# Modulation of PM2.5-Mediated Cardiometabolic Indicators in Wildfire-exposed Individuals Through Residential Air Filtration

Session 55: Future of Fire Safety (Symposium)
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Research

#### JAMA Pediatrics | Original Investigation

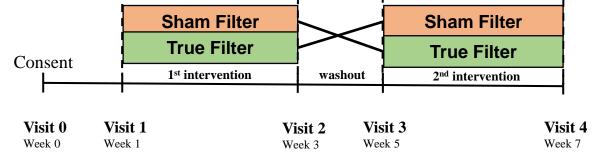
# Association Between Bedroom Particulate Matter Filtration and Changes in Airway Pathophysiology in Children With Asthma

Xiaoxing Cui, PhD, BMED, MSPH; Zhen Li, MD; Yanbo Teng, PhD; Karoline K. Barkjohn, PhD; Christina L. Norris, MSc; Lin Fang, BS; Gina N. Daniel, MEM; Linchen He, MEM; Lili Lin, MD; Qian Wang, MD; Drew B. Day, PhD; Xiaojian Zhou, MD; Jianguo Hong, MD; Jicheng Gong, PhD; Feng Li, MD, PhD; Jinhan Mo, PhD; Yinping Zhang, PhD; James J. Schauer, PhD, MBA; Marilyn S. Black, PhD; Michael H. Bergin, PhD; Junfeng (Jim) Zhang, PhD

IMPORTANCE Fine particles (particulate matter 2.5 µm in size [PM<sub>2.5</sub>]), a ubiquitous air pollutant, can deposit in the small airways that play a vital role in asthma. It appears to be unknown whether the use of a PM<sub>2.5</sub> filtration device can improve small airway physiology and respiratory inflammation in children with asthma.



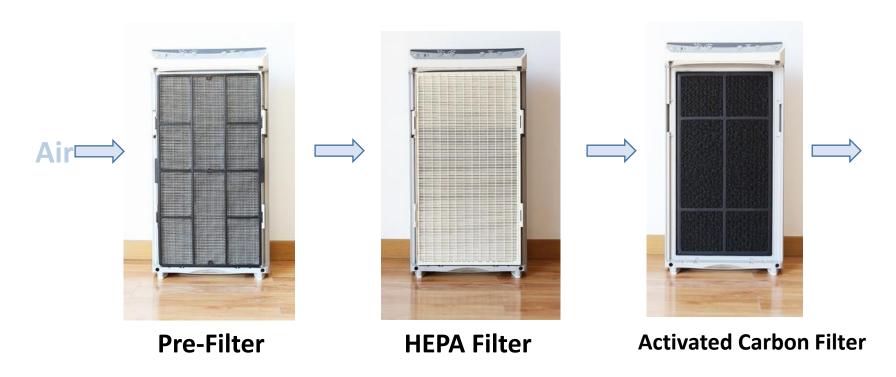
# Double-blind, placebocontrolled crossover trial



# 43 asthmatic children living in Shanghai each received both true filtration and sham filtration

Filtration duration = 2 weeks Washout period = 2 weeks

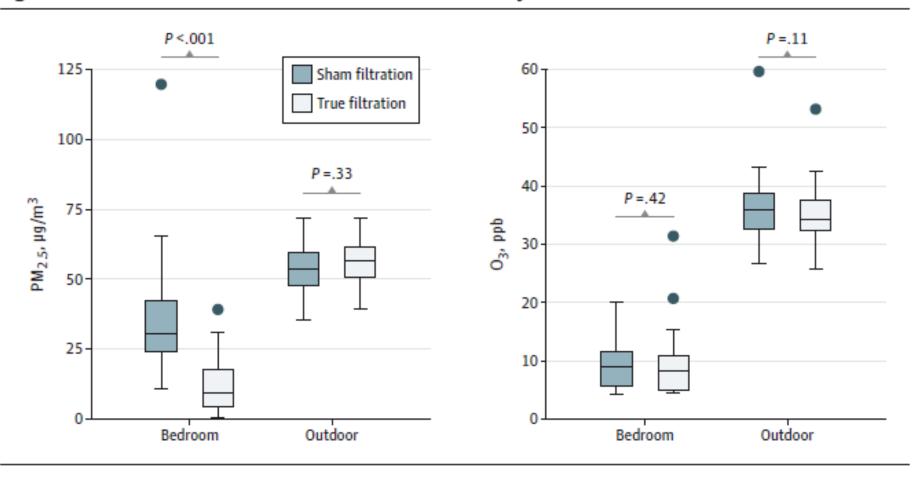
# **Portable Air Filtration in Bedrooms**



