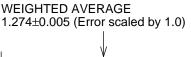
$$I(J^P) = 0(\frac{1}{2}^+)$$

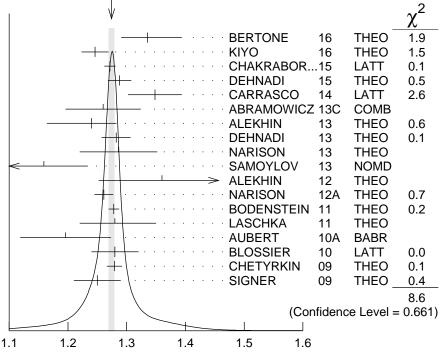
Charge $= \frac{2}{3} e$ Charm $= +1$

c-QUARK MASS

The <u>c</u>-quark mass corresponds to the "running" mass m_c ($\mu=m_c$) in the $\overline{\rm MS}$ scheme. We have converted masses in other schemes to the $\overline{\rm MS}$ scheme using two-loop QCD perturbation theory with $\alpha_{\rm S}(\mu=m_c)=0.38\pm0.03$. The value 1.28 ± 0.03 GeV for the $\overline{\rm MS}$ mass corresponds to 1.67 ± 0.07 GeV for the pole mass (see the "Note on Quark Masses").

MS MA	SS (GeV)			DOCUMENT ID		TECN
1.28	±0.03	OUR EVALUATION	NC	See the ideog	ram b	pelow.
1.335	± 0.043	$+0.040 \\ -0.011$	1	BERTONE	16	THEO
1.246	± 0.023		2	KIYO	16	THEO
1.2715	5 ± 0.0095)	3	CHAKRABOR.	.15	LATT
1.288	±0.020		4	DEHNADI	15	THEO
1.348	± 0.046			CARRASCO	14	LATT
1.26	± 0.05	± 0.04	6	ABRAMOWICZ	Z13 C	COMB
1.24	± 0.03	$+0.03 \\ -0.07$		ALEKHIN	13	THEO
1.282		±0.022	8	DEHNADI	13	THEO
1.286	± 0.066		10	NARISON	13	THEO
1.159			10	SAMOYLOV	13	NOMD
1.36	± 0.04	± 0.10	11	ALEKHIN	12	THEO
1.261			12	NARISON	12A	THEO
1.278	± 0.009		13	BODENSTEIN	11	THEO
1.28	$+0.07 \\ -0.06$			LASCHKA	11	THEO
1.196	±0.059	±0.050	15	AUBERT	10 A	BABR
1.28	± 0.04			BLOSSIER	10	LATT
1.279	± 0.013		17	CHETYRKIN	09	THEO
1.25	± 0.04		18	SIGNER	09	THEO
• • •	We do n	ot use the followin	_		, fits,	limits, etc. \bullet \bullet
1.01	±0.09	± 0.03		ALEKHIN	11	THEO
1.299	±0.026		20	BODENSTEIN	10	THEO
1.273	± 0.006		21	MCNEILE	10	LATT
1.261	± 0.018		22	NARISON	10	THEO
	± 0.009		23	ALLISON	80	LATT
	± 0.013		24	KUHN	07	THEO
	±0.015		25	BOUGHEZAL	06	THEO
1.24	± 0.09		20	BUCHMUEL		THEO
	± 0.017	± 0.054	27	HOANG	06	THEO
1.33	±0.10		28	AUBERT	04X	THEO
1.29	± 0.07		29	HOANG	04	THEO
	± 0.028		3U 21	DEDIVITIIS	03	LATT
1.19	± 0.11		3J	EIDEMULLER		THEO
1.289			32	ERLER	03	THEO
1.26	± 0.02		33	ZYABLYUK	03	THEO





c-QUARK MASS (GeV)

² KIYO 16 determine $\overline{m}_{c}(\overline{m}_{c})$ from the $J/\psi(1S)$ mass at order α_{s}^{3} (N3LO).

⁴ DEHNADI 15 determine $\overline{m}_c(\overline{m}_c)$ using sum rules for $e^+e^- \to \text{hadrons}$ at order α_s^3 (N3LO), and fitting to both experimental data and lattice results.

- ⁵CARRASCO 14 is a lattice QCD computation of light quark masses using 2+1+1 dynamical quarks, with $m_u=m_d\neq m_s\neq m_c$. The u and d quark masses are obtained separately by using the K meson mass splittings and lattice results for the electromagnetic contributions.
- 6 ABRAMOWICZ 13C determines m_{C} from charm production in deep inelastic ep scattering, using the QCD prediction at NLO order. The uncertainties from model and parameterization assumptions, and the value of α_{S} , of $\pm 0.03,\,\pm 0.02,$ and ± 0.02 respectively, have been combined in quadrature.

