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# Quicksort

```
#include<stdio.h>

void quicksort(int number[25],int
first, int last)
{
int i, j, pivot, temp;
if(first<last)
{
pivot=first;
i=first;
j=last;
while(i<j)
{
while(number[i]<=number[pivot]&&i
<last)
i++;
while(number[j]>number[pivot])
j--;
if(i<j)
{
temp=number[i];
number[i]=number[j];
number[j]=temp;
}
}
}
```

```
temp=number[pivot];
number[pivot]=number[j];
number[j]=temp;
quicksort(number,first,j-1);
quicksort(number,j+1,last);
}
}

int main(){
int i, count, number[25];
printf("Enter the number of elements:
");
scanf("%d",&count);
printf("Enter %d elements: ", count);
for(i=0;i<count;i++)
scanf("%d",&number[i]);
quicksort(number,0,count-1);
printf("Sorted elements: ");
for(i=0;i<count;i++)
printf(" %d",number[i]);
return 0;
}
```

```
D:\SEM_5\DAA\programs\quicksort.exe
Enter the number of elements: 7
Enter 7 elements: 3
4
5
6
1
2
0
Sorted elements: 0 1 2 3 4 5 6
-----
Process exited after 8.543 seconds with return value 0
Press any key to continue . . .
```

# Insertion Sort

```
#include<stdio.h>

int main()
{
    int a[100],i,j,n,s;

    printf("Enter number of elements to enter: ");
    scanf("%d",&n);

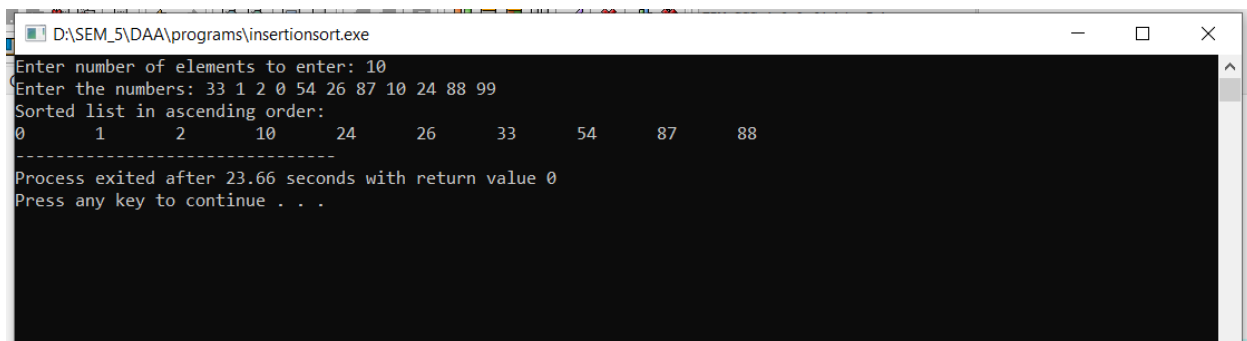
    printf("Enter the numbers: ",n);
    for(i=0;i<n;i++)
    {
        scanf("%d",&a[i]);
    }

    for (i=1;i<n;i++)
    { s=a[i];

        j=i-1;
        while(j>=0 && a[j]>s)
        {
            a[j+1]=a[j];
            j=j-1;
        }
        a[j+1]=s;
    }

    printf("Sorted list in ascending order:\n");

    for(i=0;i<n;i++)
    {
        printf("%d\t", a[i] );
    }
}
```



```
D:\SEM_5\DAA\programs\insertionsort.exe
Enter number of elements to enter: 10
Enter the numbers: 33 1 2 0 54 26 87 10 24 88 99
Sorted list in ascending order:
0      1      2      10     24     26     33     54     87     88
-----
Process exited after 23.66 seconds with return value 0
Press any key to continue . . .
```

