

# TEST REPORT

## TRE19939

boom mic sensitivity measurements

**Author(s):** AKU  
**Version:** 1D  
**Document status:** APPROVAL  
**Approved by:** AKU  
**Approve date:**

### CHANGELOG

Version	Approver(s)	Change Note
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## 1 Purpose:

Measurements of different boom mic sensitivities and frequency responses.

## 2 Device Under Test (DUT)

Boom mics: All microphones with +1.5V power supply.

**PELTOR electrec:**



**PELTOR dynamic:**



**MSA:**



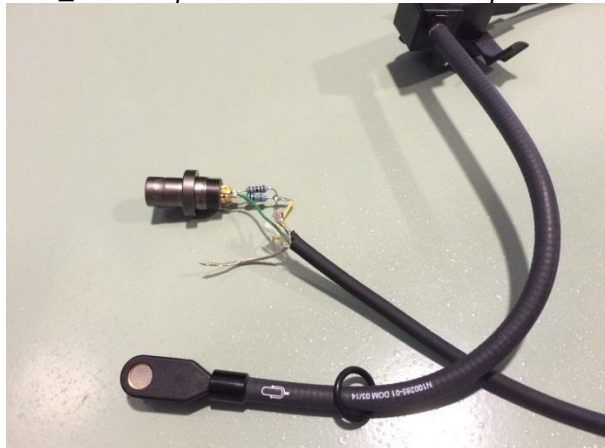
**SELEX 1:**

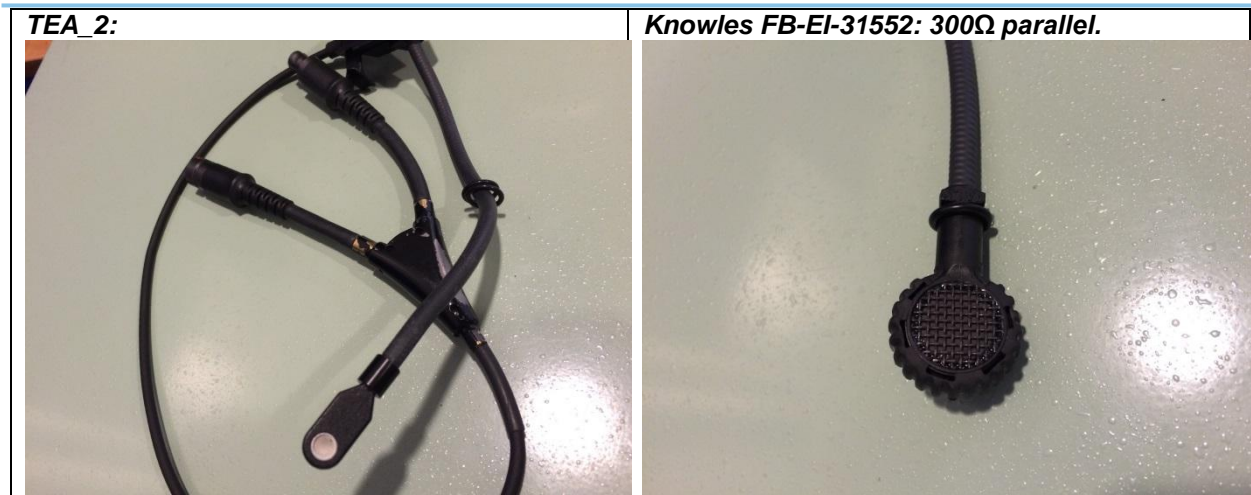


**SELEX 2:**



**TEA\_1: 10kΩ ps and 1MΩ in series. +3Vps**





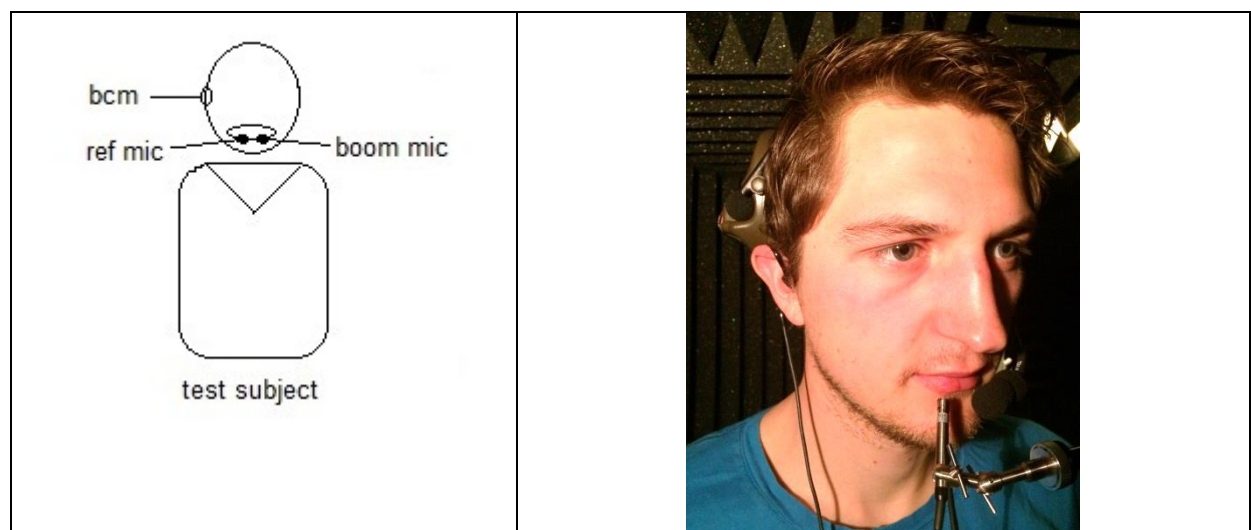
### 3 Equipment:

Akustik Lab equipment

### 4 How to perform it:

#### 1<sup>st</sup> part:

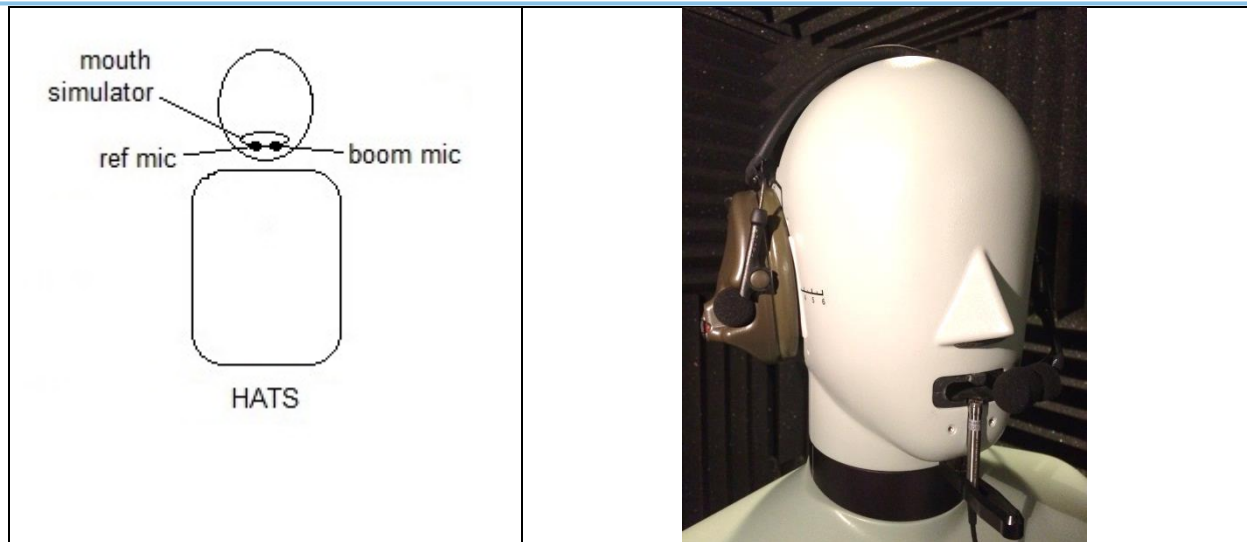
The bcm output, reference microphone and boom mic (Peltor electrec) were recorded with 12 test subjects. Each test subject read a text for 60 seconds in his/her mother tongue. The wave file was recorded and the Frequency Response and Coherence are displayed.  
Power supply for bcm and boom mic is +1.5V.



