

Calculations of gradient and Hessian for the continuous limit

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In Poissonian Limit,

$$I[f] = -E_N \left[\int_0^1 \prod_{i=1}^n \frac{f(s_i - \theta)}{f(s_i)} d\theta \right] \quad (1)$$

$$= - \sum_n \frac{1}{n!} \int_0^1 \cdots \int_0^1 ds_1 \cdots ds_n \prod_{i=1}^n f(s_i) e^{-\int_0^1 f(s) ds} \ln \left(\int_0^1 \prod_{i=1}^n \frac{f(s_i - \theta)}{f(s_i)} d\theta \right) \quad (2)$$

$$= - \sum_n \frac{1}{n!} \int \cdots \int \prod ds_i P[f](s) \ln(W[f](s)) \quad (3)$$

where

$$W[f](s) := \int_0^1 \prod_{i=1}^n \frac{f(s_i - \theta)}{f(s_i)} d\theta \quad (4)$$

$$P[f](s) := \prod_{i=1}^n f(s_i) e^{-\int_0^1 f(s) ds} \quad (5)$$

N is a Poisson Point Process over the circle with intensity f .

Gradient

We aim to show that

$$\frac{\delta I[f]}{\delta f}(t) = -E_N \left[\ln \left(\frac{\int_0^1 \frac{f(t-\theta)}{f(t)} X_{\theta,N} d\theta}{\int_0^1 X_{\theta,N} d\theta} \right) \right] \quad (6)$$

where $X_{\theta,N} = \exp \left[\int_0^1 \ln \left(\frac{f(s-\theta)}{f(s)} \right) dN(s) \right] = \prod_{i=1}^n \frac{f(s_i - \theta)}{f(s_i)}$.

By applying product rule, we can take derivatives of $P[f](s)$ and $W[f](s)$ separately:

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{\delta I[f]}{\delta f}(t) &= - \sum_n \frac{1}{n!} \int \cdots \int \prod ds_i P[f](s) \frac{\delta(\ln W[f](s))}{\delta f}(t) - \sum_n \frac{1}{n!} \int \cdots \int \prod ds_i \frac{\delta(P[f](s))}{\delta f}(t) \ln W[f](s) \\ &:= D_1[f](t) + D_2[f](t) \end{aligned} \quad (7)$$

We begin by showing that $D_1[f](t) = 0$:

Lemma 1.

$$D_1[f](t) = - \sum_n \frac{1}{n!} \int_0^1 \cdots \int_0^1 ds_1 \cdots ds_n P[f](s) \frac{\delta(\ln W[f](s))}{\delta f}(t) = 0 \quad (8)$$

Proof. In order to derive the derivative $\frac{\delta(\ln W[f](s))}{\delta f}$, we compute

