$$I(J^P) = \frac{1}{2}(1^+)$$

78 HBC + 4.2  $K^- p \rightarrow \Xi^- (K \pi \pi)^+$ 

## K<sub>1</sub>(1270) MASS

VALUE (MeV) DOCUMENT ID

1272±7 OUR AVERAGE Includes data from the 2 datablocks that follow this one.

### PRODUCED BY $K^-$ , BACKWARD SCATTERING, HYPERON EXCHANGE

DOCUMENT ID TECN CHG COMMENT

The data in this block is included in the average printed for a previous datablock.

700 PRODUCED BY K BEAMS

 $1275 \pm 10$ 

VALUE (MeV) DOCUMENT ID TECN CHG COMMENT

**GAVILLET** 

The data in this block is included in the average printed for a previous datablock.

 $^{1}$  DAUM 81c CNTR -63  $K^- p \to K^- 2\pi p$ 

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

$\sim 1276$	<sup>2</sup> TORNQVIST	<b>82</b> B	<b>RVUE</b>		
$\sim 1300$					4.2 $K^- p \rightarrow (\overline{K}\pi\pi)^- p$
$1289 \pm 25$	<sup>3</sup> CARNEGIE	77	ASPK	$\pm$	13 $K^{\pm} p \rightarrow (K \pi \pi)^{\pm} p$
$\sim 1300$	BRANDENB	76	ASPK	$\pm$	$13 K^{\pm} p \rightarrow (K \pi \pi)^{\pm} p$
$\sim 1270$	OTTER	76	HBC	_	10,14,16 $K^- p \to (\overline{K} \pi \pi)^- p$
1260	DAVIS	72	HBC	+	12 K <sup>+</sup> p
$1234\pm12$	FIRESTONE	<b>72</b> B	DBC	+	12 $K^+ d$

 $<sup>^{</sup>m 1}$  Well described in the chiral unitary approach of GENG 07 with two poles at 1195 and 1284 MeV and widths of 246 and 146 MeV, respectively.

#### PRODUCED BY BEAMS OTHER THAN K MESONS

VALUE (MeV)	EVIS	DOCUMENT ID	'	IECN	CHG	COMMENT
1248.1± 3.3±1.4		GULER	11	BELL		$B^+ \rightarrow J/\psi K^+ \pi^+ \pi^-$
• • • We do not us	e the fol	lowing data for	avera	ges, fits,	limi	ts, etc. • • •
$1279  \pm 10$	25k	<sup>4</sup> ABLIKIM	<b>06</b> C	BES2		$J/\psi \to \overline{K}^*(892)^0 K^+ \pi^-$
$1294\pm10$	310	RODEBACK	81	HBC		$4 \pi^- p \rightarrow \Lambda K 2\pi$
1300	40	CRENNELL	72	HBC	0	$4.5 \pi^- p \rightarrow \Lambda K 2\pi$
$1242 \begin{array}{c} + 9 \\ -10 \end{array}$		<sup>5</sup> ASTIER	69	НВС	0	<del>p</del> ρ
1300	45	CRENNELL	67	HBC	0	$6 \pi^- p \rightarrow \Lambda K 2\pi$

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Systematic errors not estimated.

#### PRODUCED IN TIEPTON DECAYS

<i>VALUE</i> (MeV)	<u>EVTS</u>	DOCUMENT ID		TECN	CHG	COMMENT
1254±33±34	7k	ASNER	<b>00</b> B	CLEO	$\pm$	$ au^-  ightarrow K^- \pi^+ \pi^-  u_ au$

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> From a unitarized quark-model calculation.

 $<sup>^3</sup>$  From a model-dependent fit with Gaussian background to BRANDENBURG 76 data.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> This was called the *C* meson.

## K<sub>1</sub>(1270) WIDTH

VALUE (MeV) DOCUMENT ID

**90\pm20 OUR ESTIMATE** This is only an educated guess; the error given is larger than the error on the average of the published values.

87± 7 OUR AVERAGE Includes data from the 2 datablocks that follow this one.

