实验报告

顺序结构程序实验

int 21H

```
实验代码:
DSEG SEGMENT
    LUT DB '0123456789ABCDEF$'
    STR_ENT DB 'Input a decimal number to get hex equivelant: ','$'
    STR_EQU DB ' -> ','$'
    STR_ERR_1 DB 'The string ','$'
    STR_ERR_2 DB ' you typed is illegal',0AH,'$'
    ORG 512
    BUF DB 255
    ORG 1024
    STR_OUT DB (?)
DSEG ENDS
SSEG SEGMENT
    DB 0
SSEG ENDS
CODE SEGMENT
    ASSUME cs:CODE, ds:DSEG, es:DSEG, ss:SSEG
START:
    mov ax, DSEG
    mov ds, ax
    mov es, ax
    mov ax, SSEG
    mov ss, ax
    xor ax, ax
    xor sp, sp
    xor bp, bp
MAIN:
    ; print welcome string
    lea dx, STR_ENT
    mov ah, 09H
    int 21H
    ; get user string input
    lea dx, BUF
    mov ah, 0AH
    int 21H
    ; Hold the input on console
    lea dx, STR_ENT
    mov ah, 09H
    int 21H
    lea dx, BUF
    call STR_ENDING
    add dx, 2
    mov ah, 09H
```

```
; convert the oct input to binary value
   lea dx, BUF
   call CONVERT
    ; convert binary to hex string, and STR_OUT
   lea dx, STR_OUT
   call FORMAT_HEX
   lea dx, STR_EQU
   mov
        ah, 09H
        21H
   int
   lea
        dx, STR_OUT
        ah, 09H
   mov
        21H
   int
EXIT:
        ah, 4CH
   mov
        al, 00H
   mov
   int
        21H
STR_ENDING:
   mov
        bx, dx
        bx, 1
   add
        bl, [bx]
   mov
        bh, bh
   xor
        bx, 2
   add
        bx, dx
   add
        [bx], byte ptr '$'
   mov
   ret
CONVERT:
   mov bx, dx
   inc bx
   xor
        cx, cx
   mov cl, [bx]
   inc bx
        ax, ax
   xor
   xor dx, dx
   cmp cx, 0
        CVT_FINAL
   jе
   CVT_L1:
   xor dx, dx
   mov dl, [bx]
   sub dl, 30H
   jb
        EXIT_ERR
   cmp dl, 0AH
   jae EXIT_ERR
   push dx
   mov
        dx, 10
   mul
        dx
   cmp
        dx, 0
   jа
        EXIT_ERR
   pop dx
   add ax, dx
   inc bx
   loop CVT_L1
   CVT_FINAL:
    ret
```

```
FORMAT_HEX:
   mov cx, 4
   lea di, STR_OUT
   push ax
   push dx
   xor dx, dx
   FH_L1:
   push cx
   mov cl, 4
   rol ax, cl
   mov bx, ax
   and bx, 000FH
   add dx, bx
   jz FH_N1
   lea si, LUT
   add si, bx
   xor dx, dx
   inc dx
   movsb
   FH N1:
   pop cx
   loop FH_L1
   add dx, 0
   jnz FH_N2
   mov [di], byte ptr '0'
   inc di
   FH_N2:
   mov [di], byte ptr '$'
   ; mov cx, 3
   ; mov al, byte ptr '0'
   ; mov di, dx
  ; repz scasb
   ; mov dx, di
   pop dx
   pop ax
   ret
EXIT_ERR:
   mov ah, 09H
   lea dx, STR_ERR_1
   int 21H
   lea dx, BUF
   add dx, 2
   int 21H
   lea dx, STR_ERR_2
   int 21H
   jmp EXIT
CODE ENDS
END START
```

这行代码在编译器中无法正确编译

实验结果:

```
C:\HOME\EXP_04\E4T1.EXE
Input a decimal number to get hex equivelant: 0 -> 0
C:\HOME\EXP_04\E4T1.EXE
Input a decimal number to get hex equivelant: 15 -> F
C:\HOME\EXP_04\E4T1.EXE
Input a decimal number to get hex equivelant: 123 -> 7B
C:\HOME\EXP_04\E4T1.EXE
Input a decimal number to get hex equivelant: 255 -> FF
C:\HOME\EXP_04\E4T1.EXE
Input a decimal number to get hex equivelant: 255 -> FF
C:\HOME\EXP_04\E4T1.EXE
Input a decimal number to get hex equivelant: 65535 -> FFFF
C:\HOME\EXP_04\E4T1.EXE
```

FIG 1.1 以上代码在不同输入值的运行结果(均正确,且不显示多余的0)

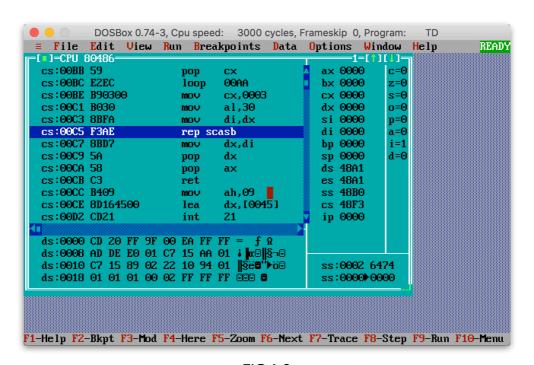


FIG 1.2

"实验代码"中红色标注的代码在编译器中无法正常编译, REPZ 被编译为 REP 我因此采用了另外一种消除多余 '0' 的方法 (代码中蓝色部分), 并屏蔽了编译出错的代码