$$\begin{aligned}
& \ln W[f+h](s) - \ln W[f](s) \\
&= \ln \left(\int_0^1 d\theta \frac{\prod_{i=1}^n (f(s_i - \theta) + h(s_i - \theta))}{\prod_{i=1}^n (f(s_i) + h(s_i))} \right) - \ln \left(\int_0^1 d\theta \frac{\prod_{i=1}^n f(s_i - \theta)}{\prod_{i=1}^n f(s_i)} \right) \\
&= \ln \left(\int d\theta \frac{\prod_i f(s_i - \theta) + \sum_{i=1}^n h(s_i - \theta) \prod_{j \neq i} f(s_j - \theta) + O(h^2)}{\prod_i f(s_i) + \sum_{i=1}^n h(s_i) \prod_{j \neq i} f(s_j) + O(h^2)} \right) - \ln \left(\int d\theta \frac{\prod_i f(s_i - \theta)}{\prod_i f(s_i)} \right) \\
&= \ln \left(\int d\theta \left(\frac{\prod_i f(s_i - \theta)}{\prod_i f(s_i)} \right) \frac{1 + \sum_{i=1}^n \frac{h(s_i - \theta)}{f(s_i - \theta)} + O(h^2)}{1 + \sum_{i=1}^n \frac{h(s_i)}{f(s_i)} + O(h^2)} \right) - \ln \left(\int d\theta \frac{\prod_i f(s_i - \theta)}{\prod_i f(s_i)} \right) \\
&= \ln \left(\int d\theta \left(\frac{\prod_i f(s_i - \theta)}{\prod_i f(s_i)} \right) \left(1 + \frac{\sum_i \frac{h(s_i - \theta)}{f(s_i - \theta)} - \sum_i \frac{h(s_i)}{f(s_i)}}{1 + \sum_{i=1}^n \frac{h(s_i)}{f(s_i)}} + O(h^2) \right) \right) - \ln \left(\int d\theta \frac{\prod_i f(s_i - \theta)}{\prod_i f(s_i)} \right) \\
&= \ln \left(\int d\theta \left(\frac{\prod_i f(s_i - \theta)}{\prod_i f(s_i)} \right) \left(1 + \sum_{i=1}^n \left(\frac{h(s_i - \theta)}{f(s_i - \theta)} - \frac{h(s_i)}{f(s_i)} \right) + O(h^2) \right) \right) - \ln \left(\int d\theta \frac{\prod_i f(s_i - \theta)}{\prod_i f(s_i)} \right) \\
&= \frac{1}{\int_0^1 d\theta \frac{\prod_i f(s_i - \theta)}{\prod_i f(s_i)}} \cdot \int_0^1 \left(\frac{\prod_i f(s_i - \theta)}{\prod_i f(s_i)} \right) \sum_{j=1}^n \left(\frac{h(s_j - \theta)}{f(s_j - \theta)} - \frac{h(s_j)}{f(s_j)} \right) d\theta + O(h^2) \tag{9} \\
&= \frac{\sum_{j=1}^n \int_0^1 \prod_i f(s_i - \theta) \frac{h(s_j - \theta)}{f(s_j - \theta)} d\theta}{\int_0^1 \prod_i f(s_i - \theta) d\theta} - \sum_{j=1}^n \frac{h(s_j)}{f(s_j)} + O(h^2) \\
&= \frac{\sum_{j=1}^n \int_0^1 \prod_i f(s_i - s_j + \theta') \frac{h(\theta')}{f(\theta')} d\theta'}{\int_0^1 \prod_i f(s_i - \theta) d\theta} - \sum_{j=1}^n \frac{h(s_j)}{f(s_j)} + O(h^2) \\
&= \sum_{j=1}^n \left[\frac{\int_0^1 \prod_i f(s_i - s_j + \theta') \frac{h(\theta')}{f(\theta')} d\theta'}{\int_0^1 \prod_i f(s_i - \theta) d\theta} - \int_0^1 \delta_{s_j}(\theta) \frac{h(\theta)}{f(\theta)} d\theta \right] + O(h^2) \tag{10}
\end{aligned}$$

where δ is the Dirac Delta function, Equation (9) is obtained by the Taylor expansion $\ln(x+y) = \ln(x) + \frac{1}{x}y + O(y^2)$, and the last step follows from the change of variable: $\theta' = s_j - \theta$. Therefore,

$$\frac{\delta(\ln W[f](s))}{\delta f}(t) = \sum_{j=1}^n \left[\frac{\prod_i f(s_i - s_j + t) \frac{1}{f(t)}}{\int_0^1 \prod_i f(s_i - \theta) d\theta} - \frac{\delta_{s_j}(t)}{f(t)} \right] \tag{11}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
D_1[f](t) &= -\sum_n \frac{1}{n!} \int \cdots \int \prod_{i=1}^n ds_i f(s_i) e^{-\int_0^1 f(s) ds} \sum_{j=1}^n \left[\frac{\prod_i f(s_i - s_j + t) \frac{1}{f(t)}}{\int_0^1 \prod_i f(s_i - \theta) d\theta} - \frac{\delta_{s_j}(t)}{f(t)} \right] \\
e^{-\int_0^1 f(s) ds} f(t) \cdot D_1[f](t) &= -\sum_n \frac{1}{n!} \int \cdots \int \prod_{i=1}^n ds_i f(s_i) \sum_{j=1}^n \left[\frac{\prod_i f(s_i - s_j + t)}{\int_0^1 \prod_i f(s_i - \theta) d\theta} - \delta_{s_j}(t) \right] \\
&= -\sum_n \frac{1}{n!} \sum_{j=1}^n \int \cdots \int \prod_{i=1}^n ds_i \frac{(\prod_i f(s_i - s_j + t) - \delta_{s_j}(t) \int_0^1 \prod_{i=1}^n f(s_i - \theta) d\theta) \prod_i f(s_i)}{\int_0^1 \prod_{i=1}^n f(s_i - \theta) d\theta}
\end{aligned}$$

Now we take a closer look at the n -dimensional integral in the above formula. By introducing a dirac delta function, we can write $\prod_i f(s_i - s_j + t)$ as:

$$\prod_i f(s_i - s_j + t) = \int_0^1 \prod_i f(s_i - \theta) \delta_{s_j - t}(\theta) d\theta,$$

