

This image contains the fragment of Pinboard II schematic. Image source: easyelectronics.ru

USB module to FPGA board connection table

#	FT232D						Goal	DE10-Lite	MIPSfpga	
	Generic Pin name	232 UART Mode	MPSSE	Bit Num (x16)	Init value	Direction		GPIO	Signal	Info
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
1	Channel A (MPSSE present)									
2	ADBUS0	TXD	TCK	0	0	1 (out)	EJTAG TCK	17	EJ_TCK	
3	ADBUS1	RXD	TDI	1	0	1 (out)	EJTAG TDI	21	EJ_TDI	
4	ADBUS2		TDO	2	0	0 (in)	EJTAG TDO	19	EJ_TDO	
5	ADBUS3		TMS	3	1	1 (out)	EJTAG TMS	23	EJ_TMS	
6	ADBUS4		GPIOLO	4	1	1 (out)	EJTAG SRSTn	20	~SI_ColdReset	
7	ACBUS3		GPIOH3	11	0	1 (out)	LED INDICATOR			
8	Channel B (MPSSE not present)									
9	BDBUS0	TXD					UART TX	31 (33)	UART_RX (UART_SRX)	
10	BDBUS1	RXD					UART RX	32 (35)	UART_TX (UART_STX)	
11									EJ_TRST_N	always 1 after Power On
12									EJ_DINT	always 0

Installation

- connect the USB module to the PC;
- change the USB module drivers to WinUSB using Zadig (for ftdi channel with MPSSE support);
- place the `mipsfpga_ftdi.cfg` file somewhere not far from the `openocd-0.9.2.exe` binary;
- connect the USB module to the FPGA board according to the connection table;
- if your connection schema is different from connection table, then you need to update the `mipsfpga_ftdi.cfg` parameters. The magic numbers in it are based on columns 5-7 of connection table:
`ftdi_layout_init 0x0018 0x081b`
0x0018 - init value (bits 3 and 4 are up: ADBUS3 and ADBUS4);
0x081b - direction (ADBUS0,1,3,4, ACBUS3 are output);

RTL settings

- change the IDCODE settings in `mfp_system.v` (EJ_ManufID, EJ_PartNumber). This will simplify the connection test;
- The IDCODE register format is shown below:

	31	28	27	12	11	1	0
32/64-bit Processor	Version		PartNumber			ManufID	

- Check EJ_TRST_N and EJ_DINT wires. They are not used in this configuration and should be:
`assign EJ_TRST_N = 1'b1;`
`assign EJ_DINT = 1'b0;`
Set this values in code or by setting jumpers;

Compile and memory settings

- check that memory settings in `mipsfpga_ftdi.cfg` tap configuration command parameters relate with gcc compile settings;
- add debug symbols to output file with `-g -gdwarf-2` gcc options;
- set the optimization level to `-O0` or `-O1`. It will also work with `-O2`, but you can see some "jumping" current operation cursor in interface in this case.

Connection test

- read all the comments in `mipsfpga_ftdi.cfg`
- uncomment the `shutdown` command and comment all the commands bellow;
- run `openocd-0.9.2.exe -f mipsfpga_ftdi.cfg`
- you should see something like this:

```
Open On-Chip Debugger 0.9.1-dev-microAptiv-dirty (2015-05-08-15:32)
Licensed under GNU GPL v2
For bug reports, read
  http://openocd.sourceforge.net/doc/doxygen/bugs.html
adapter speed: 10000 kHz
adapter_nsrst_delay: 100
jtag_nrst_delay: 100
srst_only separate srst_nogate srst_push_pull connect_deassert_srst
shutdown command invoked
Info : clock speed 10000 kHz
Warn : There are no enabled taps.  AUTO PROBING MIGHT NOT WORK!!
```

```
Warn : AUTO auto0.tap - use "jtag newtap auto0 tap -expected-id 0x000f1005 ..."
Warn : AUTO auto0.tap - use "... -irlen 5"
Warn : gdb services need one or more targets defined
```

Where **0x000f1005** is your IDCODE.

