Q2`25-Slots-图片资源压缩-程序

现状:

- 1. 发布阶段, web 端资源做 webp 压缩; 【生效中】
- 2. 研发阶段,美术在提交资源时视情况自行操作图片压缩; 【已废弃】 该流程已于多年前废弃,目前 native 端图片资源未做任何压缩处理;
- 3. 资源数量日趋庞大,下载、运行负担日重;

需求:

- 1. 支持一键、选择性压缩;
- 2. 不改变原始资源,避免增加美术修改负担;
- 3. 避免增加发版过程,目前发版时长已经很长了;
- 4. 避免每次发布资源都要等待压缩,压缩过程较为耗时;
- 5. 多端同步;

实现方案:

- 1. "发布资源到工程"脚本,增加图片压缩过程: (PlugIns/resourcePublish.py)
 - a. 仍采用 tinyPNG (熊猫) 压缩;
 - b. 默认对所有发布的图片资源做压缩处理;
 - c. 排除默认、指定的忽略文件;

```
8
                            if
                                     srcPathFileName.endswith(".png")
                                                                            or
   srcPathFileName.endswith(".jpg"):
9
            dstPathFileName = dstPathFileName.replace("_hd.", ".")
10
            if not os.path.exists(os.path.dirname(dstPathFileName)):
                os.makedirs(os.path.dirname(dstPathFileName))
12
            shutil.copyfile(srcPathFileName, dstPathFileName);
13
14
                                 if(srcPathFileName.endswith("_hd.png")
15
   srcPathFileName.endswith("_hd.jpg")):
16
                if hdDstPathFileName:
17
18
                                                                     if
                                                                           not
   os.path.exists(os.path.dirname(hdDstPathFileName)):
19
                        os.makedirs(os.path.dirname(hdDstPathFileName))
                    shutil.copyfile(srcPathFileName, hdDstPathFileName);
20
21
                if not pkgutil.find_loader("PIL"):
22
                    print "请输入登录密码安装插件需要的依赖库:"
23
24
                    os.system("sudo pip install Pillow")
                from PIL import Image
26
27
                hdImage = Image.open(dstPathFileName)
28
                (w, h) = hdImage.size
29
                                                  hdImage.resize((int(w*0.5),
30
                                     sdImage
   int(h*0.5)), Image.ANTIALIAS)
31
                hdImage.close()
                sdImage.save(dstPathFileName)
                sdImage.close()
            # 压缩文件
34
            if not ignore_util.in_png_compress_ignore(srcPathFileName):
35
                if not md5_util.isMD5Equal(srcPathFileName):
36
37
                             if not (dstPathFileName.endswith("_hd.png") or
   dstPathFileName.endswith("_hd.jpg")):
                        print "Compress Image File:%s"%(dstPathFileName)
38
                                   os.system("python ./compressImage.py %s"%
    (dstPathFileName))
       else:
40
            print "File(%s)is Not Image File"%(srcPathFileName)
41
```

2. 增加发布文件 md5 值记录,防止重复发布、压缩: (PlugIns/md5_util.py)

已发布记录文件: __check__/published.md5 【及时提交、同步】

a. 记录发布过的文件的 md5 值:

