

**Convert Page Segment to PFM**

Page segment . . . . . : QFCLOGO  
Library . . . . . : QGPL

Type choices, press Enter.

Format of data . . . . .	1=Fixed, 2=Continuous
To file . . . . .	Name, *VM, *MVS
Library . . . . .	Name, *CURLIB
To member . . . . .	Name, *PAGESEG.
Text 'description' . . . . .	

  

Replace . . . . .	N	Y=Yes, N=No
Create file . . . . .	Y	Y=Yes, N=No
Text 'description' . . . . .		

  

F3=Exit    F5=Refresh    F12=Cancel

The following table describes the Convert Page Segment to File display.

*Table 80. Convert Page Segment to Files display fields*

Field Name	Description
Page segment	Shows the name of the page segment to be converted to a physical file member.
Library	Shows the name of the library in which the page segment resides.
Format of data	Specifies how data is to be placed in the physical file member.
	The possible values are:
1	Each record has one structured field. The remainder of the record is padded with binary 0s. The record length of the file using fixed format is the length of the longest AFPDS structured field in the page segment. If the record length of the existing file is less than the length of the longest structured field, an error message is displayed. If the record length of the existing file is more than the length of the longest structured field, padding with binary 0s occurs. This format is for the VM or the MVS system.
2	The structured fields are filled continuously and folded. Only the last record has padding characters; the padding characters are binary 0s. Any record length of the existing file is allowed. If the file is created by, the record length of the file is 256 bytes. This format is for the OS/2*. This is a required parameter.