

October 8, 2015

# mAEWing1-Hati Updates

CMSoft Inc.

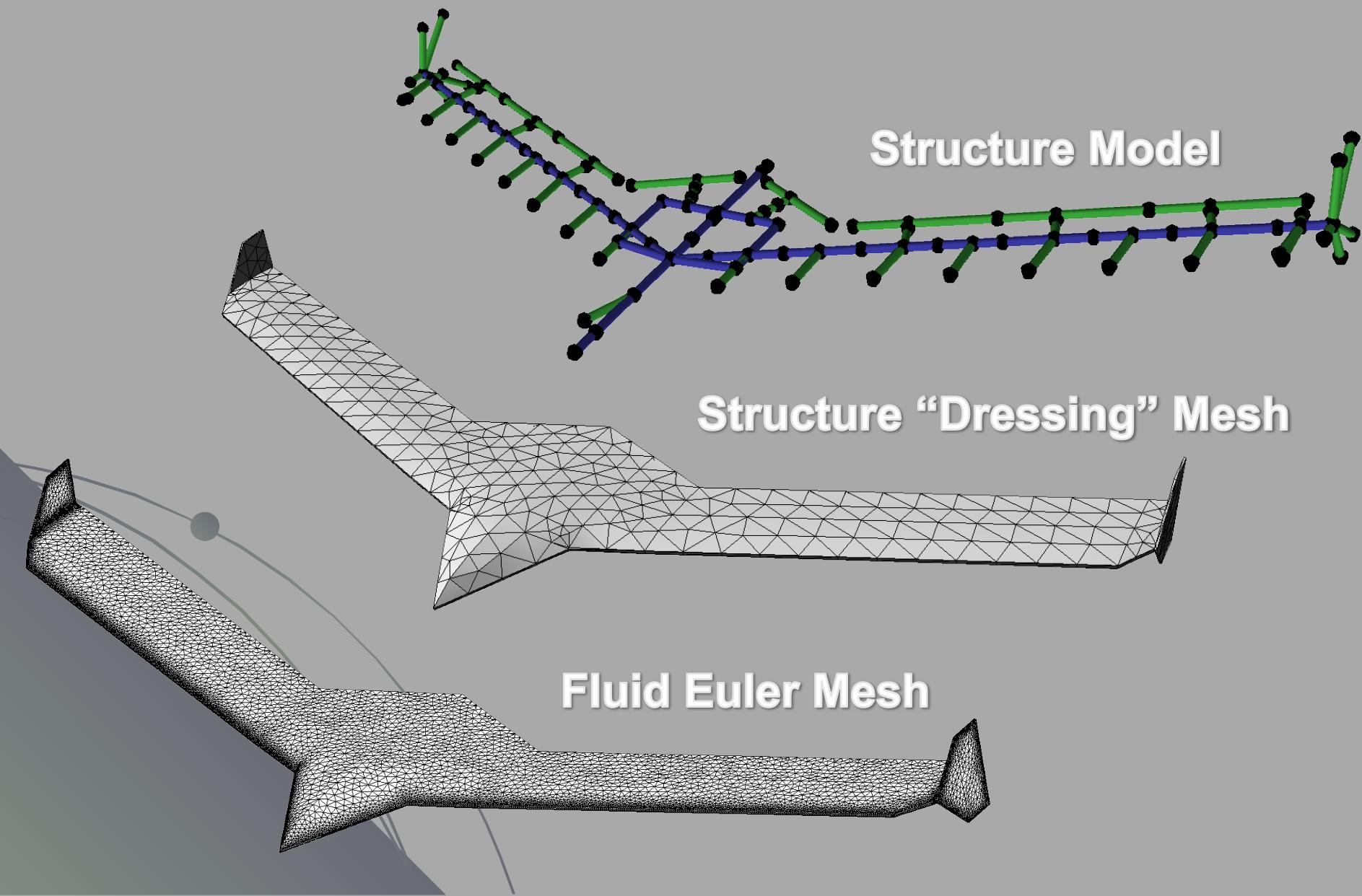
Alexandre  
Coderre-Chabot

Thuan Lieu

# Summary

- Converted the Virginia Tech NASTRAN structural model of mAEwing1-Hati v3.3 to AERO-S.
- Edited the control surface connector properties in the AERO-S structural model.
- Performed an eigenvalue analysis to identify important dry structural modes.
- Connected the structure stick model to an aerodynamic “dressing” shell model.
- Ran unsteady aeroelastic simulations to compare models with different numbers of modes.
- Ran unsteady aeroelastic simulations to find the critical flutter conditions.

# mAEWing1-Hati Meshes



# mAEWing1-Hati Mass & Inertia Properties

Property	VirginiaTech NASTRAN Model	CMSoft AERO-S Model	Difference
Weight (lb.)	14.059	14.049	0.07%
Center of Mass Position X (in)	7.9475	8.0812	
Center of Mass Position Y (in)	0.0000	0.0000	1.67%
Center of Mass Position Z (in)	0.0000	0.0000	
Moment of Inertia Ixx (lb. in <sup>2</sup> )	9,577.9	9,580.6	0.03%
Moment of Inertia Iyy (lb. in <sup>2</sup> )	1,633.1	1,600.0	2.05%
Moment of Inertia Izz (lb. in <sup>2</sup> )	9,602.9	9,604.6	0.02%
Product of Inertia Ixy (lb. in <sup>2</sup> )	3.8	0.4	
Product of Inertia Ixz (lb. in <sup>2</sup> )	0.0	0.0	–
Product of Inertia Iyz (lb. in <sup>2</sup> )	0.0	0.0	

# mAEWing1-Hati Dry Structural Modes

Mode	VirginiaTech Model	CMSoft Model	Difference
7	5.38 Hz	5.37 Hz	0.08%
8	9.47 Hz	9.55 Hz	0.80%
9	12.78 Hz	12.69 Hz	0.70%
10	14.41 Hz	14.47 Hz	0.43%
11	19.35 Hz	19.41 Hz	0.35%
12	27.26 Hz	27.42 Hz	0.57%
13	30.66 Hz	30.19 Hz	1.56%
14	31.65 Hz	31.78 Hz	0.40%
15	38.33 Hz	38.33 Hz	0.01%
16	46.15 Hz	45.89 Hz	0.58%
17	63.37 Hz	63.53 Hz	0.25%
18	66.14 Hz	66.42 Hz	0.41%
19	67.17 Hz	67.43 Hz	0.39%
20	71.45 Hz	70.82 Hz	0.88%

# mAEWing1-Hati Dry Structural Modes

Mode	CMSoft Original Model	CMSoft Model with Edited Control Surfaces	Difference
7	5.37 Hz	5.37 Hz	0.00%
8	9.55 Hz	9.55 Hz	0.00%
9	12.69 Hz	12.69 Hz	0.05%
10	14.47 Hz	14.47 Hz	0.04%
11	19.41 Hz	19.41 Hz	0.04%
12	27.42 Hz	27.41 Hz	0.01%
13	30.19 Hz	30.16 Hz	0.10%
14	31.78 Hz	31.77 Hz	0.05%
15	38.33 Hz	38.30 Hz	0.07%
16	45.89 Hz	45.86 Hz	0.06%
17	63.53 Hz	63.38 Hz	0.23%
18	66.42 Hz	66.39 Hz	0.05%
19	67.43 Hz	67.40 Hz	0.05%
20	70.82 Hz	70.63 Hz	0.26%

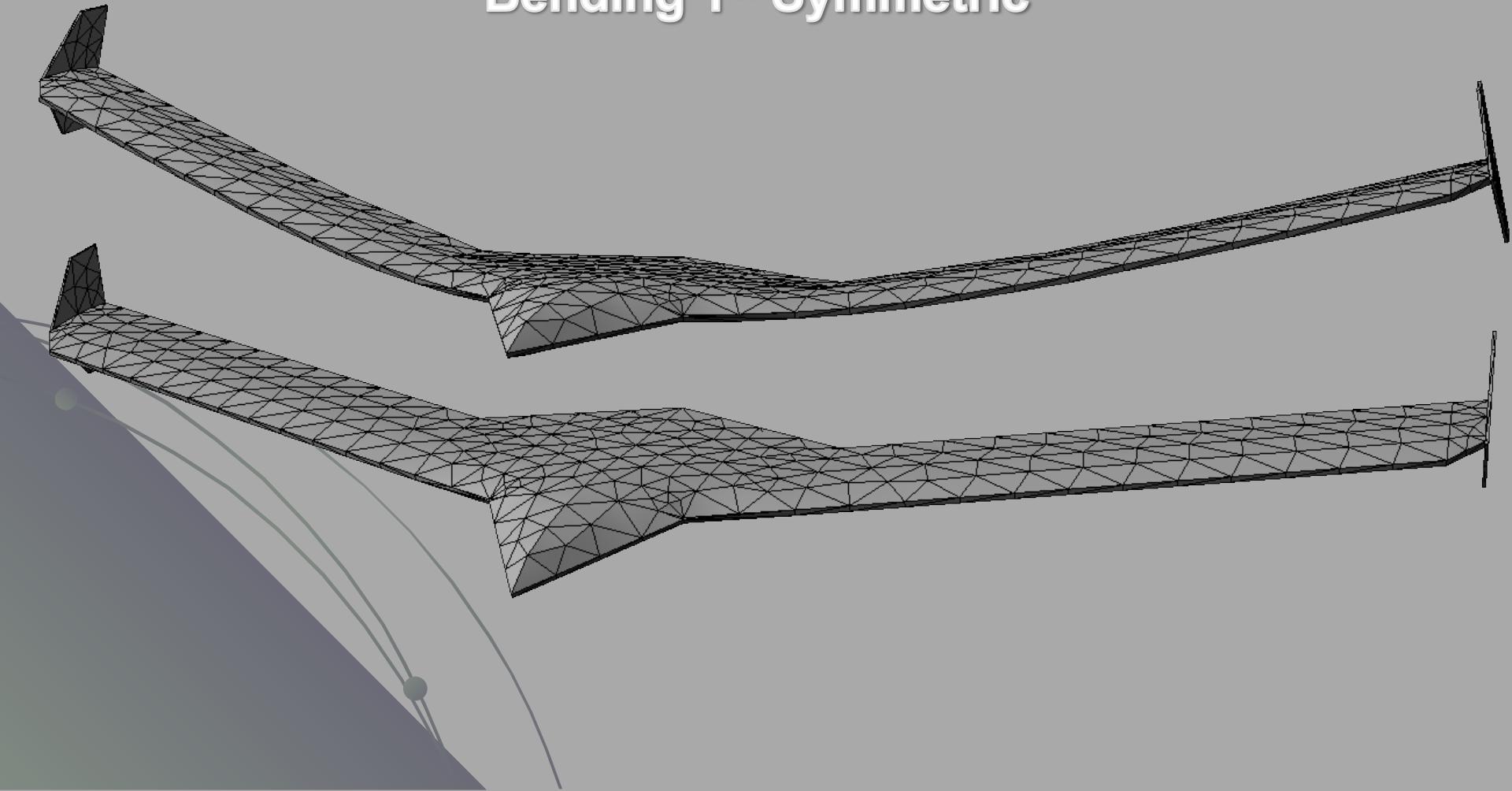
# mAEWing1-Hati Dry Structural Modes

Mode	Freq. (Hz)	Description
1–6	0.00	6 Rigid-Body Modes
7	5.37	Bending 1 <sup>st</sup> Symmetric
8	9.55	Bending 1 <sup>st</sup> Anti-Sym.
9	12.69	Torsion 1 <sup>st</sup> Anti-Sym.
10	14.47	Torsion 1 <sup>st</sup> Symmetric
11	19.41	Bending 2 <sup>nd</sup> Symmetric
12	27.42	Bending 2 <sup>nd</sup> Anti-Sym.
13	30.19	Torsion 2 <sup>nd</sup> Anti-Sym.
14	31.78	Torsion 2 <sup>nd</sup> Symmetric
15	38.33	Bending 3 <sup>rd</sup> Symmetric
16	45.89	Bending 3 <sup>rd</sup> Anti-Sym.
18	66.42	Torsion 3 <sup>rd</sup> Anti-Sym.
19	67.43	Torsion 3 <sup>rd</sup> Symmetric

Mode	Freq. (Hz)	Description
27	109.21	+ 1*L3 – 4*L4
32	126.12	+ 1*R3 – 2*R4
36	136.03	+ 4*L3 + 1*L4
37	142.15	+ 1*R3 + 1*R4
43	174.95	+ 1*L2 – 8*R2
44	175.01	+ 8*L2 + 1*R2
48	193.24	+ 1*L1 – 1*R1
49	195.44	+ 1*L1 + 1*R1

