Undergraduate Statistics Review

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Chapter 1

Notation Convention

1.1 Vectors in a dimensional space

A n-dimensional Euclidean space R^n is a natural extension of 2 dimensional Euclidean place and 3 dimensional Euclidean space. An n-dimensional vector is represented as a row vector or column vector by $\mathbf{a} = (a_1, \dots, a_n)$ or \mathbf{a} We use Σ to denote summation over different values.