# Merge Sort

```
#include<stdio.h>

void mergesort(int a[],int i,int j);

void merge(int a[],int i1,int j1,int i2,int j2);

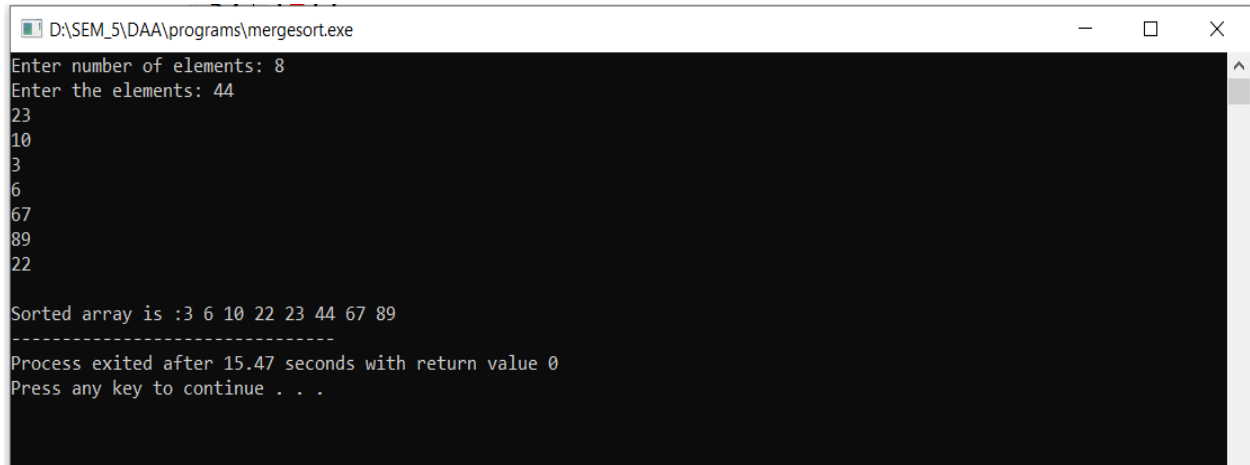
int main()
{
    int a[30],n,i;
    printf("Enter number of elements:");
    scanf("%d",&n);
    printf("Enter the elements:");
    for(i=0;i<n;i++)
        scanf("%d",&a[i]);
    mergesort(a,0,n-1);
    printf("\nSorted array is :");
    for(i=0;i<n;i++)
        printf("%d ",a[i]);
    return 0;
}

void mergesort(int a[],int i,int j)
{
    int mid;
    if(i<j)
    {
        mid=(i+j)/2;
```

```
        mergesort(a,i,mid);
        mergesort(a,mid+1,j);
        merge(a,i,mid,mid+1,j); }
    }

    void merge(int a[],int i1,int j1,int i2,int j2)
    {
        int temp[50];
        int i,j,k;
        i=i1;
        j=i2;
        k=0;
        while(i<=j1 && j<=j2)
        {
            if(a[i]<a[j])
                temp[k++]=a[i++];
            else
                temp[k++]=a[j++];
        }
        while(i<=j1)
            temp[k++]=a[i++];
        while(j<=j2)
            temp[k++]=a[j++];
        for(i=i1,j=0;i<=j2;i++,j++)
```

```
a[i]=temp[j];  
}
```



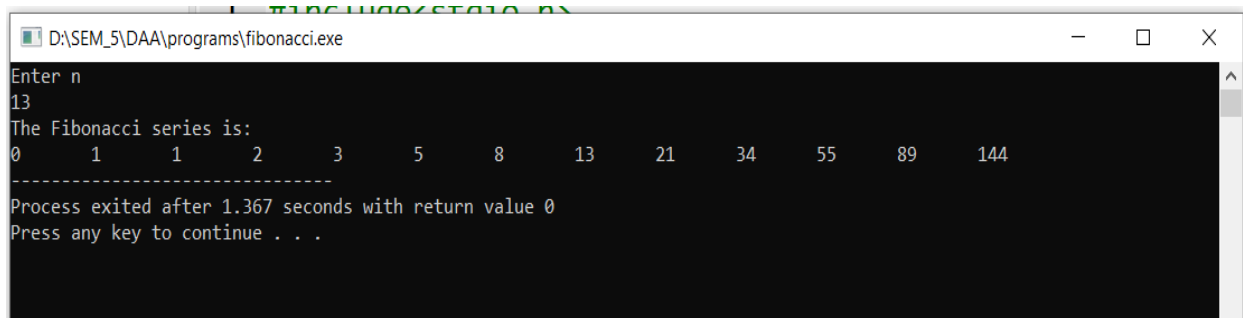
```
D:\SEM_5\DAA\programs\mergesort.exe  
Enter number of elements: 8  
Enter the elements: 44  
23  
10  
3  
6  
67  
89  
22  
  
Sorted array is :3 6 10 22 23 44 67 89  
-----  
Process exited after 15.47 seconds with return value 0  
Press any key to continue . . .
```