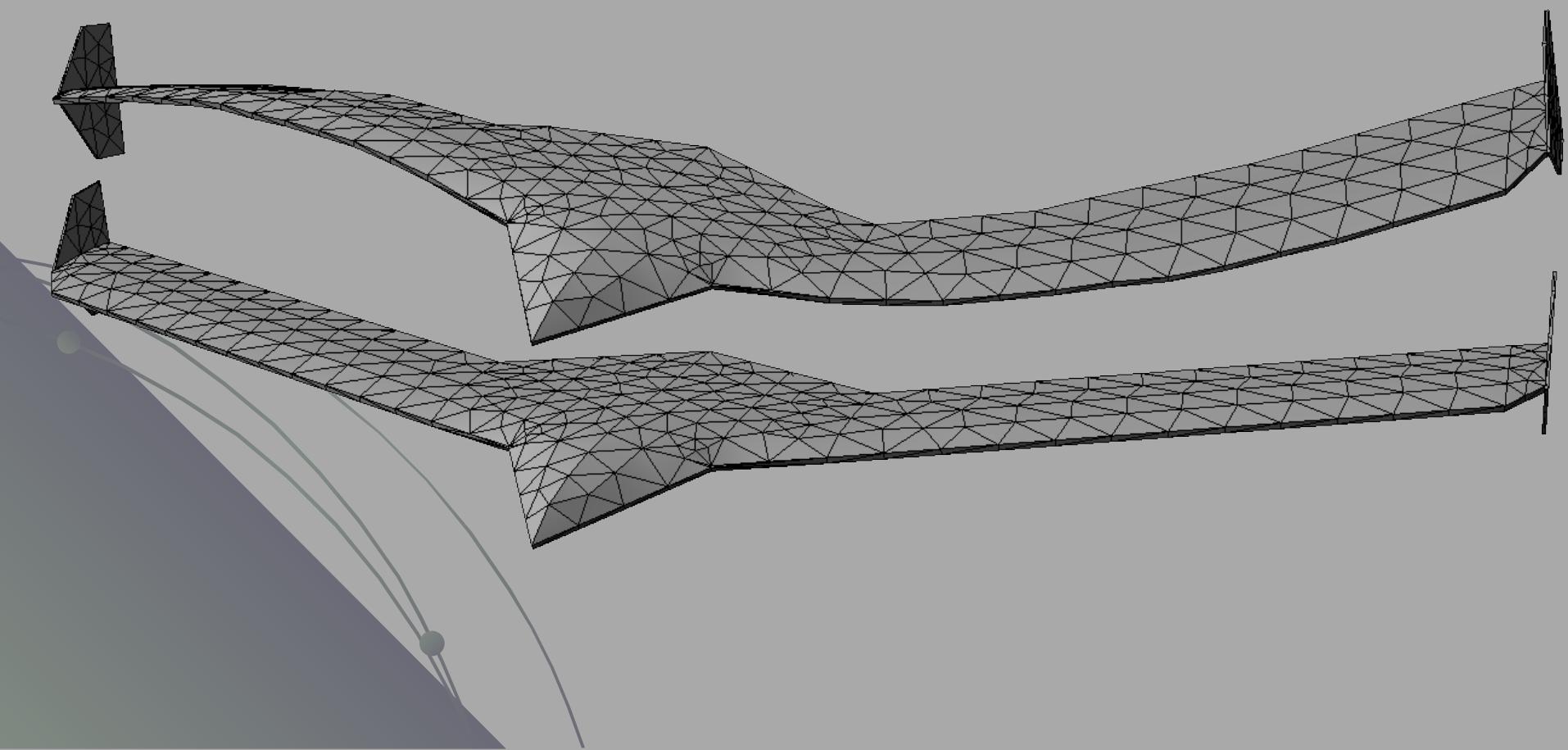
# mAEWing1-Hati Dry Structural Modes

Mode 7  
5.37 Hz  
Bending 1<sup>st</sup> Symmetric



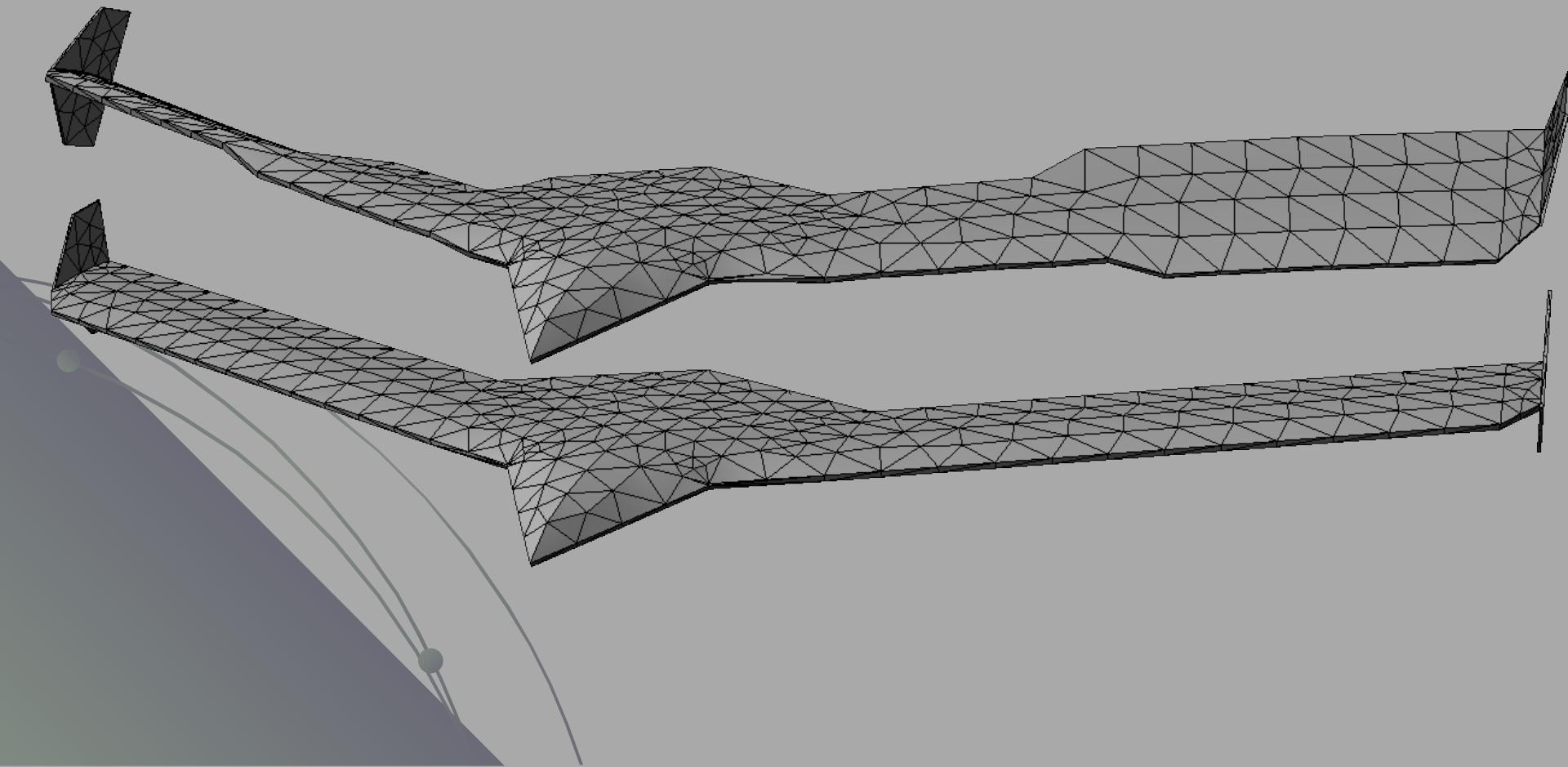
# mAEWing1-Hati Dry Structural Modes

Mode 8  
9.55 Hz  
Bending 1<sup>st</sup> Anti-Sym.



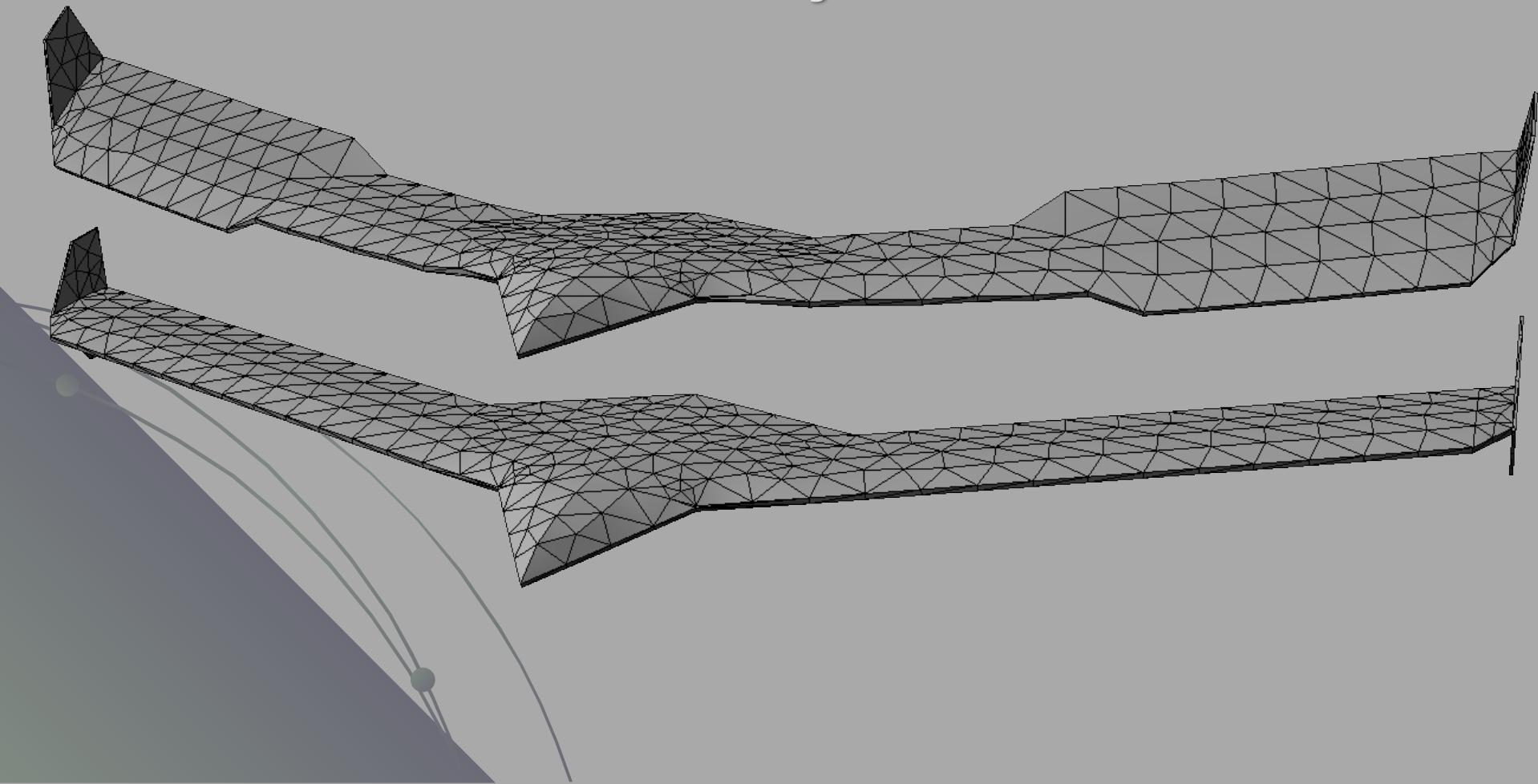
# mAEWing1-Hati Dry Structural Modes

Mode 9  
12.69 Hz  
Torsion 1<sup>st</sup> Anti-Sym.