### PRODUCED BY $K^-$ , BACKWARD SCATTERING, HYPERON EXCHANGE

VALUE (MeV) \_\_\_\_EVTS \_\_DOCUMENT ID \_\_\_\_TECN\_\_CHG\_\_COMMENT

The data in this block is included in the average printed for a previous datablock.

**75±15** 700 GAVILLET 78 HBC + 4.2  $K^-p \rightarrow \Xi^-K\pi\pi$ 

### PRODUCED BY K BEAMS

VALUE (MeV) <u>DOCUMENT ID TECN</u> CHG COMMENT

The data in this block is included in the average printed for a previous datablock.

**90± 8** 6 DAUM 81C CNTR - 63  $K^-p \to K^-2\pi p$ 

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

$$\sim 150$$
 VERGEEST 79 HBC  $-$  4.2  $K^-p \rightarrow (\overline{K}\pi\pi)^-p$   $150\pm71$  7 CARNEGIE 77 ASPK  $\pm$  13  $K^{\pm}p \rightarrow (K\pi\pi)^{\pm}p$   $\sim 200$  BRANDENB... 76 ASPK  $\pm$  13  $K^{\pm}p \rightarrow (K\pi\pi)^{\pm}p$  120 DAVIS 72 HBC  $+$  12  $K^+p$  FIRESTONE 72B DBC  $+$  12  $K^+d$ 

#### PRODUCED BY BEAMS OTHER THAN K MESONS

<i>VALUE</i> (MeV)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID		TECN	CH	G COMMENT
119.5± 5.2±6	.7	GULER	11	BELL		$B^+ \rightarrow J/\psi K^+ \pi^+ \pi^-$
• • • We do no	t use the fol	lowing data for	avera	ages, fits	s, lin	nits, etc. • • •
$131 \pm 21$	25k	<sup>8</sup> ABLIKIM	060	BES2		$J/\psi \rightarrow \overline{K}^*(892)^0 K^+ \pi^-$
$66 \pm 15$	310	RODEBACK	81	HBC		$4 \pi^- p \rightarrow \Lambda K 2\pi$
60	40	CRENNELL	72	HBC	0	4.5 $\pi^- p \rightarrow \Lambda K 2\pi$
$127 \begin{array}{c} + 7 \\ -25 \end{array}$		ASTIER	69	HBC	0	<del>p</del> p
60	45	CRENNELL	67	HBC	0	$6 \pi^- p \rightarrow \Lambda K 2\pi$

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> Systematic errors not estimated.

#### PRODUCED IN au LEPTON DECAYS

VALUE (MeV)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID		TECN	CHG	COMMENT
260 <sup>+90</sup> <sub>-70</sub> ±80	7k	ASNER	<b>00</b> B	CLEO	±	$\tau^- \underset{K^- \pi^+ \pi^- \nu_\tau}{\to}$

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Well described in the chiral unitary approach of GENG 07 with two poles at 1195 and 1284 MeV and widths of 246 and 146 MeV, respectively.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> From a model-dependent fit with Gaussian background to BRANDENBURG 76 data.

# $K_1(1270)$ DECAY MODES

	Mode	Fraction $(\Gamma_i/\Gamma)$
$\overline{\Gamma_1}$	$K\rho$	(42 ±6 )%
$\Gamma_2$	$K_0^*(1430)\pi$	(28 ±4 ) %
Γ3	$K^*(892)\pi$	(16 $\pm 5$ ) %
	$K\omega$	$(11.0\pm2.0)$ %
$\Gamma_5$	$K f_0(1370)  \gamma K^0$	( 3.0±2.0) %
Γ <sub>6</sub>	$\gamma K^0$	seen