- check that you see the same IDCODE value as it was set in RTL (mfp_system.v);
- check the connection or change the speed parameter if your IDCODE is broken;
- after successful connection test (RTL IDCODE is identical to received) comment the shutdown command and uncomment others;

Command line mode debug

- run `openocd-0.9.2.exe -f mipsfpga_ftdi.cfg` I prefer to run it in the separate terminal window because openocd process can sometimes hangs after connection loosing;

- you should see something like this

```
Open On-Chip Debugger 0.9.1-dev-microAptiv-dirty (2015-05-08-15:32)
Licensed under GNU GPL v2
For bug reports, read
    http://openocd.sourceforge.net/doc/doxygen/bugs.html
adapter speed: 10000 kHz
adapter_nsrst_delay: 100
jtag_ntrst_delay: 100
srst_only separate srst_nogate srst_push_pull connect_deassert_srst
scan delay: 20000 nsec
running in fast queued mode
Info : clock speed 10000 kHz
Info : JTAG tap: auto0.tap tap/device found: 0x000f1005 (mfg: 0x002, part: 0x00f1, ver: 0x0)
```

- open new terminal window and run the gdb with some commands to check its work: connected to the system under debug, stopping it, loading the program into its memory, setting the breakpoint on the main function enter, continuing, getting registers values after breakpoint is achieved.

```
> mips-mti-elf-gdb -q program.elf
Reading symbols from program.elf...done.
(gdb) target remote localhost:3333
Remote debugging using localhost:3333
0xbfc00000 in ?? ()
(gdb) set endian little
The target is assumed to be little endian
(gdb) monitor reset halt
JTAG tap: auto0.tap tap/device found: 0x000f1005 (mfg: 0x002, part: 0x00f1, ver: 0x0)
target state: reset
entered debug state at PC 0xbfc00000, target->state: halted
target state: halted
target halted in MIPS32 mode due to debug-request, pc: 0xbfc00000
(gdb) load
Loading section .text_ram, size 0x260 lma 0x80001000
Loading section .init, size 0x24 lma 0x80001260
Loading section .fini, size 0x1c lma 0x80001284
Loading section .eh_frame, size 0x4 lma 0x800012a0
Loading section .data, size 0xc lma 0x800012a4
Loading section .ctors, size 0x8 lma 0x800012b0
Loading section .dtors, size 0x8 lma 0x800012b8
Loading section .jcr, size 0x4 lma 0x800012c0
Loading section .reset, size 0x280 lma 0x9fc00000
Start address 0xbfc00000, load size 1348
Transfer rate: 12 KB/sec, 149 bytes/write.
(gdb) b main
Breakpoint 1 at 0x800011e0: file main.c, line 14.
(gdb) c
Continuing.
entered debug state at PC 0x800011e0, target->state: halted
```

```
[Remote target] #1 stopped.
main () at main.c:14
warning: Source file is more recent than executable.
```