Therefore we are able to express the numerator as the difference of integrals, and the conclusion follows from symmetry after integrating over $\prod s_i$:

$$\begin{aligned}
& \int_0^1 \cdots \int_0^1 ds_1 \cdots ds_n \frac{\left(\prod_i f(s_i - s_j + t) - \delta_{s_j}(t) \int_0^1 \prod_{i=1}^n f(s_i - \theta) d\theta \right) \prod_i f(s_i)}{\int_0^1 \prod_{i=1}^n f(s_i - \theta) d\theta} \\
&= \int_0^1 \cdots \int_0^1 ds_1 \cdots ds_n \frac{\int_0^1 d\theta [\delta_{s_j-t}(\theta) - \delta_{s_j}(t)] \prod_i f(s_i - \theta) \prod_i f(s_i)}{\int_0^1 \prod_{i=1}^n f(s_i - \theta) d\theta} \\
&= \int_0^1 \cdots \int_0^1 ds_1 \cdots ds_n \frac{\int_0^1 d\theta [\delta_0(s_j - t - \theta) - \delta_0(s_j - t)] \prod_i f(s_i - \theta) \prod_i f(s_i)}{\int_0^1 \prod_{i=1}^n f(s_i - \theta) d\theta} \\
&= \int_0^1 \cdots \int_0^1 ds_1 \cdots ds_n \frac{\int_0^1 d\theta [\delta_0(s_j + u - t - \theta) - \delta_0(s_j + u - t)] \prod_i f(s_i + u - \theta) \prod_i f(s_i + u)}{\int_0^1 \prod_{i=1}^n f(s_i + u - \theta) d\theta} \tag{12} \\
&= \int_0^1 du \int_0^1 \cdots \int_0^1 ds_1 \cdots ds_n \frac{\int_0^1 d\theta [\delta_0(s_j + u - t - \theta) - \delta_0(s_j + u - t)] \prod_i f(s_i + u - \theta) \prod_i f(s_i + u)}{\int_0^1 \prod_{i=1}^n f(s_i + u - \theta) d\theta} \\
&= \int_0^1 \cdots \int_0^1 ds_1 \cdots ds_n \frac{\int_0^1 du \int_0^1 d\theta [\delta_0(s_j + u - t - \theta) - \delta_0(s_j + u - t)] \prod_i f(s_i + u - \theta) \prod_i f(s_i + u)}{\int_0^1 \prod_{i=1}^n f(s_i - \theta) d\theta} \\
&= \int_0^1 \cdots \int_0^1 ds_1 \cdots ds_n \frac{\int_0^1 du \int_0^1 d\theta' [\delta_0(s_j + \theta' - t) - \delta_0(s_j + u - t)] \prod_i f(s_i + \theta') \prod_i f(s_i + u)}{\int_0^1 \prod_{i=1}^n f(s_i - \theta) d\theta} \\
&= 0
\end{aligned}$$

Note that the equation (12) holds for any fixed u by applying the change of variables $s_i = s'_i + u$ for all i . Since $e^{-\int_0^1 f(s)ds} f(t)$ is a constant, $D_1[f](t) = 0$. □

Now take derivative of P in equation (7),

$$\begin{aligned}
P[f+h](s) - P[f](s) &= \prod_{i=1}^n (f(s_i) + h(s_i)) e^{-\int_0^1 f(s)+h(s)ds} - \prod_{i=1}^n f(s_i) e^{-\int_0^1 f(s)ds} \\
&= \left(\prod_{i=1}^n f(s_i) + \sum_{i=1}^n h(s_i) \prod_{j \neq i} f(s_j) \right) e^{-\int_0^1 f(s)ds} \left(1 - \int_0^1 h(s)ds + O(h^2) \right) - \prod_{i=1}^n f(s_i) e^{-\int_0^1 f(s)ds} \\
&= \left(- \prod_{i=1}^n f(s_i) \int_0^1 h(s)ds + \prod_j f(s_j) \sum_{i=1}^n \frac{h(s_i)}{f(s_i)} \right) e^{-\int_0^1 f(s)ds} + O(h^2)
\end{aligned}$$

