile, 110	PCanUsbLibFuncWrite
BltFirmwareRemoveData, 111	pcanusb.c, 134
BltFirmwareSaveToFile, 111	PCanUsbReceptionThread
BltSessionClearMemory, 112	pcanusb.c, 135
BltSessionInit, 112	PCanUsbRegisterEvents
BltSessionReadData, 113	pcanusb.c, 136
BltSessionStart, 113	PCanUsbTransmit
BltSessionWriteData, 113	pcanusb.c, 136
BltUtilCrc16Calculate, 114	pcanusb.c, 127
BltUtilCrc32Calculate, 114	PCanUsbConnect, 129
BltUtilCryptoAes256Decrypt, 114	PCanUsbGetInterface, 129
BltUtilCryptoAes256Encrypt, 115	PCanUsbInit, 130
BltUtilTimeDelayMs, 115	PCanUsblsBusError, 130
BltUtilTimeGetSystemTime, 116	PCanUsbLibFuncFilterMessages, 130
BltVersionGetNumber, 116	PCanUsbLibFuncGetStatus, 131
BltVersionGetString, 116	PCanUsbLibFuncInitialize, 132
openblt.h, 117	PCanUsbLibFuncRead, 132
BltFirmwareCotSogmont 120	PCanUsbLibFuncSetValue, 133
BltFirmwareGetSegment, 120 BltFirmwareGetSegmentCount, 120	PCanUsbLibFuncUninitialize, 134
BltFirmwareInit, 121	PCanUsbLibFuncWrite, 134
BltFirmwareLoadFromFile, 121	PCanUsbReceptionThread, 135
BltFirmwareRemoveData, 121	PCanUsbRegisterEvents, 136
BltFirmwareSaveToFile, 122	PCanUsbTransmit, 136
BltSessionClearMemory, 122	pcanusb.h, 136
BltSessionInit, 122	PCANUSP interface, 137
BltSessionReadData, 123	Peak PCAN-USB interface, 19
BltSessionStart, 123	tPltTransportSottingsYon\/10Not_33
BltSessionWriteData, 124	tBltTransportSettingsXcpV10Net, 33 tXcpTpNetSettings, 45
BltUtilCrc16Calculate, 124	portName
BltUtilCrc32Calculate, 124	tBltTransportSettingsXcpV10Rs232, 34
BltUtilCryptoAes256Decrypt, 125	
BltUtilCryptoAes256Encrypt, 125	portname tXcpTpUartSettings, 45
BltUtilTimeDelayMs, 126	thepropositioettings, 40
BltUtilTimeGetSystemTime, 126	receiveld
BltVersionGetNumber, 126	tBltTransportSettingsXcpV10Can, 32
BltVersionGetString, 126	tXcpTpCanSettings, 43
5	· ·
PCanUsbConnect	SRecParserConstructLine
pcanusb.c, 129	srecparser.c, 164
PCanUsbGetInterface	SRecParserExtractLineData
pcanusb.c, 129	srecparser.c, 165
pcanusb.h, 137	SRecParserGetLineType

242222424242424	CoopieseChaut
srecparser.c, 165 SRecParserGetParser	SessionStart session.c, 151
srecparser.c, 166	session.h, 154
srecparser.h, 169	SessionWriteData
SRecParserHexStringToByte	session.c, 151
srecparser.c, 166	session.h, 154
SRecParserLoadFromFile	SocketCanConnect
srecparser.c, 167	socketcan.c, 156
SRecParserSaveToFile	socketCanErrorDetected
srecparser.c, 167	socketcan.c, 161
SRecParserVerifyChecksum	SocketCanEventThread
srecparser.c, 167	socketcan.c, 156
SRecParserVerifyFile	SocketCanGetInterface
srecparser.c, 168	socketcan.c, 158
seedKeyFile	socketcan.h, 162
tBltSessionSettingsXcpV10, 29	SocketCanInit