⁷ ALEKHIN 13 determines m_c from charm production in deep inelastic scattering at HERA using approximate NNLO QCD.

- ⁸ DEHNADI 13 determines m_C using QCD sum rules for the charmonium spectrum and charm continuum to order α_s^3 (N3LO). The statistical and systematic experimental errors of ± 0.006 and ± 0.009 have been combined in quadrature. The theoretical uncertainties ± 0.019 from truncation of the perturbation series, ± 0.010 from α_s , and ± 0.002 from the gluon condensate have been combined in quadrature.
- ⁹ NARISON 13 determines m_c using QCD spectral sum rules to order α_s^2 (NNLO) and including condensates up to dimension 6.

 $^{^1}$ BERTONE 16 determine $\overline{m}_{c}(\overline{m}_{c})$ from HERA deep inelastic scattering data using the FONLL scheme. Also determine $\overline{m}_{c}(\overline{m}_{c}){=}1.318\pm0.054^{+0.490}_{-0.022}$ using the fixed flavor number scheme.

 $^{^3}$ CHAKRABORTY 15 is a lattice QCD computation using 2+1+1 dynamical flavors. Moments of pseudoscalar current-current correlators are matched to α_s^3 -accurate QCD perturbation theory with the η_c meson mass tuned to experiment.

- 10 SAMOYLOV 13 determines m_c from a study of charm dimuon production in neutrinoiron scattering using the NLO QCD result for the charm quark production cross section.
- 11 ALEKHIN 12 determines m_c from heavy quark production in deep inelastic scattering at HERA using approximate NNLO QCD.
- ¹² NARISON 12A determines m_c using sum rules for the vector current correlator to order α_c^3 , including the effect of gluon condensates up to dimension eight.
- ¹³ BODENSTEIN 11 determine $\overline{m}_c(3 \text{ GeV}) = 0.987 \pm 0.009 \text{ GeV}$ and $\overline{m}_c(\overline{m}_c) = 1.278 \pm 0.009 \text{ GeV}$ using QCD sum rules for the charm quark vector current correlator.
- 14 LASCHKA 11 determine the c mass from the charmonium spectrum. The theoretical computation uses the heavy $Q\overline{Q}$ potential to order $1/m_Q$ obtained by matching the short-distance perturbative result onto lattice QCD result at larger scales.
- ¹⁵ AUBERT 10A determine the *b* and *c*-quark masses from a fit to the inclusive decay spectra in semileptonic *B* decays in the kinetic scheme (and convert it to the MS scheme).
- 16 BLOSSIER 10 determines quark masses from a computation of the hadron spectrum using N_f =2 dynamical twisted-mass Wilson fermions.
- ¹⁷ CHETYRKIN 09 determine m_C and m_B from the $e^+e^- \to Q \overline{Q}$ cross-section and sum rules, using an order α_s^3 computation of the heavy quark vacuum polarization. They also determine $m_C(3 \text{ GeV}) = 0.986 \pm 0.013 \text{GeV}$.
- 18 SIGNER 09 determines the *c*-quark mass using non-relativistic sum rules to analyze the $e^+\,e^-\to c\,\overline{c}$ cross-section near threshold. Also determine the PS mass $m_{PS}(\mu_F=0.7~{\rm GeV})=1.50\pm0.04~{\rm GeV}.$
- 19 ALEKHIN 11 determines m_{c} from heavy quark production in deep inelastic scattering using fixed target and HERA data, and approximate NNLO QCD.
- 20 BODENSTEIN 10 determines $\overline{m}_{c}(3~{\rm GeV})=1.008\pm0.026~{\rm GeV}$ using finite energy sum rules for the vector current correlator. The authors have converted this to $\overline{m}_{c}(\overline{m}_{c})$ using $\alpha_{s}(M_{Z})=0.1189\pm0.0020$.
- ²¹ MCNEILE 10 determines m_c by comparing the order α_s^3 perturbative results for the pseudo-scalar current to lattice simulations with $N_f=2+1$ sea-quarks by the HPQCD collaboration
- collaboration. NARISON 10 determines m_c from ratios of moments of vector current correlators computed to order α_s^3 and including the dimension-six gluon condensate.
- ²³ ALLISON 08 determine m_{c} by comparing four-loop perturbative results for the pseudo-scalar current correlator to lattice simulations by the HPQCD collaboration. The result has been updated in MCNEILE 10.
- ²⁴ KUHN 07 determine $\overline{m}_{c}(\mu=3~\text{GeV})=0.986\pm0.013~\text{GeV}$ and $\overline{m}_{c}(\overline{m}_{c})$ from a four-loop sum-rule computation of the cross-section for $e^{+}e^{-}\rightarrow \text{hadrons}$ in the charm threshold region.
- 25 BOUGHEZAL 06 result comes from the first moment of the hadronic production cross-section to order α_s^3 .
- 26 BUCHMUELLER 06 determine m_b and m_c by a global fit to inclusive B decay spectra.
- ²⁷ HOANG 06 determines $\overline{m}_c(\overline{m}_c)$ from a global fit to inclusive B decay data. The B decay distributions were computed to order $\alpha_s^2\beta_0$, and the conversion between different m_c mass schemes to order α_s^3 .
- ²⁸ AUBERT 04X obtain m_c from a fit to the hadron mass and lepton energy distributions in semileptonic B decay. The paper quotes values in the kinetic scheme. The $\overline{\text{MS}}$ value has been provided by the BABAR collaboration.
- HOANG 04 determines $\overline{m}_c(\overline{m}_c)$ from moments at order α_s^2 of the charm production
- cross-section in e^+e^- annihilation. DEDIVITIIS 03 use a quenched lattice computation of heavy-heavy and heavy-light meson masses.
- 31 EIDEMULLER 03 determines m_b and m_c using QCD sum rules.
- 32 ERLER 03 determines m $_b$ and m $_c$ using QCD sum rules. Includes recent BES data.
- ³³ ZYABLYUK 03 determines m_c by using QCD sum rules in the pseudoscalar channel and comparing with the η_c mass.

