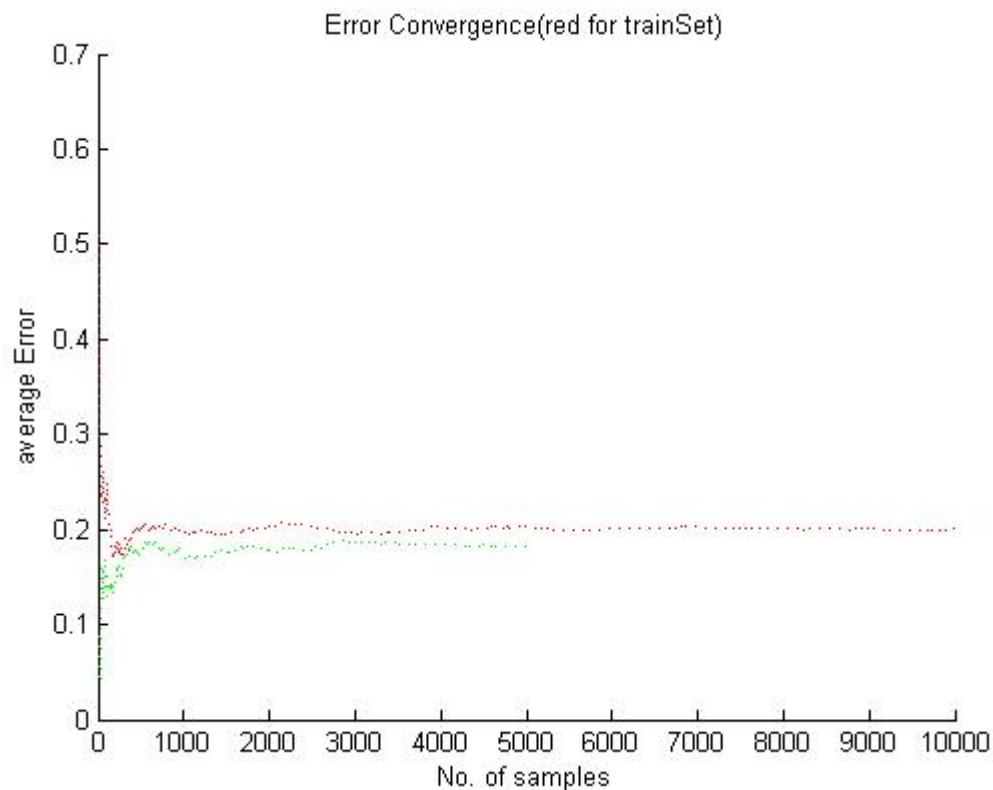


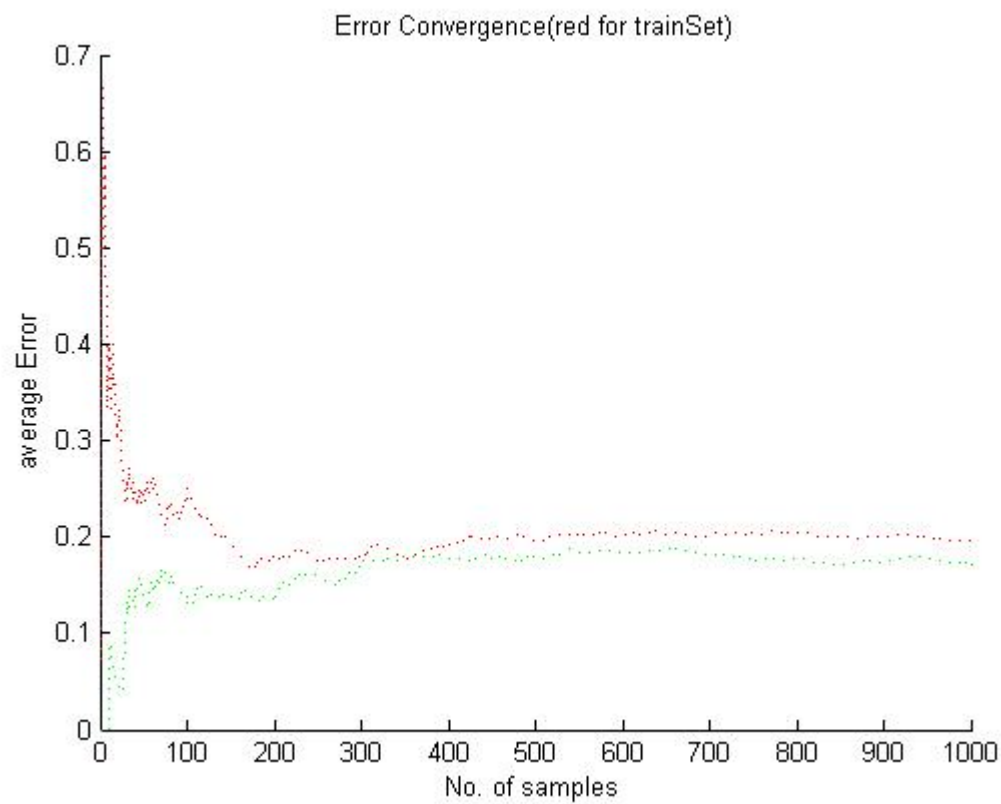
Perceptron Project Document

- Submission Files
 - source code pack(data.mat included)
 - graphs that is used for parameter choosing
- In the experiment, we trained a perceptron over `trainSet` and test its performance with `testSet`, through which we obtained average errors v.s. iteration. Plotting the above two arrays helps in demonstrating the convergence of the algorithm. Results are presented as followings:

The 'convergence' graph



As is shown above, the average error, given by either `trainSet` or `testSet`, is converged to proximately 0.2. Based on the fact that the number of input samples is finite (N), it's safe to assert the number of errors is also finite ($0.2N$).



In detail, after $K=1000$, the curves fluctuate very little. While the two curves aren't decreasing, indicating the trained classifier misclassifies even after we pass all training samples redundantly. Then we choose to pass the whole trainSet n times ($n=20000, 100000, 5000$), figuring out the average errors almost stays the same.

```
Training_Errors=0.2483      Training data Size=10000
--- Training Finished ---
Elapsed time is 154.276267 seconds.
Elapsed time is 0.010986 seconds.
Test_Errors=0.2426  Test Data Size= 5000
```

Command Window

```
Training_Errors=2461      Training data Size=10000
Elapsed time is 341.961285 seconds.
Elapsed time is 0.012262 seconds.
Test_Errors=0.2282  Test Data Size= 5000
```

```
fr >>
```

```
Training_Errors=0.2496      Training data Size=10000
--- Training Finished ---
Elapsed time is 621.002273 seconds.
Elapsed time is 0.010938 seconds.
Test_Errors=0.2594  Test Data Size= 5000
```

```
x >>
```

Based on the above observation and numerous trials, we set *wholeSet pass times* as 20, which brings us acceptable accuracy with tolerable time consumption(the convergence graph is generated as *wholeSet pass times =20*).

The 'Stopping' condition

The stopping condition can be described as, 'stop' in either two following conditions:

- + iteration times reaches the threshold(manual);
- + no error detected(model is trained perfectly)

