

# Assignment 3

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## Part 1: Grab Cut

### 1. Input image

In step 1, I read images by batch. Next, I show the program as an example.

```
clear;
close all;
clc;

img_path = 'E:\GrabCut\grabcut_1\gc\PASCAL\';
result_path = 'E:\GrabCut\grabcut_1\gc\PASCAL_SALENCY_0.3\';

picstr = dir(strcat(img_path, '*.jpg'));
m = length(picstr);
th=0.3;
if m > 0
    for i = 1:m
        img_name = picstr(i).name;
        if img_name(1)=='.'
            continue;
        end
        filename1=strcat(img_path,img_name);
        img = imread(filename1);
        [l,w]=size(img);
        param = default_signature_param(w);
        saliency_image = signatureSal( img,param);
        saliency = imresize(saliency_image , [ size(img,1)
        size(img,2) ] );
        saliencyoutput=im2bw(saliency,th);
        imwrite(saliencyoutput,strcat(result_path,img_name));
    end
end
```

### 2. Use image signature

In this process, I adjust threshold to transform saliency map for different binary images. As we all know, the image is saved in x. Then I can call functions of 'signatureSal', the result is the saliency map. The saliency map is obtained by image signature and the matlab code of "signatureSal". The code is as follow:

```

param = default_signature_param;
saliency_image = signatureSal( img,param);
saliency = imresize(saliency_image , [ size(img,1)
size(img,2) ] );
saliencyoutput=im2bw(saliency,th);
imwrite(saliencyoutput,strcat(result_path,img_name));

```

### 3. Draw the rectangle

I input saliency map image from step 2. The rectangle is used to locate the most probable position of object and initialize mask in grab cut. I use threshold to transform saliency map to binary image and draw a rectangle according to the binary image with different size of rectangle.



### 4. Implement grab cut

I input image ( $m \times n \times 3$  matrix) from step 1 and the rectangle from step 3. The codes in C is showing:

```

#include <iostream>
#include <cv.hpp>
#include <opencv2/highgui/highgui.hpp>
#include <opencv2/core/core.hpp>
#include<string>
#include<contrib/contrib.hpp>

using namespace std;
using namespace cv;

int main()
{
    for(int threshold=2;threshold<9;threshold++)

```

```

{

    Directory dir1,dir2;
    char threch[1];
    itoa(threshold,threch,10);
    string threst=threch;
    string path1="E:/class/computer vision/assignment3/PASCAL";
    string path2="E:/class/computer
vision/assignment3/signmap0."+threst;
    string exten="*.jpg";
    string extenout=".jpg";
    string filenames3;
    bool addPath1 = true;
    string output="E:/output/0."+threst+"/";
    char numch[1];

    vector<string> filenames1 = dir1.GetListFiles(path1, exten,
addPath1);
    vector<string> filenames2 = dir2.GetListFiles(path2, exten,
addPath1);

    for(int n=0;n<filenames1.size();n++)
    {
        itoa(n+1,numch,10);
        filenames3=output+numch+extenout;

        Mat mOriginImg=imread(filenames1[n],1);
        Mat mSaMap=imread(filenames2[n],0);
        const int nRow=mOriginImg.rows;
        const int nCol=mOriginImg.cols;

        //~~~~~Draw Rectangle~~~~~//
        int i=0,j=0,c=0;
        int nRowMin=0, nRowMax=0, nColMin=0, nColMax=0;

        for(i=0;i<nRow;i++)
        {
            for(j=0;j<nCol;j++)
            {
                if(mSaMap.at<uchar>(i,j)==255)
                {
                    nColMin=j;
                    nColMax=j;
                    nRowMin=i;

```

```

        nRowMax=i;
        c=1;
        break;
    }
}
if (c==1)
    break;
}
for (c=0, j=0; j<nColMin; j++)
{
    for (i=nRowMin; i<nRow; i++)
    {
        if (mSaMap.at<uchar>(i, j)==255)
        {
            nRowMax=i;
            nColMin=j;
            c=1;
            break;
        }
    }
    if (c==1)
        break;
}
for (c=0, i=nRow-1; i>nRowMax; i--)
{
    for (j=nColMin; j<nCol; j++)
    {
        if (mSaMap.at<uchar>(i, j)==255)
        {
            nRowMax=i;
            if (j>nColMax)
                nColMax=j;
            c=1;
            break;
        }
    }
    if (c==1)
        break;
}
for (c=0, j=nCol-1; j>nColMax; j--)
{
    for (i=nRowMin; i<nRowMax; i++)
    {
        if (mSaMap.at<uchar>(i, j)==255)