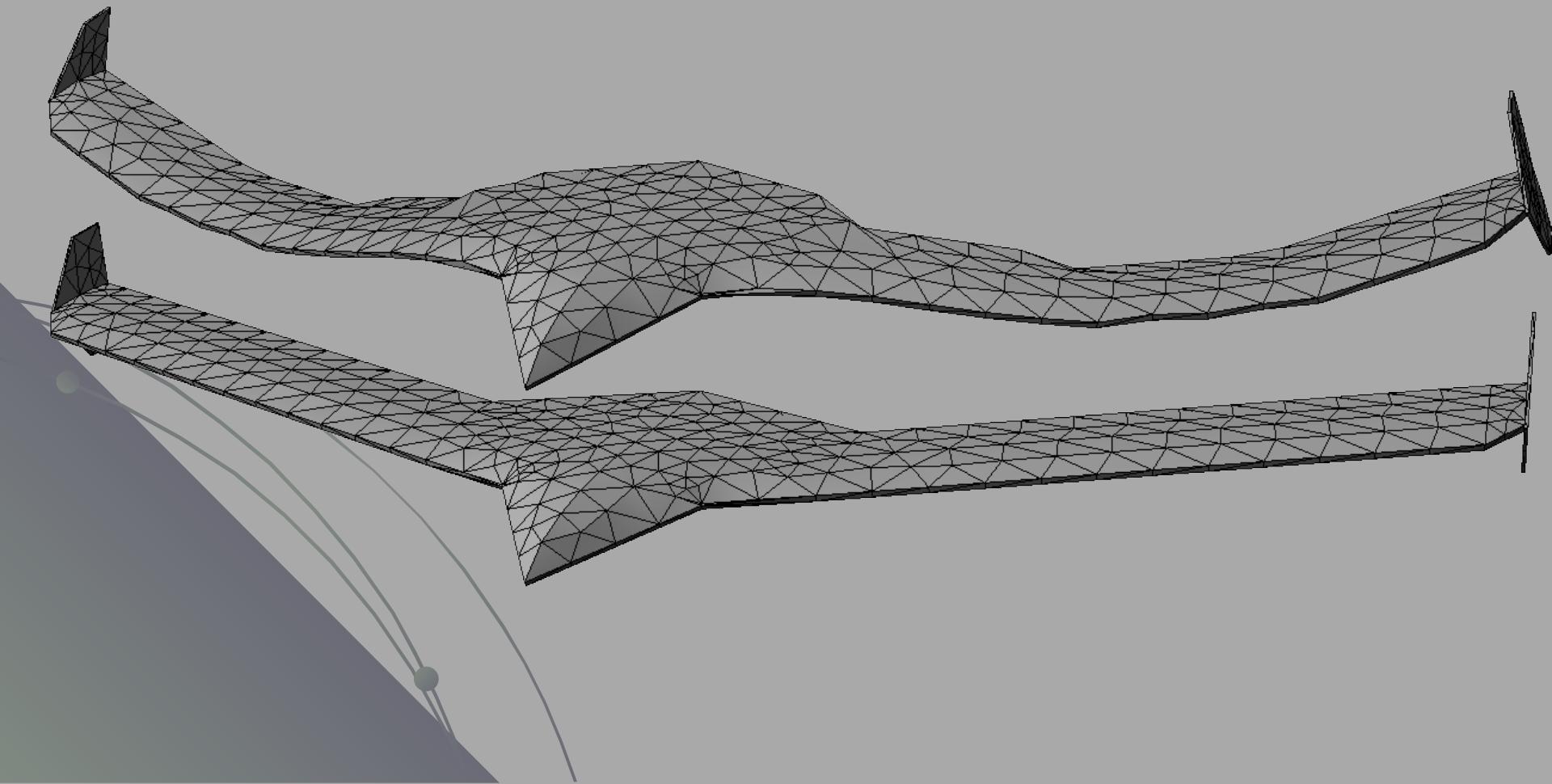
# mAEWing1-Hati Dry Structural Modes

**Mode 10**  
**14.47 Hz**  
**Torsion 1<sup>st</sup> Symmetric**



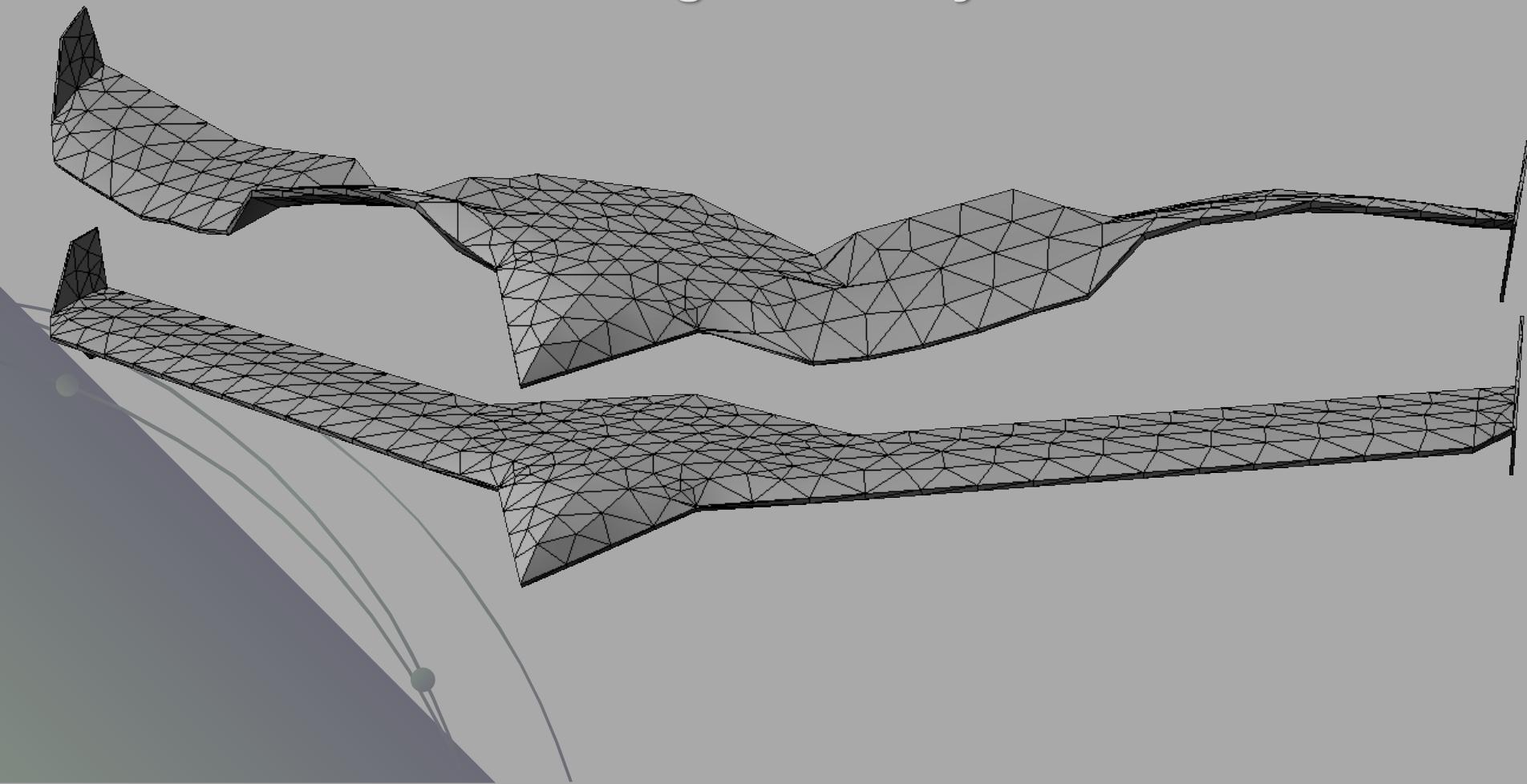
# mAEWing1-Hati Dry Structural Modes

**Mode 11**  
**19.41 Hz**  
**Bending 2<sup>nd</sup> Symmetric**



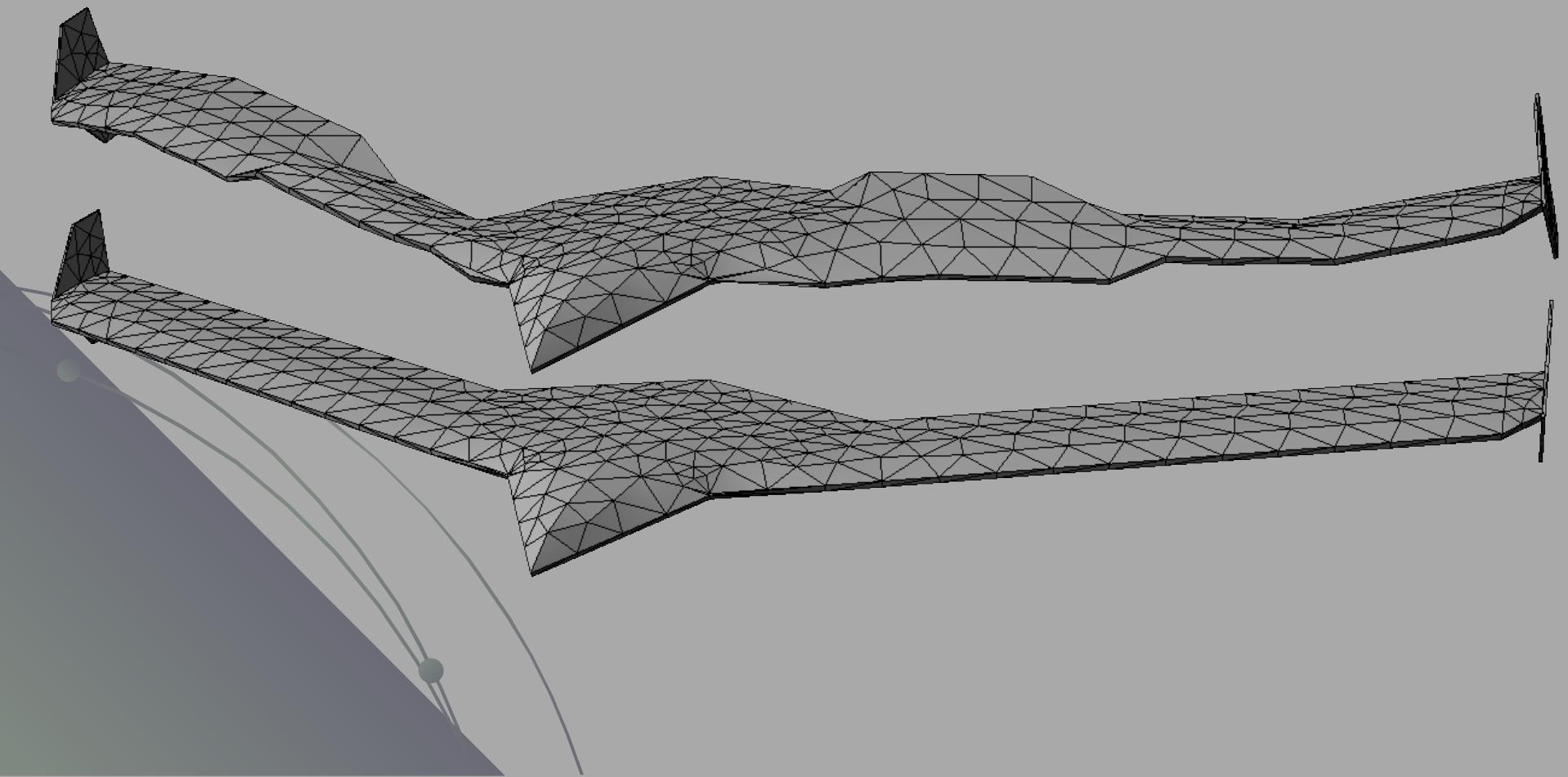
# mAEWing1-Hati Dry Structural Modes

Mode 12  
27.41 Hz  
Bending 2<sup>nd</sup> Anti-Sym.



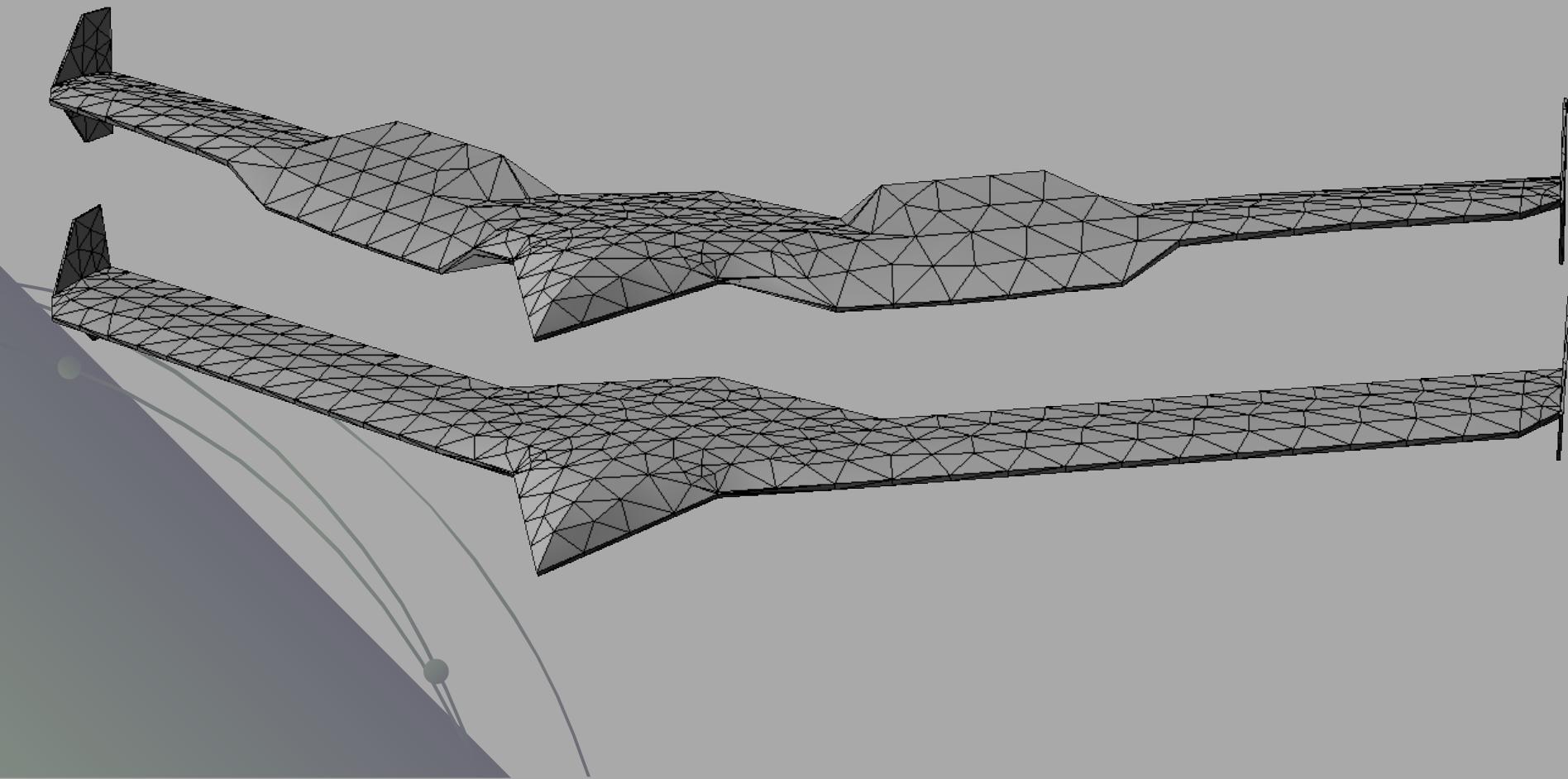
# mAEWing1-Hati Dry Structural Modes

Mode 13  
30.16 Hz  
Torsion 2<sup>nd</sup> Anti-Sym.