# Fibonacci

```
#include<stdio.h>

#include<conio.h>

int main()
{
    int a=0,b=1;
    int c,n,i;
    printf("Enter n\n");
    scanf("%d",&n);
    printf("The Fibonacci series is: \n");
    for(i=0;i<n;i++)
    {
        printf("%d\t",a);
        c = a+b;
        a=b;
        b=c;
    }
}
```



The screenshot shows a Windows command prompt window titled "D:\SEM\_5\DAA\programs\fibonacci.exe". The user has entered "13" for the value of n. The program has printed the Fibonacci series up to the 13th term. The output is as follows:

```
Enter n
13
The Fibonacci series is:
0      1      1      2      3      5      8      13     21     34     55     89     144
-----
Process exited after 1.367 seconds with return value 0
Press any key to continue . . .
```

# Binary Search

```
#include <stdio.h>

int main()
{
    int c, first, last, middle, n, search,
    array[100];

    printf("Enter number of elements to
    be entered: \n");

    scanf("%d", &n);

    printf("Enter %d numbers in sorted
    order: \n", n);

    for (c = 0; c < n; c++)
        scanf("%d", &array[c]);

    printf("Enter value to search: \n");
    scanf("%d", &search);

    first = 0;
    last = n - 1;
    middle = (first+last)/2;
    while (first <= last)
    {
        if (array[middle] < search)
            first = middle + 1;
        else if (array[middle] == search)
        {
            printf("%d found at location %d.\n",
            search, middle+1);
            break;
        }
        else
            last = middle - 1;
        middle = (first + last)/2;
    }
    if (first > last)
        printf("Not found! %d isn't present in
        the list.\n", search);
    return 0;
}
```



```
D:\SEM_5\DAA\programs\binarysearch.exe
Enter number of elements to be entered:
10
Enter 10 numbers in sorted order:
12 17 29 33 46 58 65 80 95 98
Enter value to search:
65
65 found at location 7.

-----
Process exited after 23.05 seconds with return value 0
Press any key to continue . . .
```

```
D:\SEM_5\DAA\programs\binarysearch.exe
Enter number of elements to be entered:
10
Enter 10 numbers in sorted order:
12
33
56
76
78
79
85
82
101
111
Enter value to search:
86
Not found! 86 isn't present in the list.

-----
Process exited after 19.52 seconds with return value 0
Press any key to continue . . .
```

# Fractional Knapsack

```
# include<stdio.h>

void knapsack(int n, float weight[],
float profit[], float capacity)
{
float x[20], tp = 0;
int i, j, u;
u = capacity;
for (i = 0; i < n; i++)
x[i] = 0.0;
for (i = 0; i < n; i++)
{
if (weight[i] > u)
break;
else {
x[i] = 1.0;
tp = tp + profit[i];
u = u - weight[i];
}
}
if (i < n)
x[i] = u / weight[i];
tp = tp + (x[i] * profit[i]);
printf("\nThe result vector is:- ");
for (i = 0; i < n; i++)
```

```
printf("%f\t", x[i]);
printf("\nMaximum profit is:- %f",
tp);
}

int main()
{
float weight[20], profit[20], capacity;
int num, i, j;
float ratio[20], temp;
printf("\nEnter the no. of objects:- ");
scanf("%d", &num);
printf("\nEnter the weightss and
profits of each object:- ");
for (i = 0; i < num; i++) {
scanf("%f %f", &weight[i],
&profit[i]);
}
printf("\nEnter the capacity of the
knapsack:- ");
scanf("%f", &capacity);
for (i = 0; i < num; i++)
{
ratio[i] = profit[i] / weight[i];
}
for (i = 0; i < num; i++)
```

```

{
for (j = i + 1; j < num; j++)
{
if (ratio[i] < ratio[j])
{
temp = ratio[j];
ratio[j] = ratio[i];
ratio[i] = temp;
temp = weight[j];
weight[j] = weight[i];
weight[i] = temp;
temp = profit[j];
profit[j] = profit[i];
profit[i] = temp;
}}
knapsack(num, weight, profit, capacity);
return(0);
}