- b. 文件无变更(记录中的 md5 值与本地文件 md5 值一致)时跳过发布;
- c. 遇到特殊情况,可以删掉 published.md5 文件, 重新发布;

```
1 #!/usr/bin/env python
2 # coding: utf-8
4 import os
  import sys
   # 获取 srcPathFileName 在 Resources 路径下的相对路径
   def get_src_relative_path(srcPathFileName):
       relativePath = srcPathFileName.split("Resources")[1]
       return relativePath.lstrip("/")
10
11
12 # 获取 md5 记录文件路径
def get_md5_record_path(srcPathFileName):
       resourcesPath = srcPathFileName.split("Resources")[0] + "Resources"
       md5TxtPath = resourcesPath + "/../__check__/published.md5"
15
       return md5TxtPath
16
17
18 # 获取文件 md5 值
19 def get_file_md5(srcPathFileName):
       md5Value = os.popen('md5sum "%s"'%(srcPathFileName)).read().strip()
20
       md5Value = md5Value.split(" ")[0]
21
22
       return md5Value
24 # 记录 md5 值
25 def recordMd5(srcPathFileName):
26
       md5TxtPath = get_md5_record_path(srcPathFileName)
       # 如果 md5.txt 路径下不存在, 就创建一个
27
28
       if not os.path.exists(os.path.dirname(md5TxtPath)):
29
           os.makedirs(os.path.dirname(md5TxtPath))
       if not os.path.exists(md5TxtPath):
30
           os.system('touch "%s"'%(md5TxtPath))
31
32
33
       relativePath = get_src_relative_path(srcPathFileName)
34
       md5Value = get_file_md5(srcPathFileName)
       # 读取 md5 记录
35
       md5TxtContent = ""
36
37
       md5TxtContent = os.popen('cat "%s"'%(md5TxtPath)).read().strip()
       # 判断 md5.txt 路径下是否已经存在 srcPathFileName 的 md5 值
38
39
       if md5TxtContent.find(relativePath) = -1:
40
           # 如果不存在, 就将 srcPathFileName 的 md5 值写入 md5.txt 路径下
           with open(md5TxtPath, 'a') as f:
41
               f.write(md5Value + " " + relativePath + "\n")
42
43
               f.close()
```

```
44
    else:
45
            # 如果存在, 就将 srcPathFileName 的 md5 值替换掉 md5.txt 路径下的旧
   值,并保存
           with open(md5TxtPath, 'r') as f:
46
47
               content = f.read()
                content = content.replace(md5Value + " " + relativePath +
48
   "\n", md5Value + " " + relativePath + "\n")
49
               f.close()
           with open(md5TxtPath, 'w') as f:
50
               f.write(content)
51
52
               f.close()
53
54
   def isMD5Equal(srcPathFileName):
55
       md5TxtPath = get_md5_record_path(srcPathFileName)
56
       # md5TxtPath 不存在直接返回 True
57
       if not os.path.exists(md5TxtPath):
           return False
58
59
       relativePath = get_src_relative_path(srcPathFileName)
       md5TxtContent = os.popen('cat "%s"'%(md5TxtPath)).read().strip()
60
       if md5TxtContent.find(relativePath) = -1:
61
           return False
62
       else:
64
           # 如果存在. 就将 srcPathFileName 对应的 md5 值读取出来
           with open(md5TxtPath, 'r') as f:
65
66
               content = f.read()
                     md5Value = content.split(relativePath)[0].split("\n")
67
    [-1].strip()
68
               f.close()
69
       # 获取 srcPathFileName 的 md5 值
       new_md5Value = get_file_md5(srcPathFileName)
70
71
       # 判断 md5.txt 路径下的 md5 值是否与 srcPathFileName 的 md5 值一致
       if new_md5Value = md5Value:
72
73
           return True
74
       else:
75
           return False
76
77
   def remove_from_published_md5(srcPathFileName):
78
79
       record_file_path = get_md5_record_path(srcPathFileName)
       if not os.path.exists(record_file_path):
80
81
           return
82
       relativePath = get_src_relative_path(srcPathFileName)
83
       print("remove_from_published_md5:%s"%(relativePath))
84
       with open(record_file_path, 'r') as f:
85
           record = f.read().splitlines()
86
           print("record:%s"%(record))
87
           f.close()
       # 遍历 record, 移除 relativePath 对应的记录, 并保存到文件中
88
```

```
for i in range(len(record)):
 90
             if record[i].find(relativePath) \neq -1:
 91
                 record.pop(i)
                 break
 92
 93
         with open(record_file_path, 'w') as f:
             for i in record:
 94
 95
                 f.write(i + '\n')
             f.close()
 96
 97
    if __name__ = "__main__":
 98
99
         if len(sys.argv) < 3:</pre>
100
                 print('Usage: python md5_util.py opration srcPathFileName
     [param1 param2 ...]')
101
             print('opration: [record,remove_from_published_md5]')
102
103
         # 打印参数
104
         print('opration:', sys.argv[1])
105
         print('srcPathFileName:', sys.argv[2])
106
         print('param:', sys.argv[3:])
107
108
         # 根据 opration 执行不同的操作
109
         opration = sys.argv[1]
         if opration = 'record':
110
111
             recordMd5(sys.argv[2])
112
         elif opration = 'remove_from_published_md5':
113
             remove_from_published_md5(sys.argv[2])
114
115
         exit(0)
```