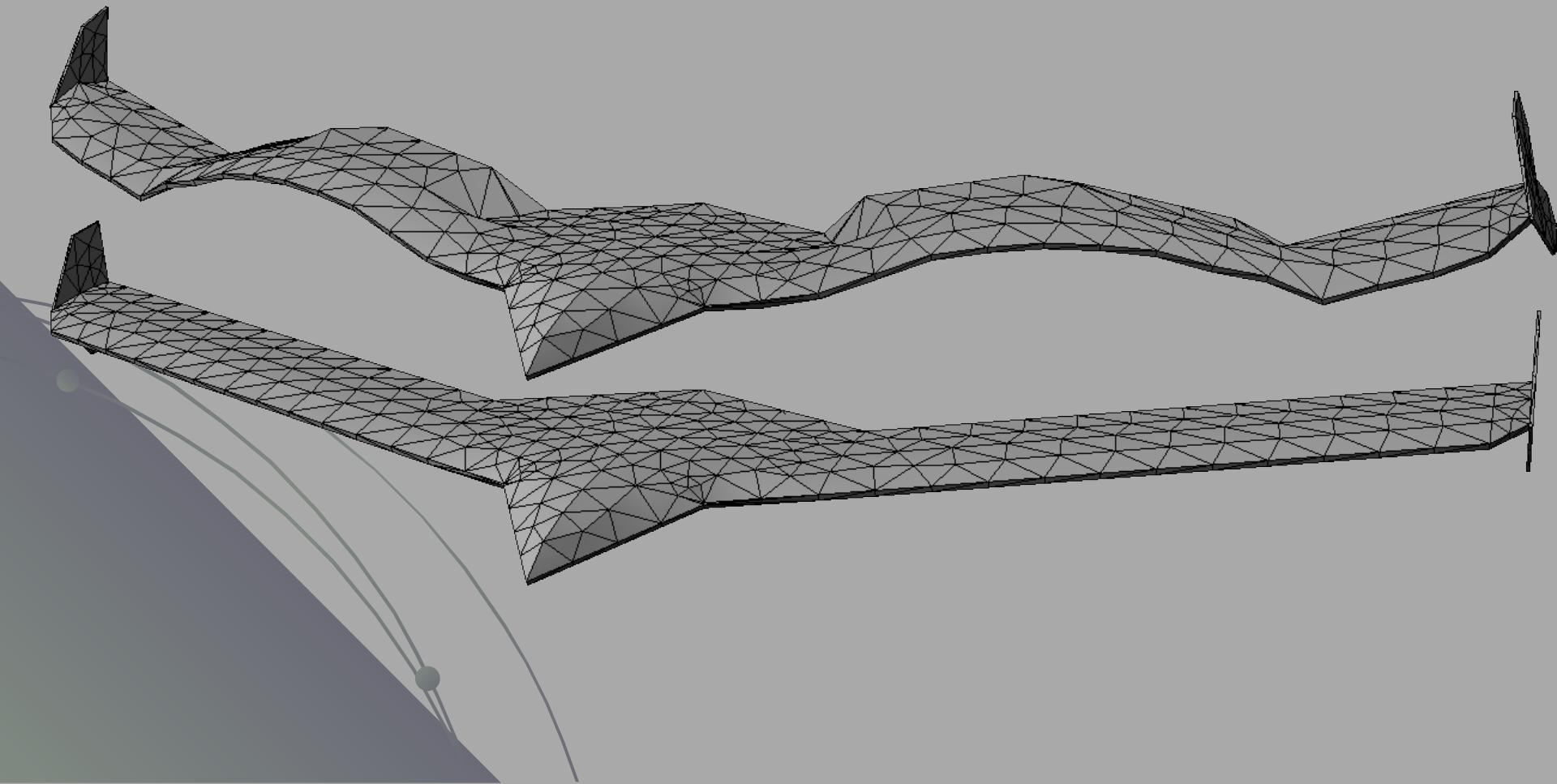
# mAEWing1-Hati Dry Structural Modes

**Mode 14**  
**31.77 Hz**  
**Torsion 2<sup>nd</sup> Symmetric**



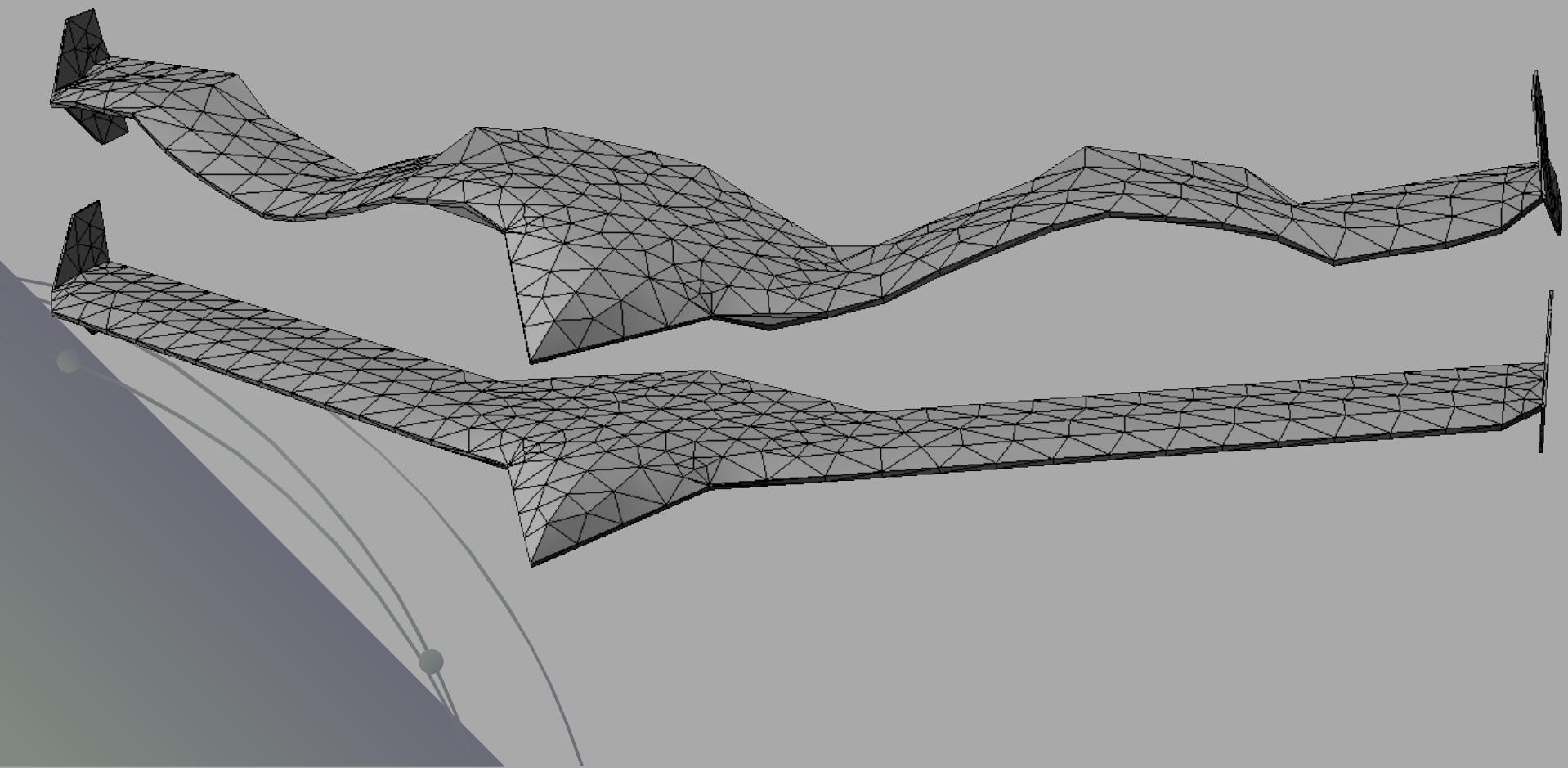
# mAEWing1-Hati Dry Structural Modes

**Mode 15**  
**38.30 Hz**  
**Bending 3<sup>rd</sup> Symmetric**



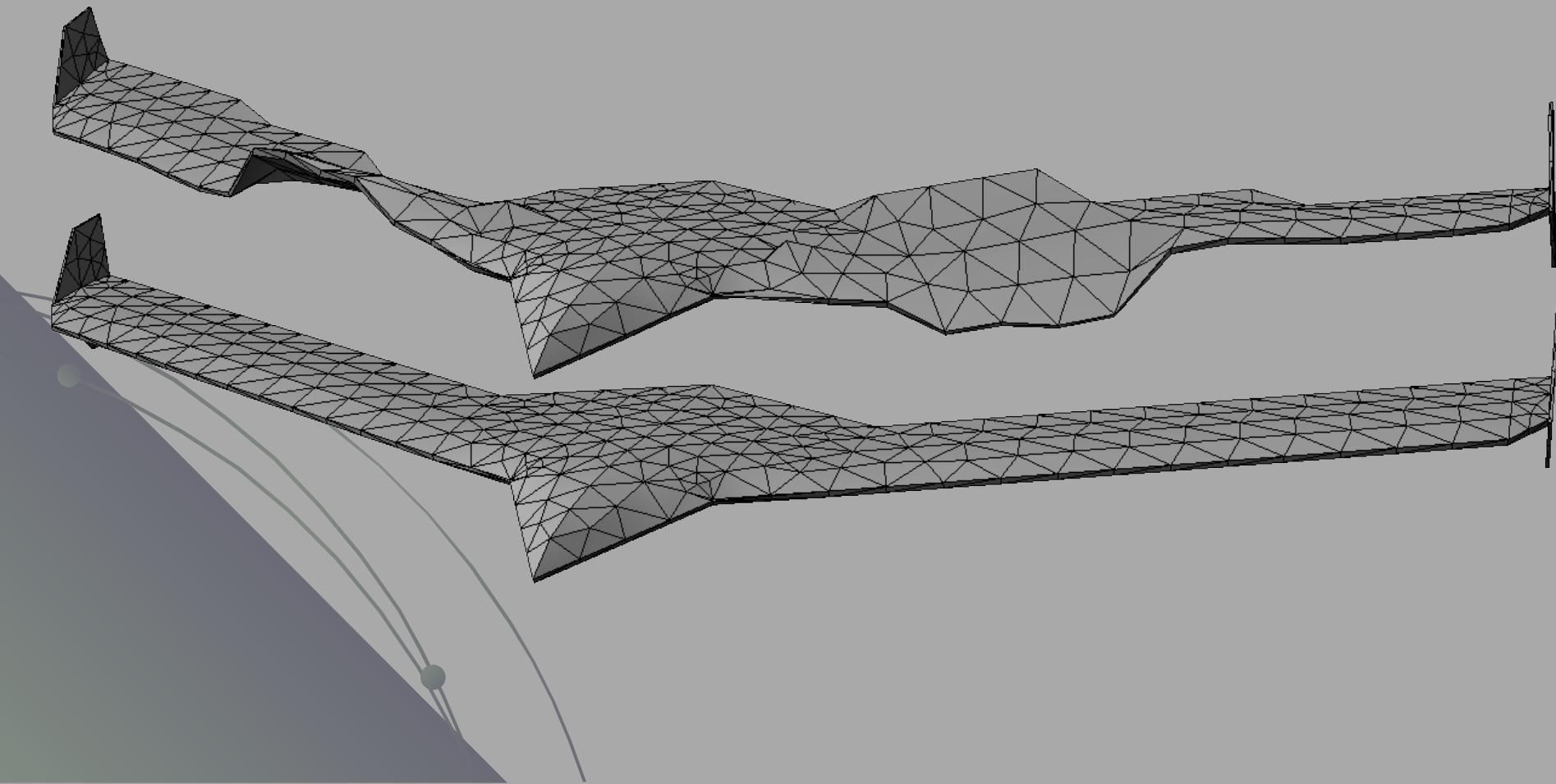
# mAEWing1-Hati Dry Structural Modes

Mode 16  
45.86 Hz  
Bending 3<sup>rd</sup> Anti-Sym.