HEPA and activated carbon filters were removed from sham filtration devices

### **PM2.5 Exposure Reduction**

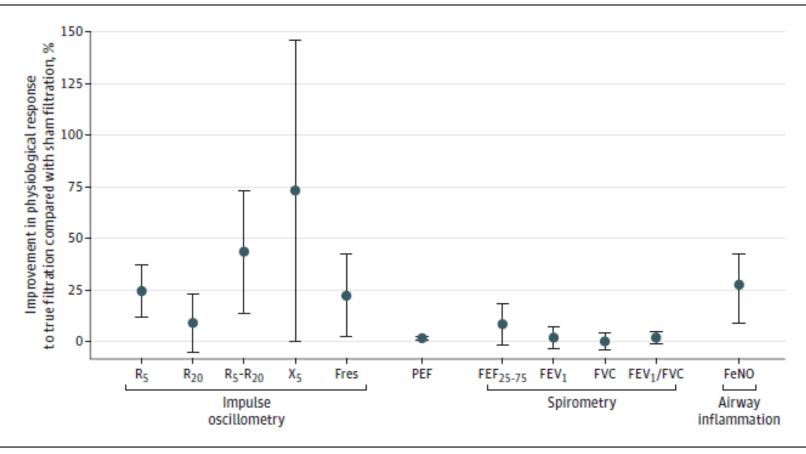
Figure 1. Pollutant Concentrations in Bedrooms and Outdoors by Filtration Status



Concentrations graphed were 2-week mean values. Statistical significance in median concentrations was determined using a Wilcoxon signed rank test. PM<sub>2.5</sub> indicates particulate matter 2.5 µm in size.

### **Intervention Effectiveness**

Figure 2. Outcomes of True Filtration Compared With Sham Filtration

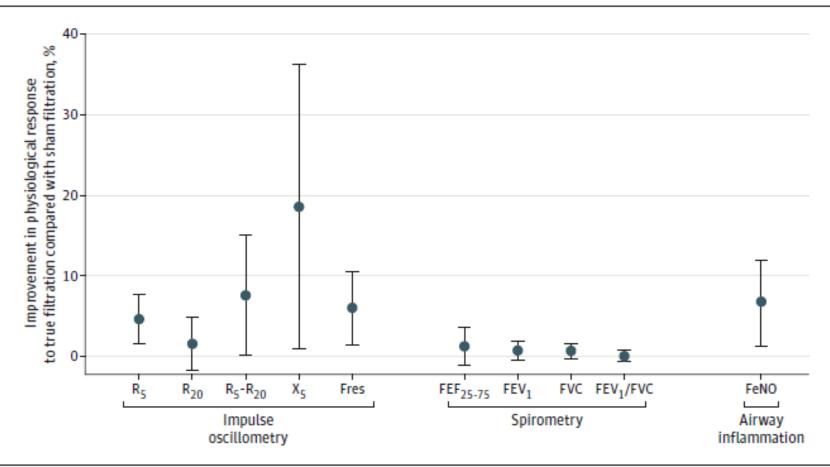


For all outcomes except peak expiratory flow (PEF), the points and bars show mean and 95% CIs for outcome improvements when comparing filtration changes in outcome levels between true filtration and sham filtration. For PEF, the point and the bar show the mean and 95% CIs when comparing PEF values measured during the true filtration period with PEF values measured during the sham filtration period. For all outcomes, positive values indicate improvements and negative values indicate deterioration. For fractional exhaled nitric oxide (FeNO) data, the analysis was performed on log-transformed FeNO data and the

result was converted back to untransformed data for presentation in this figure. FEF $_{25.75}$  indicates forced expiratory flow during 25% to 75% of forced vital capacity; FEV $_1$ , forced expiratory volume during the first second; Fres, resonant frequency; FVC, forced vital capacity; PM $_{2.5}$ , particulate matter 2.5 µm in size; R $_5$ , airway resistance measured at 5 Hz; R $_{20}$ , airway resistance measured at 20 Hz; R $_5$ -R $_{20}$ , the difference between R $_5$  and R $_{20}$ , reflecting small airway resistance; X $_5$ , airway reactance measured at 5 Hz.

### **Dose-Response by Exposure Reduction**

Figure 3. Outcomes of Bedroom Fine Particle (PM<sub>2.5</sub>) Exposure Reduction



Points and bars show mean and 95% Cls for outcome improvements associated with a  $10 \cdot \mu g/m^3$  reduction in bedroom  $PM_{2.5}$  concentration from outdoor levels. For all indicators, positive values indicate improvements and negative values indicate deterioration. For fractional exhaled nitric oxide (FeNO) data, the analysis was performed on log-transformed FeNO data, and the result was converted back to untransformed data for presentation in this figure. FEF<sub>25-75</sub>

indicates forced expiratory flow during 25% to 75% of forced vital capacity;  $FEV_1$ , forced expiratory volume during the first second; Fres, resonant frequency; FVC, forced vital capacity; PEF, peak expiratory flow;  $R_5$ , airway resistance measured at 5 Hz;  $R_{20}$ , airway resistance measured at 20 Hz;  $R_5$ - $R_{20}$ , the difference between  $R_5$  and  $R_{20}$ , reflecting small airway resistance;  $X_5$ , airway reactance measured at 5 Hz.