## K<sub>1</sub>(1270) PARTIAL WIDTHS

	N1(12/0) F	AKI	IAL W	יו טוי	13	
$\Gamma(K\rho)$					Г1	
VALUE (MeV)	DOCUMENT ID		TECN	CHG	COMMENT	
• • • We do not use the	e following data	for av	erages, f	fits, lin	nits, etc. • • •	
57±5	MAZZUCATO		HBC		4.2 $K^- p \to \Xi^- (K \pi \pi)^+$	
$75\pm6$	CARNEGIE	<b>77</b> B	ASPK	$\pm$	$13 K^{\pm} p \rightarrow (K\pi\pi)^{\pm} p$	
$\Gamma(K_0^*(1430)\pi)$					Γ <sub>2</sub>	
VALUE (MeV)	DOCUMENT ID		TECN	CHG	COMMENT	
• • • We do not use the	e following data	for av	erages, i	fits, lin	nits, etc. • • •	
26±6	CARNEGIE	<b>77</b> B	ASPK	±	$13 K^{\pm} p \rightarrow (K\pi\pi)^{\pm} p$	
$\Gamma(K^*(892)\pi)$					Гз	
VALUE (MeV)	DOCUMENT ID		TECN	CHG	COMMENT	
• • • We do not use the	e following data	for av	erages, f	fits, lin	nits, etc. • • •	
$14\pm11$	MAZZUCATO				4.2 $K^- p \rightarrow \Xi^- (K \pi \pi)^+$	
$2\pm 2$	CARNEGIE	<b>77</b> B	ASPK	$\pm$	$13 K^{\pm} p \rightarrow (K\pi\pi)^{\pm} p$	
$\Gamma(K\omega)$					Γ <sub>4</sub>	
VALUE (MeV)	DOCUMENT ID		TECN	CHG	COMMENT	
• • • We do not use the	following data	for av	erages, i	fits, lin	nits, etc. • • •	
$4\pm4$	MAZZUCATO	79	HBC	+	4.2 $K^- p \rightarrow \Xi^- (K \pi \pi)^+$	
$24\pm3$	CARNEGIE	<b>77</b> B	ASPK	$\pm$	$13 K^{\pm} p \rightarrow (K\pi\pi)^{\pm} p$	
$\Gamma(K f_0(1370))$					Г <sub>5</sub>	
VALUE (MeV)	DOCUMENT ID		TECN	CHG	COMMENT	
●    ● We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc.    ●    ●						
22±5	CARNEGIE	<b>77</b> B	ASPK	±	$13 K^{\pm} p \rightarrow (K \pi \pi)^{\pm} p$	
$\Gamma(\gamma K^0)$					Γ <sub>6</sub>	
VALUE (keV)	<u>DOC</u>	CUMEN	IT ID	TE	ECN COMMENT	
73.2±6.1±28.3	ALA	AVI-H	ARATI0	)2B K	TEV $K + A \rightarrow K^* + A$	