Thus

$$\frac{\delta(P[f](s))}{\delta f}(t) = \prod_{i=1}^n f(s_i) e^{-\int_0^1 f(s)ds} \left(\sum_{j=1}^n \frac{\delta_{s_j}(t)}{f(t)} - 1 \right) \tag{13}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
\frac{\delta I[f]}{\delta f}(t) = D_2[f](t) &= - \sum_n \frac{1}{n!} \int \cdots \int \prod_{i=1}^n ds_i \frac{\delta(P[f](s))}{\delta f}(t) \ln W[f](s) \\
&= - \sum_n \frac{1}{n!} \int \cdots \int \prod_{i=1}^n ds_i f(s_i) e^{-\int_0^1 f(s)ds} \left(\sum_{j=1}^n \frac{\delta_{s_j}(t)}{f(t)} - 1 \right) \ln W[f](s) \\
&= -E_N \left[\left(\sum_{j=1}^n \frac{\delta_{s_j}(t)}{f(t)} - 1 \right) \ln \left(\int_0^1 \prod_{i=1}^n \frac{f(s_i - \theta)}{f(s_i)} d\theta \right) \right] \tag{14}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
\frac{\delta I[f]}{\delta f}(t) + I[f] &= -E_N \left[\left(\sum_{j=1}^n \frac{\delta_{s_j}(t)}{f(t)} - 1 \right) \ln \left(\int_0^1 \prod_{i=1}^n \frac{f(s_i - \theta)}{f(s_i)} d\theta \right) \right] + \left(-E_N \left[\ln \left(\int_0^1 \prod_{i=1}^n \frac{f(s_i - \theta)}{f(s_i)} d\theta \right) \right] \right) \\
&= -E_N \left[\sum_{j=1}^n \frac{\delta_{s_j}(t)}{f(t)} \ln \left(\int_0^1 \prod_{i=1}^n \frac{f(s_i - \theta)}{f(s_i)} d\theta \right) \right] \\
&= -\sum_n \frac{1}{n!} \sum \int \cdots \int \prod ds_i f(s_i) e^{-\int_0^1 f(s) ds} \frac{\delta_t(s_j)}{f(t)} \ln \left(\int_0^1 \prod_{i=1}^n \frac{f(s_i - \theta)}{f(s_i)} d\theta \right) \\
&= -\sum_n \frac{1}{n!} \sum \int \cdots \int \prod_{i \neq j} ds_i f(s_i) e^{-\int_0^1 f(s) ds} \ln \left(\int_0^1 \prod_{i \neq j} \frac{f(s_i - \theta)}{f(s_i)} \frac{f(t - \theta)}{f(t)} d\theta \right) \\
&= -\sum_n \frac{1}{(n-1)!} \int \cdots \int \prod_{i=1}^{n-1} ds_i f(s_i) e^{-\int_0^1 f(s) ds} \ln \left(\int_0^1 \prod_{i=1}^{n-1} \frac{f(s_i - \theta)}{f(s_i)} \frac{f(t - \theta)}{f(t)} d\theta \right) \\
&= -E_N \left[\ln \left(\int_0^1 \frac{f(t - \theta)}{f(t)} \prod_{i=1}^n \frac{f(s_i - \theta)}{f(s_i)} d\theta \right) \right] \\
&= -E_N \left[\ln \left(\int_0^1 \frac{f(t - \theta)}{f(t)} e^{\sum \ln \frac{f(s_i - \theta)}{f(s_i)}} d\theta \right) \right] \\
&= -E_N \left[\ln \left(\int_0^1 \frac{f(t - \theta)}{f(t)} e^{\int_0^1 \ln \left(\frac{f(s - \theta)}{f(s)} \right) dN(s)} d\theta \right) \right]
\end{aligned}$$

Introducing the random variable $X_{\theta,N} = \exp \left[\int_0^1 \ln \left(\frac{f(s - \theta)}{f(s)} \right) dN(s) \right] = \prod_{i=1}^n \frac{f(s_i - \theta)}{f(s_i)}$,

$$\begin{aligned}
\frac{\delta I[f]}{\delta f}(t) &= -E_N \left[\ln \left(\int_0^1 \frac{f(t - \theta)}{f(t)} X_{\theta,N} d\theta \right) \right] - I[f] \\
&= -E_N \left[\ln \left(\int_0^1 \frac{f(t - \theta)}{f(t)} X_{\theta,N} d\theta \right) \right] + E_N \left[\ln \left(\int_0^1 X_{\theta,N} d\theta \right) \right] \\
&= -E_N \left[\ln \left(\frac{\int_0^1 \frac{f(t - \theta)}{f(t)} X_{\theta,N} d\theta}{\int_0^1 X_{\theta,N} d\theta} \right) \right]
\end{aligned} \tag{15}$$