Serial port driver, 21	socketcan.c, 158
SerialConvertBaudrate	SocketCanIsBusError
windows/serialport.c, 142	socketcan.c, 159
SerialPortOpen	SocketCanRegisterEvents
linux/serialport.c, 139	socketcan.c, 159
serialport.h, 145	SocketCanStartEventThread
windows/serialport.c, 143	socketcan.c, 159
SerialPortRead	SocketCanStopEventThread
linux/serialport.c, 139	socketcan.c, 160
serialport.h, 147	SocketCanTransmit
windows/serialport.c, 143	socketcan.c, 160
SerialPortWrite	socketcan.c, 155
linux/serialport.c, 140	SocketCanConnect, 156
serialport.h, 148	socketCanErrorDetected, 161
windows/serialport.c, 144	SocketCanEventThread, 156
serialport.c, 138, 141	SocketCanGetInterface, 158
serialport.h, 144	SocketCanInit, 158
SerialPortOpen, 145	SocketCanlsBusError, 159
SerialPortRead, 147	SocketCanRegisterEvents, 159
SerialPortWrite, 148	SocketCanStartEventThread, 159
tSerialPortBaudrate, 145	SocketCanStopEventThread, 160
session.c, 149	SocketCanTransmit, 160
SessionClearMemory, 150	socketcan.h, 161
SessionInit, 150	SocketCanGetInterface, 162
SessionReadData, 150	srecparser.c, 162
SessionStart, 151	SRecParserConstructLine, 164
SessionWriteData, 151	SRecParserExtractLineData, 165
session.h, 152	SRecParserGetLineType, 165
SessionClearMemory, 153	SRecParserGetParser, 166
SessionInit, 153	SRecParserHexStringToByte, 166
SessionReadData, 153	SRecParserLoadFromFile, 167
SessionStart, 154	SRecParserSaveToFile, 167
SessionWriteData, 154	SRecParserVerifyChecksum, 167
SessionClearMemory	SRecParserVerifyFile, 168
session.c, 150	tSRecParserLineType, 163
session.h, 153	srecparser.h, 169 SRecParserGetParser, 169
SessionInit	SHECFAISEIGEIFAISEI, 109
session.c, 150	tBltSessionSettingsXcpV10, 29
session.h, 153	connectMode, 29
SessionReadData	seedKeyFile, 29
session.c, 150	timeoutT1, 30
session.h, 153	timeoutT3, 30

tion and TA OO	J-1- 47
timeoutT4, 30	data, 47
timeoutT5, 30	len, 47 terminate
timeoutT6, 30	
timeoutT7, 30	tSocketCanThreadCtrl, 40 terminated
tBltTransportSettingsXcpV10Can, 31	
baudrate, 31	tSocketCanThreadCtrl, 41
deviceChannel, 31	timeoutT1
deviceName, 32	tBltSessionSettingsXcpV10, 30
receiveld, 32	timeoutT3
transmitld, 32	tBltSessionSettingsXcpV10, 30
useExtended, 32	timeoutT4
tBltTransportSettingsXcpV10Net, 32	tBltSessionSettingsXcpV10, 30
address, 33	timeoutT5
port, 33	tBltSessionSettingsXcpV10, 30
tBltTransportSettingsXcpV10Rs232, 33	timeoutT6
baudrate, 34	tBltSessionSettingsXcpV10, 30
portName, 34	timeoutT7
TCP/IP Network Access, 14	tBltSessionSettingsXcpV10, 30
tCanBaudrate	timeutil.c, 170, 172
candriver.h, 55	transmitId
tCanEvents, 34	tBltTransportSettingsXcpV10Can, 32
