

# Tree-like graphings of countable Borel equivalence relations

An exposition to

*Tree-like graphings, wallings, and median graphings of equivalence relations*

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Any Borel action  $\Gamma \curvearrowright X$  of a countable (discrete) group on a standard Borel space induces its *orbit equivalence relation*  $E_\Gamma^X$ , which is a CBER.

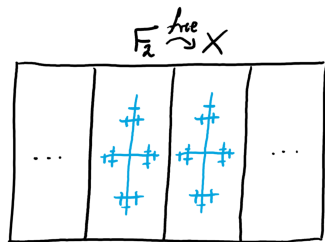
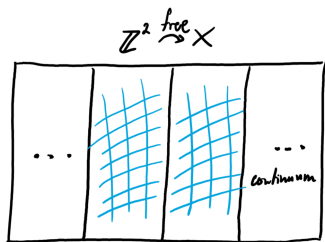
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## Theorem (Slaman-Steel, Weiss)

Let  $E$  be a CBER on a standard Borel space  $X$ . TFAE:

1.  $E$  is hyperfinite.  $E = \bigcup_n F_n$  where  $F_0 \subseteq F_1 \subseteq \cdots$  are FBERs.
2.  $E$  is induced by a Borel  $\mathbb{Z}$ -action.  $E = E_{\mathbb{Z}}^X$  for some  $\mathbb{Z} \curvearrowright X$ .

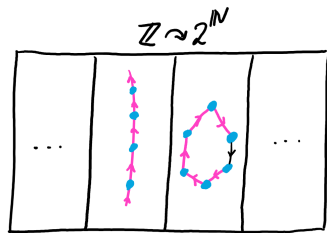
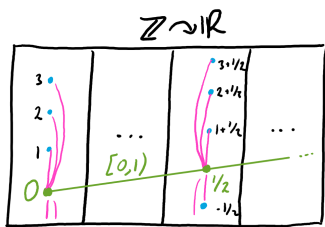
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# Graphing of a CBER

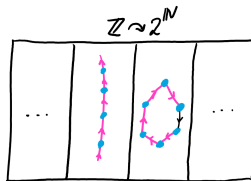
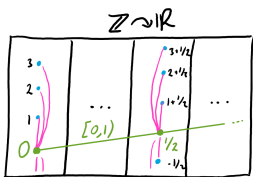
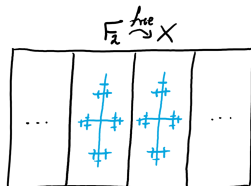
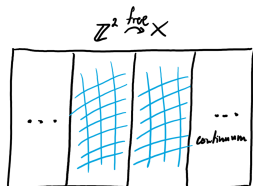
## Definition

A *graphing* of a CBER  $E$  on  $X$  is a Borel graph  $G \subseteq X^2$  whose connected relation is  $E$ , i.e.,  $xEy \leftrightarrow xG \cdots Gy$  for all  $x, y \in X$ .

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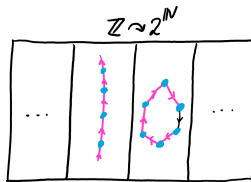
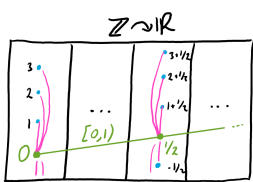
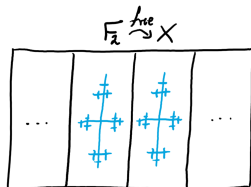
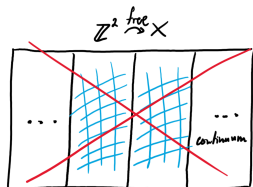
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# Treeings and Treeability

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A *treeing* of a CBER  $E$  is an acyclic graphing, and a CBER  $E$  is said to be *treeable* if it admits a treeing.



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## Theorem (GdlH90)

*Every finitely-generated group whose Cayley graph is a quasi-tree is virtually-free, and hence treeable.*

# The End

Thank you!