

With k input positions:

Firing rate at x_i : $\sum_{l=1}^k f(\theta_l - x_i)$

$$\int \cdots \int \prod_{l=1}^k ds_l \sum_{\mathbf{c}_1 \in \mathbb{N}^n} \sum_{\mathbf{c}_2 \in \mathbb{N}^n} \prod_{i,j=1}^n \frac{(d_1 \sum_{l=1}^k f_1(s_l - \frac{i}{n}))^{c_{1,i}} (d_2 \sum_{l=1}^k f_2(s_l - \frac{j}{n}))^{c_{2,i}}}{c_{1,i}! c_{2,i}!} e^{-d_1 \sum_i \sum_l f_1(s_l - \frac{i}{n}) - d_2 \sum_j \sum_l f_2(s_l - \frac{j}{n})}$$

$$\ln \left(\frac{\prod_{i,j=1}^n (d_1 \sum_{l=1}^k f_1(s_l - \frac{i}{n}))^{c_{1,i}} (d_2 \sum_{l=1}^k f_2(s_l - \frac{j}{n}))^{c_{2,i}}}{\int \cdots \int \prod_{l=1}^k ds_l \prod_{i,j=1}^n (d_1 \sum_{l=1}^k f_1(s_l - \frac{i}{n}))^{c_{1,i}} (d_2 \sum_{l=1}^k f_2(s_l - \frac{j}{n}))^{c_{2,i}}} \right)$$

Poissonian Limit:

Normalize $\tilde{f}_1 = \frac{f_1}{f_1}$, $\tilde{f}_2 = \frac{f_2}{f_2}$,

$$\sum_{n_1, n_2} \frac{1}{n_1! n_2!} \int \cdots \int \prod_{l=1}^k ds_l \prod_{i=1}^{n_1} dx_i \prod_{j=1}^{n_2} dy_j \left\{ \prod_{i,j} d_1 \left(\sum_l f_1(s_l - x_i) \right) d_2 \left(\sum_l f_2(s_l - y_j) \right) e^{-k(d_1 \bar{f}_1 + d_2 \bar{f}_2)} \right.$$

$$\left. \ln \left(\frac{\prod_{i,j} (d_1 (\sum_l f_1(s_l - x_i)) d_2 (\sum_l f_2(s_l - y_j)))}{\int \cdots \int \prod_{l=1}^k ds'_l \prod_{i,j} (d_1 (\sum_l f_1(s'_l - x_i)) d_2 (\sum_l f_2(s'_l - y_j)))} \right) \right\}$$

$$= e^{-k(d_1 \bar{f}_1 + d_2 \bar{f}_2)} \sum_{n_1, n_2} \frac{(d_1 \bar{f}_1)^{n_1} (d_2 \bar{f}_2)^{n_2}}{n_1! n_2!} \int \cdots \int \prod_{l=1}^k ds_l \prod_{i=1}^{n_1} dx_i \prod_{j=1}^{n_2} dy_j \left\{ \prod_{i,j} \left(\sum_l \tilde{f}_1(s_l - x_i) \right) \left(\sum_l \tilde{f}_2(s_l - y_j) \right) \right.$$

$$\left. \ln \left(\frac{\prod_{i,j} (\sum_l \tilde{f}_1(s_l - x_i)) (\sum_l \tilde{f}_2(s_l - y_j))}{\int \cdots \int \prod_{l=1}^k ds'_l \prod_{i,j} (\sum_l \tilde{f}_1(s'_l - x_i)) (\sum_l \tilde{f}_2(s'_l - y_j))} \right) \right\}$$

$$= e^{-k(d_1 \bar{f}_1 + d_2 \bar{f}_2)} \sum_{n_1, n_2} \frac{(d_1 \bar{f}_1)^{n_1} (d_2 \bar{f}_2)^{n_2}}{n_1! n_2!} \int \cdots \int \prod_{l=1}^k ds_l \prod_{i=1}^{n_1} dx_i \left(\sum_l \tilde{f}_1(s_l - x_i) \right) (k^{n_2}) \ln \left(\prod_{i=1}^{n_1} \left(\sum_l \tilde{f}_1(s_l - x_i) \right) \right)$$

$$+ e^{-k(d_1 \bar{f}_1 + d_2 \bar{f}_2)} \sum_{n_1, n_2} \frac{(d_1 \bar{f}_1)^{n_1} (d_2 \bar{f}_2)^{n_2}}{n_1! n_2!} \int \cdots \int \prod_{l=1}^k ds_l \prod_{j=1}^{n_2} dy_j (k^{n_1}) \left(\sum_l \tilde{f}_2(s_l - y_j) \right) \ln \left(\prod_{j=1}^{n_2} \left(\sum_l \tilde{f}_2(s_l - y_j) \right) \right)$$