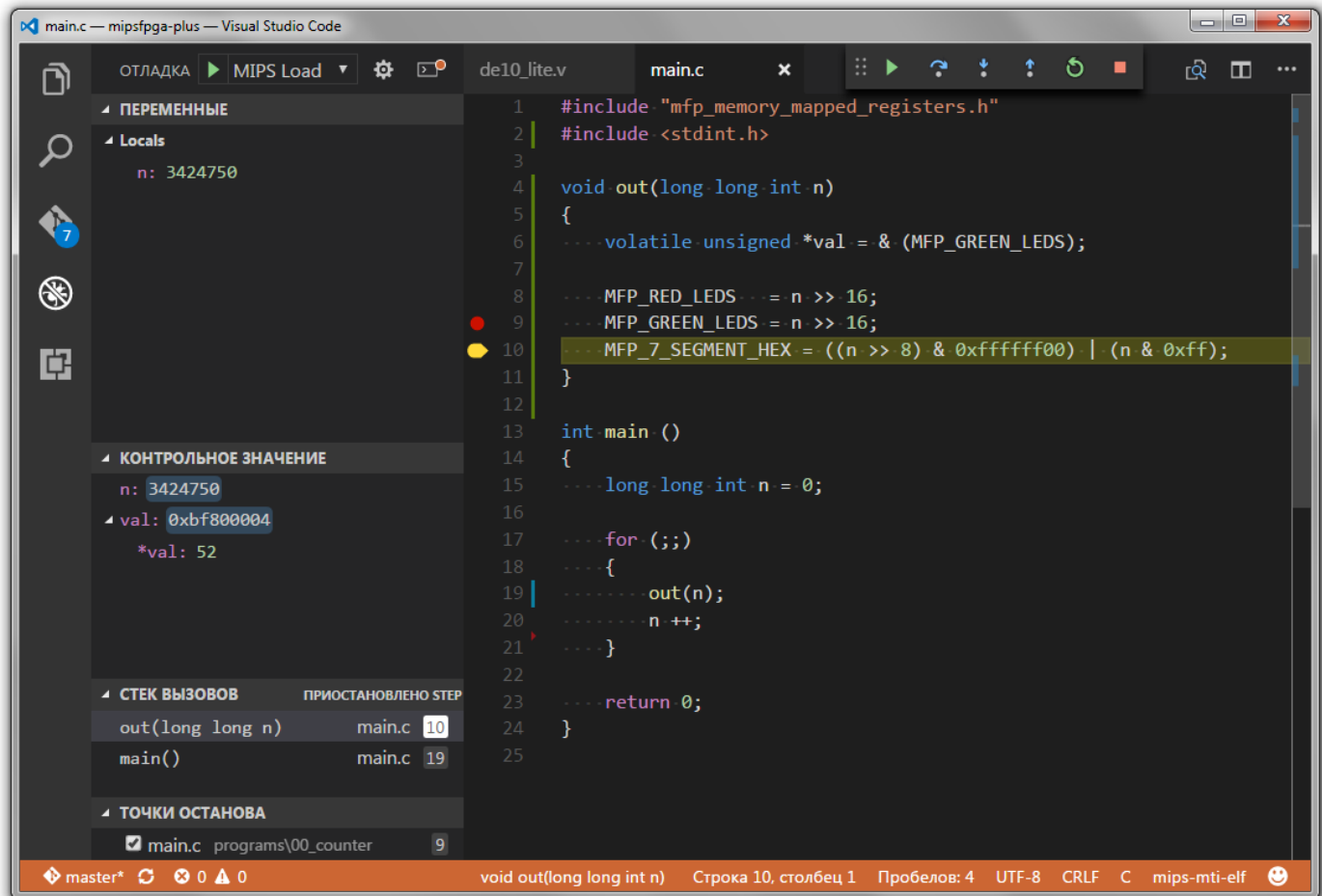
```
14 {
(gdb) i r
      zero      at      v0      v1      a0      a1      a2      a3
R0    00000000 deadbeef 800011e0 00000010 00000000 00000002 80001000 00000000
      t0        t1        t2        t3        t4        t5        t6        t7
R8    deadbeef deadbeef deadbeef deadbeef deadbeef deadbeef deadbeef deadbeef
      s0        s1        s2        s3        s4        s5        s6        s7
R16   deadbeef deadbeef deadbeef deadbeef deadbeef deadbeef deadbeef deadbeef
      t8        t9        k0        k1        gp        sp        s8        ra
R24   deadbeef deadbeef deadbeef deadbeef 800092a8 80040000 00000000 9fc00274
      status    lo        hi        badvaddr  cause    pc
      00400000 00000100 00000000 c0000000 00000008 800011e0
(gdb)
```

GUI mode debug settings

- install the [Visual Studio Code](#) and its [vscode-cpptools](#) plugin;
- run it and open in some workspace directory that contains source code files;
- copy `c_cpp_properties.json` and `launch.json` to the `.vscode` folder in the top of the workspace directory;
- open these files, update toolchain path and compiled program elf file path;
- there is a small bug and in my case the full file path should be specified in `gdb` file command;

GUI mode debug

- run `openocd-0.9.2.exe -f mipsfpga_ftdi.cfg` in the similar way as it was described above;
- open the Debug action panel of VSCode and select MIPS Load profile;
- run the debug process;
- if something goes wrong uncomment the "logging" settings in `launch.json` and read error messages in debug console (**ctrl** + **`**);
- the successfully running VSCode debug session is looking something like this:



Document sources

1. MIPSfpga Getting Started Guide
2. FTDI Application Note AN 108. Command Processor for MPSSE and MCU Host Bus Emulation Modes.
3. FTDI Application Note AN 135. FTDI MPSSE Basics.
4. FTDI Software Application Development. D2XX Programmer's Guid.
5. FTDI FT2232D Datasheet.
6. Using the GNU Compiler Collection. Codescape GNU Tools 2016.05-03 for MIPS MTI Bare Metal.
7. Debugging with gdb. Codescape GNU Tools 2016.05-03 for MIPS MTI Bare Metal.
8. EJTAG Specification. Document Number: MD00047.
9. OpenOCD User's Guide for release 0.8.0.
10. The schematic of Pinboard II devboard.