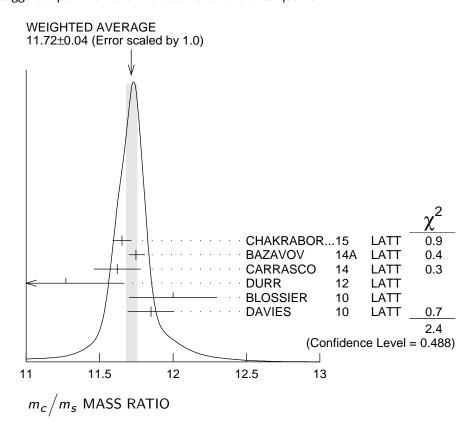
m_c/m_s MASS RATIO

VALUE	DOCUMENT ID		TECN
11.72 ± 0.25 OUR EVALUATION	Ü		
11.652 ± 0.065	¹ CHAKRABOR.	15	LATT
$11.747 \!\pm\! 0.019 \!+\! 0.059 \atop -0.043$	² BAZAVOV	14 A	LATT
11.62 ± 0.16	³ CARRASCO	14	LATT
$11.27 \pm 0.30 \pm 0.26$	⁴ DURR	12	LATT
12.0 ± 0.3	⁵ BLOSSIER	10	LATT
11.85 ± 0.16	⁶ DAVIES	10	LATT

¹ CHAKRABORTY 15 is a lattice QCD computation on gluon field configurations with 2+1+1 dynamical flavors of HISQ quarks with u/d masses down to the physical value. $m_{\rm C}$ and $m_{\rm S}$ are tuned from pseudoscalar meson masses.

 2 BAZAVOV 14A is a lattice computation using 4 dynamical flavors of HISQ fermions.

⁶ DAVIES 10 determine $m_{\it c}/m_{\it s}$ from meson masses calculated on gluon fields including u, d, and s sea quarks with lattice spacing down to 0.045 fm. The Highly Improved Staggered quark formalism is used for the valence quarks.



³CARRASCO 14 is a lattice QCD computation of light quark masses using 2+1+1 dynamical quarks, with $m_u=m_d\neq m_s\neq m_c$. The u and d quark masses are obtained separately by using the K meson mass splittings and lattice results for the electromagnetic contributions.

