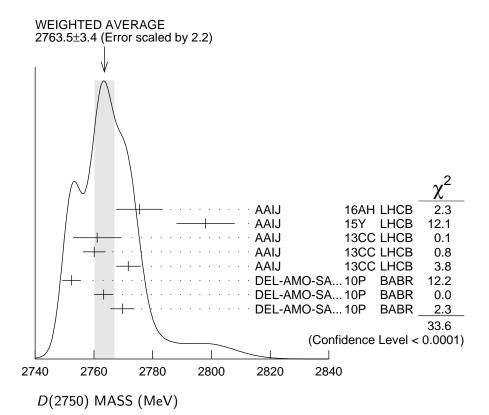
$$I(J^P) = \frac{1}{2}(3^-)$$

OMITTED FROM SUMMARY TABLE  $J^P$  determined by AAIJ 15Y from the Dalitz plot analysis of  $B^0 \to \overline{D}{}^0\pi^+\pi^-$  decays.  $J^P$  consistent with natural parity (AAIJ 13CC).

# D(2750) MASS

VALUE (MeV) EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN CHG	COMMENT	
2763.5± 3.4 OUR AVERAGE	Error includes so	cale factor of 2.2. S	ee the ideogram below.	
$2775.5 \pm 4.5 \pm 6.5$ 28k	<sup>1</sup> AAIJ	16AH LHCB	$B^- \rightarrow D^+ \pi^- \pi^-$	
$2798 \hspace{.1cm} \pm \hspace{.1cm} 7 \hspace{.1cm} \pm \hspace{.1cm} 7$	<sup>2</sup> AAIJ	15Y LHCB	$B^0  ightarrow \overline{D}{}^0 \pi^+ \pi^-$	
$2761.1 \pm \ 5.1 \pm \ 6.5$ 14k	AAIJ	13cc LHCB 0	$pp \rightarrow D^{*+}\pi^{-}X$	
$2760.1 \pm \ 1.1 \pm \ 3.7$ 56k	AAIJ	13cc LHCB 0	$pp \rightarrow D^+\pi^- X$	
$2771.7 \pm 1.7 \pm 3.8$ 20k	AAIJ	13cc LHCB +	$pp \rightarrow D^0 \pi^+ X$	
$2752.4 \pm \ 1.7 \pm \ 2.7 \ 23.5 k$	<sup>3</sup> DEL-AMO-SA.	.10P BABR 0	$e^+e^- \rightarrow D^{*+}\pi^- X$	
$2763.3 \pm \ 2.3 \pm \ 2.3 \ 11.3 k$	<sup>3</sup> DEL-AMO-SA.	.10P BABR 0	$e^+e^- \rightarrow D^+\pi^- X$	
$2769.7 \pm 3.8 \pm 1.5$ 5.7k	<sup>3,4</sup> DEL-AMO-SA.	.10P BABR +	$e^+e^- \rightarrow D^0\pi^+X$	
<ul> <li>◆ We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc.</li> </ul>				
2802 +11 +10	<sup>5</sup> AALI	15Y LHCB	$B^0 \rightarrow \overline{D}{}^0 \pi^+ \pi^-$	



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#### D(2750) WIDTH

VALUE (MeV)	<b>EVTS</b>	DOCUMENT ID	TECN CHG	COMMENT
66 ± 5 OUR A	VERAGE			
$95.3 \pm \ 9.6 \pm 34.0$	28k	<sup>6</sup> AAIJ	16AH LHCB	$B^- \rightarrow D^+ \pi^- \pi^-$
$105$ $\pm 18$ $\pm 24$		<sup>7</sup> AAIJ	15Y LHCB	$B^0  ightarrow \overline{D}{}^0 \pi^+ \pi^-$
$74.4 \pm 3.4 \pm 37.0$	14k	AAIJ	13cc LHCB 0	$pp \rightarrow D^{*+}\pi^{-}X$
$74.4 \pm \ 3.4 \pm 19.1$	56k	AAIJ	13cc LHCB 0	$pp \rightarrow D^+\pi^- X$
$66.7 \pm 6.6 \pm 10.5$	20k	AAIJ	13cc LHCB +	$pp \rightarrow D^0 \pi^+ X$
$71~\pm~6~\pm11$	23.5k	<sup>8</sup> DEL-AMO-SA.	.10P BABR	$e^+e^- \rightarrow D^{*+}\pi^- X$
$60.9 \pm 5.1 \pm 3.6$	11.3k	<sup>8</sup> DEL-AMO-SA.	.10P BABR	$e^+e^- \rightarrow D^+\pi^-X$
• • • We do not use	e the follow	wing data for avera	ages, fits, limits, et	C. ● ● ●
154 ⊥27 ⊥16		9	15V   UCB	$R^0$ $\overline{D}^0\pi^+\pi^-$