Hessian

$$\begin{aligned}
\frac{\delta I[f]}{\delta f}(t) &= -\sum_n \frac{1}{n!} \int_0^1 \cdots \int_0^1 \prod_{i=1}^n ds_i \frac{\delta(P[f](s))}{\delta f}(t) \ln(W[f](s)) \\
&= -\sum_n \frac{1}{n!} \int \cdots \int \prod ds_i P[f](s) \left(\frac{\sum_{j=1}^n \delta_{s_j}(t)}{f(t)} - 1 \right) \ln(W[f](s)) \\
\frac{\delta^2 I[f]}{\delta f^2}(u, v) &= -\sum_n \frac{1}{n!} \int \cdots \int \prod ds_i \frac{\delta}{\delta f} \left[P[f](s) \left(\frac{\sum_{j=1}^n \delta_{s_j}(u)}{f(u)} - 1 \right) \right] (v) \ln(W[f](s)) \\
&\quad - \sum_n \frac{1}{n!} \int \cdots \int \prod ds_i P[f](s) \left(\frac{\sum_{j=1}^n \delta_{s_j}(u)}{f(u)} - 1 \right) \frac{\delta}{\delta f} (\ln(W[f](s))) (v)
\end{aligned}$$

The first term:

$$\begin{aligned}
\frac{\delta}{\delta f} \left[P[f](s) \left(\frac{\sum_{j=1}^n \delta_{s_j}(u)}{f(u)} - 1 \right) \right] (v) &= \frac{\delta(P[f](s))}{\delta f} (v) \left(\frac{\sum_{j=1}^n \delta_{s_j}(u)}{f(u)} - 1 \right) + P[f](s) \frac{\delta}{\delta f} \left(\frac{\sum_{j=1}^n \delta_{s_j}(u)}{f(u)} - 1 \right) (v) \\
&= P[f](s) \left(\frac{\sum_{j=1}^n \delta_{s_j}(u)}{f(u)} - 1 \right) \left(\frac{\sum_{l=1}^n \delta_{s_l}(v)}{f(v)} - 1 \right) \\
&\quad + P[f](s) \left(-\delta_u(v) \frac{\sum_{j=1}^n \delta_{s_j}(u)}{f(u)^2} \right) \\
&= P[f](s) \left[\left(\frac{\sum_{j=1}^n \delta_{s_j}(u)}{f(u)} - 1 \right) \left(\frac{\sum_{l=1}^n \delta_{s_l}(v)}{f(v)} - 1 \right) - \delta_u(v) \frac{\sum_{j=1}^n \delta_{s_j}(u)}{f(u)^2} \right] \quad (16)
\end{aligned}$$

Compute separately,

$$\begin{aligned}
&\sum_n \frac{1}{n!} \int \cdots \int \prod ds_i P[f](s) \frac{\sum_{j=1}^n \delta_{s_j}(u)}{f(u)} \ln(W[f](s)) \\
&= \sum_n \frac{1}{n!} \sum_{j=1}^n \int \cdots \int \prod_{i \neq j} ds_i e^{-\int_0^1 f(s) ds} \ln \left(\int_0^1 \prod_{i \neq j} \frac{f(s_i - \theta)}{f(s_i)} \frac{f(u - \theta)}{f(u)} d\theta \right) \\
&= \sum_n \frac{1}{(n-1)!} \int \cdots \int \prod_{i=1}^{n-1} ds_i e^{-\int_0^1 f(s) ds} \ln \left(\int_0^1 \prod_{i=1}^{n-1} \frac{f(s_i - \theta)}{f(s_i)} \frac{f(u - \theta)}{f(u)} d\theta \right) \\
&= E_N \left[\ln \left(\int_0^1 \prod_{i=1}^n \frac{f(s_i - \theta)}{f(s_i)} \frac{f(u - \theta)}{f(u)} d\theta \right) \right] \\
&= E_N [\ln(W[f](s_1, \dots, s_n, u))] \quad (17)
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
&\sum_n \frac{1}{n!} \int \cdots \int \prod ds_i P[f](s) \frac{\sum_{j=1}^n \delta_{s_j}(u)}{f(u)} \frac{\sum_{l=1}^n \delta_{s_l}(v)}{f(v)} \ln(W[f](s)) \\
&= \sum_n \frac{1}{n!} \sum_{j=1}^n \int \cdots \int \prod_{i \neq j} ds_i f(s_i) e^{-\int_0^1 f(s) ds} \frac{\sum_{l \neq j} \delta_{s_l}(v) + \delta_{s_j}(v)}{f(v)} \ln \left(\int_0^1 \prod_{i \neq j} \frac{f(s_i - \theta)}{f(s_i)} \frac{f(u - \theta)}{f(u)} d\theta \right) \\
&= \sum_n \frac{1}{(n-1)!} \int \cdots \int \prod_{i=1}^{n-1} ds_i f(s_i) e^{-\int_0^1 f(s) ds} \frac{\sum_{l=1}^{n-1} \delta_{s_l}(v)}{f(v)} \ln \left(\int_0^1 \prod_{i=1}^{n-1} \frac{f(s_i - \theta)}{f(s_i)} \frac{f(u - \theta)}{f(u)} d\theta \right) \\
&\quad + \frac{\delta_u(v)}{f(v)} \sum_n \frac{1}{n!} \sum_{j=1}^n \int \cdots \int \prod_{i \neq j} ds_i f(s_i) e^{-\int_0^1 f(s) ds} \ln \left(\int_0^1 \prod_{i \neq j} \frac{f(s_i - \theta)}{f(s_i)} \frac{f(u - \theta)}{f(u)} d\theta \right) \\
&= E_N \left[\ln \left(\int_0^1 \prod_{i=1}^n \frac{f(s_i - \theta)}{f(s_i)} \frac{f(u - \theta)}{f(u)} \frac{f(v - \theta)}{f(v)} d\theta \right) \right] + \frac{\delta_u(v)}{f(v)} E_N \left[\ln \left(\int_0^1 \prod_{i=1}^n \frac{f(s_i - \theta)}{f(s_i)} \frac{f(u - \theta)}{f(u)} d\theta \right) \right] \\
&= E_N [\ln(W[f](s_1, \dots, s_n, u, v))] + \frac{\delta_u(v)}{f(v)} E_N [\ln(W[f](s_1, \dots, s_n, u))] \quad (18)
\end{aligned}$$

