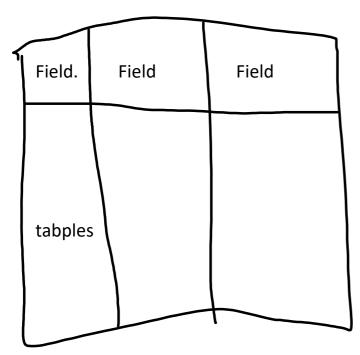
2019-2-6

2019年2月6日 星期三 下午8:14

ER diagram to Relational Model

Relational Model: table with relations



Headers.: schema

Real contains: instance(the data)

Family

R(f1[the field]:domain1, f2:d2......)

Name of the relations

Domain example: integers, from 1 to 100, etc......

R<= d1*d2*d3.... ???

Instance: {(e1,e2......)| e1 in d1,e2 in d2}

No duplicate. In theory

In reality, very hard to check duplicate

Domain: set from which data is taken (field)

Int

Float, double

Strings: char(n), barchar(n)

Date, time, date time

Enum don't know what it is

Dgree(ar-ity): number of field Cardinality: number of taples

DBMS enforces domain constraints

Example,

Students(sid:int,name:bafchar(80),age:int)

Check constrains

Integrity constrains: legal instance

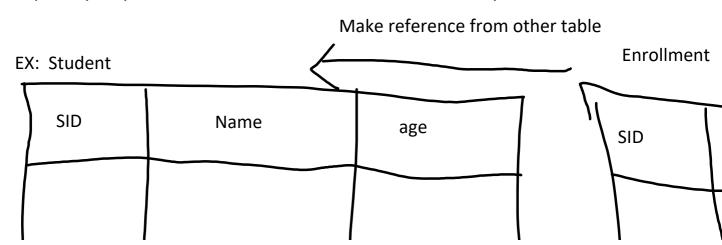
Domain constrains:

DBMS: might modify data so that it satisfy integrity constrains

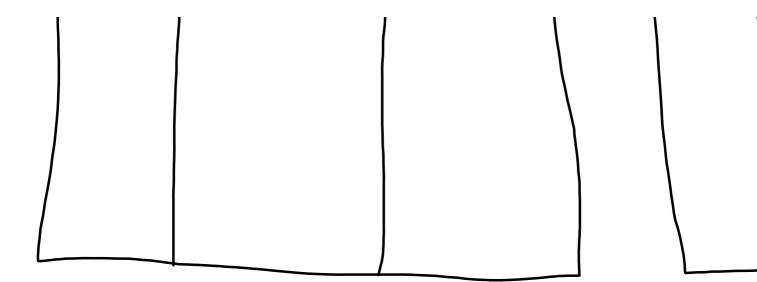
Key constrain: candidate key Primary key

Minimal set of attributes that uniquelly identifies the taple

Super key: any set of attributes that contains a candidate key



COURSE ID Grade



Referential integrity constraint

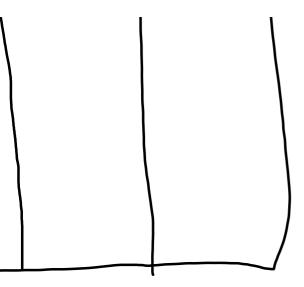
EX:

Student(SID:INT,NAME:barchar(80),age:int,primary key(sid))

Enrollment(sid:int, csd:int,grade:char(2),priamry key(sid,cid),foreign key(sid) references stu

Person(ssn,name,parent,primarykey(ssn),forein key(parent) referent person(ssn))

Temporarily turn off intergrity constrans



udent(sid)optional)