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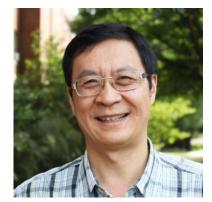
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conclusions and relevance Per these results, indoor PM<sub>2.5</sub> filtration can be a practical method to improve air flow in an asthmatic lung through improved airway mechanics and function as well as reduced inflammation. This warrants a clinical trial to confirm.

The Study is funded in part by Underwriters Laboratories – UL1 Study

# **UL2 Study Team – Duke University**



Dr. Junfeng (Jim) Zhang



Dr. Mike Bergin



Dr. Yan Lin



Dr. Zhenchun Yang



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Ruoxue (Rory) Chen, PhD Student



Emily Craig, PhD Student

Using Indoor Air Filtration to Reduce PM2.5 Cardiometabolic Effects in At-risk Individuals Funded by Underwriter's Laboratories (3/2022- 12/2025)

# **UL2 Study Team – University of Southern California**



Dr. Frank D. Gilliland



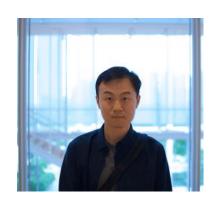
Dr. Zhanghua Chen



Enrique Trigo, Researcher



Alina Mercado, Student Researcher



Dr. Jiawen Liao



Chenyu Qiu, Researcher



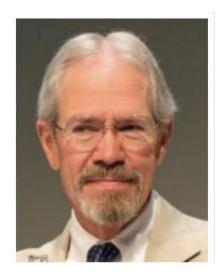
Dr. Wu Chen



Sulema Saravia, Student Researcher

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# **UL2 Study Team – UL & Rutgers University**



Dr. Charles J. Weschler (Rutgers University)

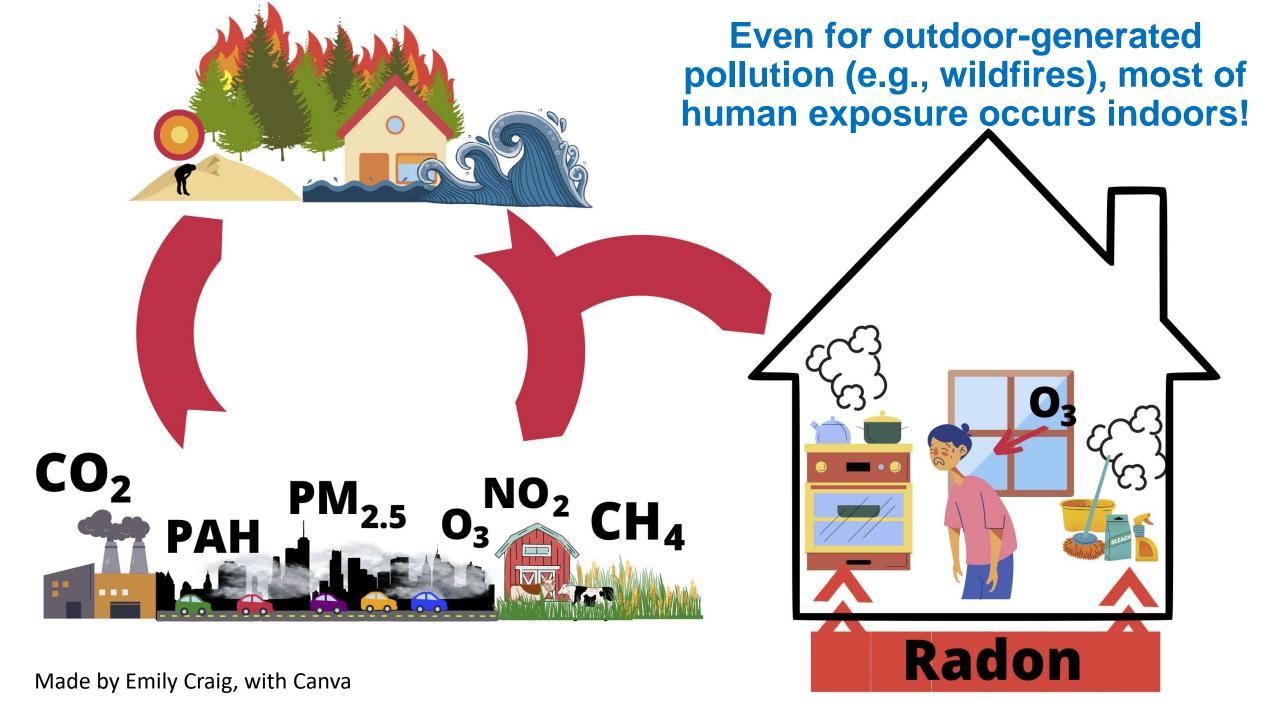


Dr. Marilyn Black (Underwriter's Laboratories)

Using Indoor Air Filtration to Reduce PM2.5 Cardiometabolic Effects in At-risk Individuals Funded by Underwriter's Laboratories (3/2022- 12/2025)