```

```

D:\SEM_5\DAA\programs\knapsack.exe
Enter the no. of objects:- 3
Enter the weightss and profits of each object:- 30 10
15 20
50 30
Enter the capacity of the knapsack:- 45
The result vector is:- 1.000000 0.600000 0.000000
Maximum profit is:- 38.000000
-----
Process exited after 36.65 seconds with return value 0
Press any key to continue . . .

```

# Kruskal's Algorithm

```
#include<stdio.h>
#include<conio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
int i,j,k,a,b,u,v,n,ne=1;
int
min,mincost=0,cost[9][9],parent[9];
int find(int);
int uni(int,int);
int main()
{

printf("\nImplementation of Kruskal's
algorithm\n");
printf("\nEnter the no. of vertices:");
scanf("%d",&n);
printf("\nEnter the cost adjacency
matrix:\n");
for(i=1;i<=n;i++)
{
for(j=1;j<=n;j++)
{
scanf("%d",&cost[i][j]);
if(cost[i][j]==0)
cost[i][j]=999;

}
}
u=find(u);
v=find(v);
if(uni(u,v))
{
printf("%d edge (%d,%d)
=%d\n",ne++,a,b,min);
}
}
printf("The edges of Minimum Cost
Spanning Tree are\n");
while(ne < n)
{
for(i=1,min=999;i<=n;i++)
{
for(j=1;j <= n;j++)
{
if(cost[i][j] < min)
{
min=cost[i][j];
a=u=i;
b=v=j;
}
}
}
u=find(u);
v=find(v);
if(uni(u,v))
{
printf("%d edge (%d,%d)
=%d\n",ne++,a,b,min);
}
}
}
```

```

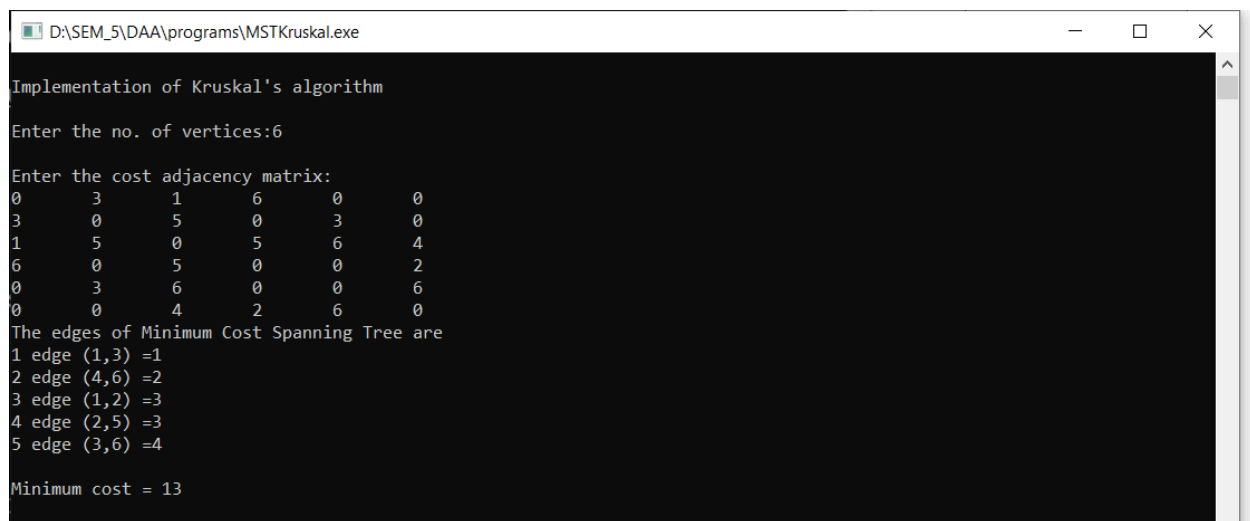
mincost +=min;
}
cost[a][b]=cost[b][a]=999;
}
printf("\nMinimum cost =
%d\n",mincost);
getch();
}
int find(int i)
{
while(parent[i])
i=parent[i];