tCanInterface, 34	tXcpTpCanSettings, 43
tCanMsg, 35	LIART BY BUEFFR OFF
data, 35	UART_RX_BUFFER_SIZE
dlc, 36	windows/serialport.c, 142
id, 36	UART_TX_BUFFER_SIZE
tCanSettings, 36	windows/serialport.c, 142
baudrate, 37	UsbBulkLibFuncOpen
	windows/usbbulk.c, 178
channel, 37	UsbBulkLibFuncReceive
code, 37	windows/usbbulk.c, 178
devicename, 38	UsbBulkLibFuncTransmit
mask, 38	windows/usbbulk.c, 179
tFirmwareParser, 38	UsbBulkOpen
tFirmwareSegment, 39	linux/usbbulk.c, 174
tSRecParserLineType	usbbulk.h, 182
srecparser.c, 163	windows/usbbulk.c, 180
tSerialPortBaudrate	UsbBulkRead
serialport.h, 145	linux/usbbulk.c, 175
tSessionProtocol, 39	usbbulk.h, 182
tSocketCanThreadCtrl, 40	windows/usbbulk.c, 180
terminate, 40	UsbBulkWrite
terminated, 41	linux/usbbulk.c, 176
tXcpLoaderSettings, 41	usbbulk.h, 183
tXcpTpCanSettings, 42	windows/usbbulk.c, 181
baudrate, 43	usbbulk.c, 173, 176
channel, 43	usbbulk.h, 181
device, 43	UsbBulkOpen, 182
receiveld, 43	UsbBulkRead, 182
transmitld, 43	UsbBulkWrite, 183
useExtended, 44	useExtended
tXcpTpNetSettings, 44	tBltTransportSettingsXcpV10Can, 32
address, 44	tXcpTpCanSettings, 44
port, 45	
•	util.c, 184
tXcpTpUartSettings, 45	UtilChecksumCrc16Calculate, 185
baudrate, 45	UtilChecksumCrc32Calculate, 185
portname, 45	UtilCryptoAes256Decrypt, 186
tXcpTransport, 46	UtilCryptoAes256Encrypt, 186
tXcpTransportPacket, 46	UtilFileExtractFilename, 186

util.h, 187	SerialPortWrite, 144
UtilChecksumCrc16Calculate, 188	UART_RX_BUFFER_SIZE, 142
UtilChecksumCrc32Calculate, 189	UART_TX_BUFFER_SIZE, 142
UtilCryptoAes256Decrypt, 189	windows/timeutil.c
UtilCryptoAes256Encrypt, 189	UtilTimeDelayMs, 172
UtilFileExtractFilename, 190	UtilTimeGetSystemTimeMs, 173
UtilTimeDelayMs, 191	windows/usbbulk.c
UtilTimeGetSystemTimeMs, 191	UsbBulkLibFuncOpen, 178
UtilChecksumCrc16Calculate	UsbBulkLibFuncReceive, 178
util.c, 185	UsbBulkLibFuncTransmit, 179
util.h, 188	UsbBulkOpen, 180
UtilChecksumCrc32Calculate	UsbBulkRead, 180
util.c, 185	UsbBulkWrite, 181
util.h, 189	windows/xcpprotect.c
UtilCryptoAes256Decrypt	XCPProtectComputeKeyFromSeed, 212
util.c, 186	XcpProtectGetPrivileges, 212
	•
util.h, 189	XcpProtectInit, 212
UtilCryptoAes256Encrypt	XCP CAN transport layer, 25
util.c, 186	• •
util.h, 189	XCP TCP/IP transport layer, 26
UtilFileExtractFilename	XCP UART transport layer, 27
util.c, 186	XCP USB transport layer, 28
util.h, 190	XCP version 1.0 protocol, 24
UtilTimeDelayMs	XCPLOADER_CMD_CONNECT
linux/timeutil.c, 170	xcploader.c, 194
util.h, 191	XCPLOADER_CMD_GET_SEED
windows/timeutil.c, 172	xcploader.c, 194
UtilTimeGetSystemTimeMs	XCPLOADER_CMD_GET_STATUS
	xcploader.c, 195