# PM<sub>2.5</sub> Effects from Short- and Long-term Exposures (EPA Integrated Science Assessment, 2019)

	Health Category	Causality Determination
Short-term Exposure	Cardiovascular Effects	Causal
	Mortality	Causal
	Respiratory Effects	Causal
	Central Nervous System	Inadequate
Long-term Exposure	Cardiovascular Effects	Causal
	Mortality	Causal
	Respiratory Effects	Likely to be Causal
	Reproductive and Developmental	Suggestive
	Cancer	Suggestive



# In the absence of indoor sources and absence of air purification:

Indoor/Outdoor ratios	Windows closed	Windows open
PM <sub>2.5</sub>	~0.7	~1
O <sub>3</sub>	~0.2	~0.7
NO <sub>2</sub>	~0.8	~ 1

# **HEPA Air Purifiers**

### • Previous studies:

- 1. using HEPA air purifiers can reduce indoor PM2.5 levels by 40% to >90%
- 2. using HEPA air purifiers for a short period (3 days to 2-month) can **improve acute** cardiovascular and respiratory health outcomes.
- **Current gaps:** no published studies have evaluated the potential benefits of a longer-term indoor HEPA filtration intervention in improving cardio-metabolic profiles in atrisk adults.

### • UL2 study trial:

- 1. Longer-duration residential HEPA intervention trial, providing an opportunity to observe more chronic changes in health outcomes
- 2. During the trial, wildfire exposure will be captured

# **UL2 Study Aims**

- Aim 1: Assess the effect of a 6-month residential HEPA intervention on changes of type 2 diabetes-related metabolic outcomes (fasting glucose, HbA1C, HOMA-IR, lipids and blood pressure) in 52 adults. (Intervention Effectiveness)
- Aim 2: Examine the association between reduction in indoor PM<sub>2.5</sub> exposure brought by the intervention and changes in metabolic outcomes adjusting for ambient PM<sub>2.5</sub> exposure. (Dose-Response)
- Aim 3: Explore pathophysiologic biomarker changes pertinent to the cardio-metabolic profile of type 2 diabetes in response to the intervention and changes in PM<sub>2.5</sub> exposure. (Molecular Mechanisms)
- Aim 4: Explore the impact of wildfires on HEPA intervention effectiveness and the impact of HEPA intervention on wildfire-PM exposure. (Wildfire Impact)

# Portable Air Purifiers – Google it to see numerous on the market



olekule Mini Air Purifier with eco Purification Technology,

1 \*\*\*\* 11 one Free · Energy: A+++

#### 260.00

5.00 delivery



Pure Enrichment True HEPA Portable Air Purifier - White

48 \*\*\*\* 203 HEPA Filter

#### \$44.99

Best Buy

Free delivery by Sep 6 & Free 15-day ... 4.6/5 ★ (694 store reviews)



AROEVE Air Purifiers for Home. H13 HEPA Air Purifiers Air Cleaner for Smoke.

HEPA Filter · White

#### \$59.99

Amazon.com - Seller Free delivery



Levoit Air Purifier for Home, H13 True HEPA Filter for Allergies and

4.7 \*\*\*\* 12 HEPA Filter · Ozone Free

#### \$89.99

Levoit

Free delivery by Mon, Sep 5



Ovson Pure Cool **TP01** purifying fan White/Silver)

299.99 \$399.99

Ovson US

\*\*\*\* (524)

Free shipping



MA-40 Air Purifier for Homes and Offices White /...

\$496.99

Medify Air

\*\*\*\* (481) Free shipping



TRACS TM250 HEPA-Certified Portable UV-C Air...

\$779.00

tracspurifiers.com

Free shipping



Oransi mod HEPA Air Purifier Grav. White

\$599.00

Oransi

\*\*\*\*\* (317)

Free shipping



Dyson Purifier Cool Formaldehyde TP09 (White/Gold)

\$519.99 \$669.99

Dyson US

\*\*\*\* (62)

Free shipping



UP3000 UltraPure Air Cleaner -Allergy Buye...

\$599.00



**BISSELL** MyAir Personal Air

Purifier For...

\$77.69 \$93 \$129.00



**EdenPURE** OxiLeaf II Thunderstorm | Air Purifier ...



Austin Air Healthmate Air Purifier, 1500 sq ft, HM40...

\$714.99



**UV** Air Sanitizer Portable Air Filter UV Air...

\$158.20



Wvnd - Smart Portable Air Purifier + Air Quality Sen...