 $^{^4\,{\}rm DURR}$ 12 determine m_C/m_S using a lattice computation with $N_f=2$ dynamical fermions. The result is combined with other determinations of m_C to obtain $m_S(2~{\rm GeV})=97.0\pm2.6\pm2.5~{\rm MeV}.$

 $^{^5\, \}rm BLOSSIER~10$ determine m_C/m_S from a computation of the hadron spectrum using N_f = 2 dynamical twisted-mass Wilson fermions.

m_b/m_c MASS RATIO

VALUE	DOCUMENT ID	TECN
4.528±0.054	¹ CHAKRABOR15	LATT

 $^{^{}m 1}$ CHAKRABORTY 15 is a lattice computation using 4 dynamical quark flavors.

m_b-m_c QUARK MASS DIFFERENCE

VALUE (GeV) DOCUMENT ID TECN

3.45 \pm 0.05 OUR EVALUATION

• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

3.472 ± 0.032	$^{ m 1}$ AUBERT	10A	BABR
	² ABDALLAH	06 B	DLPH
3.44 ± 0.03		04X	BABR
3.41 ± 0.01	³ BAUER	04	THEO

 $^{^1}$ AUBERT 10A determine the b- and c-quark masses from a fit to the inclusive decay spectra in semileptonic B decays in the kinetic scheme.

c-QUARK REFERENCES

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KIYO	16	PL B752 122	Y. Kiyo, G. Mishima, Y. Sumino	(UDOCD C II I)
CHAKRABOR DEHNADI	. 15 15	PR D91 054508 JHEP 1508 155	B. Chakraborty <i>et al.</i> B. Dehnadi, A.H. Hoang, V. Mateu	(HPQCD Collab.)
BAZAVOV	15 14A	PR D90 074509	, ,,,	and MILC Collabs.)
CARRASCO	147	NP B887 19	`	wisted Mass Collab.)
ABRAMOWICZ		EPJ C73 2311		1 and Zeus Collabs.)
ALEKHIN	13	PL B720 172		P, DESYZ, WUPP+)
DEHNADI	13	JHEP 1309 103	(IRZ, VIEN, MPIM+)
NARISON	13	PL B718 1321	S. Narison	(MONP)
SAMOYLOV	13	NP B876 339	O. Samoylov et al.	(NOMAD Collab.)
ALEKHIN	12	PL B718 550		RP, WUPP, DESY+)
DURR	12	PRL 108 122003	S. Durr, G. Koutsou (\	NUPP, JULI, CYPR)
NARISON	12A	PL B706 412	S. Narison	(MONP)
ALEKHIN	11	PL B699 345	S. Alekhin, S. Moch	(DESY, SERP)
BODENSTEIN	11	PR D83 074014	S. Bodenstein <i>et al.</i>	
LASCHKA	11	PR D83 094002	A. Laschka, N. Kaiser, W. Weise	
AUBERT	10A	PR D81 032003	B. Aubert <i>et al.</i>	(BABAR Collab.)
BLOSSIER	10	PR D82 114513	B. Blossier <i>et al.</i>	(ETM Collab.)
BODENSTEIN	10	PR D82 114013	S. Bodenstein <i>et al.</i>	(110000 0 11 1)
DAVIES	10	PRL 104 132003	C.T.H. Davies <i>et al.</i>	(HPQCD Collab.)
MCNEILE	10	PR D82 034512	C. McNeile <i>et al.</i>	(HPQCD Collab.)
NARISON	10	PL B693 559	S. Narison	(MONP)
Also		PL B705 544 (errat.)	S. Narison	(MONP)
CHETYRKIN	09	PR D80 074010	K.G. Chetyrkin <i>et al.</i>	(KARL, BNL)
SIGNER	09	PL B672 333	A. Signer	(DURH)
ALLISON	08	PR D78 054513	I. Allison et al.	(HPQCD Collab.)
KUHN	07	NP B778 192	J.H. Kuhn, M. Steinhauser, C. Sturn	
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BOUGHEZAL	06 06	PR D74 074006	R. Boughezal, M. Czakon, T. Schutz	
BUCHMUEL HOANG	06 06	PR D73 073008 PL B633 526	O.L. Buchmueller, H.U. Flacher	(RHBL)
AUBERT	06 04X	PRL 93 011803	A.H. Hoang, A.V. Manohar B. Aubert <i>et al.</i>	(DADAD Callah)
BAUER	04A 04	PRL 93 011803 PR D70 094017	C. Bauer <i>et al.</i>	(BABAR Collab.)
HOANG	04	PL B594 127	A.H. Hoang, M. Jamin	
DEDIVITIIS	03	NP B675 309	G.M. de Divitiis <i>et al.</i>	
EIDEMULLER	03	PR D67 113002	M. Eidemuller	
ERLER	03	PL B558 125	J. Erler, M. Luo	
ZYABLYUK	03	JHEP 0301 081	K.N. Zyablyuk	(ITEP)
				(1121)

 $^{^2\,\}mathrm{ABDALLAH}$ 06B determine m_b-m_c from moments of the hadron invariant mass and lepton energy spectra in semileptonic inclusive B decays.

³ Determine $m_b - m_c$ from a global fit to inclusive B decay spectra.