

## Algorithm: CGSL-ECM One-Time TTE Simulation (Gillespie + ODE)

**Input:**  $\theta \sim$  (from Model II's control parameters),  $Q\_base$ ,  $y(\cdot)$ ,  
 $(\mu\_I(s), \sigma\_I(s))$ ,  $t\_start$ ,  $x\theta$ ,  $s\theta$ ,  $V\_cutoff$ ,  $I\_min$

**Output:** TTE

**Initialization:**  $t \leftarrow \theta$ ,  $X \leftarrow s\theta$ ,  $x \leftarrow x\theta$

**for**  $k = 1$  to 10000 **do**

1) Initialization:  $t \leftarrow 0$ ,  $X \leftarrow s0$ ,  $x \leftarrow x0$

2) Main loop: while  $V\_term(t) > V\_cutoff$  do

a) Calculate  $t\_day = (t\_start + t) \bmod 24$ , and update gate  $\gamma = \text{clip}(v(t\_day), 0, 1)$

b) Construct the adaptive generation matrix (only gating  $\{S1, S2\} \rightarrow \{S3, S4\}$ , and calculate the diagonal terms)

c) Gillespie: sample time interval  $\Delta t \sim \text{Exp}(\mu\_I(X))$ , and sample the next state  $X\_new$

d) Sample the interval current  $I \sim \max(1, \mu\_I(X), N(\mu\_I(X), \sigma\_I^2(X)))$

e) Use constant 1 to advance Model I and its ODE by  $\Delta t$ ; if an event is triggered within the interval, return TTE

f) Update:  $t \leftarrow t + \Delta t$ ,  $X \leftarrow X\_new$

3) End: return TTE = t

**end**