$$- e^{-k(d_1 \bar{f}_1 + d_2 \bar{f}_2)} \sum_{n_1, n_2} \frac{(d_1 \bar{f}_1)^{n_1} (d_2 \bar{f}_2)^{n_2}}{n_1! n_2!} \int \cdots \int \prod_{i=1}^{n_1} dx_i \prod_{j=1}^{n_2} dy_j A(x_1, \dots, x_{n_1}, y_1, \dots, y_{n_2}) \ln (A(x_1, \dots, x_{n_1}, y_1, \dots, y_{n_2}))$$

$$= e^{-k d_1 \bar{f}_1} \sum_{n_1} \frac{(d_1 \bar{f}_1)^{n_1}}{n_1!} \int \cdots \int \prod_{l=1}^k ds_l \prod_{i=1}^{n_1} dx_i \left(\sum_l \tilde{f}_1(s_l - x_i) \right) \ln \left(\prod_{i=1}^{n_1} \left(\sum_l \tilde{f}_1(s_l - x_i) \right) \right)$$

$$+ e^{-k d_2 \bar{f}_2} \sum_{n_2} \frac{(d_2 \bar{f}_2)^{n_2}}{n_2!} \int \cdots \int \prod_{l=1}^k ds_l \prod_{j=1}^{n_2} dy_j \left(\sum_l \tilde{f}_2(s_l - y_j) \right) \ln \left(\prod_{j=1}^{n_2} \left(\sum_l \tilde{f}_2(s_l - y_j) \right) \right)$$

$$- e^{-k(d_1 \bar{f}_1 + d_2 \bar{f}_2)} \sum_{n_1, n_2} \frac{(d_1 \bar{f}_1)^{n_1} (d_2 \bar{f}_2)^{n_2}}{n_1! n_2!} \int \cdots \int \prod_{i=1}^{n_1} dx_i \prod_{j=1}^{n_2} dy_j A(x_1, \dots, x_{n_1}, y_1, \dots, y_{n_2}) \ln (A(x_1, \dots, x_{n_1}, y_1, \dots, y_{n_2}))$$

where

$$A(x_1, \dots, x_{n_1}, y_1, \dots, y_{n_2}) := \int \cdots \int \prod_{l=1}^k ds'_l \prod_{i,j} \left(\sum_l \tilde{f}_1(s'_l - x_i) \right) \left(\sum_l \tilde{f}_2(s'_l - y_j) \right)$$

and

$$\int \cdots \int \prod_{i=1}^{n_1} dx_i \prod_{j=1}^{n_2} dy_j A(x_1, \dots, x_{n_1}, y_1, \dots, y_{n_2}) = k^{n_1 + n_2}.$$

Normalize A such that :

$$\begin{aligned}
& e^{-k(d_1 \bar{f}_1 + d_2 \bar{f}_2)} \sum_{n_1, n_2} \frac{(d_1 \bar{f}_1)^{n_1} (d_2 \bar{f}_2)^{n_2}}{n_1! n_2!} \int \cdots \int \prod_{i=1}^{n_1} dx_i \prod_{j=1}^{n_2} dy_j k^{n_1+n_2} \tilde{A}(x_1, \dots, x_{n_1}, y_1, \dots, y_{n_2}) \ln \left(k^{n_1+n_2} \tilde{A}(x_1, \dots, x_{n_1}, y_1, \dots, y_{n_2}) \right) \\
= & e^{-k(d_1 \bar{f}_1 + d_2 \bar{f}_2)} \sum_{n_1, n_2} \frac{(kd_1 \bar{f}_1)^{n_1} (kd_2 \bar{f}_2)^{n_2}}{n_1! n_2!} \int \cdots \int \prod_{i=1}^{n_1} dx_i \prod_{j=1}^{n_2} dy_j \tilde{A}(x_1, \dots, x_{n_1}, y_1, \dots, y_{n_2}) \ln \left(\tilde{A}(x_1, \dots, x_{n_1}, y_1, \dots, y_{n_2}) \right) \\
& + e^{-k(d_1 \bar{f}_1 + d_2 \bar{f}_2)} \sum_{n_1, n_2} \frac{(kd_1 \bar{f}_1)^{n_1} (kd_2 \bar{f}_2)^{n_2}}{n_1! n_2!} \ln \left(k^{n_1+n_2} \right) \\
\leq & 0 + k \ln k (d_1 \bar{f}_1 + d_2 \bar{f}_2)
\end{aligned}$$