\$199.00



Westinghouse Portable Medical Grade Patented Air Purifier, Light 4.9 \*\*\*\* 16

HEPA Filter · Ionic

\$129.99



Pure Enrichment PureZone Halo True HEPA Air Purifier

HEPA Filter · White

\$99.99



\$463.99

Air Health Skye 5-Stage Quiet, Smart, Large Room Portable Air Purifier | w/ H13 ... HEPA Filter



Bissell MYair Personal Air Purifier Purple | 2780P

4.7 \*\*\*\* 519

\$92.69

# **Air Purifier Selection**



Honeywell HPA100 \$120, CADR=100 ft<sup>3</sup>/min, 14.0 x 8.9 x 13.5 inches

Low Noise Bedroom use



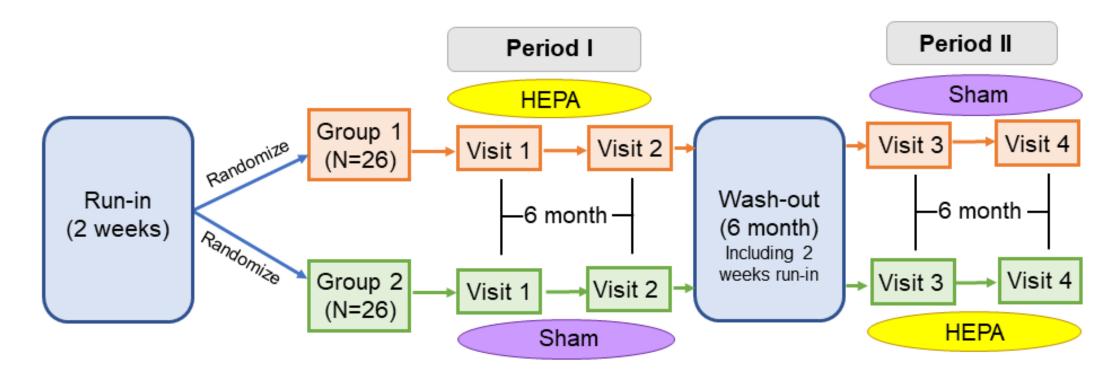
**TOPPIN C2** \$75, CADR=100 ft<sup>3</sup>/min, 7.6 x 7.6 x 14.8 inches

Moderate Noise Livingroom use

In preliminary test in LA homes, either purifier can decrease indoor PM<sub>2.5</sub> concentrations by 40%-85%

# **UL2 Study Design**

- Cross-over study
- Prioritize census tract-level with historical PM2.5 exposure ≥ 12 µg/m3