154 
$$\pm$$
27  $\pm$ 16 9 AAIJ 15Y LHCB  $B^0 \rightarrow \overline{D}{}^0\pi^+\pi^-$ 

## D(2750) DECAY MODES

	Mode	Fraction $(\Gamma_i/\Gamma)$
$\overline{\Gamma_1}$	$D\pi$	seen
$\Gamma_2$	$D^+\pi^- \ D^0\pi^\pm$	seen
		seen
$\Gamma_4$	$D^*\pi D^{*+}\pi^-$	seen
$\Gamma_5$	$D^{*+}\pi^-$	seen

# D(2750) BRANCHING RATIOS

$$\Gamma(D^+\pi^-)/\Gamma(D^{*+}\pi^-)$$
 $VALUE$ 
0.42±0.05±0.11
 $SEVTS$ 
34.8k
 $SEVTS$ 
10 DEL-AMO-SA..10P
BABR
 $E^+e^- \rightarrow D^{(*)}+\pi^- X$ 

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> From the amplitude analysis in the model describing the  $D^+\pi^-$  wave together with virtual contributions from the  $D^*(2007)^0$  and  $B^{*0}$  states, and components corresponding to the  $D_2^*(2460)^0$ ,  $D_1^*(2680)^0$ ,  $D_3^*(2760)^0$ , and  $D_2^*(3000)^0$  resonances.

 $<sup>^2</sup>$  Modeling the  $\pi^+\pi^-$  S-wave with the Isobar formalism.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> The states observed in the  $D^*\pi$  and  $D\pi$  final states are not necessarily the same.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> At a fixed width of 60.9 MeV.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Modeling the  $\pi^+\pi^-$  S-wave with the K-matrix formalism.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> From the amplitude analysis in the model describing the  $D^+\pi^-$  wave together with virtual contributions from the  $D^*(2007)^0$  and  $B^{*0}$  states, and components corresponding to the  $D_2^*(2460)^0$ ,  $D_1^*(2680)^0$ ,  $D_3^*(2760)^0$ , and  $D_2^*(3000)^0$  resonances.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> Modeling the  $\pi^+\pi^-$  S-wave with the Isobar formalism.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> The states observed in the  $D^*\pi$  and  $D\pi$  final states are not necessarily the same.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> Modeling the  $\pi^+\pi^-$  S-wave with the K-matrix formalism.

 $<sup>^{10}</sup>$  The states observed in the  $D^*\pi$  and  $D\pi$  final states are not necessarily the same.

### D(2750) POLARIZATION AMPLITUDE AD

A polarization amplitude  $A_D$  is a parameter that depends on the initial polarization of the D(2750). For D(2750) decays the helicity angle,  $\theta_H$ , distribution varies like  $1+A_D\cos(\theta_H)$ , where  $\theta_H$  is the angle in the  $D^*$  rest frame between the two pions emitted by the  $D(2750) \to D^*\pi$  and  $D^* \to D\pi$ .

VALUE	<b>EVTS</b>	DOCUMENT ID		COMMENT	
• • • We do not use th	e following d	lata for averages, fits,	limits, e	etc. • • •	
$-0.33 \pm 0.28$	23.5k 11	DEL-AMO-SA10P	BABR	$e^+e^- \rightarrow D^{*+}\pi^- X$	
<sup>11</sup> Systematic uncertainties not estimated. The states observed in the $D^*\pi$ and $D\pi$ final states are not necessarily the same.					

### D(2750) REFERENCES

AAIJ	16AH	PR D94 072001	F	R. Aaij <i>et al.</i>	(LHCb Collab.)
AAIJ	15Y	PR D92 032002	F	R. Aaij <i>et al.</i>	(LHCb Collab.) JP
AAIJ	13CC	JHEP 1309 145	F	R. Aaij <i>et al.</i>	(LHCb Collab.)
DEL-AMO-SA	10P	PR D82 111101	F	P. del Amo Sanchez <i>et al.</i>	(BABAR Collab.)

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