Combined together,

$$\sum_n \frac{1}{n!} \int \cdots \int \prod ds_i \frac{\delta}{\delta f} \left[P[f](s) \left(\frac{\sum_{j=1}^n \delta_{s_j}(u)}{f(u)} - 1 \right) \right] (v) \ln(W[f](s))$$

$$\begin{aligned}
&= \sum_n \frac{1}{n!} \int \cdots \int \prod ds_i P[f](s) \ln(W[f](s)) \left[\frac{\sum_{j=1}^n \delta_{s_j}(u)}{f(u)} \frac{\sum_{l=1}^n \delta_{s_l}(v)}{f(v)} - \frac{\sum_{l=1}^n \delta_{s_l}(u)}{f(u)} - \frac{\sum_{l=1}^n \delta_{s_l}(v)}{f(v)} + 1 - \delta_u(v) \frac{\sum_{j=1}^n \delta_{s_j}(u)}{f(u)^2} \right] \\
&= E_N [\ln(W[f](s_1, \dots, s_n, u, v))] + \frac{\delta_u(v)}{f(v)} E_N [\ln(W[f](s_1, \dots, s_n, u))] \\
&\quad - E_N [\ln(W[f](s_1, \dots, s_n, u))] - E_N [\ln(W[f](s_1, \dots, s_n, v))] + E_N [\ln(W[f](s_1, \dots, s_n))] \\
&\quad - \frac{\delta_u(v)}{f(u)} E_N [\ln(W[f](s_1, \dots, s_n, u))] \\
&= E_N [\ln(W[f](s_1, \dots, s_n, u, v)) - \ln(W[f](s_1, \dots, s_n, u)) - \ln(W[f](s_1, \dots, s_n, v)) + \ln(W[f](s_1, \dots, s_n))] \tag{19}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
&= E_N \left[\ln \left(\int_0^1 \prod_{i=1}^n \frac{f(s_i - \theta)}{f(s_i)} \frac{f(u - \theta)}{f(u)} \frac{f(v - \theta)}{f(v)} d\theta \right) + \ln \left(\int_0^1 \prod_{i=1}^n \frac{f(s_i - \theta)}{f(s_i)} d\theta \right) \right] \\
&\quad - E_N \left[\ln \left(\int_0^1 \prod_{i=1}^n \frac{f(s_i - \theta)}{f(s_i)} \frac{f(u - \theta)}{f(u)} d\theta \right) + \ln \left(\int_0^1 \prod_{i=1}^n \frac{f(s_i - \theta)}{f(s_i)} \frac{f(v - \theta)}{f(v)} d\theta \right) \right] \\
&= E_N \left[\ln \left(\int_0^1 \frac{f(u - \theta)}{f(u)} \frac{f(v - \theta)}{f(v)} X_{\theta, N} d\theta \right) + \ln \left(\int_0^1 X_{\theta, N} d\theta \right) - \ln \left(\int_0^1 \frac{f(u - \theta)}{f(u)} X_{\theta, N} d\theta \right) - \ln \left(\int_0^1 \frac{f(v - \theta)}{f(v)} X_{\theta, N} d\theta \right) \right] \tag{20}
\end{aligned}$$