#### 2<sup>nd</sup> part:

It is used a Pink Noise of 150mV rms with a frequency spam of 12.8kHz and playback it back in the mouth simulator of HATS. Then, the Frequency Response and Coherence of the reference microphone and different boom mics are displayed.

TEST REPORT for boom mic sensitivity measurements

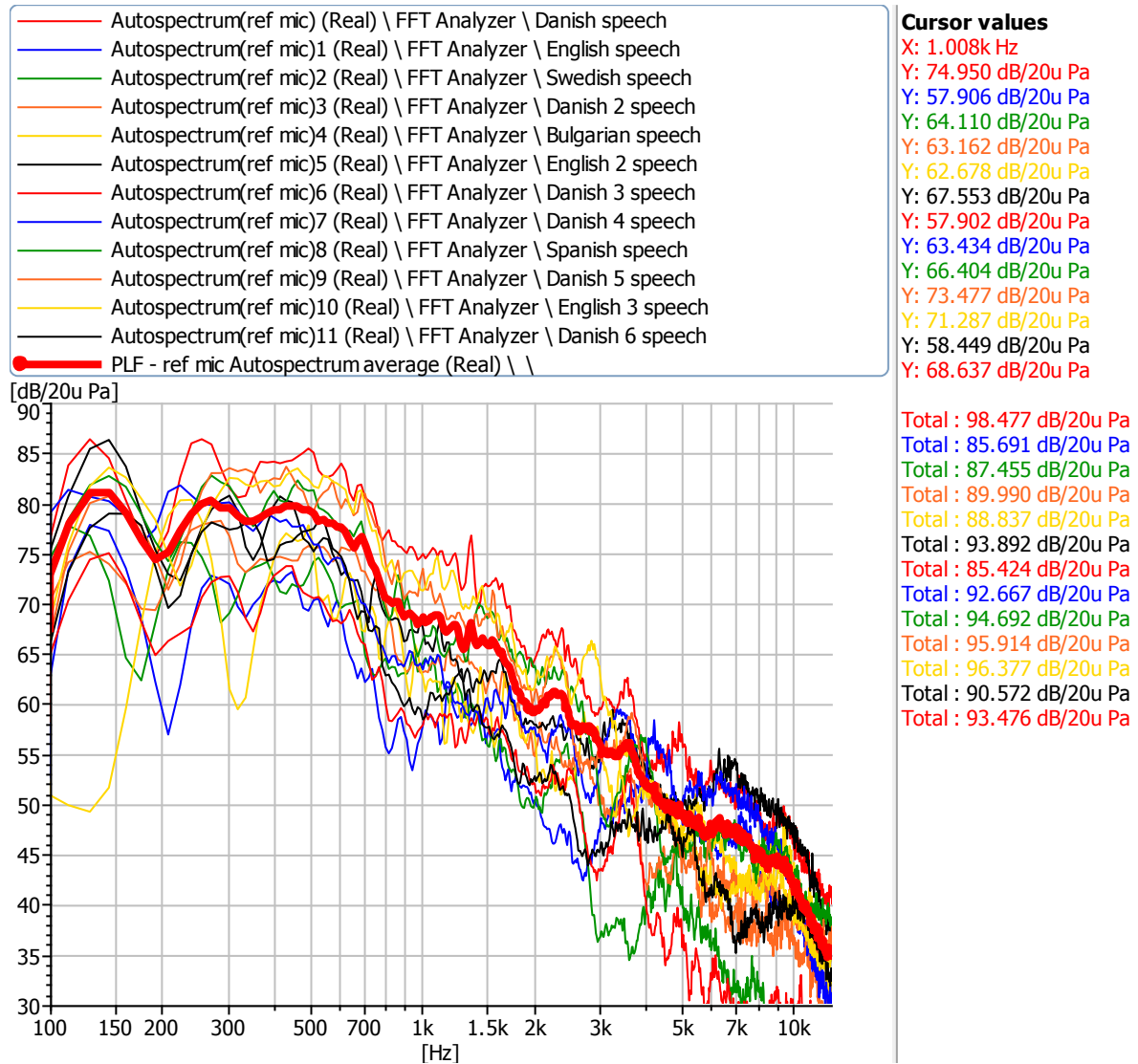


## 5 Result:

1<sup>st</sup> part: Speech of 12 Test subject:

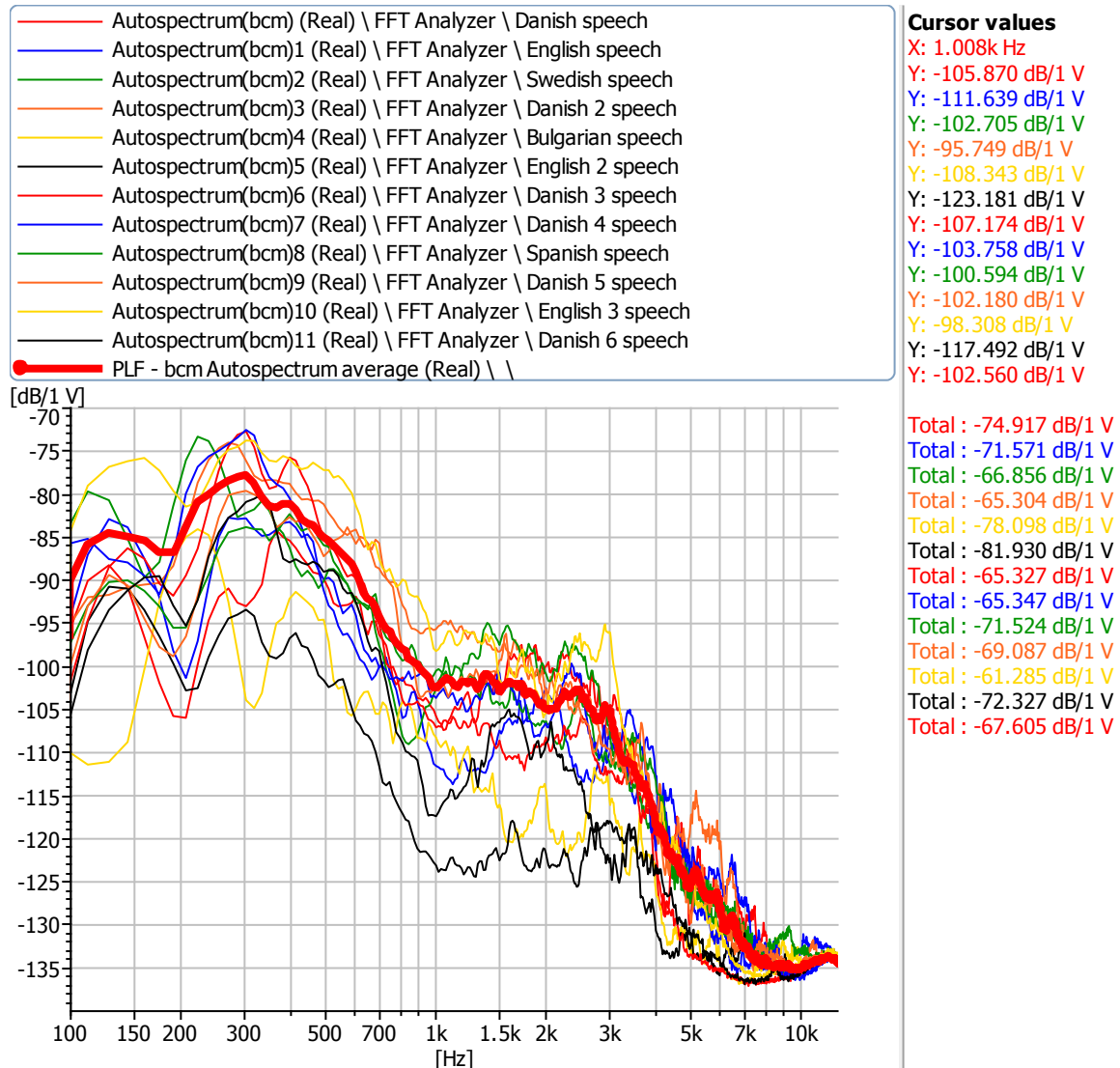
- Autospectrum

### Ref Mic

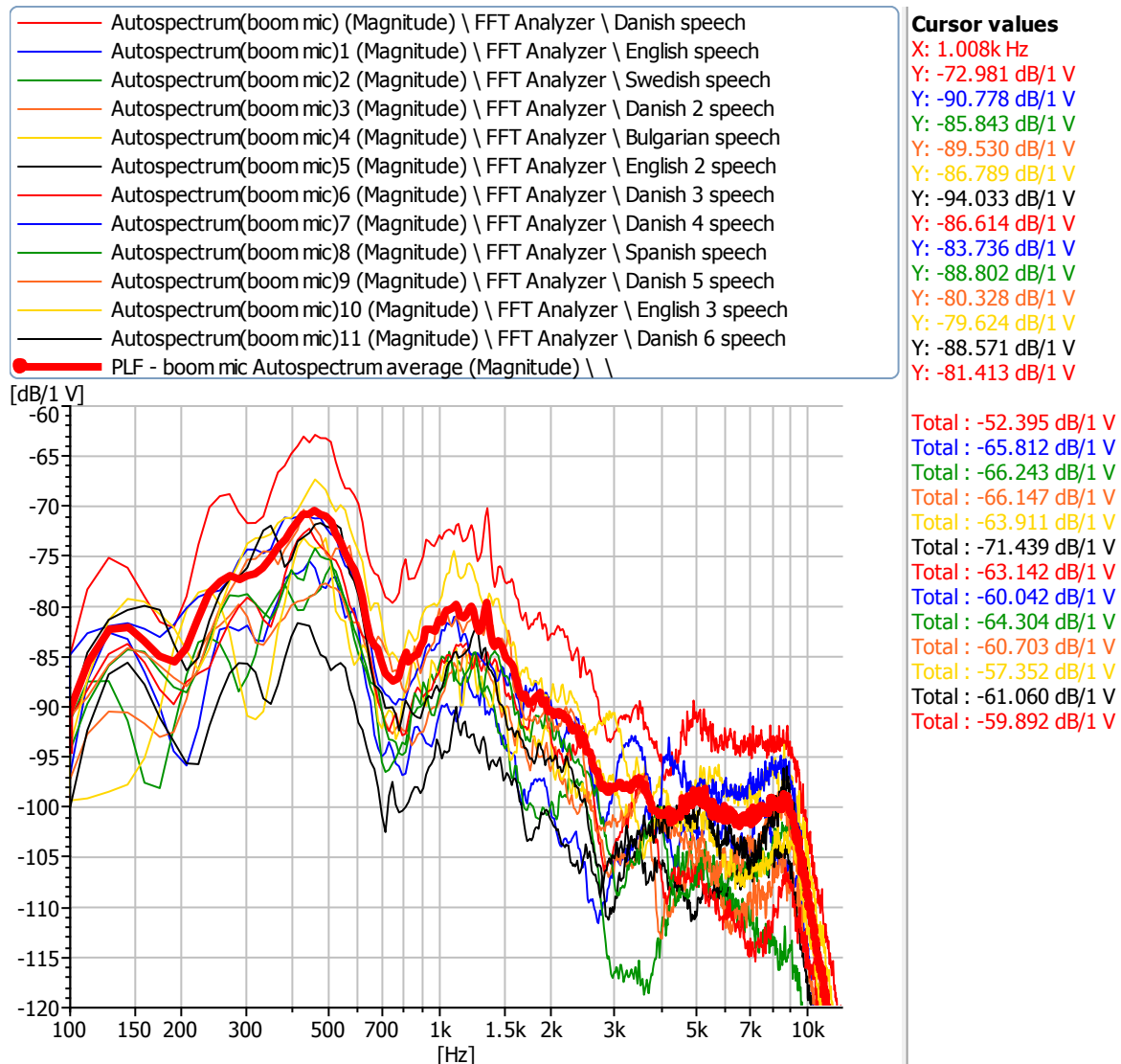




## BCM response

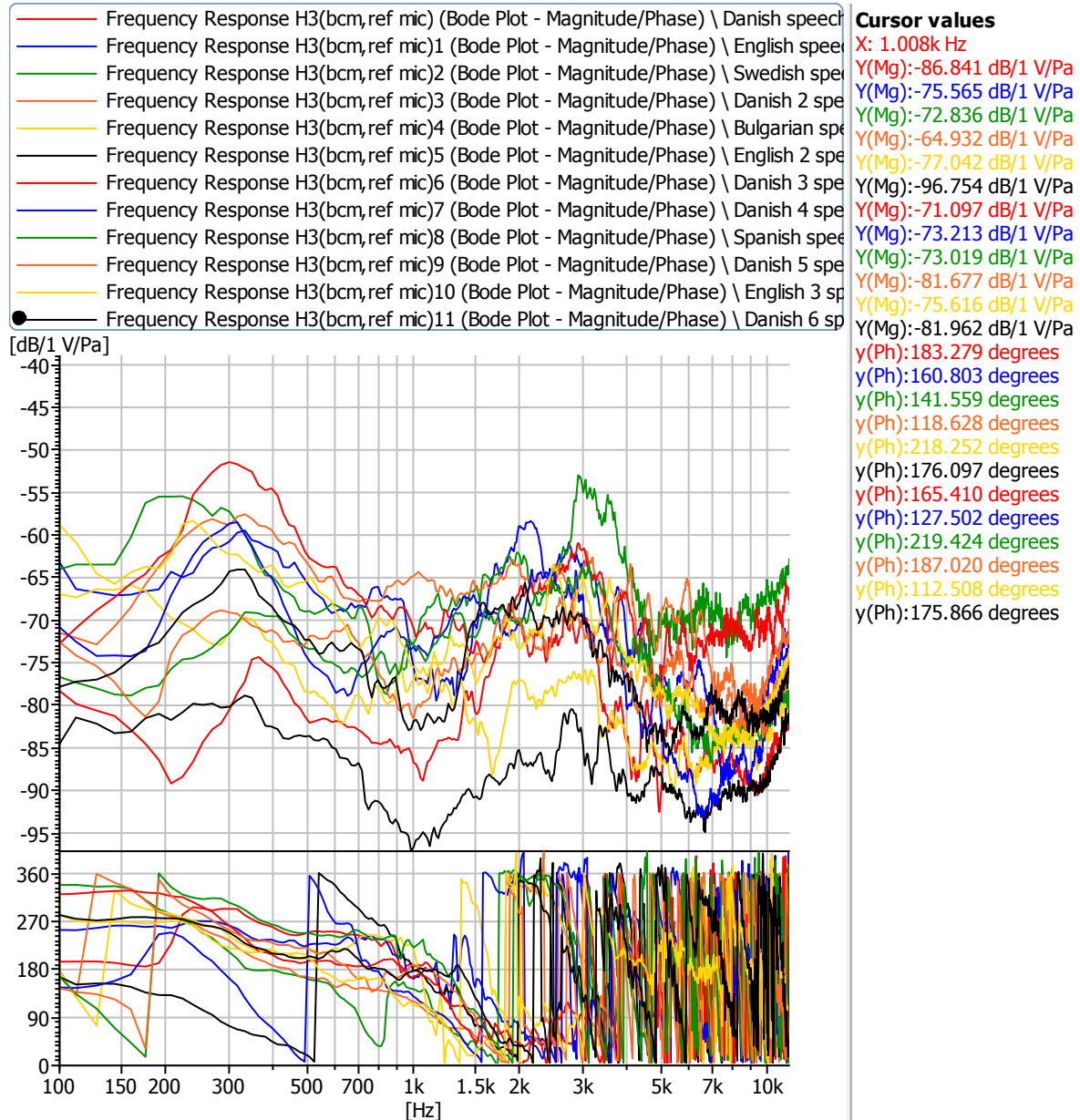