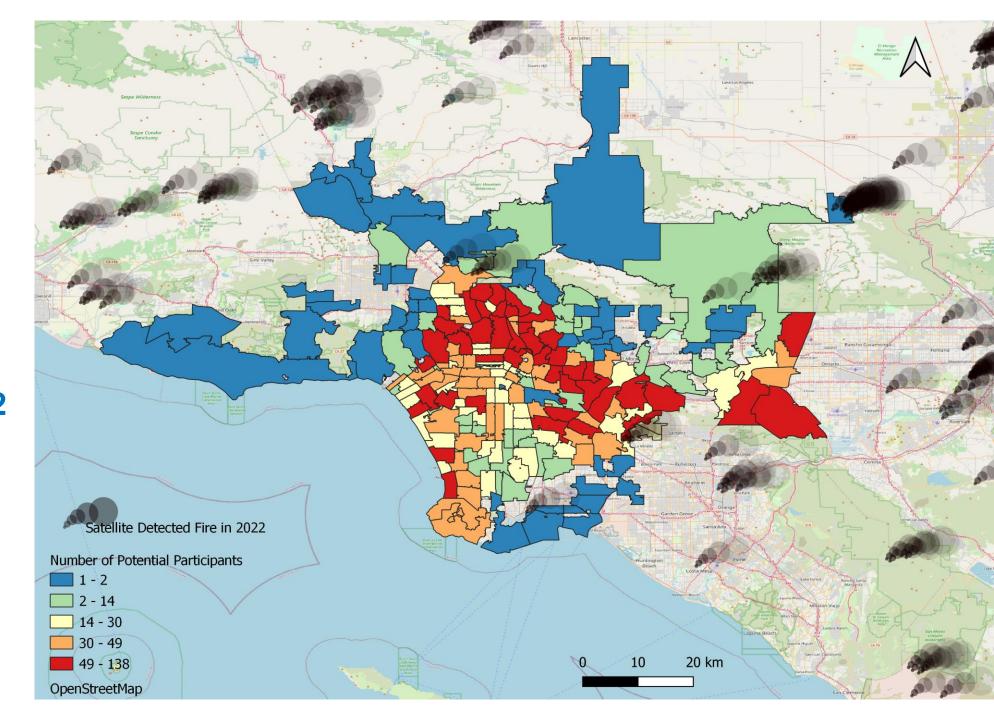


UL2 study design flowchart

Subject pool: EMR of USC hospitals, n=6285

Residential locations and proximity to wildfires in 2022

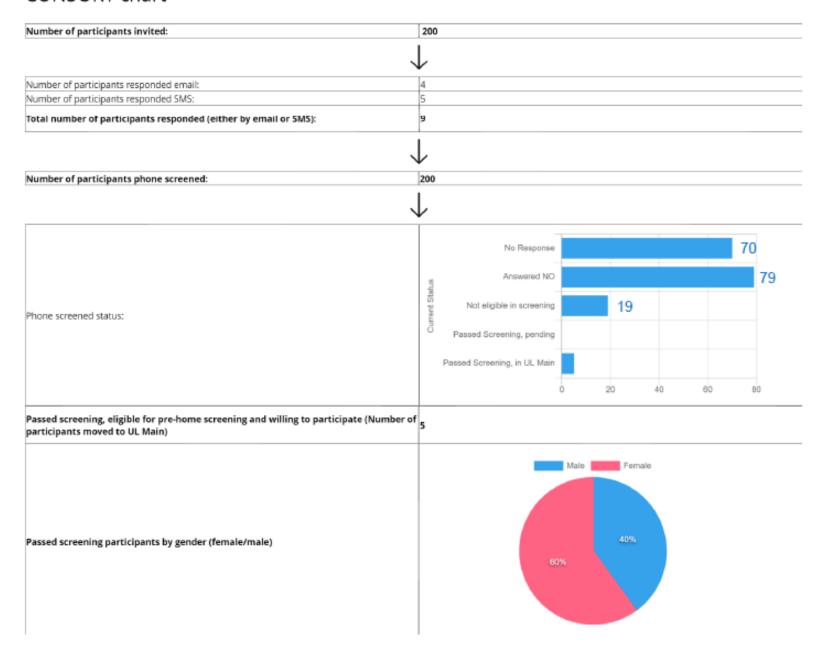
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# As of March 14, 2023

ClinicalTrials.gov Identifier: NCT05718245

### CONSORT chart



# **Health Outcomes**

### Home visits every 6 months

- 1. Cardiometabolic outcomes/Type 2 diabetes traits
  - BMI, continuous glucose (CGM) and BP monitoring home
  - Glucose, lipids, insulin resistance, HbA1C lab
- 2. Molecular mechanisms along pathophysiologic pathways
  - Oxidative stress, inflammation, lipid mediation targeted markers
  - Single-cell RNA Seq, proteomics, metabolomics untargeted

### Covariates to be considered:

- 1. Health related lifestyles questionnaire data
- 2. Exposure related lifestyles questionnaire data
- 3. Dietary recall data

# Molecular Mechanisms and Novel Biomarker Exploration

### **Hypothesis-Driven**

Oxidative stress: MDA, 8-OHdG, etc.

Systemic inflammation: CRP, vWF, etc.

Endothelial dysfunction: sCD40L, sCD62P, etc.

<u>Lipid dysmetabolism</u>: PUFA-derived mediators, etc.

### Data - Driven

Single cell RNA seq: T-cells and monocytes

<u>Proteomics</u>: inflammation and cardiometabolic panels

Metabolomics: RPLC- and HILIC-based MS

Cardiometabolic outcomes/ Type 2 diabetes traits

# **Exposure Assessment**

### Air quality monitoring:

- Paired indoor and outdoor low-cost pollutant monitors
- Data real-time transmitted to the project computer;
- Daily basis monitoring to check for potential abnormal data output and make timely correction actions.

### Biomonitoring of source-specific air pollutants:

- Amino-PAHs and PAH-tetrol in blood
- Hydroxy-, amino-, and carboxy-PAHs in the urine

# **Low-Cost Sensor Protocols**

## Air Quality Sensors (TSI)

- Outdoor: BlueSky (PM2.5 & PM10)
- Indoor: 6-gases AirAssure (PM2.5, PM10, CO, CO2, SO2, O3, NO2, tVOCs)

## 3-Step Calibration Process

- 1. Calibration for external sensors
- 2. Calibration for internal sensors
- 3. Calibration with AQMD reference monitors

