

backend-plus-04

Task.01 认识数据库

1. 什么是数据库？什么是DBMS？

数据库是长期存储在计算机内、有组织的、可共享的数据集合。DBMS（数据库管理系统）是用于管理数据库的软件，负责数据的存储、查询、更新和安全控制。

2. 你知道常见的DBMS有哪些吗？

常见的DBMS有：MySQL、Oracle、SQL Server、PostgreSQL、SQLite等。

3. 什么是主键？什么是外键？他们的作用是什么？

主键是唯一标识表中每条记录的字段，确保数据唯一性；外键是另一个表的主键，用于建立表之间的关联，保证数据一致性。

Task.02 安装MySQL：下载并安装——配置环境变量——配置 my.ini 文件——初始化数据库——启动MySQL 服务——登录 MySQL

编辑环境变量



C:\Program Files\MySQL\MySQL Server 9.4\bin

新建(N)

D:\steam2\Scripts\

编辑(E)

D:\steam2\

D:\steam3\anaconda

浏览(B)...

D:\steam3\anaconda\Scripts

D:\steam3\anaconda\Library\bin

删除(D)

%JAVA_HOME%\bin

C:\Program Files\Common Files\Oracle\Java\javapath

%SystemRoot%\system32

%SystemRoot%

上移(U)

%SystemRoot%\System32\Wbem

%SYSTEMROOT%\System32\WindowsPowerShell\v1.0\

%SYSTEMROOT%\System32\OpenSSH\

下移(O)

C:\Program Files\Bandizip\

C:\Users\Admin\AppData\Local\Programs\Python\Python37\pyth...

编辑文本(T)...

C:\Program Files\Cloudflare\Cloudflare WARP\

D:\steam2\Git\cmd

D:\steam2\miktex\miktex\bin\x64\

确定

取消



my.ini



DESKTOP-I8QPENN.err



文件

编辑

查看



[mysqld]

basedir=D:\steam2\mysql

datadir=D:\steam2\mysql\data

port=3306

server_id=1

```
MySQL 9.4 Command Line Cli × + v
Enter password: *****
Welcome to the MySQL monitor.  Commands end with ; or \g.
Your MySQL connection id is 11
Server version: 9.4.0 MySQL Community Server - GPL

Copyright (c) 2000, 2025, Oracle and/or its affiliates.

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affiliates. Other names may be trademarks of their respective
owners.

Type 'help;' or '\h' for help. Type '\c' to clear the current input statement.

mysql> |
```

Task.03 入门的SQL语句：创建数据库——创建学生表——插入四条数据——查询数据

```
mysql> CREATE DATABASE IF NOT EXISTS school;
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.299 sec)

mysql> USE school;
Database changed
mysql> CREATE TABLE student (
  ->   id INT AUTO_INCREMENT PRIMARY KEY,
  ->   name VARCHAR(50) NOT NULL,
  ->   age INT,
  ->   gender INT COMMENT '1:男, 2:女'
  -> );
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.387 sec)

mysql> INSERT INTO student (name, age, gender) VALUES
  -> ('张三', 19, 1),
  -> ('李四', 18, 2),
  -> ('张五', 22, 2),
  -> ('赵六', 21, 1);
Query OK, 4 rows affected (0.118 sec)
Records: 4  Duplicates: 0  Warnings: 0

mysql> SELECT name, gender FROM student;
+-----+-----+
| name  | gender |
+-----+-----+
| 张三  |      1 |
| 李四  |      2 |
| 张五  |      2 |
| 赵六  |      1 |
+-----+-----+
4 rows in set (0.007 sec)

mysql> SELECT name, age FROM student WHERE age > 20;
+-----+-----+
| name  | age  |
+-----+-----+
| 张五  |   22 |
| 赵六  |   21 |
+-----+-----+
2 rows in set (0.007 sec)

mysql> SELECT * FROM student WHERE name LIKE '张%';
+----+-----+-----+-----+
| id | name  | age  | gender |
+----+-----+-----+-----+
|  1 | 张三  |   19 |      1 |
|  3 | 张五  |   22 |      2 |
+----+-----+-----+-----+
2 rows in set (0.007 sec)
```

Task.04 进阶SQL：创建成绩表 `grade`——插入成绩数据——完成三个查询任务

```
MySQL 9.4 Command Line Cli  ×  +  v

mysql> CREATE TABLE grade (
->   id INT AUTO_INCREMENT PRIMARY KEY,
->   student_id INT NOT NULL,
->   subject VARCHAR(20) NOT NULL,
->   score INT,
->   FOREIGN KEY (student_id) REFERENCES student(id)
-> );
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.348 sec)

mysql> INSERT INTO grade (student_id, subject, score) VALUES
-> (1, '语文', 98),
-> (1, '数学', 89),
-> (1, '英语', 88),
-> (2, '语文', 99),
-> (2, '数学', 90),
-> (2, '英语', 97),
-> (3, '语文', 65),
-> (3, '数学', 74),
-> (3, '英语', 89),
-> (4, '语文', 68),
-> (4, '数学', 96),
-> (4, '英语', 60);
Query OK, 12 rows affected (0.059 sec)
Records: 12  Duplicates: 0  Warnings: 0

mysql> SELECT s.id, s.name, g.score
-> FROM student s
-> JOIN grade g ON s.id = g.student_id
-> WHERE g.subject = '数学' AND g.score > 80;
+----+-----+-----+
| id | name  | score |
+----+-----+-----+
|  1 | 张三  |    89 |
|  2 | 李四  |    90 |
|  4 | 赵六  |    96 |
+----+-----+-----+
3 rows in set (0.014 sec)
```

```
mysql> SELECT s.id, s.name, SUM(g.score) AS total_score
-> FROM student s
-> JOIN grade g ON s.id = g.student_id
-> GROUP BY s.id, s.name;
+----+-----+-----+
| id | name  | total_score |
+----+-----+-----+
|  1 | 张三  |          275 |
|  2 | 李四  |          286 |
|  3 | 张五  |          228 |
|  4 | 赵六  |          224 |
+----+-----+-----+
4 rows in set (0.048 sec)

mysql> SELECT s.id, s.name, g.score
-> FROM student s
-> JOIN grade g ON s.id = g.student_id
-> WHERE g.subject = '数学'
-> AND g.score > (
->   SELECT AVG(score)
->   FROM grade
->   WHERE subject = '数学'
-> );
+----+-----+-----+
| id | name  | score |
+----+-----+-----+
|  1 | 张三  |    89 |
|  2 | 李四  |    90 |
|  4 | 赵六  |    96 |
+----+-----+-----+
3 rows in set (0.008 sec)

mysql> |
```