$$= E_N \left[\ln \left(\frac{\int_0^1 \frac{f(u - \theta)}{f(u)} \frac{f(v - \theta)}{f(v)} X_{\theta, N} d\theta \cdot \int_0^1 X_{\theta, N} d\theta}{\int_0^1 \frac{f(u - \theta)}{f(u)} X_{\theta, N} d\theta \cdot \int_0^1 \frac{f(v - \theta)}{f(v)} X_{\theta, N} d\theta} \right) \right] \tag{21}$$

where $X_{\theta, N} = \prod_{i=1}^n \frac{f(s_i - \theta)}{f(s_i)} = e^{\int_0^1 \frac{f(s - \theta)}{f(s)} dN(s)}$.

For the second term, use previous conclusion (11) and apply the same trick,

$$\begin{aligned}
\frac{\delta(\ln W[f](s))}{\delta f}(v) &= \frac{1}{f(v)} \left[\frac{\sum_{j=1}^n \prod_i f(s_i - s_j + v)}{\int_0^1 \prod_i f(s_i - \theta) d\theta} - \sum_{j=1}^n \delta_{s_j}(v) \right] \\
f(u)f(v) \sum_n \frac{1}{n!} \int \cdots \int \prod ds_i P[f](s) &\left(\frac{\sum_{j=1}^n \delta_{s_j}(u)}{f(u)} - 1 \right) \frac{\delta}{\delta f} (\ln(W[f](s))) (v) \\
&= \sum_n \frac{1}{n!} \int \cdots \int \prod ds_i P[f](s) \left(\sum_{j=1}^n \delta_{s_j}(u) - f(u) \right) \left(\frac{\sum_{l=1}^n \prod_i f(s_i - s_l + v)}{\int_0^1 \prod_i f(s_i - \theta) d\theta} - \sum_{l=1}^n \delta_{s_l}(v) \right) \\
&= \sum_n \frac{1}{n!} \int \cdots \int \prod ds_i P[f](s) \left(\sum_{j=1}^n \delta_{s_j}(u) - f(u) \right) \frac{\sum_{l=1}^n \int_0^1 d\theta (\delta_{s_l - v}(\theta) - \delta_{s_l}(v)) \prod_i f(s_i - \theta)}{\int_0^1 \prod_i f(s_i - \theta) d\theta} \\
&= \sum_n \frac{1}{n!} \int \cdots \int \prod ds_i e^{-\int_0^1 f(s) ds} \left(\sum_{j=1}^n \delta_{s_j}(u) - f(u) \right) \frac{\sum_{l=1}^n \int_0^1 d\theta (\delta_{s_l - v}(\theta) - \delta_{s_l}(v)) \prod_i f(s_i - \theta) \prod_i f(s_i)}{\int_0^1 \prod_i f(s_i - \theta) d\theta} \\
&= \sum_n \frac{1}{n!} \int \cdots \int \prod ds_i e^{-\int_0^1 f(s) ds} \frac{\sum_{j=1}^n \sum_{l=1}^n \int_0^1 d\theta \delta(u - s_j) (\delta(v - s_l + \theta) - \delta(v - s_l)) \prod_i f(s_i - \theta) \prod_i f(s_i)}{\int_0^1 \prod_i f(s_i - \theta) d\theta} \tag{22}
\end{aligned}$$

where the $f(u)$ term is zero from the proof of Lemma1. Aiming to simplify equation (22), we show that the integral can be averaged by

$$\begin{aligned}
&\int \cdots \int \prod ds_i e^{-\int_0^1 f(s) ds} \frac{\int_0^1 d\theta \delta(u - s_j) (\delta(v - s_l + \theta) - \delta(v - s_l)) \prod_i f(s_i - \theta) \prod_i f(s_i)}{\int_0^1 \prod_i f(s_i - \theta) d\theta} \\
&= \int \cdots \int \prod ds'_i e^{-\int f(s) ds} \frac{\int_0^1 d\theta \delta(u - s'_j - \theta) (\delta(v - s'_l) - \delta(v - s'_l - \theta)) \prod_i f(s'_i) \prod_i f(s'_i + \theta)}{\int_0^1 \prod_i f(s'_i + \theta - \gamma) d\gamma}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
&= \int \cdots \int \prod ds'_i e^{-\int f(s) ds} \frac{\int_0^1 d\theta' \delta(u - s'_j + \theta') (\delta(v - s'_l) - \delta(v - s'_l + \theta')) \prod_i f(s'_i) \prod_i f(s'_i - \theta')}{\int_0^1 \prod_i f(s'_i - \gamma) d\gamma} \\
&= \int \cdots \int \prod ds_i P[f](s) \frac{\int_0^1 d\theta \delta(u - s_j + \theta) (\delta(v - s_l) - \delta(v - s_l + \theta)) \prod_i f(s_i - \theta)}{\int_0^1 \prod_i f(s_i - \gamma) d\gamma} \quad (23)
\end{aligned}$$