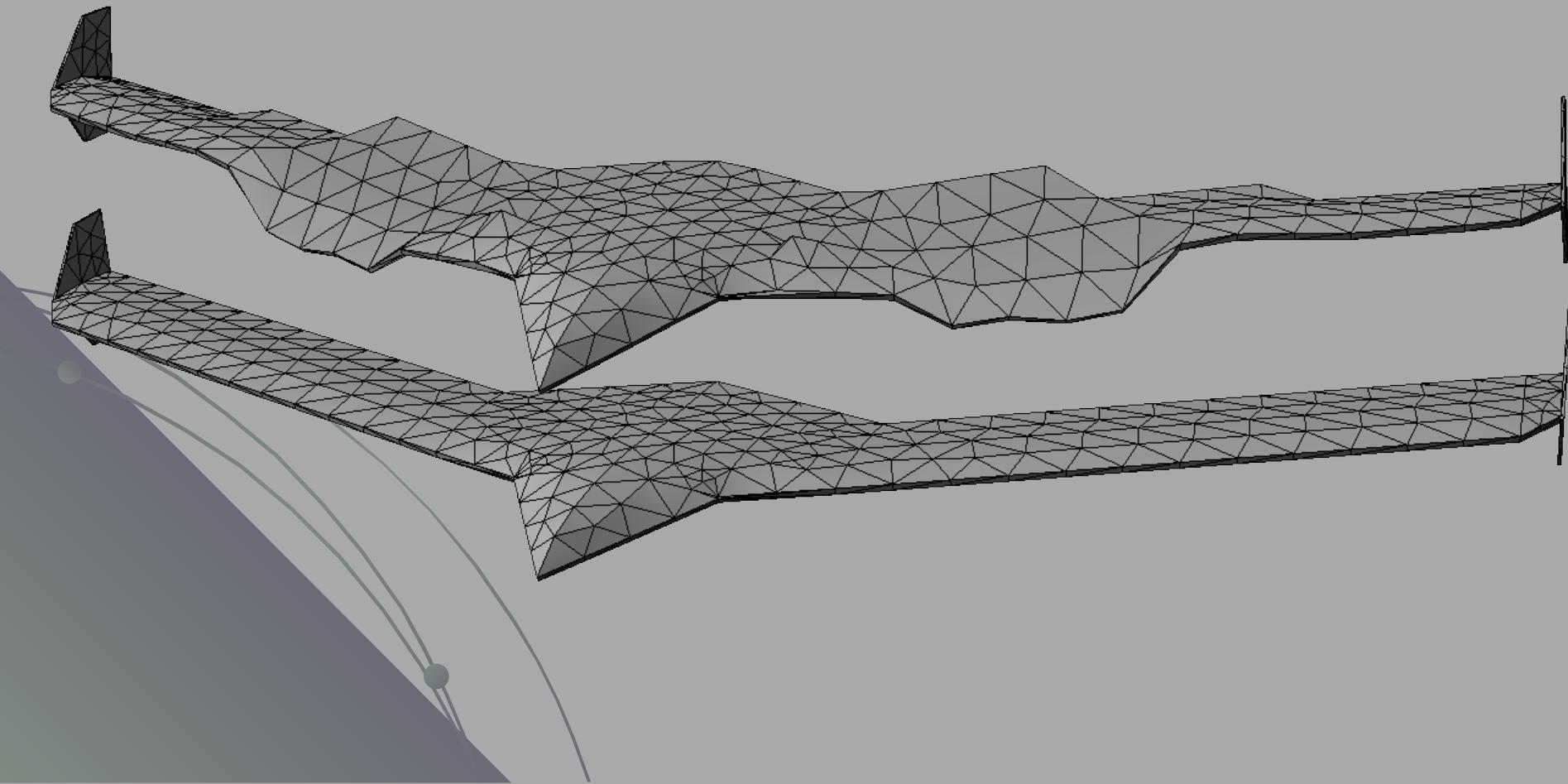
# mAEWing1-Hati Dry Structural Modes

Mode 18  
66.39 Hz  
Torsion 3<sup>rd</sup> Anti-Sym.