**PELTOR Boom Mic**



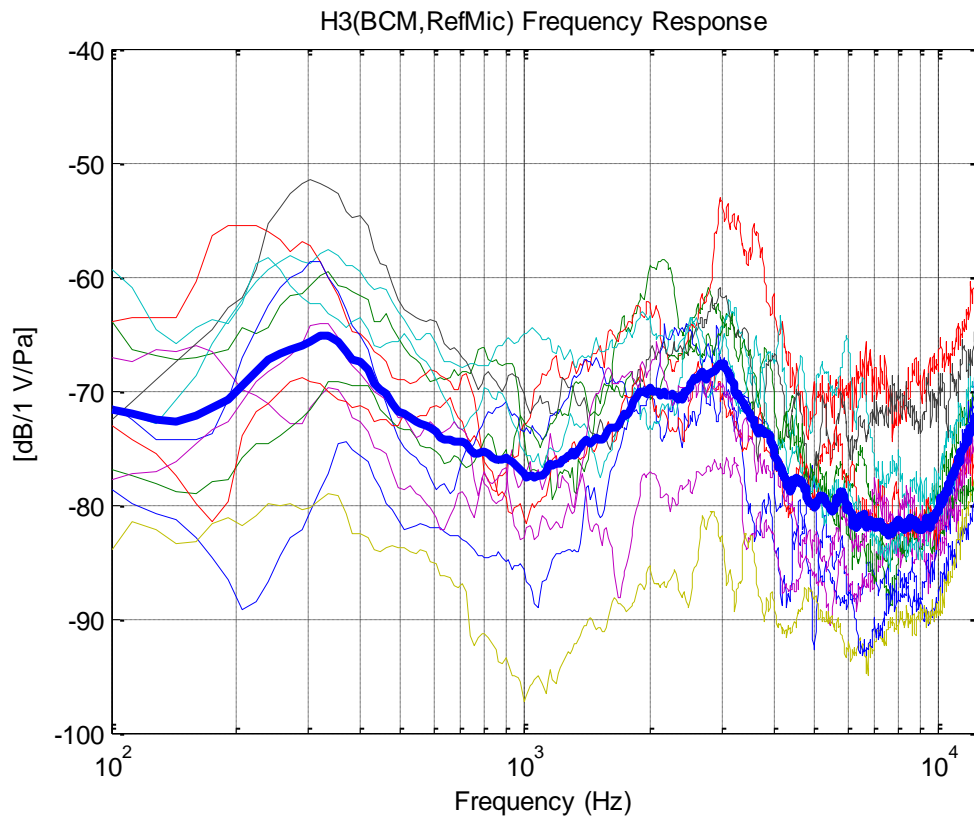
## • Frequency Response & Coherence

### BCM and Ref Mic

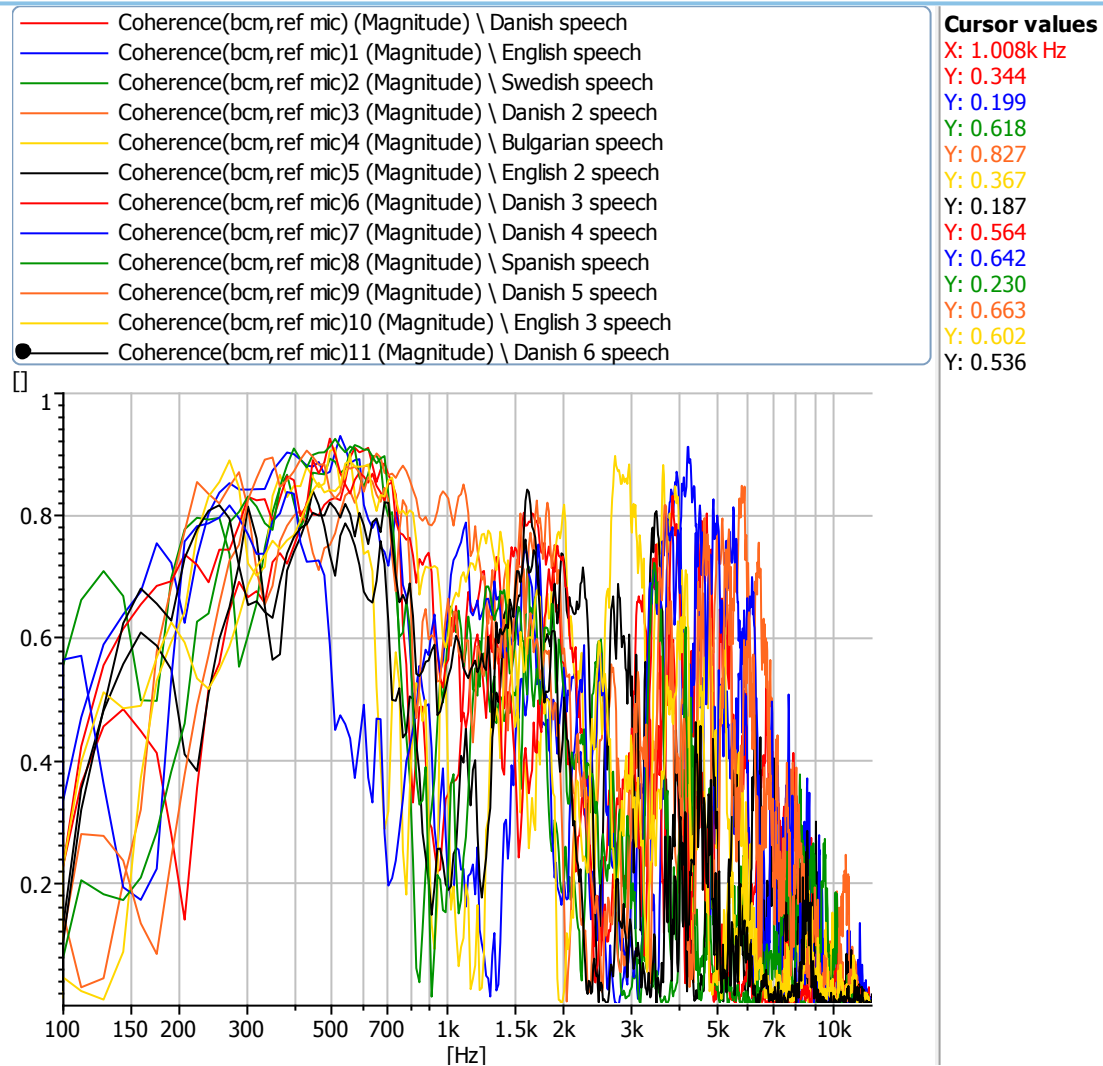




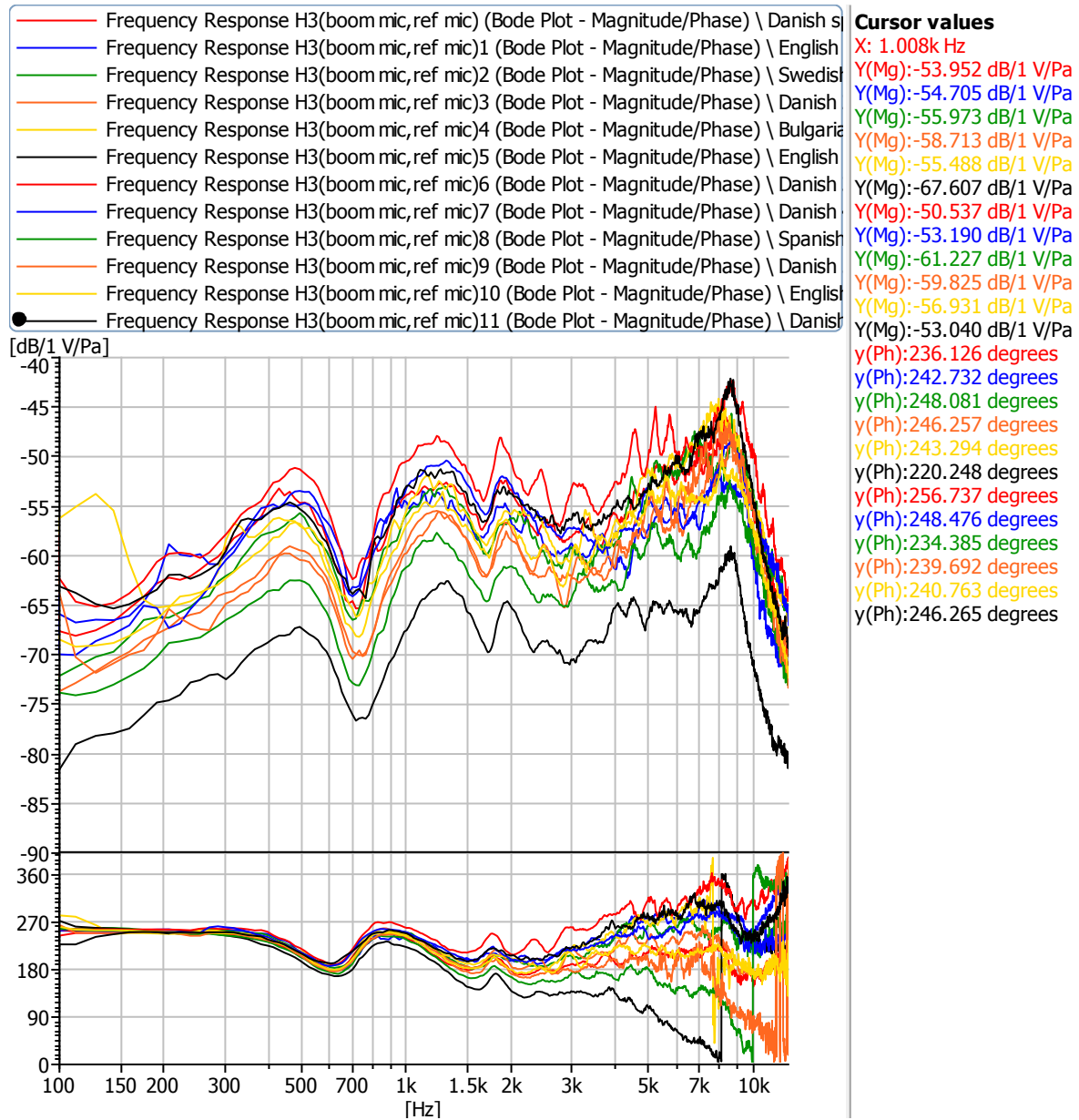