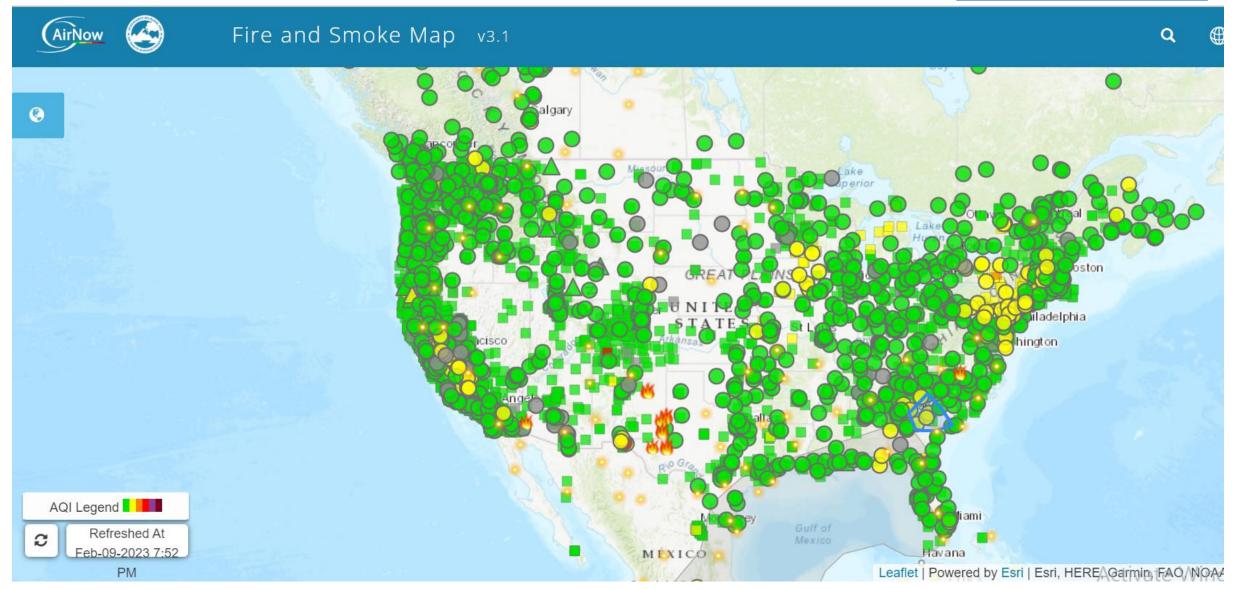


Photo Credit: UL2 Research Team

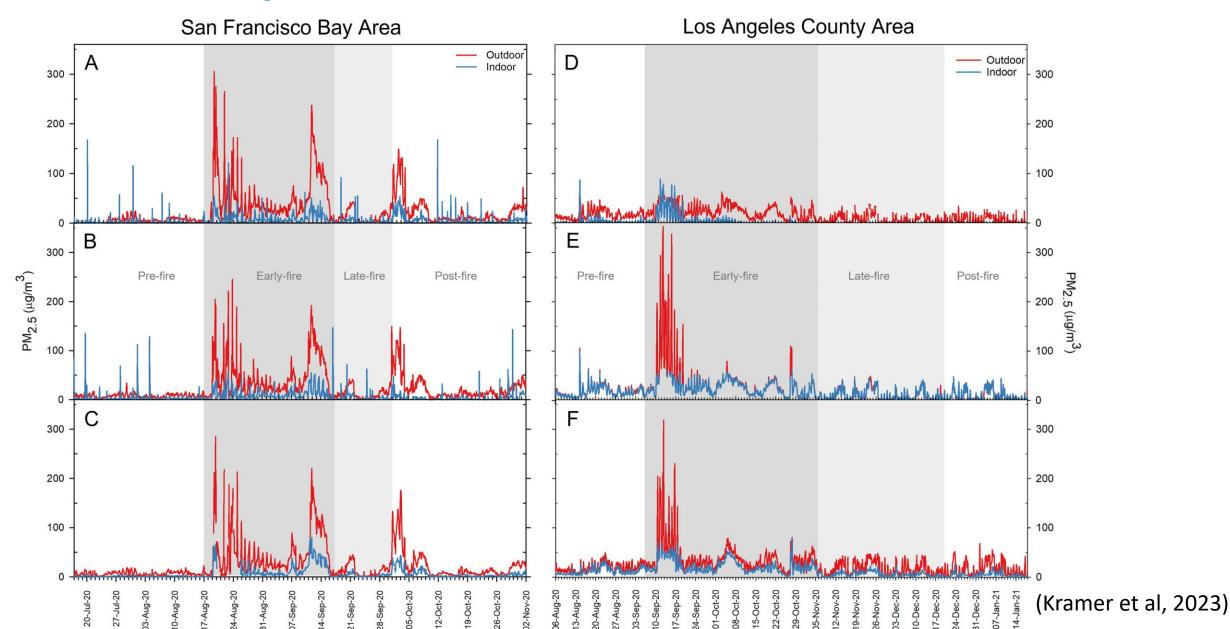


# Wildfire events detection:

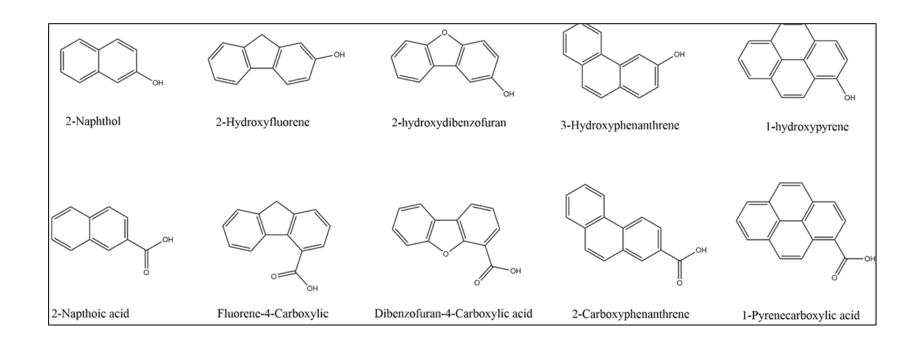
https://fire.airnow.gov/#.