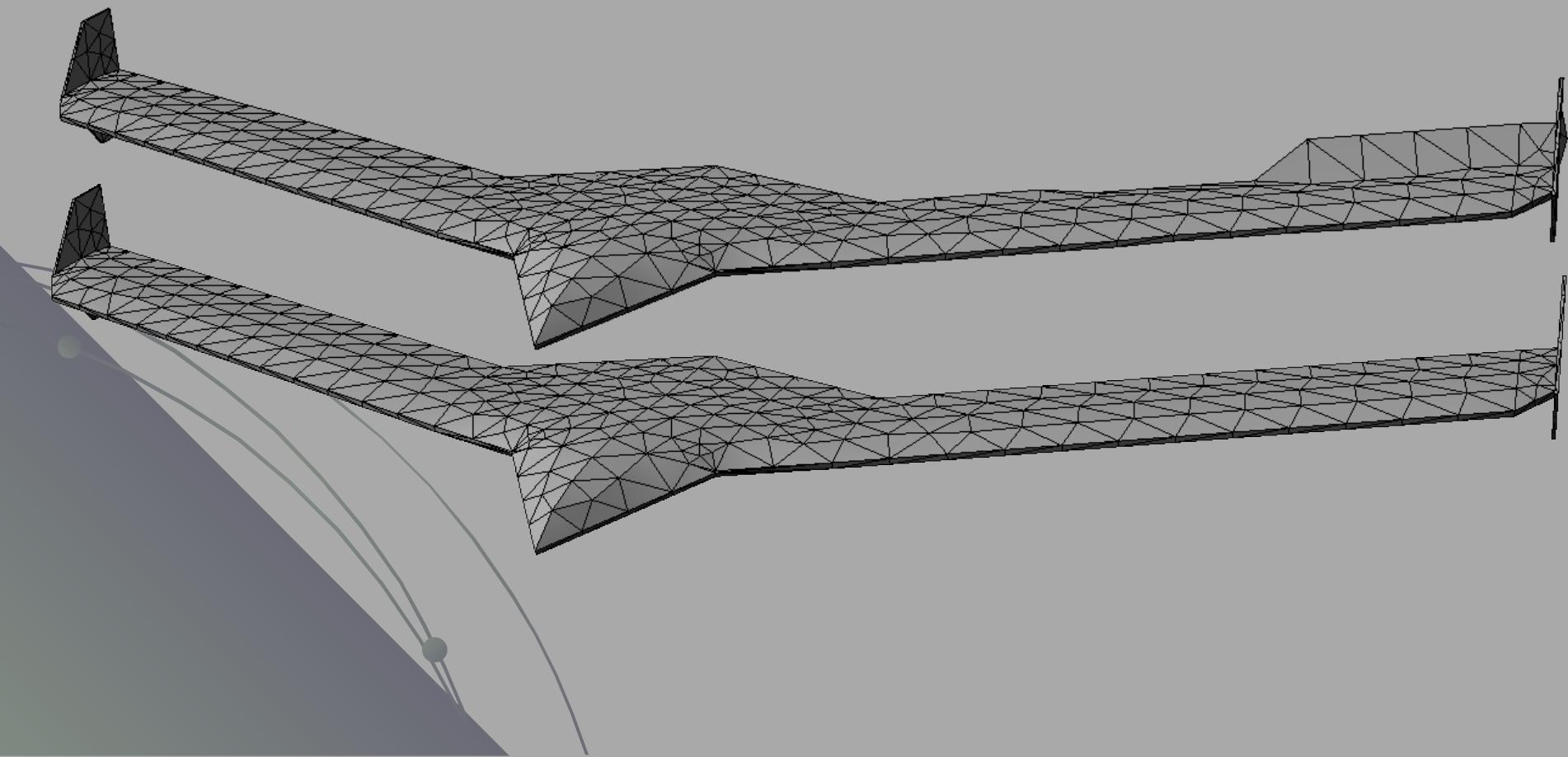
# mAEWing1-Hati Dry Structural Modes

**Mode 19**  
**67.40 Hz**  
**Torsion 3<sup>rd</sup> Symmetric**



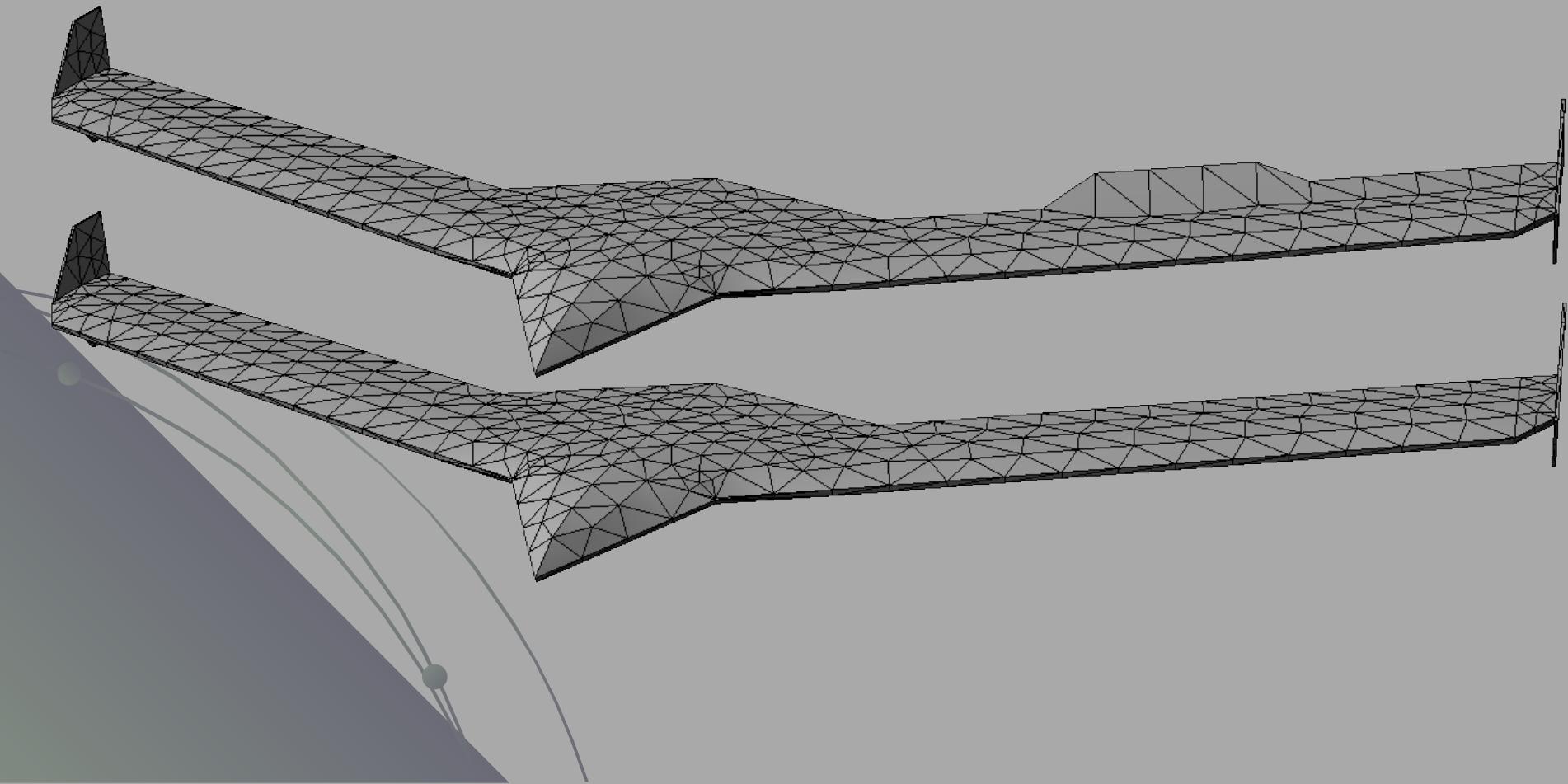
# mAEWing1-Hati Dry Structural Modes

Mode 27  
109.21 Hz  
+ 1\*L3 – 4\*L4 Control Surfaces



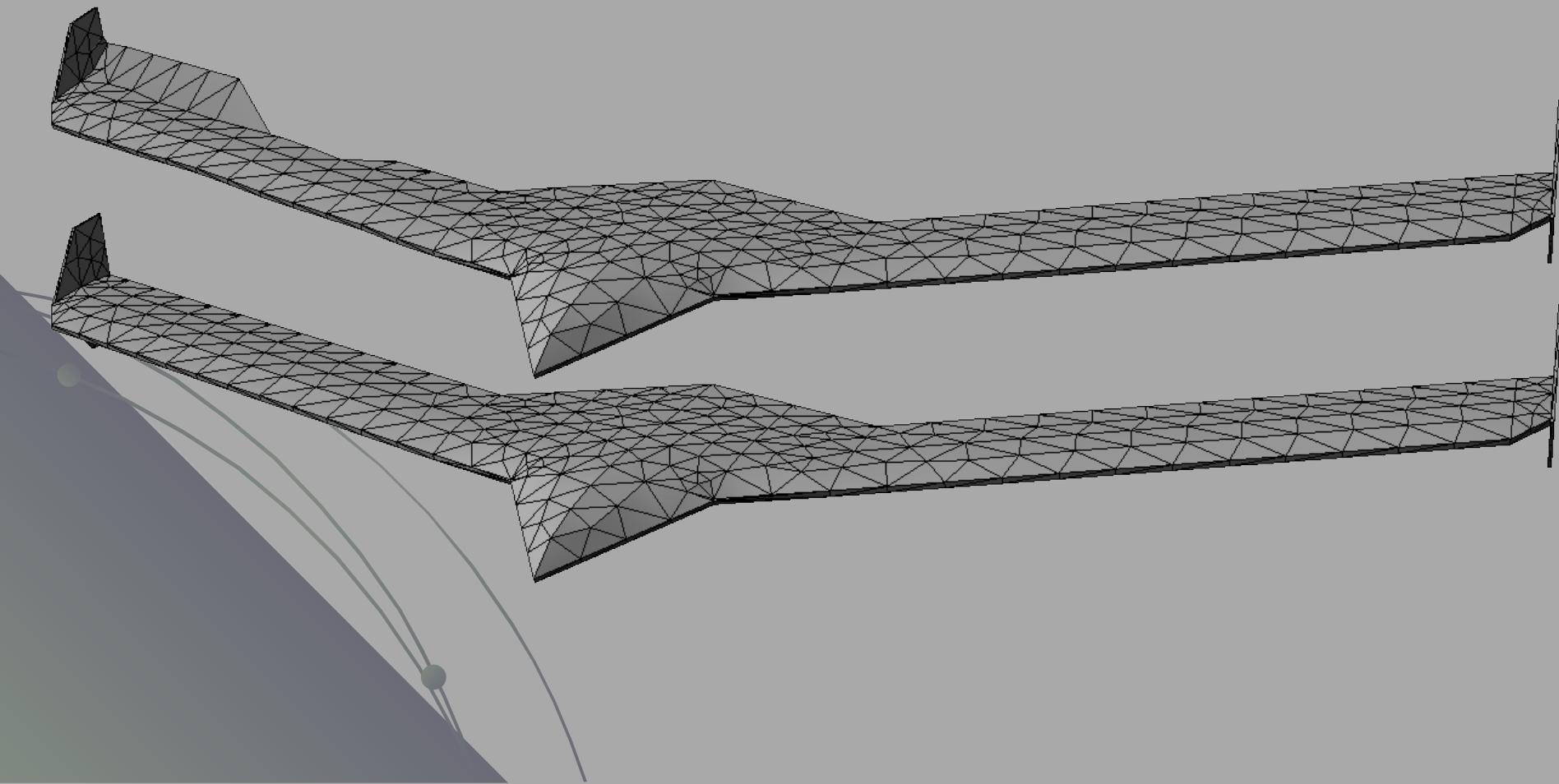
# mAEWing1-Hati Dry Structural Modes

Mode 36  
136.03 Hz  
+ 4\*L3 + 1\*L4 Control Surfaces



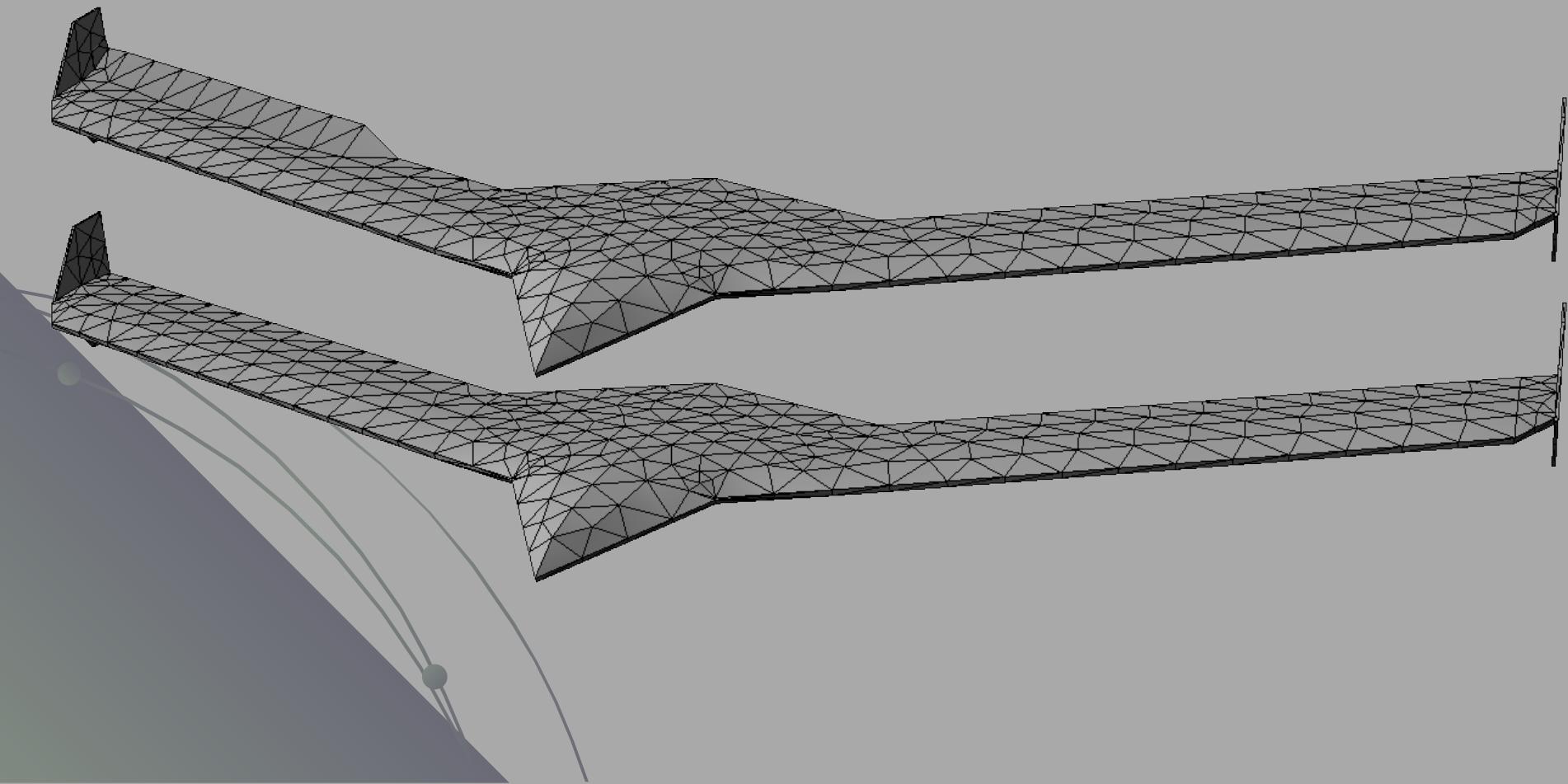
# mAEWing1-Hati Dry Structural Modes

Mode 32  
126.12 Hz  
+ 1\*R3 – 2\*R4 Control Surfaces



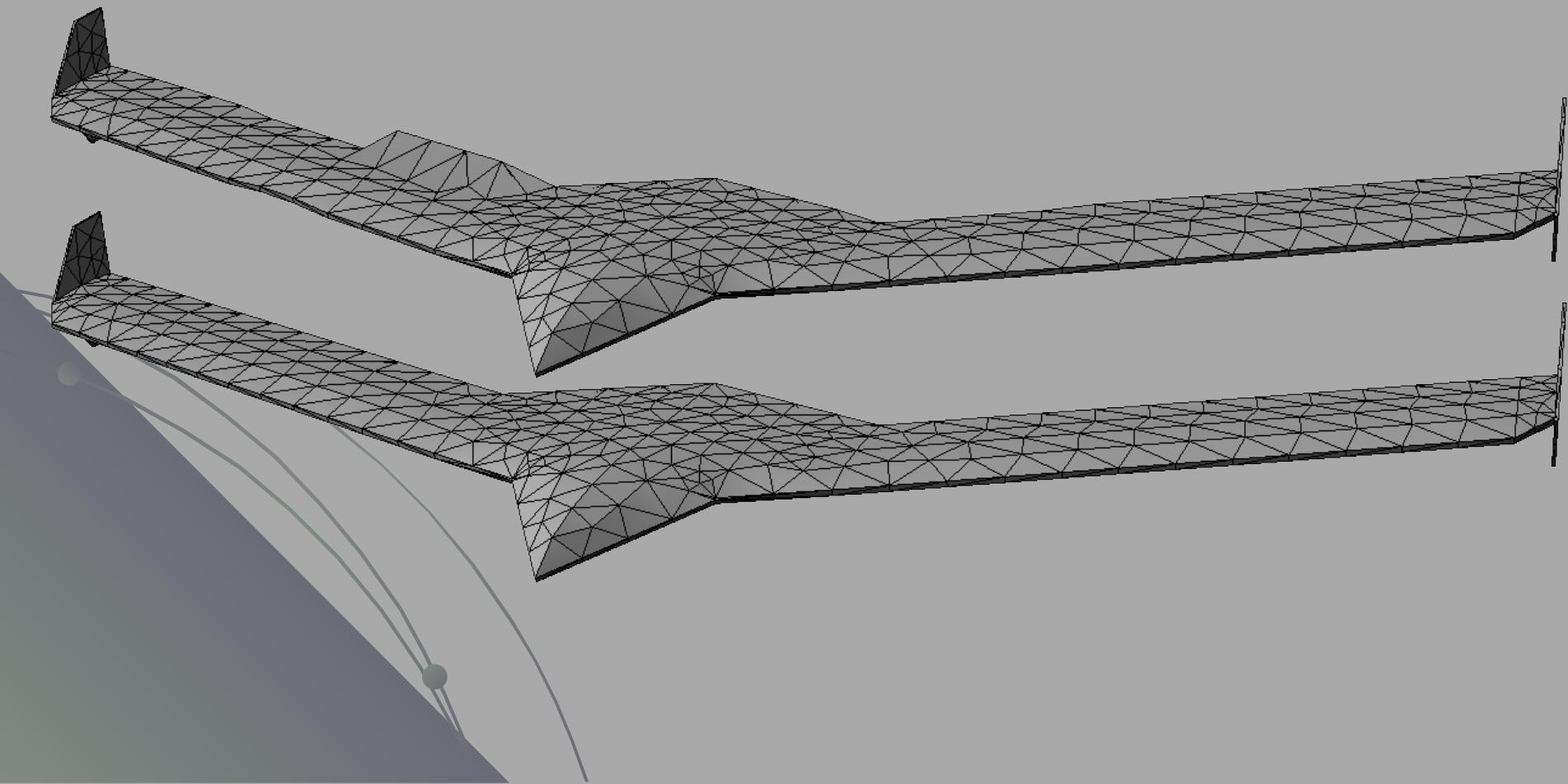
# mAEWing1-Hati Dry Structural Modes

Mode 37  
142.15 Hz  
+ 1\*R3 + 1\*R4 Control Surfaces



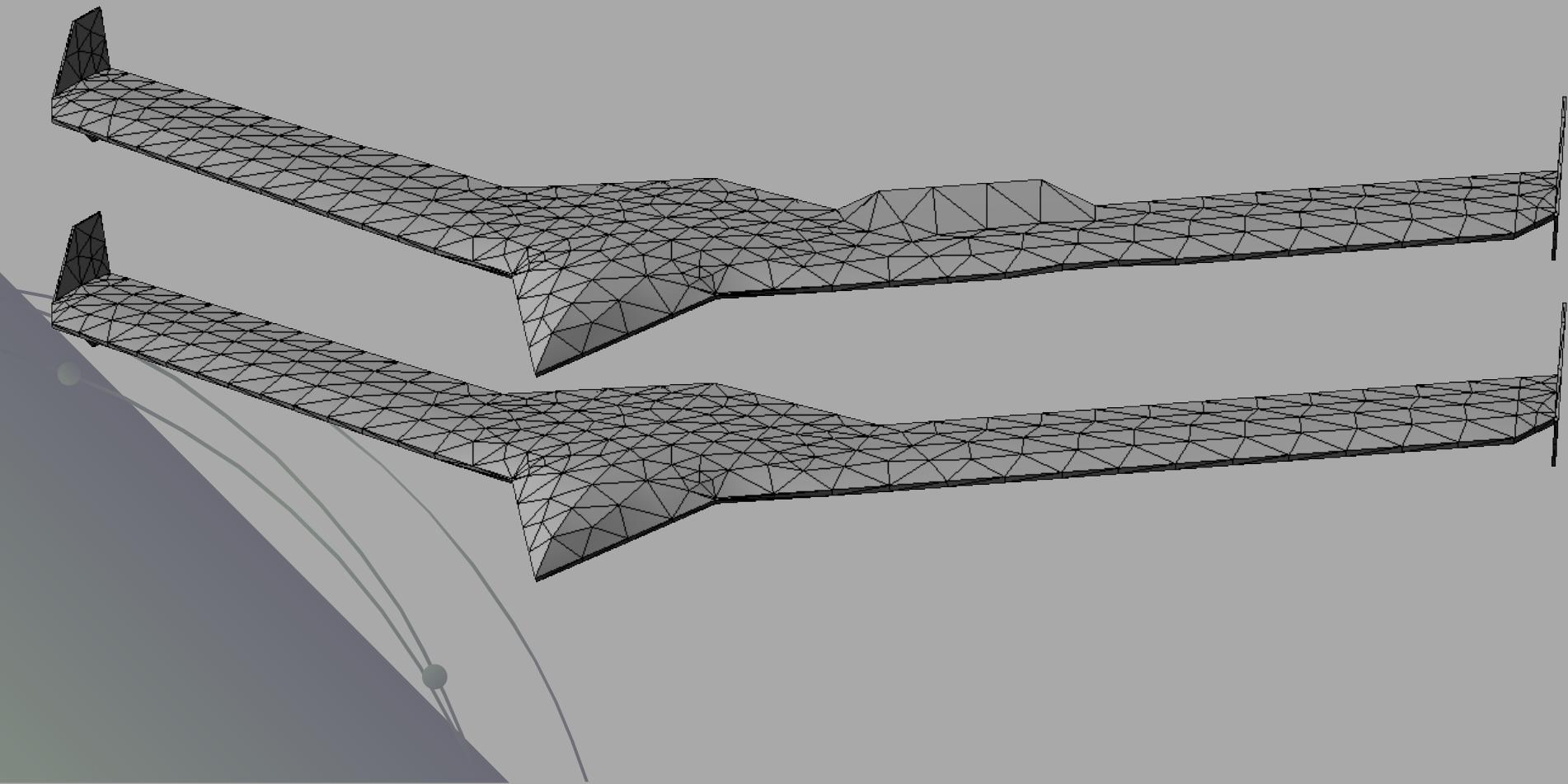
# mAEWing1-Hati Dry Structural Modes

Mode 43  
174.95 Hz  
R2 Control Surface



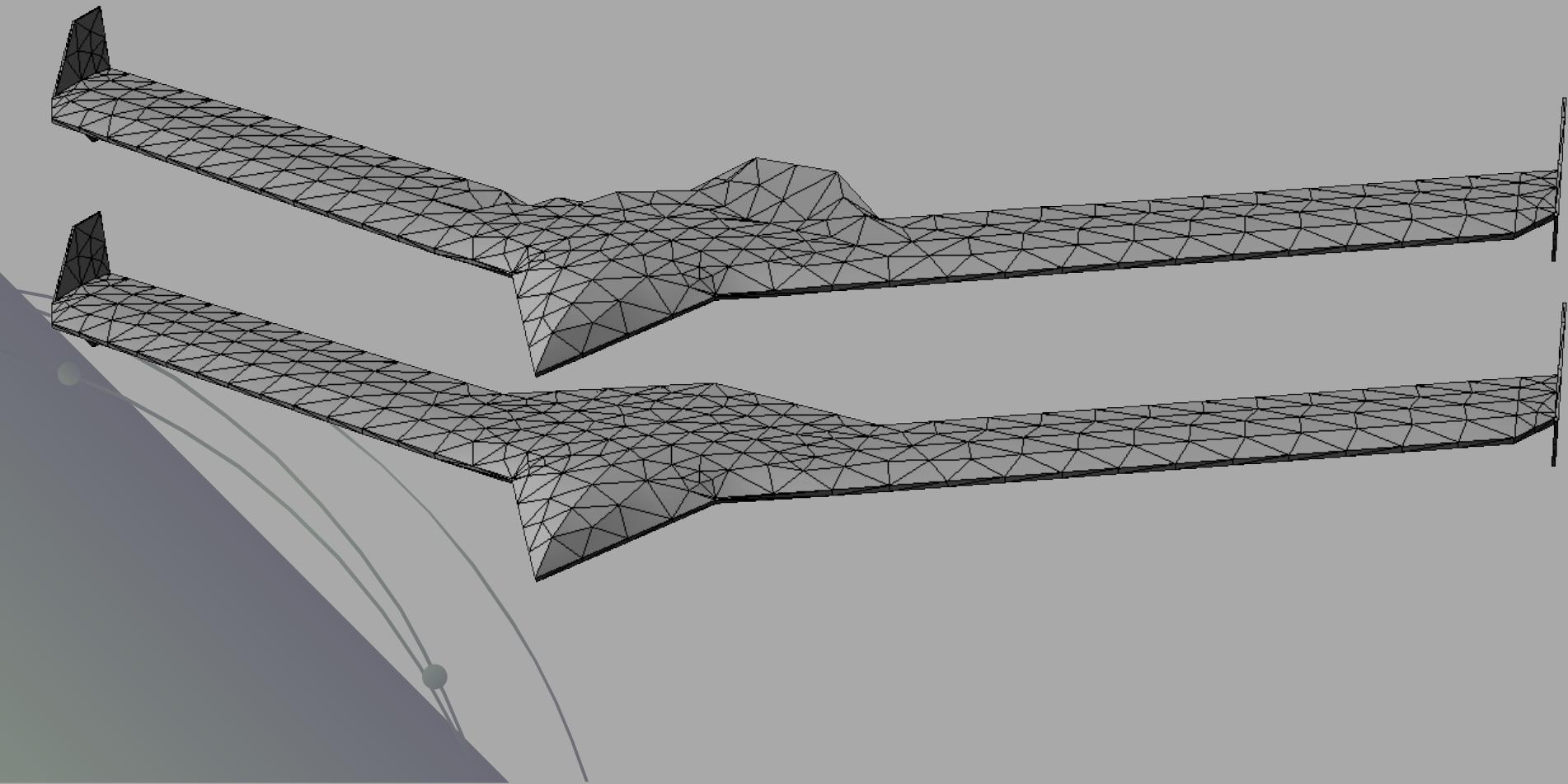
# mAEWing1-Hati Dry Structural Modes

Mode 44  
175.01 Hz  
L2 Control Surface



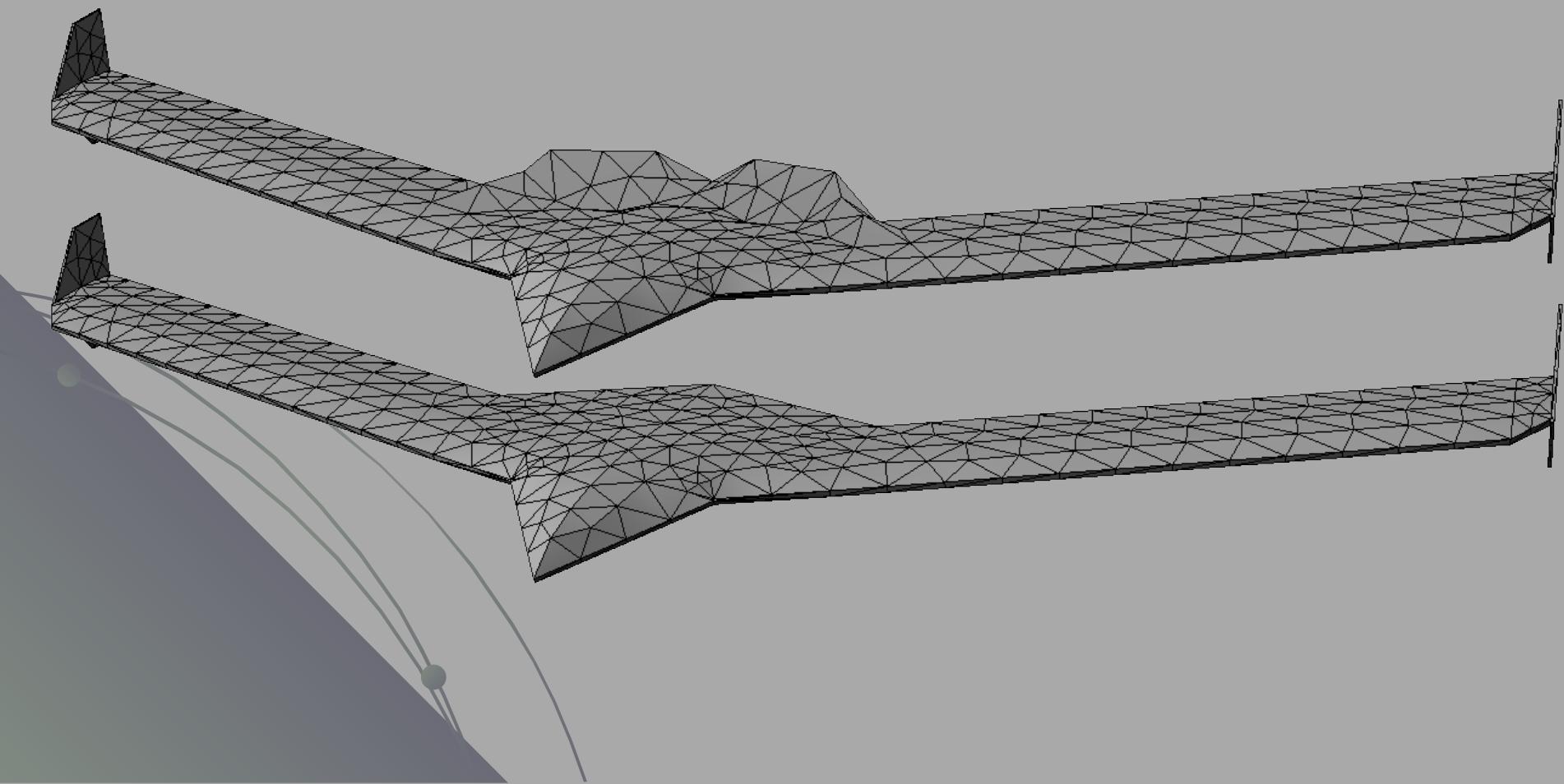