```

```

return i;
}
int uni(int i,int j)
{
if(i!=j)
{
parent[j]=i;
return 1;
}
return 0;
}

```



```

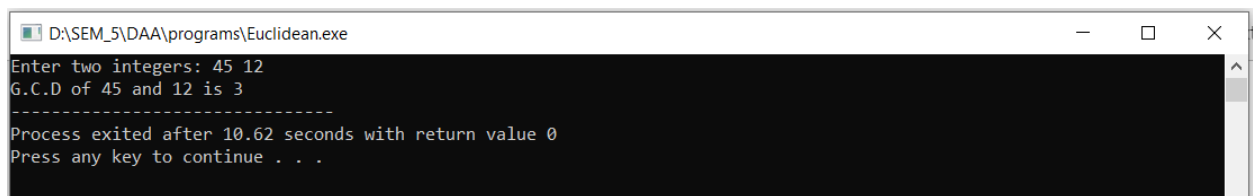
D:\SEM_5\DA\programs\MSTKruskal.exe
Implementation of Kruskal's algorithm
Enter the no. of vertices:6
Enter the cost adjacency matrix:
0 3 1 6 0 0
3 0 5 0 3 0
1 5 0 5 6 4
6 0 5 0 0 2
0 3 6 0 0 6
0 0 4 2 6 0
The edges of Minimum Cost Spanning Tree are
1 edge (1,3) =1
2 edge (4,6) =2
3 edge (1,2) =3
4 edge (2,5) =3
5 edge (3,6) =4
Minimum cost = 13

```

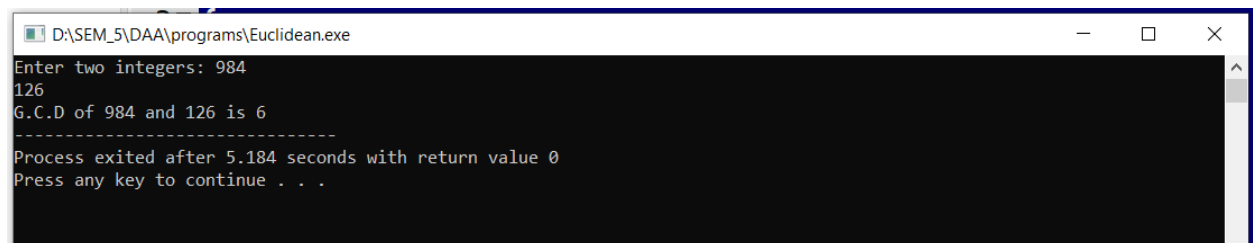
# Euclidean Algorithm

```
#include <stdio.h>

int main()
{
    int n1, n2, i, gcd;
    printf("Enter two integers: ");
    scanf("%d %d", &n1, &n2);
    for(i=1; i <= n1 && i <= n2; ++i)
    {
        if(n1%i==0 && n2%i==0)
            gcd = i;
    }
    printf("G.C.D of %d and %d is %d", n1, n2, gcd);
    return 0;
}
```



```
D:\SEM_5\DAA\programs\Euclidean.exe
Enter two integers: 45 12
G.C.D of 45 and 12 is 3
-----
Process exited after 10.62 seconds with return value 0
Press any key to continue . . .
```



```
D:\SEM_5\DAA\programs\Euclidean.exe
Enter two integers: 984 126
G.C.D of 984 and 126 is 6
-----
Process exited after 5.184 seconds with return value 0
Press any key to continue . . .
```