linux/timeutil.c, 171	XCPLOADER_CMD_PID_RES
util.h, 191	xcploader.c, 195
windows/timeutil.c, 173	XCPLOADER_CMD_PROGRAM_CLEAR
V - V D' - HOD - OAN' - (- 00	xcploader.c, 195
Vector XL Driver USB to CAN interface, 20	
VectorXIConnect	XCPLOADER_CMD_PROGRAM_MAX
xldriver.c, 233	xcploader.c, 195
VectorXIConvertToRawBitrate	XCPLOADER_CMD_PROGRAM_RESET
xldriver.c, 233	xcploader.c, 196
VectorXIGetInterface	XCPLOADER_CMD_PROGRAM_START
xldriver.c, 233	xcploader.c, 196
xldriver.h, 236	XCPLOADER_CMD_PROGRAM
VectorXIInit	xcploader.c, 195
xldriver.c, 234	XCPLOADER_CMD_SET_MTA
VectorXIIsBusError	xcploader.c, 196
xldriver.c, 234	XCPLOADER CMD UNLOCK
VectorXIReceptionThread	xcploader.c, 196
·	XCPLOADER_CMD_UPLOAD
xldriver.c, 234	xcploader.c, 196
VectorXIRegisterEvents	
xldriver.c, 235	XCPPROTECT_RESOURCE_CALPAG
VectorXITransmit	xcpprotect.h, 214
xldriver.c, 235	XCPPROTECT_RESOURCE_DAQ
	xcpprotect.h, 214
windows/netaccess.c	XCPPROTECT_RESOURCE_PGM
NetAccessConnect, 102	xcpprotect.h, 214
NetAccessReceive, 102	XCPPROTECT_RESOURCE_STIM
NetAccessSend, 103	xcpprotect.h, 214
windows/serialport.c	XCPProtectComputeKeyFromSeed
SerialConvertBaudrate, 142	linux/xcpprotect.c, 209
SerialPortOpen, 143	windows/xcpprotect.c, 212
SerialPortRead, 143	xcpprotect.h, 214
Geriali Orti teau, 143	λορρισι σ σι.π, Δ 1 4

XcpLoaderClearMemory	XcpTpCanSendPacket
xcploader.c, 197	xcptpcan.c, 219
XcpLoaderGetOrderedWord	XcpTpNetConnect
xcploader.c, 197	xcptpnet.c, 222
XcpLoaderGetProtocol	XcpTpNetGetTransport
xcploader.c, 198	xcptpnet.c, 222
xcploader.h, 207	xcptpnet.h, 224
XcpLoaderInit	XcpTpNetInit
xcploader.c, 198	xcptpnet.c, 222
XcpLoaderReadData	XcpTpNetSendPacket
xcploader.c, 198	xcptpnet.c, 223
XcpLoaderSendCmdConnect	XcpTpUartConnect
xcploader.c, 199	xcptpuart.c, 225
XcpLoaderSendCmdGetSeed	XcpTpUartGetTransport
xcploader.c, 199	xcptpuart.c, 225
XcpLoaderSendCmdGetStatus	xcptpuart.h, 227
xcploader.c, 200	XcpTpUartInit
XcpLoaderSendCmdProgram	xcptpuart.c, 226
xcploader.c, 201	XcpTpUartSendPacket
XcpLoaderSendCmdProgramClear	xcptpuart.c, 226
xcploader.c, 201	XcpTpUsbConnect
XcpLoaderSendCmdProgramMax	xcptpusb.c, 229
xcploader.c, 202	XcpTpUsbGetTransport
XcpLoaderSendCmdProgramReset	xcptpusb.c, 229
xcploader.c, 202	xcptpusb.h, 231
XcpLoaderSendCmdProgramStart	XcpTpUsbInit
xcploader.c, 203	xcptpusb.c, 229
XcpLoaderSendCmdSetMta	XcpTpUsbSendPacket
xcploader.c, 203	xcptpusb.c, 229
XcpLoaderSendCmdUnlock	xcploader.c, 192
xcploader.c, 204	XCPLOADER_CMD_CONNECT, 194
XcpLoaderSendCmdUpload	XCPLOADER_CMD_GET_SEED, 194
xcploader.c, 205	XCPLOADER_CMD_GET_STATUS, 195
XcpLoaderSetOrderedLong	XCPLOADER_CMD_PID_RES, 195