3. 增加忽略压缩功能: (PlugIns/ignore_util.py)

忽略记录文件: __check__/png_compress_ignore.txt 【及时提交、同步】

- a. 默认忽略列表: ["/symbol/","common/","slot/"];
- b. 从 png_compress_ignore.txt 中获取忽略列表;
- c. 忽略列表做 === 、包含匹配;

```
1 #!/usr/bin/env python
2 # coding: utf-8
3
4 import os
5 import sys
6
7 png_compress_common_ignore_list = ["/symbol/","common/","slot/"]
8
9 # 获取 srcPathFileName 在 Resources 路径下的相对路径
```

```
def get_src_relative_path(srcPathFileName):
11
        relativePath = srcPathFileName.split("Resources")[1]
       return relativePath.lstrip("/")
12
13
14
   # 获取图片压缩忽略文件路径
   def get_png_compress_ignore_path(srcPathFileName):
15
       resourcesPath = srcPathFileName.split("Resources")[0] + "Resources"
       md5TxtPath = resourcesPath + "/../_check__/png_compress_ignore.txt"
17
18
       return md5TxtPath
19
   def get_png_compress_ignore(srcPathFileName):
20
       ignore_file_path = get_png_compress_ignore_path(srcPathFileName)
21
        if os.path.exists(ignore_file_path):
22
23
            with open(ignore_file_path, 'r') as f:
                ignore = f.read().splitlines()
25
                f.close()
               return ignore
26
27
       else:
            return []
28
29
   def in_png_compress_ignore(srcPathFileName):
31
        ignores = get_png_compress_ignore(srcPathFileName)
32
                                                 srcPathFileName
   srcPathFileName[srcPathFileName.find('Resources/')+10:]
33
       if srcPathFileName in ignores:
            return True
34
       for ignore in png_compress_common_ignore_list:
35
36
            if ignore in srcPathFileName:
37
                return True
38
       for ignore in ignores:
            if ignore in srcPathFileName:
40
                return True
       return False
41
42
43
   def add_to_png_compress_ignore(srcPathFileName):
44
       ignore_file_path = get_png_compress_ignore_path(srcPathFileName)
       # 如果 ignore_file_path 路径下不存在, 就创建一个
       if not os.path.exists(os.path.dirname(ignore_file_path)):
46
47
            os.makedirs(os.path.dirname(ignore_file_path))
       if not os.path.exists(ignore_file_path):
48
            os.system('touch "%s"'%(ignore_file_path))
49
50
51
        relativePath = get_src_relative_path(srcPathFileName)
52
        #添加新的条目前,先检查是否已经存在
       with open(ignore_file_path, 'r') as f:
54
            ignore = f.read().splitlines()
           if relativePath in ignore:
55
56
                f.close()
```

```
return
58
       with open(ignore_file_path, 'a') as f:
            f.write(relativePath + '\n')
59
            f.close()
60
61
62
   def remove_from_png_compress_ignore(srcPathFileName):
63
       ignore_file_path = get_png_compress_ignore_path(srcPathFileName)
64
65
       if not os.path.exists(ignore_file_path):
            return
66
67
       relativePath = get_src_relative_path(srcPathFileName)
68
       with open(ignore_file_path, 'r') as f:
69
70
            ignore = f.read().splitlines()
            if relativePath in ignore:
72
                ignore.remove(relativePath)
73
            f.close()
74
       with open(ignore_file_path, 'w') as f:
            for i in ignore:
75
                f.write(i + '\n')
76
77
            f.close()
   if name = " main ":
80
       if len(sys.argv) < 3:</pre>
81
               print('Usage: python ignore_util.py opration srcPathFileName
    [param1 param2 ...]')
82
                                                              print('opration:
    [add_to_png_compress_ignore,remove_from_png_compress_ignore]')
83
       # 打印参数
            # print('opration:', sys.argv[1])
86
            # print('srcPathFileName:', sys.argv[2])
87
            # print('param:', sys.argv[3:])
88
89
       # 根据 opration 执行不同的操作
90
        opration = sys.argv[1]
91
       if opration = 'add_to_png_compress_ignore':
            add_to_png_compress_ignore(sys.argv[2])
93
        elif opration = 'remove_from_png_compress_ignore':
            remove_from_png_compress_ignore(sys.argv[2])
94
95
96
        exit(0)
```