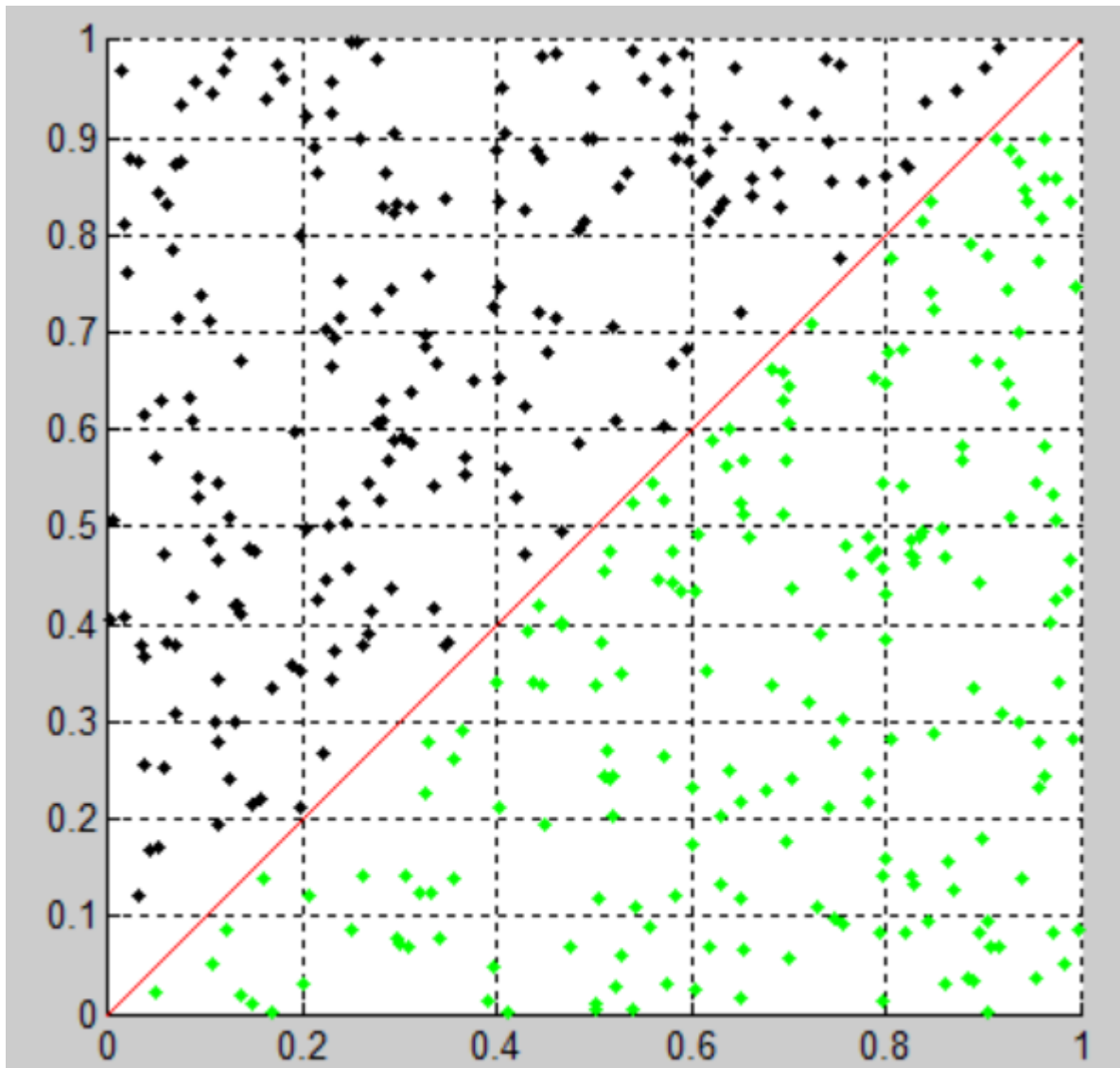
The latter one is given by the definition. The former one is imposed should the sample set itself is inseparable.

Evaluation

According the first figure(convergence), it's obvious that the error curve of *testSet* is always lower than that of *trainSet*, in other words, the trained classifier makes less mistakes, even faced with samples it has never met. To some extent, it's a success. But our ultimate aim is almost zero error, in this case, we presumably assert the dimension of features is not sufficient for distinguishing phonemes. Intuitively, it's sometimes hard to distinguish /e/ and /e/.