# mAEWing1-Hati Dry Structural Modes

Mode 48  
193.24 Hz  
+ 1\*L1 – 1\*R1 Control Surfaces



# mAEWing1-Hati Dry Structural Modes

Mode 49  
195.44 Hz  
+ 1\*L1 + 1\*R1 Control Surfaces



# mAEWing1-Hati Modalized Models

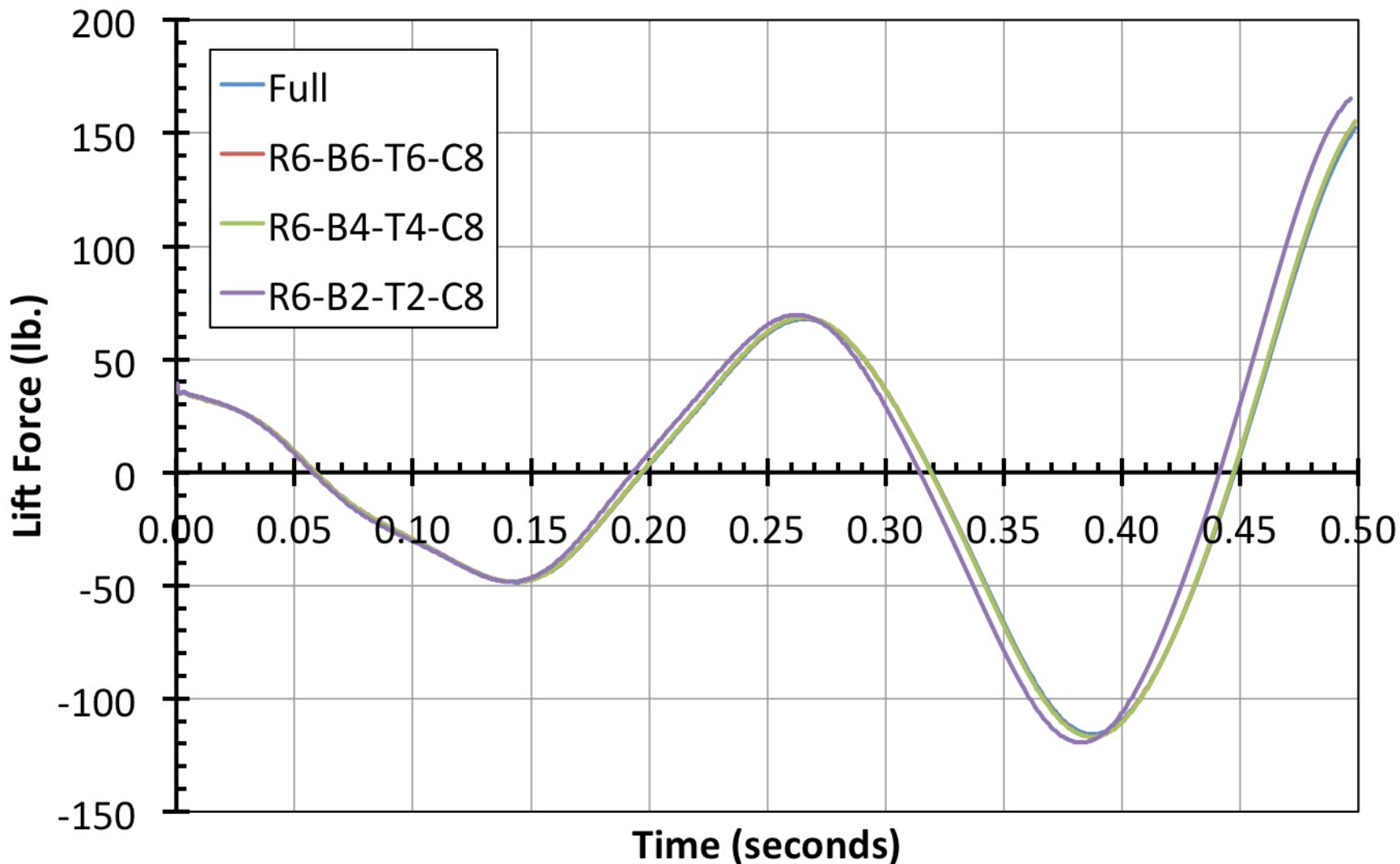
Parameter	Value
Equations	Inviscid (Euler) fluid equations; linear structure
Fluid Problem Size	360,000 nodes in total, including 38,000 nodes on aircraft surface
Structure Problem Size	Full Model: 126 nodes Modalized Models: 6 rigid-body modes + 4, 8, and 12 flexible modes + 8 control surface deflection modes
Order	2 <sup>nd</sup> order in space, 2 <sup>nd</sup> order in time
Time Step	Time Step: 0.0005 seconds Total Time: 0.5 seconds Number of Time Steps: 1,000
Flight Conditions	Mach 0.1 at sea-level, which gives: Speed: 34.03 m/s, 111.64 ft./s, 66.14 kt. Pressure: 14.696 psi Density: $1.376 \times 10^{-6}$ slug/in <sup>3</sup>
Initial Conditions	Structure deformed about its first flexible mode.
Solvers	Implicit for both structure (modal) and fluid