4. 标记颜色功能, 绑定压缩忽略功能: (Plugin/setTag.sh)

```
忽略记录文件: __check__/tag.txt 【及时提交、同步】
```

a. 添加绿色标记时,记录到 png_compress_ignore.txt、tag.txt;

- b. 移除绿色标记时,移除 png_compress_ignore.txt、tag.txt 中的记录;
- c. 刷新标记时,从 tag.txt 获取标记记录,逐条应用"添加标记"操作;

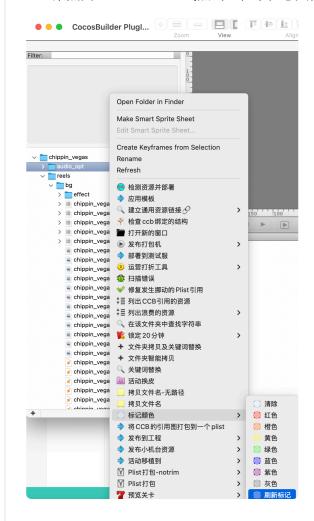
```
1 #!/bin/sh
 2 # title: 标记颜色
 3 # filters: subfolder file
 4 # options: global wait
 5 # icon: none
 6 # order: 190
 7 # submenu: 2 红色 red
8 # submenu: 1 橙色 orange
9 # submenu: 3 黄色 yellow
10 # submenu: 6 绿色 green
11 # submenu: 4 蓝色 blue
12 # submenu: 5 紫色 purple
13 # submenu: 7 灰色 gray
14 # submenu: 0 清除 none
15 # submenu: 8 刷新标记
16
17 col="0"
18 if [ $4 ]; then
19
       col=$4
20 fi
21
22 process_color_tag() {
23
      local col=$1
       local file_path=$2
24
25
      script_dir=$(dirname "$0")
27
       pushd "$script_dir"
28
       if [ "$col" = "6" ]; then
29
           python ignore_util.py add_to_png_compress_ignore "$file_path"
       elif [ "$col" = "0" ]; then
30
                   python ignore_util.py remove_from_png_compress_ignore
31
   "$file_path"
32
           python md5_util.py remove_from_published_md5 "$file_path"
33
       fi
34
       popd
35 }
36
37 # 将$col存储在本地文件中,存储文件路径为: $1 中与/Resources/同级的目录,
   __check__/下的tag.txt
38 # 存储格式为: $1 在 Resources/下的相对路: $col
39 # 获取$1在Resources/下的相对路径
40 relative_path=$(echo $1 | sed 's/.*\/Resources\///')
41 # 获取 Resources/的父目录
```

```
42 root_path=$(echo $1 | sed 's/\/Resources\/.*//')
43 # 获取 Resources/的父目录下的__check__/tag.txt
44 tag_path=$root_path/__check__/tag.txt
45 # 如果tag.txt不存在,则创建
46 if [ ! -f $tag_path ]; then
       mkdir -p $root_path/__check__
       touch $tag_path
   fi
50
51 if [ $col = "8" ]; then
52
       echo 正在刷新标记
       # 读取tag.txt中的内容
53
       while read line; do
           # 获取$1在Resources/下的相对路径
56
           relative_path=$(echo $line | awk -F ':' '{print $1}')
57
           # 获取$1在Resources/下的相对路径
           col=$(echo $line | awk -F ':' '{print $2}')
58
           target_path=$root_path/Resources/$relative_path
59
           # 如果$1不存在,则跳过
60
           if [! -f $target_path ]; then
61
               continue
           fi
           echo 正在标记颜色 $col
           process_color_tag $col $target_path
65
           osascript -e "tell application \"Finder\" to set label index of
   alias POSIX file \"$target_path\" to $col"
       done < $tag_path
67
68
       exit 0
69 fi
70
71 if [ $col = "0" ]; then
72
       sed -i '' "\|$relative_path:|d" "$tag_path"
73 else
       if grep -q "$relative_path:" $tag_path; then
74
           sed -i '' "\|$relative_path:|d" "$tag_path"
75
76
       fi
77
       echo $relative_path:$col >> $tag_path
78 fi
79 process_color_tag $col $1
80 osascript -e "tell application \"Finder\" to set label index of alias
   POSIX file \"$1\" to $col"
```