The following graph display the same frequency response H3 (bcm, refmic) with the mean value.



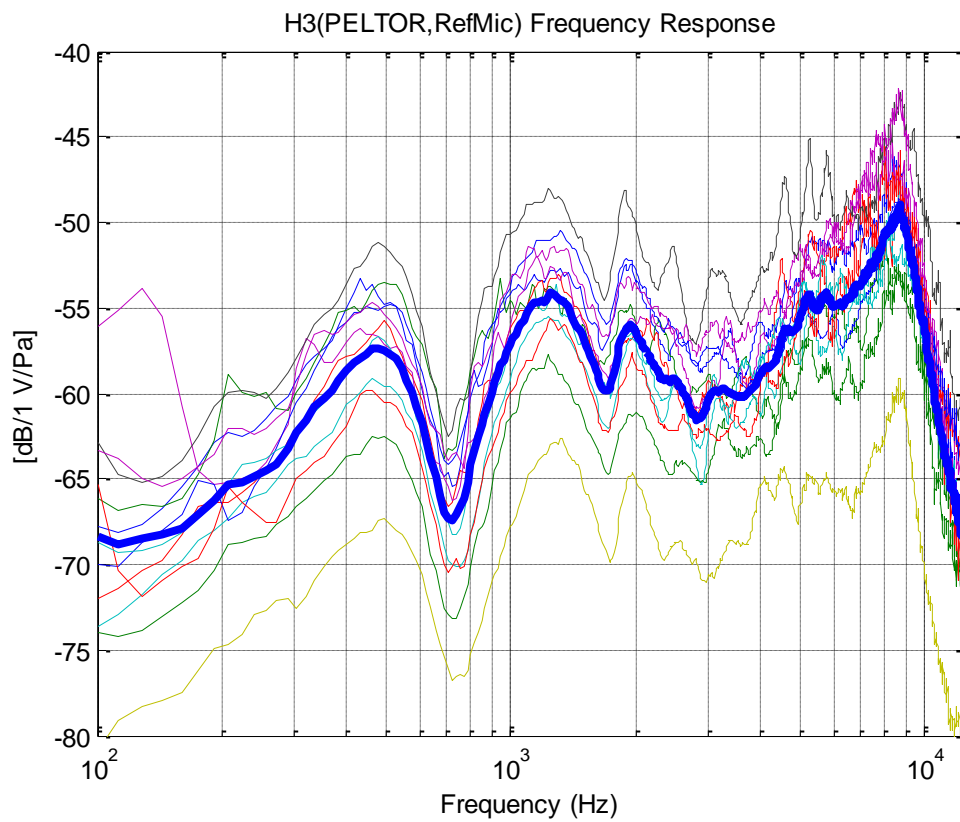
## TEST REPORT for boom mic sensitivity measurements