(22)+(23):

$$\begin{aligned}
&2f(u)f(v) \sum_n \frac{1}{n!} \int \cdots \int \prod ds_i P[f](s) \left(\frac{\sum_{j=1}^n \delta_{s_j}(u)}{f(u)} - 1 \right) \frac{\delta}{\delta f} (\ln(W[f](s))) (v) \\
&= 2f(u)f(v) \sum_n \frac{1}{n!} \int \cdots \int \prod ds_i P[f](s) \frac{-\sum_j \sum_l \int d\theta (\delta(u - s_j + \theta) - \delta(u - s_j)) (\delta(v - s_l + \theta) - \delta(v - s_l)) \prod_i f(s_i - \theta)}{\int_0^1 \prod_i f(s_i - \theta) d\theta} \\
&= -2f(u)f(v) E_N \left[\frac{\sum_{j=1}^n \sum_{l=1}^n \int_0^1 d\theta (\delta(u - s_j + \theta) - \delta(u - s_j)) (\delta(v - s_l + \theta) - \delta(v - s_l)) \prod_i f(s_i - \theta)}{\int_0^1 \prod_i f(s_i - \theta) d\theta} \right] \quad (24)
\end{aligned}$$

Combining the two terms:

$$\begin{aligned}
\frac{\delta^2 I[f]}{\delta f^2}(u, v) &= -\sum_n \frac{1}{n!} \int \cdots \int \prod ds_i \frac{\delta}{\delta f} \left[P[f](s) \left(\frac{\sum_{j=1}^n \delta_{s_j}(u)}{f(u)} - 1 \right) \right] (v) \ln(W[f](s)) \\
&\quad - \sum_n \frac{1}{n!} \int \cdots \int \prod ds_i P[f](s) \left(\frac{\sum_{j=1}^n \delta_{s_j}(u)}{f(u)} - 1 \right) \frac{\delta}{\delta f} (\ln(W[f](s))) (v) \\
&= -E_N \left[\ln \left(\frac{\int_0^1 \frac{f(u-\theta)}{f(u)} \frac{f(v-\theta)}{f(v)} X_{\theta,N} d\theta \cdot \int_0^1 X_{\theta,N} d\theta}{\int_0^1 \frac{f(u-\theta)}{f(u)} X_{\theta,N} d\theta \cdot \int_0^1 \frac{f(v-\theta)}{f(v)} X_{\theta,N} d\theta} \right) \right] \\
&\quad + \frac{1}{f(u)f(v)} E_N \left[\frac{\sum_{j=1}^n \sum_{l=1}^n \int_0^1 d\theta \delta(u - s_j) (\delta(v - s_l + \theta) - \delta(v - s_l)) \prod_i f(s_i - \theta)}{\int_0^1 \prod_i f(s_i - \theta) d\theta} \right] \quad (25) \\
&= -E_N \left[\ln \left(\frac{\int_0^1 \frac{f(u-\theta)}{f(u)} \frac{f(v-\theta)}{f(v)} X_{\theta,N} d\theta \cdot \int_0^1 X_{\theta,N} d\theta}{\int_0^1 \frac{f(u-\theta)}{f(u)} X_{\theta,N} d\theta \cdot \int_0^1 \frac{f(v-\theta)}{f(v)} X_{\theta,N} d\theta} \right) \right] \\
&\quad + \frac{1}{2f(u)f(v)} E_N \left[\frac{\sum_j \sum_l \int d\theta (\delta(u - s_j + \theta) - \delta(u - s_j)) (\delta(v - s_l + \theta) - \delta(v - s_l)) \prod_i f(s_i - \theta)}{\int_0^1 \prod_i f(s_i - \theta) d\theta} \right] \quad (26)
\end{aligned}$$

where $X_{\theta,N} = \prod_{i=1}^n \frac{f(s_i - \theta)}{f(s_i)} = e^{\int_0^1 \frac{f(s-\theta)}{f(s)} dN(s)}$.