操作说明:

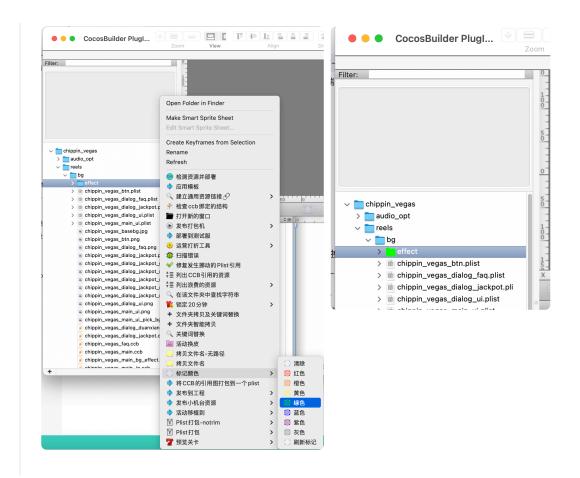
1. 刷新标记:

- a. 拉取 git 以同步记录文件;
- b. 选择工程中任意目录、文件, 右键 -> 标记颜色 -> 刷新标记;
- c. 聚焦回 cocosbuilder (点击工程中任意文件、文件夹), 查看标记状态;



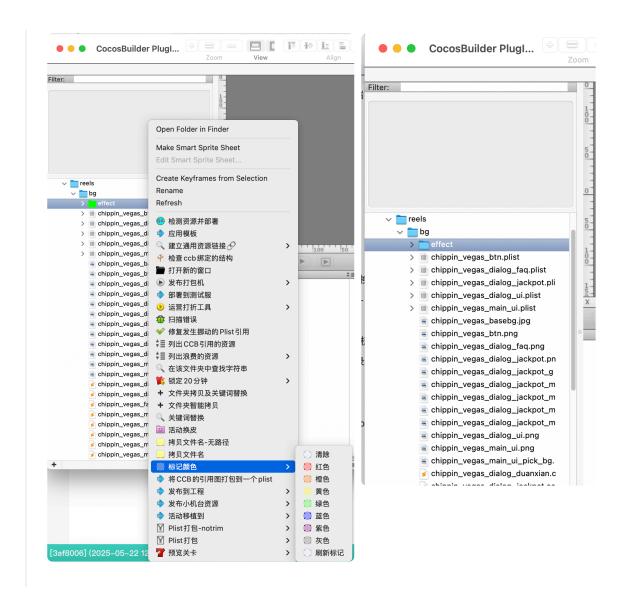
2. 增加标记:绿色标记代表"不压缩"

- a. 可针对目录、或文件;
- b. 聚焦回 cocosbuilder (点击 cocosbuilder 任意区域), 查看标记状态;



3. 移除标记:

- a. 选中已有颜色的文件、目录,右键 -> 标记颜色 -> 清除;
- b. 移除绿色标记后,表示该资源发布时会被压缩;



▲注意:

- 需要新增、移除标记前: 拉取 git -> 刷新标记;
 不操作刷新标记无法同步颜色显示状态,但不影响已经有过的标记记录生效(只是看不到颜色而已);
- 3. (程序)首次大面积资源发布,会多耗费 1-2 分钟时间逐个处理压缩;
- 4. (程序)首次发布后,请及时提交发布后的资源和 __check_ 目录;
- 5. (程序)如果出现原因导致的发布后资源不符合预期的情况,可以手动删除 __check__/published.md5文件,重新发布;