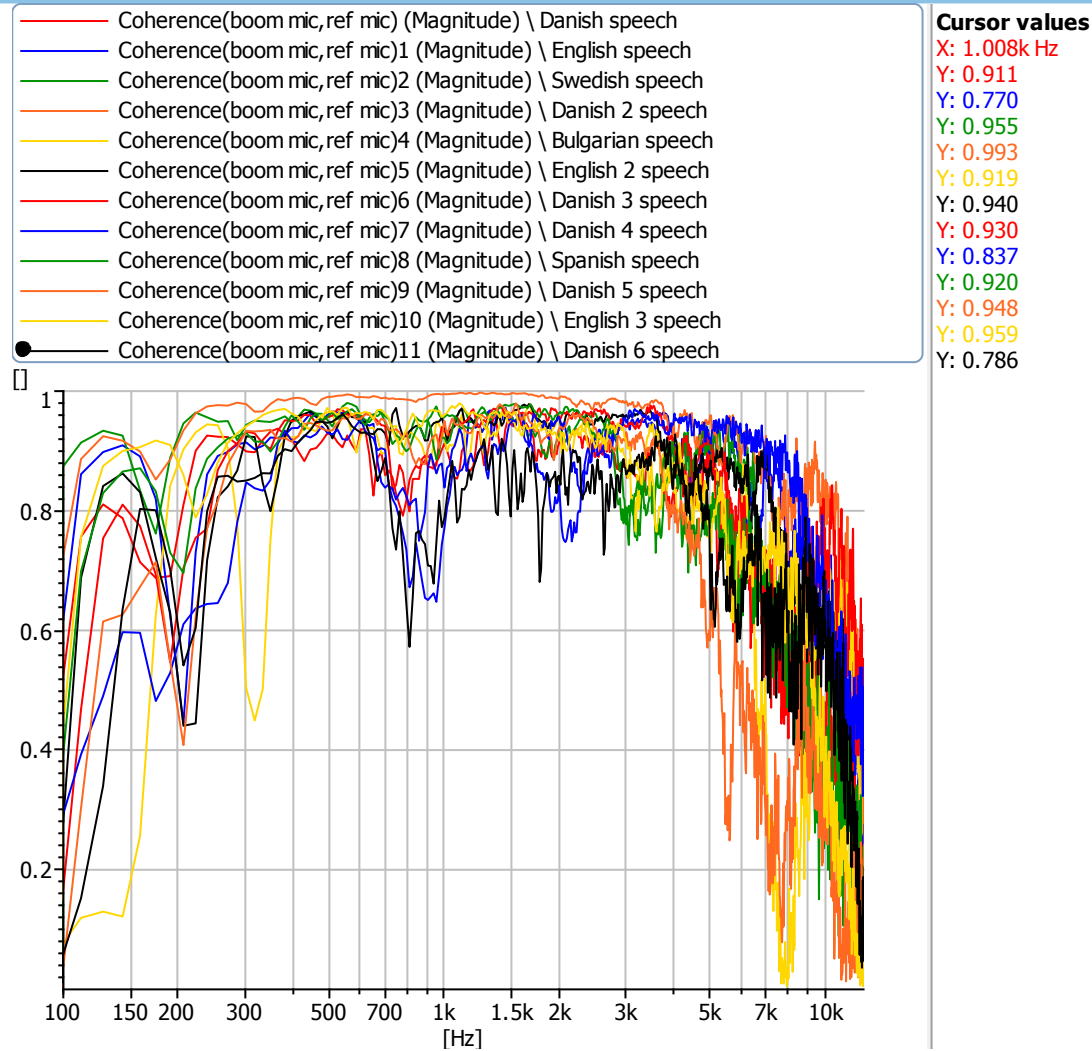
# **PELTOR Boom Mic and Ref Mic**



The following graph display the same frequency response H3 (boom mic, refmic) with the mean value.

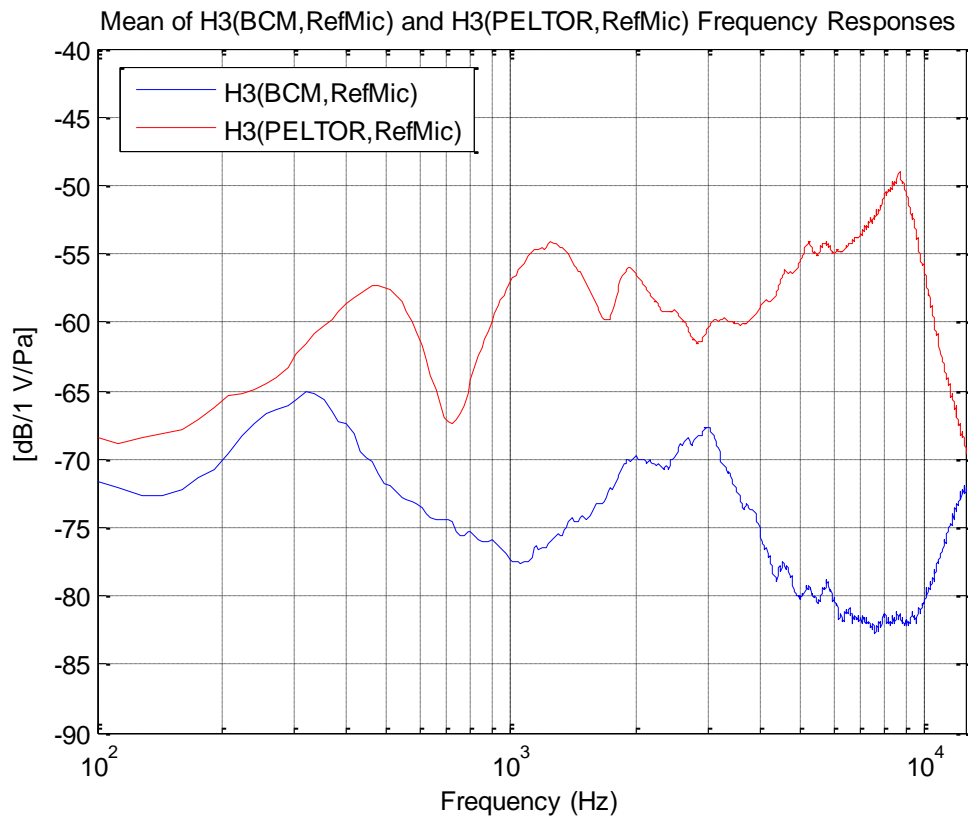


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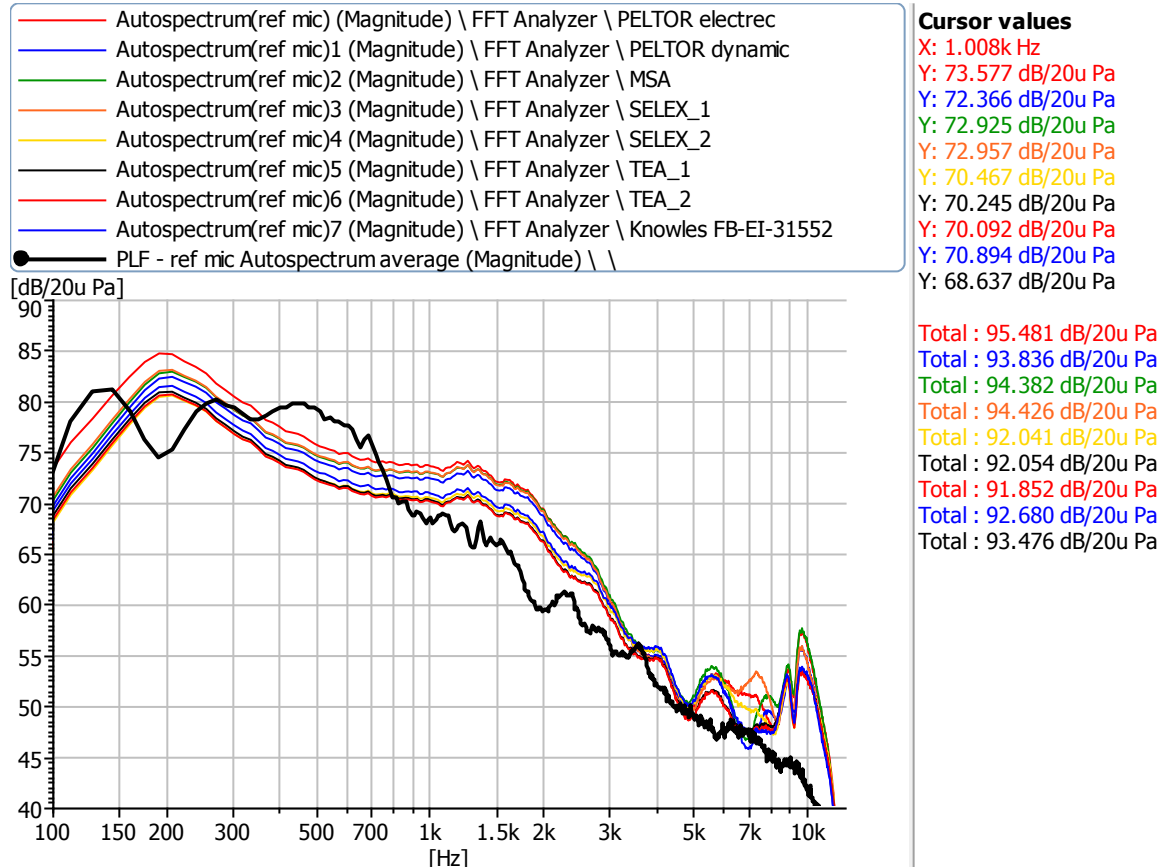
**Comparison of mean value of BCM and PELTOR frequency responses**



