

Privilege	Grant Table Column	Context
CREATE USER	Create_user_priv	Server administration
CREATE VIEW	Create_view_priv	Views
DELETE	Delete_priv	Tables
DROP	Drop_priv	Databases, tables, or views
DROP ROLE	Drop_role_priv	Server administration
EVENT	Event_priv	Databases
EXECUTE	Execute_priv	Stored routines
FILE	File_priv	File access on server host
GRANT OPTION	Grant_priv	Databases, tables, or stored routines
INDEX	Index_priv	Tables
INSERT	Insert_priv	Tables or columns
LOCK TABLES	Lock_tables_priv	Databases
PROCESS	Process_priv	Server administration
PROXY	See proxies_priv table	Server administration
REFERENCES	References_priv	Databases or tables
RELOAD	Reload_priv	Server administration
REPLICATION CLIENT	Repl_client_priv	Server administration
REPLICATION SLAVE	Repl_slave_priv	Server administration
SELECT	Select_priv	Tables or columns
SHOW DATABASES	Show_db_priv	Server administration
SHOW VIEW	Show_view_priv	Views
SHUTDOWN	Shutdown_priv	Server administration
SUPER	Super_priv	Server administration
TRIGGER	Trigger_priv	Tables
UPDATE	Update_priv	Tables or columns
USAGE	Synonym for “no privileges”	Server administration

The following table shows the dynamic privilege names used in [GRANT](#) and [REVOKE](#) statements, along with the context in which the privilege applies.

Table 6.3 Permissible Dynamic Privileges for GRANT and REVOKE

Privilege	Context
APPLICATION_PASSWORD_ADMIN	Dual password administration
AUDIT_ADMIN	Audit log administration
BACKUP_ADMIN	Backup administration
BINLOG_ADMIN	Backup and Replication administration
BINLOG_ENCRYPTION_ADMIN	Backup and Replication administration
CLONE_ADMIN	Clone administration
CONNECTION_ADMIN	Server administration