xcploader.c, 205	XCPLOADER_CMD_PROGRAM_CLEAR, 195
XcpLoaderStart	XCPLOADER_CMD_PROGRAM_MAX, 195
xcploader.c, 206	XCPLOADER_CMD_PROGRAM_RESET, 196
XcpLoaderWriteData	XCPLOADER_CMD_PROGRAM_START, 196
xcploader.c, 206	XCPLOADER_CMD_PROGRAM, 195
XcpProtectGetPrivileges	XCPLOADER_CMD_SET_MTA, 196
linux/xcpprotect.c, 209	XCPLOADER CMD UNLOCK, 196
	,
windows/xcpprotect.c, 212	XCPLOADER_CMD_UPLOAD, 196
xcpprotect.h, 215	XCPLOADER_CMD_UPLOAD, 196 XcpLoaderClearMemory, 197
xcpprotect.h, 215 XcpProtectInit	XCPLOADER_CMD_UPLOAD, 196 XcpLoaderClearMemory, 197 XcpLoaderGetOrderedWord, 197
xcpprotect.h, 215 XcpProtectInit linux/xcpprotect.c, 210	XCPLOADER_CMD_UPLOAD, 196 XcpLoaderClearMemory, 197 XcpLoaderGetOrderedWord, 197 XcpLoaderGetProtocol, 198
xcpprotect.h, 215 XcpProtectInit linux/xcpprotect.c, 210 windows/xcpprotect.c, 212	XCPLOADER_CMD_UPLOAD, 196 XcpLoaderClearMemory, 197 XcpLoaderGetOrderedWord, 197 XcpLoaderGetProtocol, 198 XcpLoaderInit, 198
xcpprotect.h, 215 XcpProtectInit linux/xcpprotect.c, 210 windows/xcpprotect.c, 212 xcpprotect.h, 216	XCPLOADER_CMD_UPLOAD, 196 XcpLoaderClearMemory, 197 XcpLoaderGetOrderedWord, 197 XcpLoaderGetProtocol, 198 XcpLoaderInit, 198 XcpLoaderReadData, 198
xcpprotect.h, 215 XcpProtectInit linux/xcpprotect.c, 210 windows/xcpprotect.c, 212 xcpprotect.h, 216 XcpTpCanConnect	XCPLOADER_CMD_UPLOAD, 196 XcpLoaderClearMemory, 197 XcpLoaderGetOrderedWord, 197 XcpLoaderGetProtocol, 198 XcpLoaderInit, 198 XcpLoaderReadData, 198 XcpLoaderSendCmdConnect, 199
xcpprotect.h, 215 XcpProtectInit linux/xcpprotect.c, 210 windows/xcpprotect.c, 212 xcpprotect.h, 216 XcpTpCanConnect xcptpcan.c, 218	XCPLOADER_CMD_UPLOAD, 196 XcpLoaderClearMemory, 197 XcpLoaderGetOrderedWord, 197 XcpLoaderGetProtocol, 198 XcpLoaderInit, 198 XcpLoaderReadData, 198 XcpLoaderSendCmdConnect, 199 XcpLoaderSendCmdGetSeed, 199
xcpprotect.h, 215 XcpProtectInit	XCPLOADER_CMD_UPLOAD, 196 XcpLoaderClearMemory, 197 XcpLoaderGetOrderedWord, 197 XcpLoaderGetProtocol, 198 XcpLoaderInit, 198 XcpLoaderReadData, 198 XcpLoaderSendCmdConnect, 199 XcpLoaderSendCmdGetSeed, 199 XcpLoaderSendCmdGetStatus, 200
xcpprotect.h, 215 XcpProtectInit linux/xcpprotect.c, 210 windows/xcpprotect.c, 212 xcpprotect.h, 216 XcpTpCanConnect xcptpcan.c, 218 XcpTpCanEventMessageReceived xcptpcan.c, 218	XCPLOADER_CMD_UPLOAD, 196 XcpLoaderClearMemory, 197 XcpLoaderGetOrderedWord, 197 XcpLoaderGetProtocol, 198 XcpLoaderInit, 198 XcpLoaderReadData, 198 XcpLoaderSendCmdConnect, 199 XcpLoaderSendCmdGetSeed, 199 XcpLoaderSendCmdGetStatus, 200 XcpLoaderSendCmdProgram, 201