## 2<sup>nd</sup> part: Pink Noise through mouth simulator of HATS

### • Autospectrum

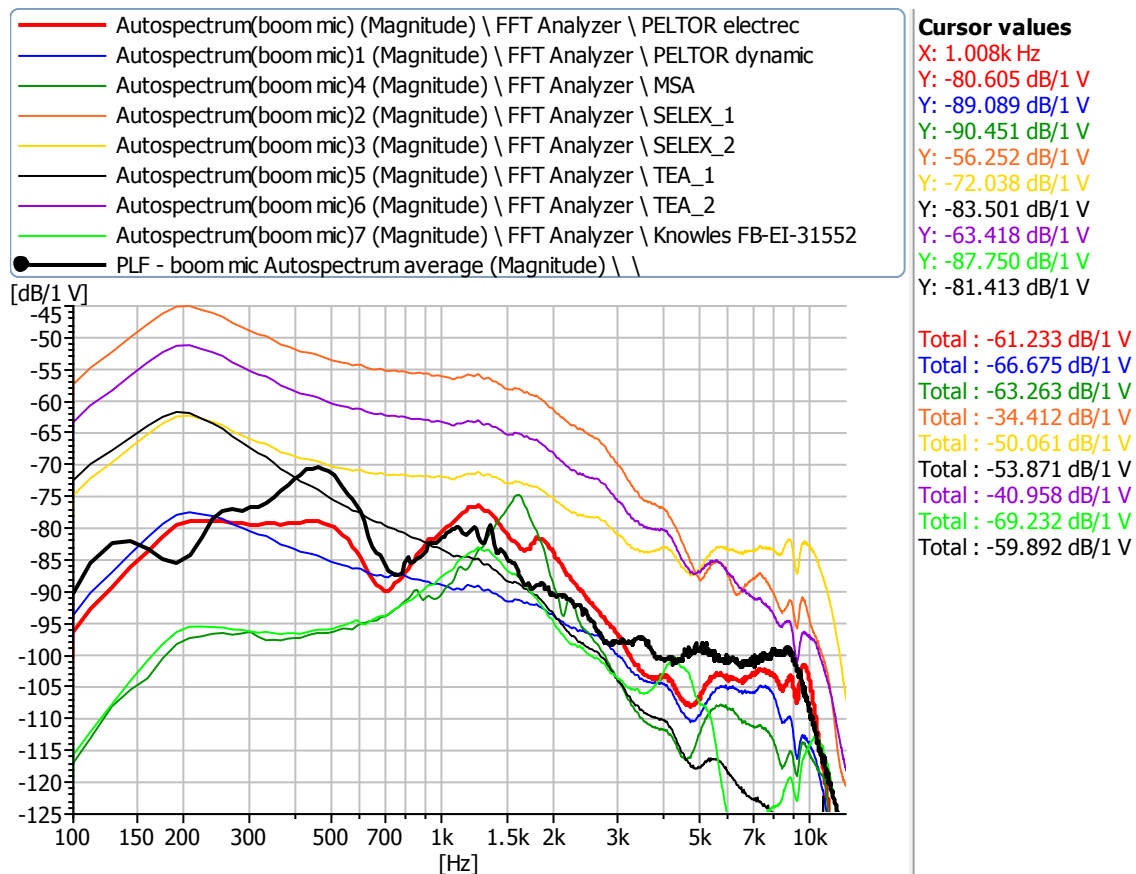
#### Ref Mic



The total energy of the average ref mic of 12 test subjects is 93.476 dBspl (black curve) and the ref mic using Pink Noise of 150m Vrms through the mouth simulator of HATS is in average 93.352 dBspl, which gives almost the same value.

There is a spread of the curves measured due to proximity effect of boom mic and ref mic.