# Matrix Chain Multiplication

```
#include <limits.h>

#include <stdio.h>

int MatrixChainOrder(int p[], int i, int j)
{
    if (i == j)
        return 0;

    int k;
    int min = INT_MAX;
    int count;

    for (k = i; k < j; k++)
    { count = MatrixChainOrder(p, i, k)
      + MatrixChainOrder(p, k + 1, j)
      + p[i - 1] * p[k] * p[j];
      if (count < min)
          min = count;
    }

    return min; }

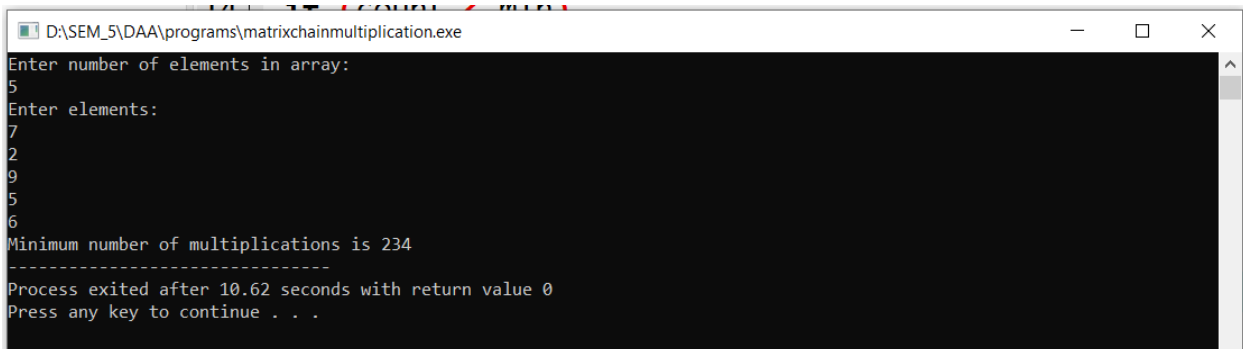
int main()
{
    int i,n,arr[100];

    printf("Enter number of elements in array: \n");
    scanf("%d",&n);

    printf("Enter elements:\n");
    for(i=0;i<n;i++)
        scanf("%d",&arr[i]);

    printf("Minimum number of multiplications is %d ",
        MatrixChainOrder(arr, 1, n - 1));

    getchar();
    return 0;
}
```



```
D:\SEM_5\DAA\programs\matrixchainmultiplication.exe
Enter number of elements in array:
5
Enter elements:
7
2
9
5
6
Minimum number of multiplications is 234
-----
Process exited after 10.62 seconds with return value 0
Press any key to continue . . .
```

# Chinese Remainder Theorem

```
#include<stdio.h>

#include<stdlib.h>

long long int MMI_BF(long long int e,long long int mod)
{
    long long int i;
    for(i=1;i<mod;i++)
        if((e*i)%mod==1)
            return i;
}

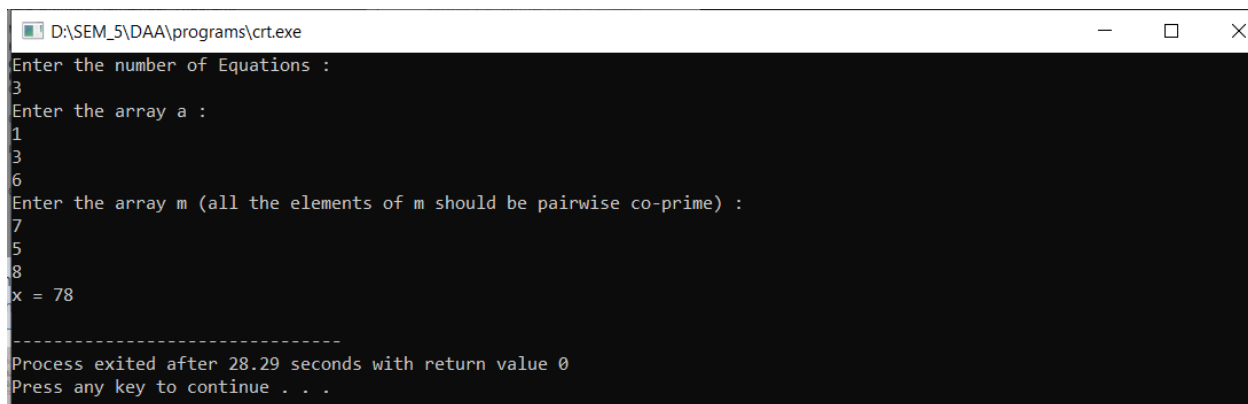
int main()
{
    long long int i,n,*a,*b,*m,M,*Marray,answer;
    printf("Enter the number of Equations : \n");
    scanf("%lld",&n);
    a=(long long int*)malloc(sizeof(long long int)*n);
    m=(long long int*)malloc(sizeof(long long int)*n);
    Marray=(long long int*)malloc(sizeof(long long int)*n);
    printf("Enter the array a :\n");
    for(i=0;i<n;i++)
        scanf("%lld",&a[i]);
    printf("Enter the array m (all the elements of m should be pairwise co-prime) :\n");
    for(i=0;i<n;i++)
        scanf("%lld",&m[i]);
    M=1;
```



```

for(i=0;i<n;i++)
M*=m[i];
for(i=0;i<n;i++)
Marray[i]=M/m[i];
answer=0;
for(i=0;i<n;i++)
answer = (answer + ((a[i] * Marray[i])%M *
MMI_BF(Marray[i],m[i]))%M)%M;
printf("x = %lld\n",answer);
return 0;
}