xcpprotect.h, 215 XcpProtectInit linux/xcpprotect.c, 210 windows/xcpprotect.c, 212 xcpprotect.h, 216 XcpTpCanConnect xcptpcan.c, 218 XcpTpCanEventMessageReceived xcptpcan.c, 218 XcpTpCanEventMessageTransmitted	XCPLOADER_CMD_UPLOAD, 196 XcpLoaderClearMemory, 197 XcpLoaderGetOrderedWord, 197 XcpLoaderGetProtocol, 198 XcpLoaderInit, 198 XcpLoaderReadData, 198 XcpLoaderSendCmdConnect, 199 XcpLoaderSendCmdGetSeed, 199 XcpLoaderSendCmdGetStatus, 200 XcpLoaderSendCmdProgram, 201 XcpLoaderSendCmdProgramClear, 201
xcpprotect.h, 215 XcpProtectInit linux/xcpprotect.c, 210 windows/xcpprotect.c, 212 xcpprotect.h, 216 XcpTpCanConnect xcptpcan.c, 218 XcpTpCanEventMessageReceived xcptpcan.c, 218 XcpTpCanEventMessageTransmitted xcptpcan.c, 218	XCPLOADER_CMD_UPLOAD, 196 XcpLoaderClearMemory, 197 XcpLoaderGetOrderedWord, 197 XcpLoaderGetProtocol, 198 XcpLoaderInit, 198 XcpLoaderReadData, 198 XcpLoaderSendCmdConnect, 199 XcpLoaderSendCmdGetSeed, 199 XcpLoaderSendCmdGetStatus, 200 XcpLoaderSendCmdProgram, 201 XcpLoaderSendCmdProgramClear, 201 XcpLoaderSendCmdProgramMax, 202
xcpprotect.h, 215 XcpProtectInit linux/xcpprotect.c, 210 windows/xcpprotect.c, 212 xcpprotect.h, 216 XcpTpCanConnect xcptpcan.c, 218 XcpTpCanEventMessageReceived xcptpcan.c, 218 XcpTpCanEventMessageTransmitted xcptpcan.c, 218 XcpTpCanEventMessageTransmitted xcptpcan.c, 218 XcpTpCanGetTransport	XCPLOADER_CMD_UPLOAD, 196 XcpLoaderClearMemory, 197 XcpLoaderGetOrderedWord, 197 XcpLoaderGetProtocol, 198 XcpLoaderInit, 198 XcpLoaderReadData, 198 XcpLoaderSendCmdConnect, 199 XcpLoaderSendCmdGetSeed, 199 XcpLoaderSendCmdGetStatus, 200 XcpLoaderSendCmdProgram, 201 XcpLoaderSendCmdProgramClear, 201 XcpLoaderSendCmdProgramMax, 202 XcpLoaderSendCmdProgramReset, 202
xcpprotect.h, 215 XcpProtectInit linux/xcpprotect.c, 210 windows/xcpprotect.c, 212 xcpprotect.h, 216 XcpTpCanConnect xcptpcan.c, 218 XcpTpCanEventMessageReceived xcptpcan.c, 218 XcpTpCanEventMessageTransmitted xcptpcan.c, 218 XcpTpCanGetTransport xcptpcan.c, 218	XCPLOADER_CMD_UPLOAD, 196 XcpLoaderClearMemory, 197 XcpLoaderGetOrderedWord, 197 XcpLoaderGetProtocol, 198 XcpLoaderInit, 198 XcpLoaderReadData, 198 XcpLoaderSendCmdConnect, 199 XcpLoaderSendCmdGetSeed, 199 XcpLoaderSendCmdGetStatus, 200 XcpLoaderSendCmdProgram, 201 XcpLoaderSendCmdProgramClear, 201 XcpLoaderSendCmdProgramMax, 202 XcpLoaderSendCmdProgramReset, 202 XcpLoaderSendCmdProgramStart, 203
