

$$\omega_1 = \frac{1}{\sqrt{L_1 C_1}}$$

$$\omega_2 = \frac{1}{\sqrt{L_2 C_2}}$$

$$\beta = \frac{R_1}{2 L_1}$$

$$\alpha = \frac{R_2}{2 L_2}$$

$$\kappa_{ext1} = \frac{Z_0}{4 L_1}$$

$$\kappa_{ext2} = \frac{Z_0}{4 L_2}$$

Transmission (ABCD) matrices

$$M_1 = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ \frac{1}{Z_1} & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$Z_1 = R_1 - i\omega L_1 - \frac{1}{i\omega C_1} = -i \frac{L_1}{\omega} (\omega^2 - \omega_1^2 + 2i\omega\beta)$$

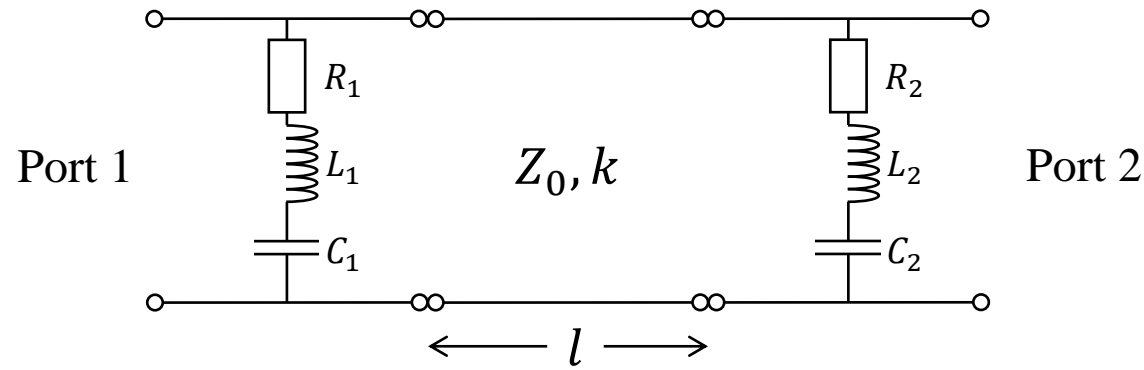
$$Z_2 = R_2 - i\omega L_2 - \frac{1}{i\omega C_2} = -i \frac{L_2}{\omega} (\omega^2 - \omega_2^2 + 2i\omega\alpha)$$

$$M_t = \begin{bmatrix} \cos kl & -i Z_0 \sin kl \\ -i Z_0^{-1} \sin kl & \cos kl \end{bmatrix}$$

$$M = M_1 \cdot M_t \cdot M_2 = \begin{bmatrix} A & B \\ C & D \end{bmatrix}$$

$$M_2 = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ \frac{1}{Z_2} & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$S_{21} = \frac{2}{A + B/Z_0 + CZ_0 + D}$$



$$A = \cos(kl) + \frac{\omega Z_0 \sin(kl)}{L_2 (\omega^2 - \omega_2^2 + 2i\omega\alpha)}$$

$$B = -iZ_0 \sin(kl)$$

$$C = \frac{i\omega \cos(kl)}{L_1 (\omega^2 - \omega_1^2 + 2i\omega\beta)} - \frac{i \sin(kl)}{Z_0} + \frac{i\omega \left( \cos(kl) + \frac{\omega Z_0 \sin(kl)}{L_1 (\omega^2 - \omega_1^2 + 2i\omega\beta)} \right)}{L_2 (\omega^2 - \omega_2^2 + 2i\omega\alpha)}$$

$$D = \cos(kl) + \frac{\omega Z_0 \sin(kl)}{L_1 (\omega^2 - \omega_1^2 + 2i\omega\beta)}$$

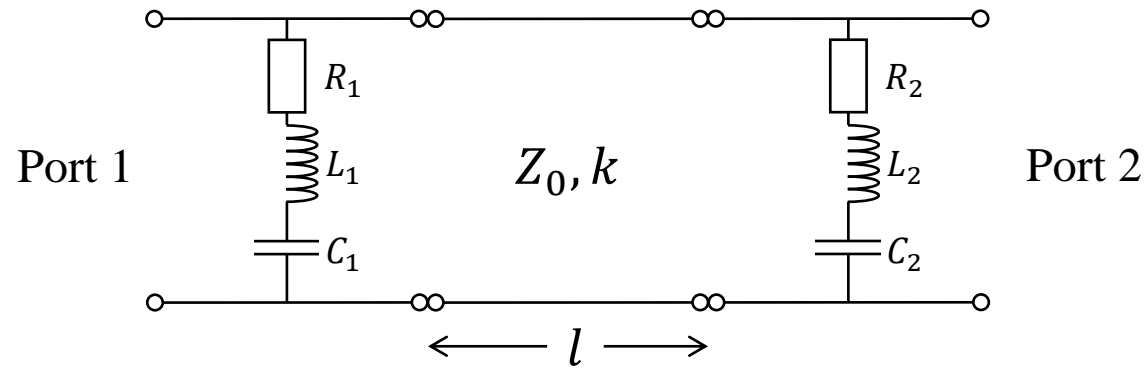
精确解:

*negligible*

Driving force act on the second oscillator

*negligible*

$$S_{21} = 1 + \frac{(e^{ikl} - 1)(\omega^2 - \omega_1^2 + 2i\omega\beta) + i\omega \left( -2\kappa_{ext1} - 2\kappa_{ext2}e^{ikl} \frac{(\omega^2 - \omega_1^2 + i\omega\beta) - 2i\omega\kappa_{ext1}e^{ikl}}{(\omega^2 - \omega_2^2 + i\omega\alpha) + 2i\omega\kappa_{ext2}} \right)}{(\omega^2 - \omega_1^2 + 2i\omega\beta) + 2i\omega\kappa_{ext1} + \frac{e^{2ikl} 4\omega^2 \kappa_{ext1} \kappa_{ext2}}{(\omega^2 - \omega_2^2 + 2i\omega\alpha) + 2i\omega\kappa_{ext2}}}$$



近似解：

$$S_{21} = 1 + \frac{\kappa_{ext1}}{i(\omega - \omega_1) - \beta - \kappa_{ext1} + \frac{e^{2ikl + \pi(0)} \kappa_{ext1} \kappa_{ext2}}{i(\omega - \omega_2) - \alpha - \kappa_{ext2}}}$$

→ Same as we derived from quantum model, this also explains the interference of coherent and dissipative coupling.

Different phase generates the nonreciprocity, this may relate to different local curl field.