where maximum is achieved when $\tilde{A} \equiv 1$, i.e. f_1 and f_2 randomly takes f_+ and f_- . Therefore

$$\begin{aligned}
& I[f_1, f_2] \\
\leq & e^{-kd_1 \bar{f}_1} \sum_{n_1} \frac{(d_1 \bar{f}_1)^{n_1}}{n_1!} \int \cdots \int \prod_{l=1}^k ds_l \prod_{i=1}^{n_1} dx_i \left(\sum_l \tilde{f}_1(s_l - x_i) \right) \ln \left(\prod_{i=1}^{n_1} \left(\sum_l \tilde{f}_1(s_l - x_i) \right) \right) \\
& + e^{-kd_2 \bar{f}_2} \sum_{n_2} \frac{(d_2 \bar{f}_2)^{n_2}}{n_2!} \int \cdots \int \prod_{l=1}^k ds_l \prod_{j=1}^{n_2} dy_j \left(\sum_l \tilde{f}_2(s_l - y_j) \right) \ln \left(\prod_{j=1}^{n_2} \left(\sum_l \tilde{f}_2(s_l - y_j) \right) \right) \\
& - k \ln k (d_1 \bar{f}_1 + d_2 \bar{f}_2) \\
= & e^{-kd_1 \bar{f}_1} \sum_{n_1} \frac{(d_1 \bar{f}_1)^{n_1}}{n_1!} n_1 k^{n_1-1} \int \cdots \int \prod_{l=1}^k ds_l \left(\sum_{l=1}^k \tilde{f}_1(s_l) \right) \ln \left(\sum_{l=1}^k \tilde{f}_1(s_l) \right) \\
& + e^{-kd_2 \bar{f}_2} \sum_{n_2} \frac{(d_2 \bar{f}_2)^{n_2}}{n_2!} n_2 k^{n_2-1} \int \cdots \int \prod_{l=1}^k ds_l \left(\sum_{l=1}^k \tilde{f}_2(s_l) \right) \ln \left(\sum_{l=1}^k \tilde{f}_2(s_l) \right) \\
& - k \ln k (d_1 \bar{f}_1 + d_2 \bar{f}_2) \\
= & e^{-kd_1 \bar{f}_1} \sum_{n_1} \frac{(d_1 \bar{f}_1)^{n_1}}{n_1!} n_1 k^{n_1-1} \left[k \int \cdots \int \prod_{l=1}^k ds_l \left(\frac{\sum_{l=1}^k \tilde{f}_1(s_l)}{k} \right) \ln \left(\frac{\sum_{l=1}^k \tilde{f}_1(s_l)}{k} \right) + k \ln k \right] \\
& + e^{-kd_2 \bar{f}_2} \sum_{n_2} \frac{(d_2 \bar{f}_2)^{n_2}}{n_2!} n_2 k^{n_2-1} \left[k \int \cdots \int \prod_{l=1}^k ds_l \left(\frac{\sum_{l=1}^k \tilde{f}_2(s_l)}{k} \right) \ln \left(\frac{\sum_{l=1}^k \tilde{f}_2(s_l)}{k} \right) + k \ln k \right] \\
& - k \ln k (d_1 \bar{f}_1 + d_2 \bar{f}_2) \\
= & -d_1 \bar{f}_1 H[F_1] - d_2 \bar{f}_2 H[F_2]
\end{aligned}$$

where $F_1(s_1, \dots, s_k) := \frac{\sum_{l=1}^k \tilde{f}_1(s_l)}{k} = \frac{\sum_{l=1}^k f_1(s_l)}{k f_1}$, $F_2(s_1, \dots, s_k) := \frac{\sum_{l=1}^k \tilde{f}_2(s_l)}{k} = \frac{\sum_{l=1}^k f_2(s_l)}{k f_2}$, both maximized when F_1, F_2 reaches the upper and lower bounds, i.e. $f_i(s_l) = f_+, \forall s_l$, or $f_i(s_l) = f_-, \forall s_l$, thus

$$I \leq -d_1 \bar{f}_1 H \left[\frac{f_+}{\bar{f}_1}, \frac{f_-}{\bar{f}_1} \right] - d_2 \bar{f}_2 H \left[\frac{f_+}{\bar{f}_2}, \frac{f_-}{\bar{f}_2} \right]$$