xcpprotect.h, 215 XcpProtectInit linux/xcpprotect.c, 210 windows/xcpprotect.c, 212 xcpprotect.h, 216 XcpTpCanConnect xcptpcan.c, 218 XcpTpCanEventMessageReceived xcptpcan.c, 218 XcpTpCanEventMessageTransmitted xcptpcan.c, 218 XcpTpCanGetTransport xcptpcan.c, 218 xcptpcan.c, 218 xcptpcan.c, 218 xcptpcan.c, 218 xcptpcan.h, 220	XCPLOADER_CMD_UPLOAD, 196 XcpLoaderClearMemory, 197 XcpLoaderGetOrderedWord, 197 XcpLoaderGetProtocol, 198 XcpLoaderInit, 198 XcpLoaderReadData, 198 XcpLoaderSendCmdConnect, 199 XcpLoaderSendCmdGetSeed, 199 XcpLoaderSendCmdGetStatus, 200 XcpLoaderSendCmdProgram, 201 XcpLoaderSendCmdProgramClear, 201 XcpLoaderSendCmdProgramMax, 202 XcpLoaderSendCmdProgramReset, 202 XcpLoaderSendCmdProgramStart, 203 XcpLoaderSendCmdProgramStart, 203 XcpLoaderSendCmdSetMta, 203
xcpprotect.h, 215 XcpProtectInit linux/xcpprotect.c, 210 windows/xcpprotect.c, 212 xcpprotect.h, 216 XcpTpCanConnect xcptpcan.c, 218 XcpTpCanEventMessageReceived xcptpcan.c, 218 XcpTpCanEventMessageTransmitted xcptpcan.c, 218 XcpTpCanGetTransport xcptpcan.c, 218	XCPLOADER_CMD_UPLOAD, 196 XcpLoaderClearMemory, 197 XcpLoaderGetOrderedWord, 197 XcpLoaderGetProtocol, 198 XcpLoaderInit, 198 XcpLoaderReadData, 198 XcpLoaderSendCmdConnect, 199 XcpLoaderSendCmdGetSeed, 199 XcpLoaderSendCmdGetStatus, 200 XcpLoaderSendCmdProgram, 201 XcpLoaderSendCmdProgramClear, 201 XcpLoaderSendCmdProgramMax, 202 XcpLoaderSendCmdProgramReset, 202 XcpLoaderSendCmdProgramStart, 203

```
XcpLoaderSetOrderedLong, 205
    XcpLoaderStart, 206
    XcpLoaderWriteData, 206
xcploader.h, 207
    XcpLoaderGetProtocol, 207
xcpprotect.c, 208, 211
xcpprotect.h, 213
    XCPPROTECT_RESOURCE_CALPAG, 214
    XCPPROTECT RESOURCE DAQ, 214
    XCPPROTECT_RESOURCE_PGM, 214
    XCPPROTECT_RESOURCE_STIM, 214
    XCPProtectComputeKeyFromSeed, 214
    XcpProtectGetPrivileges, 215
    XcpProtectInit, 216
xcptpcan.c, 216
    XcpTpCanConnect, 218
    XcpTpCanEventMessageReceived, 218
    XcpTpCanEventMessageTransmitted, 218
    XcpTpCanGetTransport, 218
    XcpTpCanInit, 219
    XcpTpCanSendPacket, 219
xcptpcan.h, 220
    XcpTpCanGetTransport, 220
xcptpnet.c, 221
    XcpTpNetConnect, 222
    XcpTpNetGetTransport, 222
    XcpTpNetInit, 222
    XcpTpNetSendPacket, 223
xcptpnet.h, 223
    XcpTpNetGetTransport, 224
xcptpuart.c, 224
    XcpTpUartConnect, 225
    XcpTpUartGetTransport, 225
    XcpTpUartInit, 226
    XcpTpUartSendPacket, 226
xcptpuart.h, 227
    XcpTpUartGetTransport, 227
xcptpusb.c, 228
    XcpTpUsbConnect, 229
    XcpTpUsbGetTransport, 229
    XcpTpUsbInit, 229
    XcpTpUsbSendPacket, 229
xcptpusb.h, 230
    XcpTpUsbGetTransport, 231
xldriver.c, 231
    VectorXIConnect, 233
    VectorXIConvertToRawBitrate, 233
    VectorXIGetInterface, 233
    VectorXIInit, 234
    VectorXIIsBusError, 234
    VectorXIReceptionThread, 234
    VectorXIRegisterEvents, 235
    VectorXITransmit, 235
xldriver.h, 236
```

VectorXIGetInterface, 236