# K<sub>1</sub>(1270) BRANCHING RATIOS

$\Gamma(K ho)/\Gamma_{ m total}$		$\Gamma_1/\Gamma$
VALUE	DOCUMENT ID TECN COMMENT	
0.42 ±0.06	<sup>9</sup> DAUM 81C CNTR 63 $K^-p \rightarrow K^-2\pi p$	
	use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • •	
$0.584 \pm 0.043$	<sup>10</sup> GULER 11 BELL $B^+ \rightarrow J/\psi K^+ \pi^+ \pi^-$	
dominant	RODEBACK 81 HBC 4 $\pi^- p \rightarrow \Lambda K 2\pi$	
$\Gamma(K_0^*(1430)\pi)$		$\Gamma_2/\Gamma$
VALUE	_	
0.28 ±0.04	<sup>9</sup> DAUM 81C CNTR 63 $K^-p \rightarrow K^-2\pi p$	
	use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • •	
$0.0201 \pm 0.0064$	<sup>10</sup> GULER 11 BELL $B^+  o J/\psi K^+ \pi^+ \pi^-$	
Γ(K*(892)π)/I	Γ <sub>total</sub>	Г <sub>3</sub> /Г
VALUE	DOCUMENT ID TECN COMMENT	
0.16 ±0.05	<sup>9</sup> DAUM 81C CNTR 63 $K^-p \rightarrow K^-2\pi p$	
	use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • •	
$0.171 \pm 0.023$	<sup>10</sup> GULER 11 BELL $B^+  o J/\psi K^+ \pi^+ \pi^-$	
$\Gamma(K\omega)/\Gamma_{\text{total}}$		Γ <sub>4</sub> /Γ
VALUE	DOCUMENT ID TECN COMMENT  9 DAUM 81C CNTR 63 $K^-p \rightarrow K^-2\pi p$	
0.11 ±0.02	, ,	
	use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. $\bullet$ $\bullet$ $\bullet$ 10 GULER 11 BELL $B^+ \to J/\psi  K^+  \pi^+  \pi^-$	
$0.225 \pm 0.052$	GULER II BELL $B^+  o J/\psi K^+ \pi^+ \pi^-$	
$\Gamma(K\omega)/\Gamma(K\rho)$		$\Gamma_4/\Gamma_1$
VALUE		
ullet $ullet$ We do not	use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. ● ●	
< 0.30	95 RODEBACK 81 HBC 4 $\pi^- p \rightarrow \Lambda K 2\pi$	
$\Gamma(K f_0(1370))/$	Γ <sub>total</sub>	$\Gamma_5/\Gamma$
VALUE	DOCUMENT ID TECN COMMENT	
$0.03 \pm 0.02$	<sup>9</sup> DAUM 81C CNTR 63 $K^-p \rightarrow K^-2\pi p$	
D-wave/S-wave	PRATIO FOR $K_1(1270) \rightarrow K^*(892)\pi$ DOCUMENT ID TECN COMMENT	
1.0±0.7	<sup>9</sup> DAUM 81C CNTR 63 $K^-p \rightarrow K^-2\pi p$	
<sup>9</sup> Average from	low and high $t$ data. t decays are saturated by the $K  ho$ , $K_0^*(1430)\pi$ , $K^*(892)\pi$ , $K_0^*(1430)\pi$	$\omega$ decay
modes and ne	eglecting interference between them. The values B( $\omega  o \pi^-$ 6 and B( $K_0^*(1430)  o \kappa\pi)=(93\pm 10)\%$ are used. System	$^{+}\pi^{-}) =$

# K<sub>1</sub>(1270) REFERENCES

	11 07	PR D83 032005 PR D75 014017	H. Guler <i>et al.</i> L.S. Geng <i>et al.</i>	(BELLE Collab.)
ABLIKIM (	06C	PL B633 681	M. Ablikim <i>et al.</i>	(BES Collab.)
ALAVI-HARATI (	02B	PRL 89 072001	A. Alavi-Harati et al.	(FNAL ŘTeV Collab.)
ASNER (	00B	PR D62 072006	D.M. Asner et al.	` (CLEO Collab.)
TORNQVIST 8	82B	NP B203 268	N.A. Tornqvist	` (HELS)
DAUM 8	81C	NP B187 1	C. Daum et al.	(AMST, CERN, CRAC, MPIM+)
RODEBACK 8	81	ZPHY C9 9	S. Rodeback et al.	(CERN, CDEF, MADR+)
MAZZUCATO 7	79	NP B156 532	M. Mazzucato et al.	(CERN, ZEEM, NIJM+)
VERGEEST 7	79	NP B158 265	J.S.M. Vergeest et al.	(NIJM, AMST, CERN+)
GAVILLET 7	78	PL 76B 517	P. Gavillet et al.	(AMST, CERN, NIJM+) JP
CARNEGIE 7	77	NP B127 509	R.K. Carnegie et al.	(SLAC)
CARNEGIE 7	77B	PL 68B 287	R.K. Carnegie et al.	(SLAC)
BRANDENB 7	76	PRL 36 703	G.W. Brandenburg et a	ol. (SLAC) JP
OTTER 7	76	NP B106 77	G. Otter <i>et al.</i>	(AACH3, BERL, CERN, LOIC+) JP
CRENNELL 7	72	PR D6 1220	D.J. Crennell et al.	(BNL)
DAVIS 7	72	PR D5 2688	P.J. Davis et al.	(LBL)
FIRESTONE 7	72B	PR D5 505	A. Firestone et al.	(LBL)
ASTIER 6	69	NP B10 65	A. Astier et al.	(CDEF, CERN, IPNP, LIVP) IJP
CRENNELL 6	67	PRL 19 44	D.J. Crennell et al.	(BNL) I