# mAEWing1-Hati Modalized Models

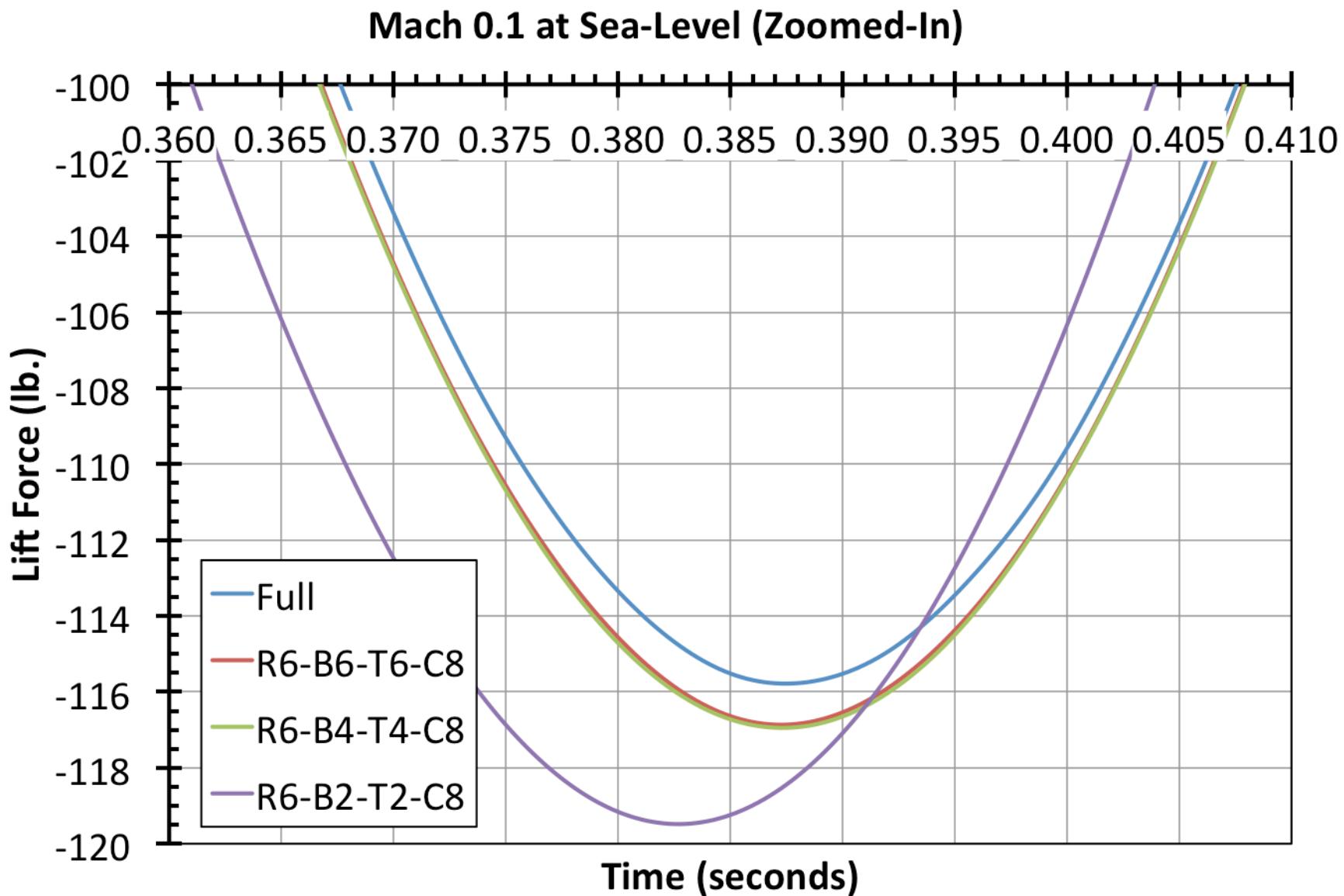
- The full structural model is compared to 3 modalized structural models:
- Modalized Model 1:
  - 6 rigid-body modes, 2 bending modes, 2 torsion modes, and 8 control surface modes, for a total of 18 modes.
- Modalized Model 2:
  - 6 rigid-body modes, 4 bending modes, 4 torsion modes, and 8 control surface modes, for a total of 22 modes.
- Modalized Model 3:
  - 6 rigid-body modes, 6 bending modes, 6 torsion modes, and 8 control surface modes, for a total of 26 modes.
- These models are abbreviated as R6-B2-T2-C8, R6-B4-T4-C8 and R6-B6-T6-C8.

# mAEWing1-Hati Modalized Models

Mach 0.1 at Sea-Level



# mAEWing1-Hati Modalized Models



# mAEWing1-Hati Aeroelastic Frequency

Model	1 <sup>st</sup> Aeroelastic Mode Frequency (Hz)	1 <sup>st</sup> Aeroelastic Mode Damping Ratio	Frequency Difference with Full Model	Damping Ratio Difference with Full Model
Full	4.3012	-0.2921	-	-
R6-B6-T6-C8	4.3091	-0.3003	0.18%	0.40%
R6-B4-T4-C8	4.2915	-0.3020	0.22%	0.97%
R6-B2-T2-C8	4.1901	-0.3162	2.58%	5.72%

- The R6-B4-T4-C8 modalized structural model is a good compromise and is used to perform future unsteady aeroelastic simulations to determine the flutter conditions.

# mAEWing1-Hati Flutter Conditions

Parameter	Value
Equations	Inviscid (Euler) fluid equations; linear structure
Fluid Problem Size	360,000 nodes in total, including 38,000 nodes on aircraft surface
Structure Problem Size	Modalized Model: R6-B4-T4-C8 6 rigid-body modes + 8 flexible modes + 8 control surface deflection modes
Order	2 <sup>nd</sup> order in space, 2 <sup>nd</sup> order in time
Time Step	Time Step: 0.001 seconds Total Time: 3 seconds Number of Time Steps: 3,000
Flight Conditions	Mach Numbers: { 0.08 , 0.09 , 0.10 , 0.11 } Altitudes: { 0 , 1,000 , 3,000 , 6,000 } ft.
Initial Conditions	Structure deformed about its first flexible mode
Solvers	Implicit for both structure (modal) and fluid

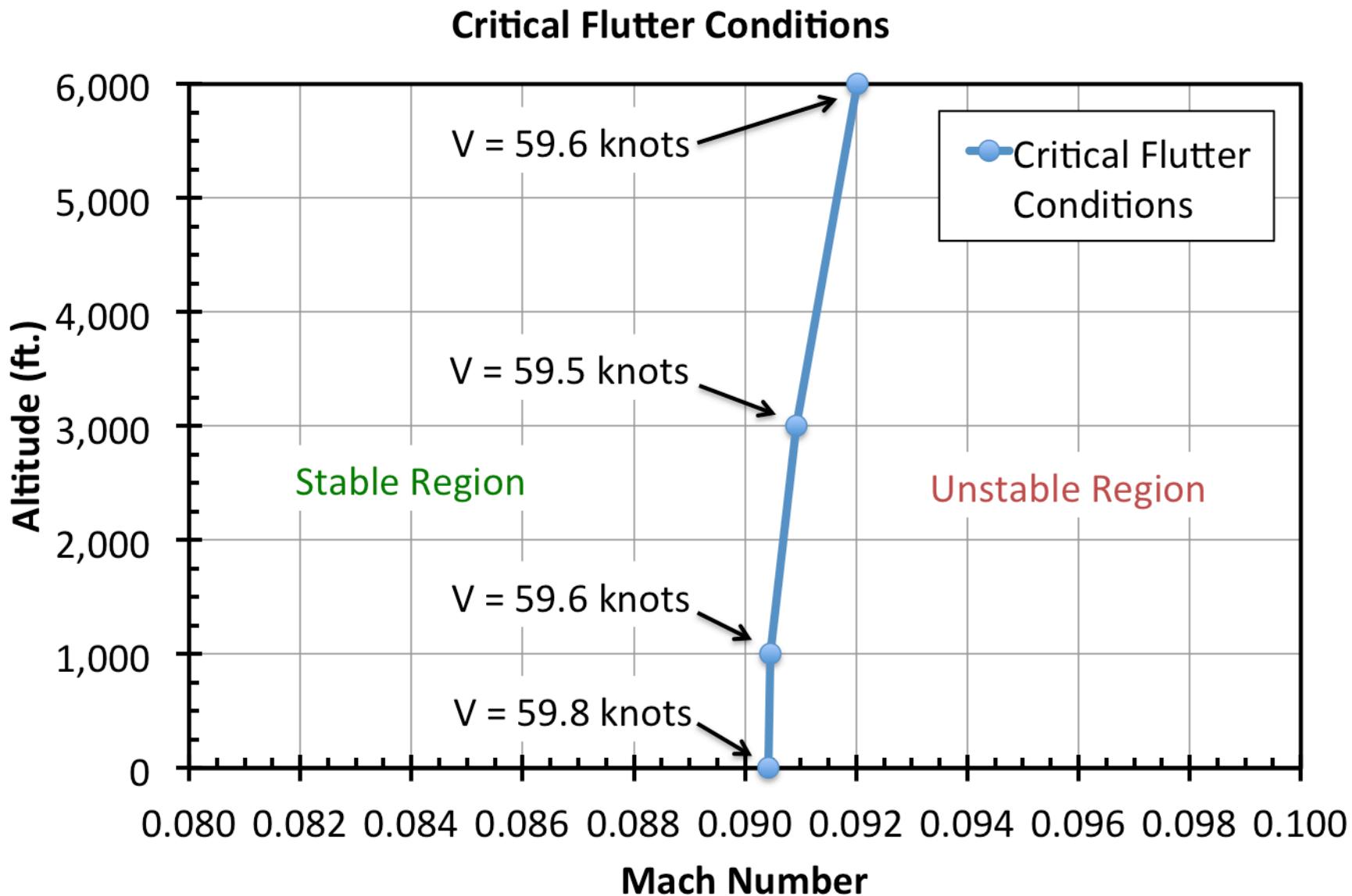
# mAEWing1-Hati Aeroelastic Frequency

- After running the lift-time history data through an eigensystem realization algorithm, the following aeroelastic damping ratios are obtained:

Aeroelastic Damping Ratios	Ma = 0.08	Ma = 0.09	Ma = 0.10	Ma = 0.11
Altitude = 6,000 ft.	0.142	0.030	-0.119	-0.148
Altitude = 3,000 ft.	0.089	0.017	-0.166	-0.287
Altitude = 1,000 ft.	0.056	0.015	-0.302	-0.350
Altitude = 0 ft.	0.045	0.014	-0.314	-0.452

- Linear interpolation is used between the Mach 0.09 and Mach 0.10 results to find the critical flutter points (where the damping ratio is 0).

# mAEWing1-Hati Modalized Models



# Conclusions & Questions

- Based on the results of the unsteady aeroelastic simulations with the inviscid full-order fluid model and the 22-mode modalized structural model, we can conclude:
  - mAEWing1-Hati becomes unstable at an airspeed of 59–60 knots.
  - This critical speed is essentially independent of altitude and corresponds to a Mach number of 0.0905 at altitudes of 0–1,000 ft.
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  - Thuan Lieu: [tliu@cmsoftinc.com](mailto:tliu@cmsoftinc.com)