```



```

D:\SEM_5\DAA\programs\crt.exe
Enter the number of Equations :
3
Enter the array a :
1
3
6
Enter the array m (all the elements of m should be pairwise co-prime) :
7
5
8
x = 78

-----
Process exited after 28.29 seconds with return value 0
Press any key to continue . . .

```

# N-Queen Problem

```
#define N 4

#include <stdbool.h>
#include <stdio.h>

void printSolution(int board[N][N])
{
    for (int i = 0; i < N; i++) {
        for (int j = 0; j < N; j++)
            printf(" %d ", board[i][j]);
        printf("\n");
    }
}

bool isSafe(int board[N][N], int row,
            int col)
{
    int i, j;
    for (i = 0; i < col; i++)
        if (board[row][i])
            return false;

    for (i = row, j = col; i >= 0 && j >= 0;
         i--, j--)
        if (board[i][j])
            return false;

    for (i = row, j = col; j >= 0 && i < N;
         i++, j--)
```

```
        if (board[i][j])
            return false;
        return true; }

bool solveNQUtil(int board[N][N], int
                 col)
{
    if (col >= N)
        return true;

    for (int i = 0; i < N; i++)
    {
        if (isSafe(board, i, col))
        {
            board[i][col] = 1;

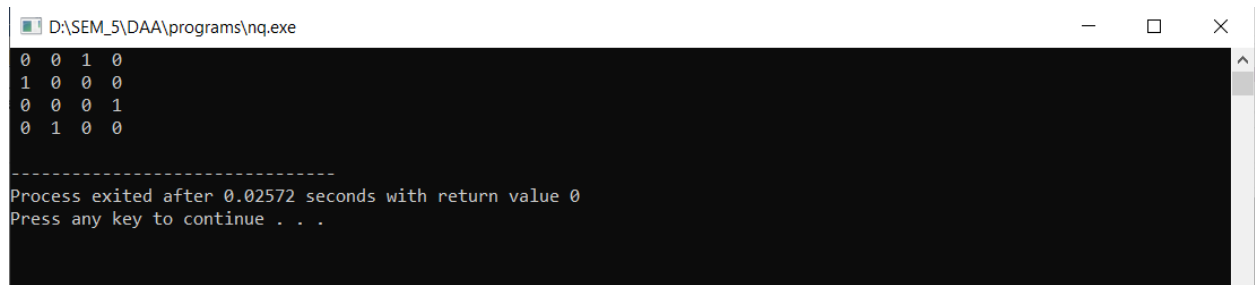
            if (solveNQUtil(board, col + 1))
                return true;

            board[i][col] = 0;
        }
    }

    return false;
}

bool solveNQ()
{
    int board[N][N] = { { 0, 0, 0, 0 }, { 0,
0, 0, 0 }, { 0, 0, 0, 0 }, { 0, 0, 0, 0 } };
```

```
if (solveNQUtil(board, 0) == false)    }  
{                                     int main()  
printf("Solution does not exist");    {  
return false;                        solveNQ();  
}                                    return 0;  
printSolution(board);                }  
return true;
```



```
D:\SEM_5\DAA\programs\nq.exe  
0 0 1 0  
1 0 0 0  
0 0 0 1  
0 1 0 0  
-----  
Process exited after 0.02572 seconds with return value 0  
Press any key to continue . . .
```