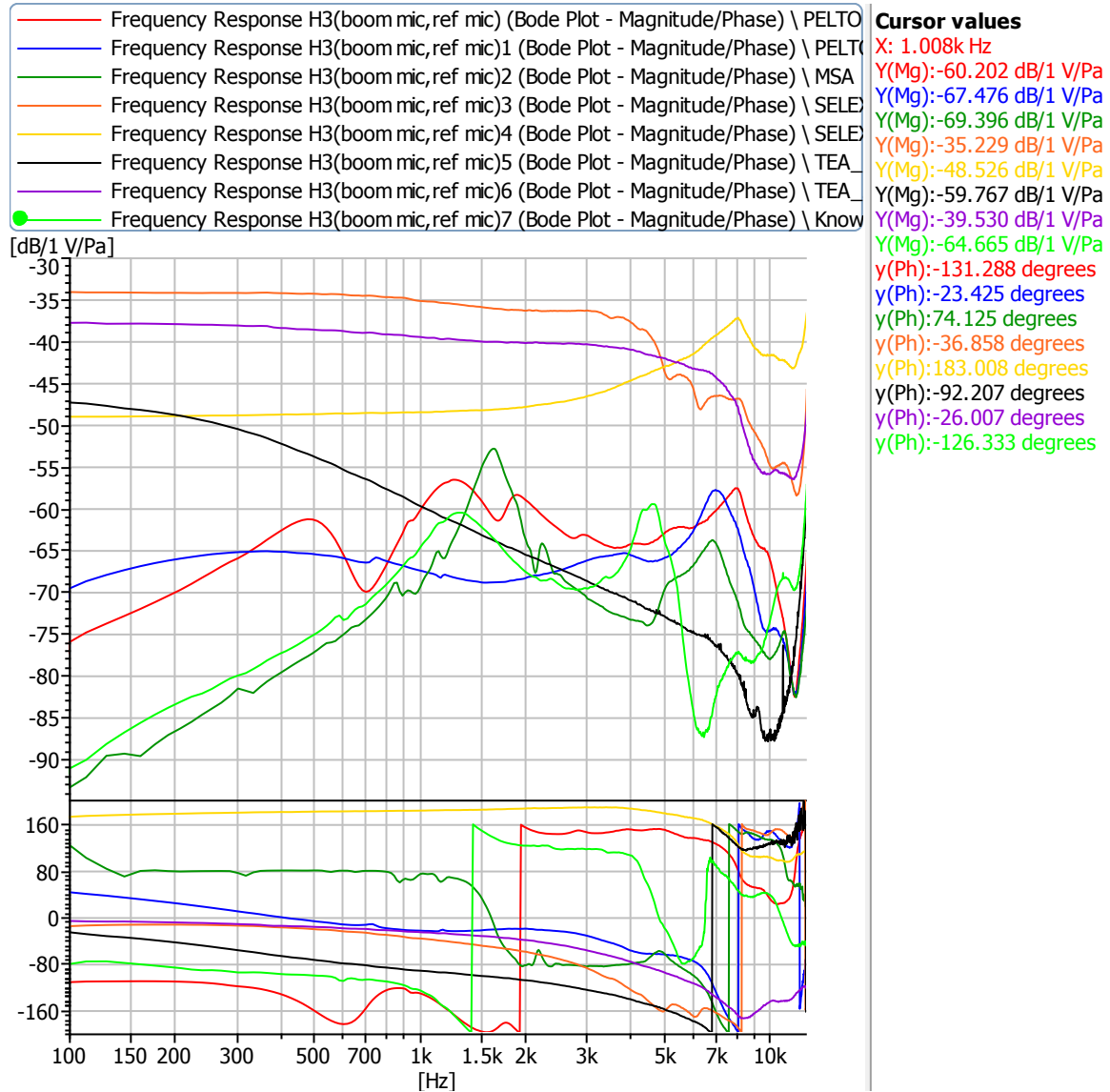
## Boom mics



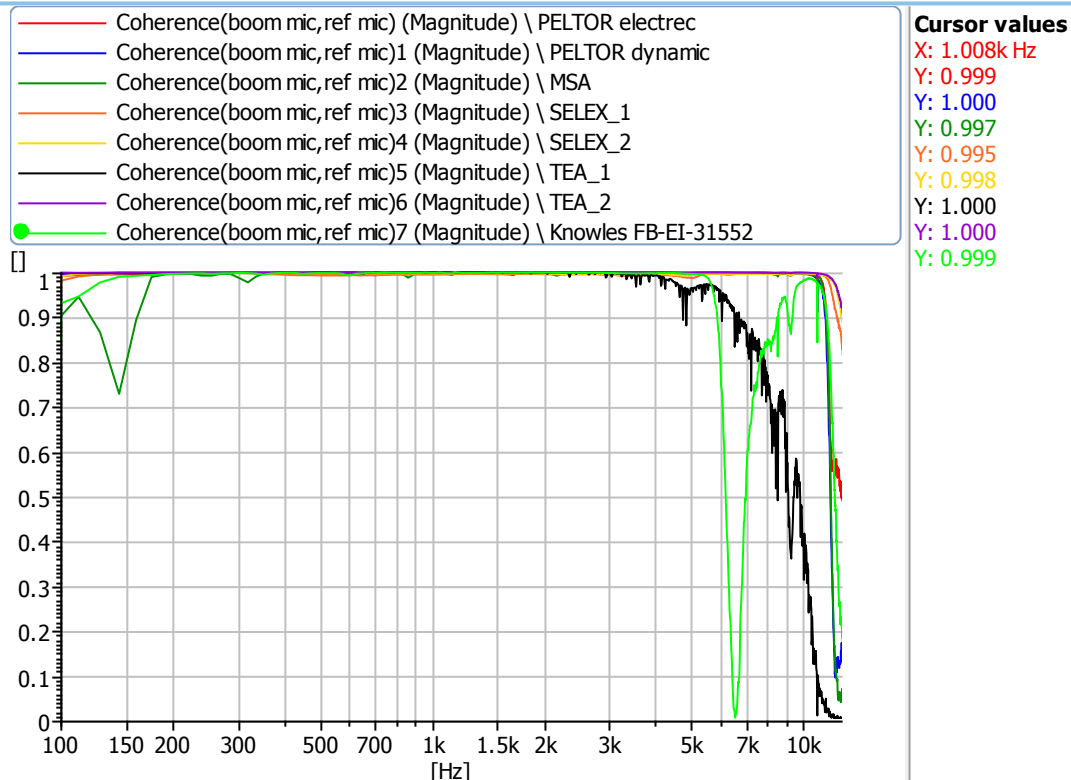
The total energy of the average PELTOR boom mic of 12 test subjects is  $-59.892 \text{ dBV}$  (black curve) and the Pink Noise at 180m Vrms through the mouth simulator of HATS using the same PELTOR boom mic is  $-61.233 \text{ dBV}$  (red curve), given as a result a difference of  $-1.3 \text{ dB}$ .

## • Frequency Response & Coherence

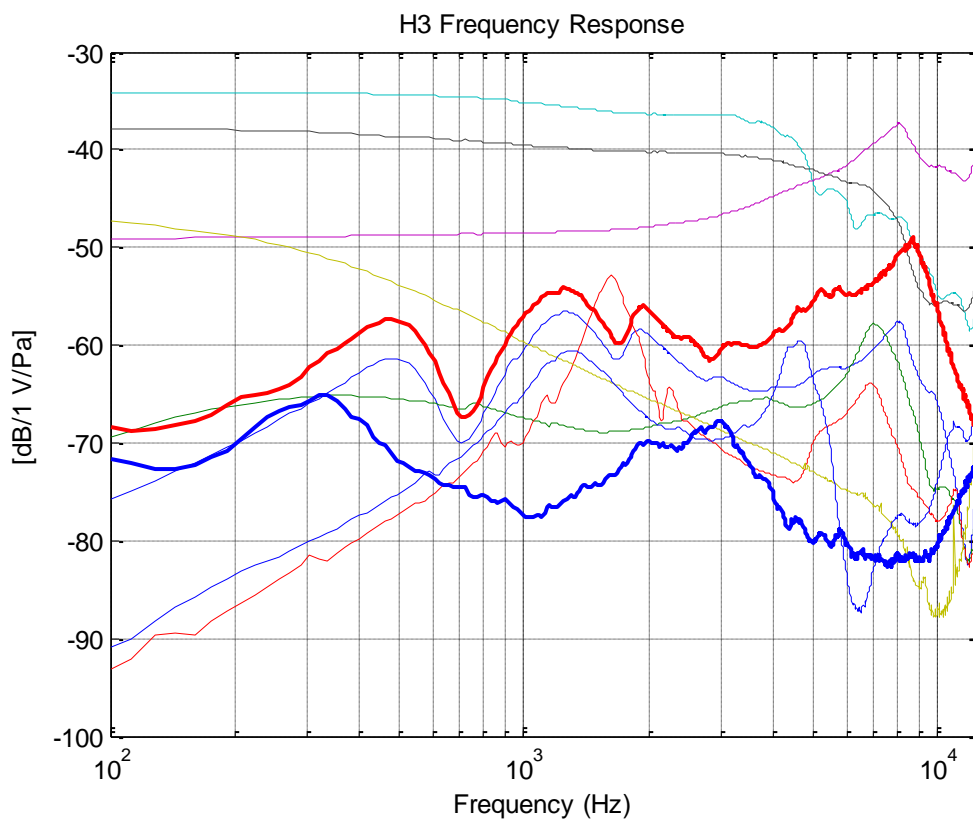
### Boom mics



## TEST REPORT for boom mic sensitivity measurements



**Comparison of mean value of BCM and PELTOR frequency responses with test subjects and Boom mics using HATS.**



blue curve is H3(BCM,RefMic), and red curve is H3(PELTOR,RefMic).

**note: Data of the above curves is in the Test Report folder.**



## 6 Conclusion:

The best way to measure the sensitivity of unknown microphones and compared to the BCM is to use speech and measure the bcm and the boom mic at the same time. However, it cannot be always be used test subject for this type of measurements.

A very close approximation is to use Pink Noise at 150m Vrms through the mouth simulator of HATS. The total energy in the frequency range of 12.8kHz gives almost the same value than using speech. This gives as a result a well-known and ready available way to measure the sensitivity of unknown boom mics.