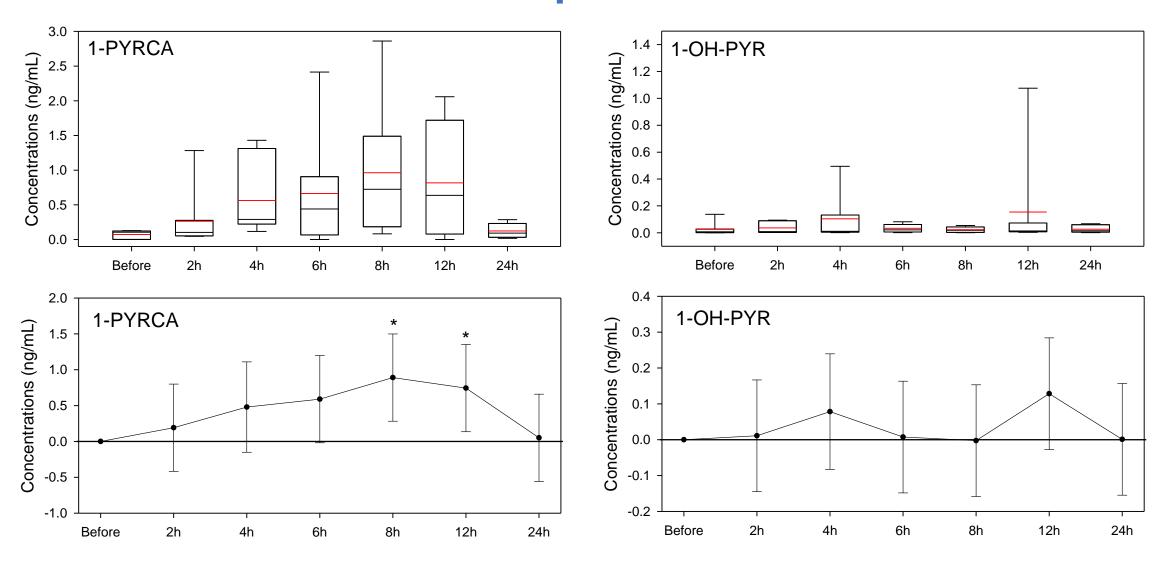
# Wildfire Exposure Assessment: Low-cost PM2.5 sensors



# **Identifying Exposure Biomarkers of Wildfire**



# Urinary 1-Pyrene carboxylic acid (PYRCA) is responsive to campfire

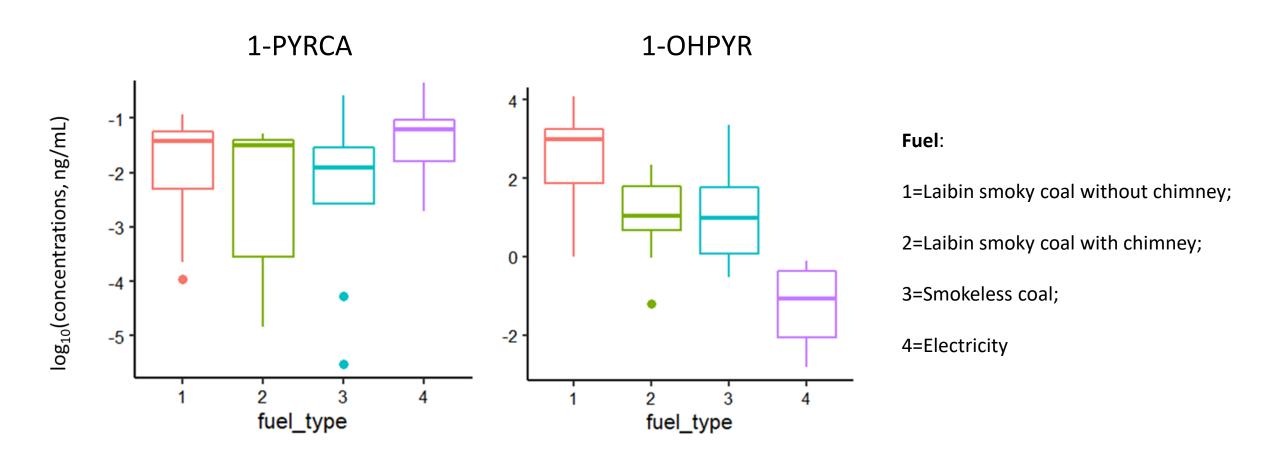


# Urinary 1-PYRCA were not detected among people exposed to traffic sources

- Urinary 1-OH-PYR was associated with traffic sources (and outdoor NO<sub>2</sub> at residence) among 306 Rochester pregnant women.
- 1-PYRCA was detected in none of the samples, suggesting non-significant contribution of traffic exposure to this wood-smoke exposure biomarker.



# **Urinary 1-PYRCA is not responsive to coal combustion**



# **Data Analysis Plan**

- Aim specific analyses (Aims 1-3)
- Wildfire impact analysis (Aim 4):
  - 1. If a wildfire event occur during the intervention, we will attempt to add daily health assessment and biospecimen collections during the event. This will allow us to assess the impact of HEPA intervention on acute health responses to wildfire exposure.
  - 2. We will examine the associations of health outcomes with indicators of wildfire exposure (e.g., proximity to wildfire, PM2.5 exposure attributable to wildfire, exposure biomarker). We will further examine whether HEPA intervention modifies the associations.
  - 3. We will assess the impact of wildfire exposure on the overall effectiveness of HEPA intervention.

# Thank You!