Under such a condition, we applied the algorithm to another *strictly separable* trainSet, and comes to the following results:

- strictly separable trainSet/testSet generation
 - Graph:

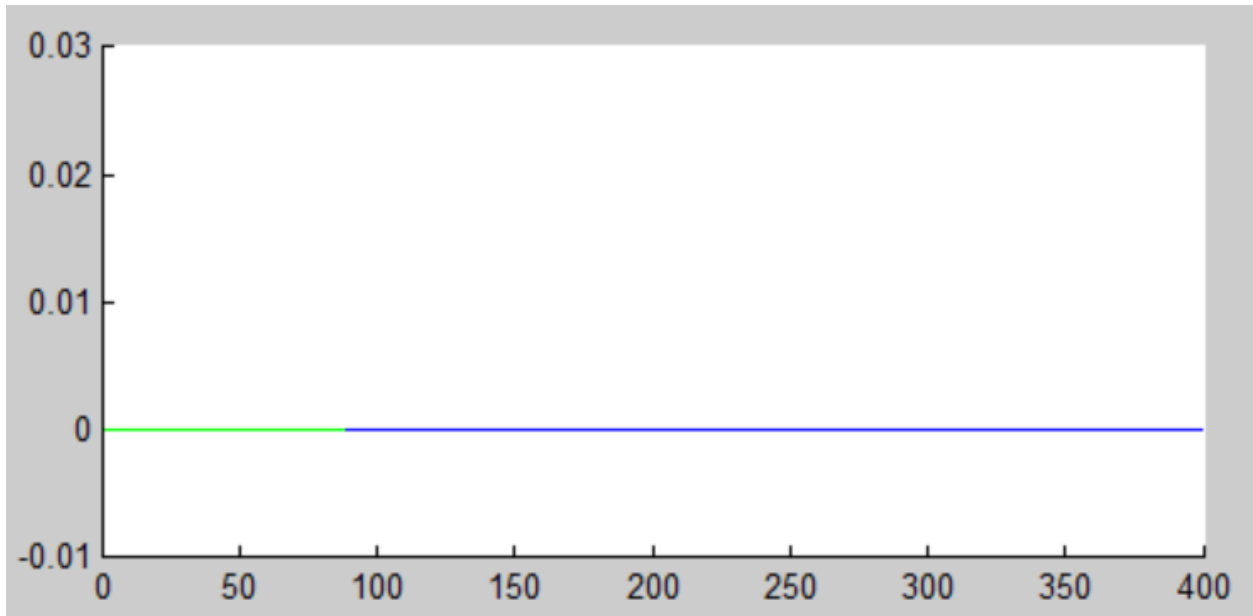


- Code:

```
mydata = rand(500,2);
acceptindex = abs(mydata(:,1)-mydata(:,2))>0.012;
acceptindex = abs(mydata(:,1)-mydata(:,2))>0.012;
mydata = mydata(acceptindex,:); % data
myclasses = mydata(:,1)>mydata(:,2); % labels
[m n]=size(mydata);
%training data
x=mydata(1:400,:); y=myclasses(1:400);
% test data
xt=mydata(401:m,:); yt=myclasses(401:m);
```

- the convergence graph

Plotting average error v.s. samples, of the Strictly Separable trainSet, we obtain the below one, which suggest that error that cannot converge to zero may be attributed to inseparability.



3. Details & Others

1. source code package:

- the matlab scripts is based on [Ibraheem Al-Dhamari](#) 's version([access](#))
 - All right reserved as the author requires/required
 - Core ideal remains same;
 - Modifications:
 - bias modification added; (the original $y = w^T x$, ours $y = w^T x + b$)
 - deleting redundant variables and commands;
 - re-organize all functions and re-assign its output
- pcptron.m <--PerecptronTrn.m / PerecptronTst.m
 - Trn--> train | Tst --> test
- *.fig/jpg is figures that may be refered to
- pcptronPrj.md: original markdown doc of the report.