```

```

        {
            nColMax=j;
            c=1;
            break;
        }
    }
    if(c==1)
        break;
}

Mat mDrawRec=mOriginImg.clone();
Point2f pRecLeftUp,pRecRightDown;
pRecLeftUp=cvPoint(nColMin,nRowMin);
pRecRightDown=cvPoint(nColMax,nRowMax);
rectangle( mDrawRec, pRecLeftUp,pRecRightDown, Scalar(0, 255,
0), 2);

//~~~~~Implement grab cut~~~~~//
Rect rect(pRecLeftUp,pRecRightDown);
Mat OutMask(mOriginImg.size(), CV_8UC1);
Mat BgdModel, FgdModel;

int nIteration=3;
Mat mask;
Mat obj;
bool isInitialized=false;

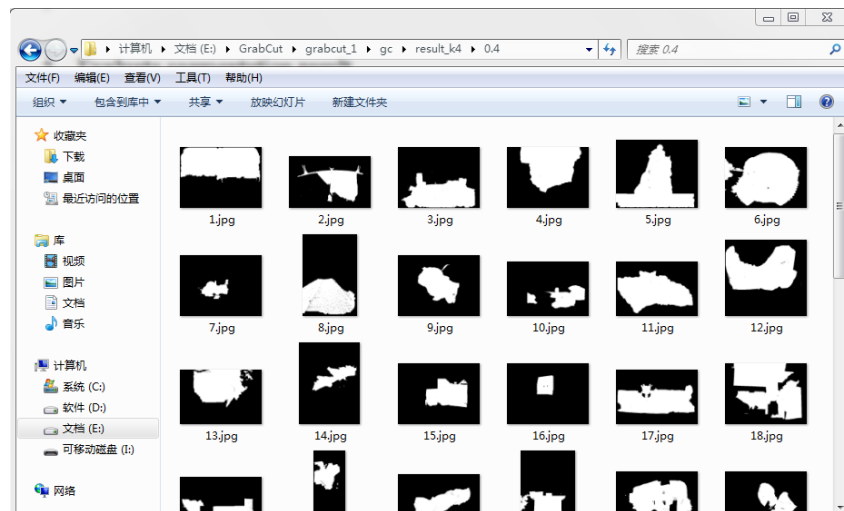
for(i=0; i<nIteration; i++)
{
    if(!isInitialized)
    {
        grabCut(mOriginImg, OutMask, rect, BgdModel,
        FgdModel, 1, GC_INIT_WITH_RECT);
        isInitialized=true;
    }
    else
    {
        grabCut(mOriginImg, OutMask, rect, BgdModel,
        FgdModel, 1);
    }
}

compare(OutMask, GC_PR_FGD, mask, CMP_EQ);
mOriginImg.copyTo(obj, mask);

```

```
//~~~~~Show segmentation result~~~~~//
Mat mSegBinary=obj.clone();
cvtColor(mSegBinary,mSegBinary,CV_RGB2GRAY);
for(i=0;i<nRow;i++)
    for(j=0;j<nCol;j++)
    {
        if(mSegBinary.at<uchar>(i,j)>0)
            mSegBinary.at<uchar>(i,j)=255;
    }

imwrite(filenamees3,mSegBinary);
cout<<n+1<<endl;
}
}
return 0;
}
```



## 5、Evaluate segmentation result

I input segmentation result and groundtruth from dataset. Adjust threshold to obtain different segmentation results and draw a bar graph to evaluate grab cut.

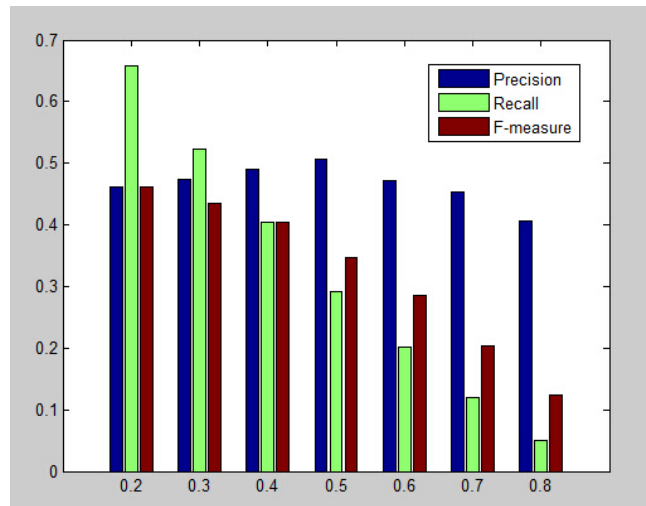


Figure PRF bar graph k=3

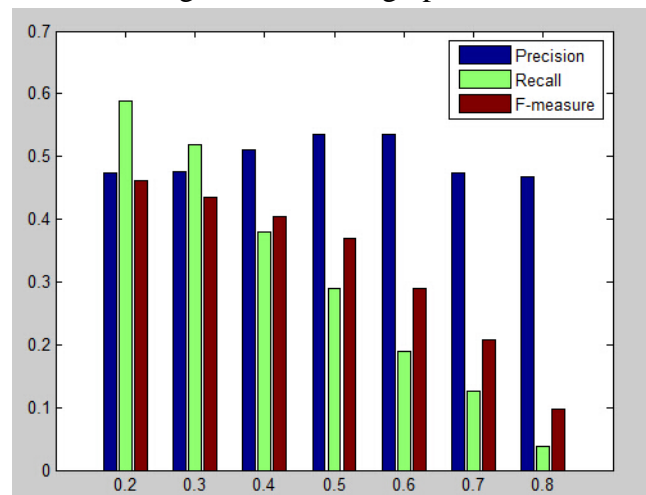


Figure PRF bar graph k=4

## Part 2: Meanshift

### 1. Input all images by batch processing

I input the image by beach, and show the codes:

```
clear all;
clc;
close all;

picstr=dir('E:\meanshift\BSDS500\data\images\train\*.jpg');
[m,n]=size(picstr);
for i=1:m
    if picstr(i).name(1)=='.'
        continue;
    end
```

```
filename=strcat('E:\meanshift\BSDS500\data\images\train\',picstr(i).name);
end
```

where , the purpose of the program is to skip the hidden files. It is asking for help Ruchen Wang.

```
if picstr(i).name(1)=='.'
    continue;
end
```

## 2. Segment via mean shift

I download the source code from the website and adjust the parameters (hs, hr) from 10 to 80. Every result is saved as different folders named by relative parameter.

```
for hs=10:5:40
    for hr=10:10:90
        for i=1:m
            if picstr(350).name(1)=='.'
                continue;
            end

            filename=strcat('E:\meanshift\BSDS500\data\images\train\',picstr(350).name);
            x=imread(filename);
            th=0.1;
            iteration=5;
            [y, MS] = meanShiftPixCluster(x,hs,hr,th,iteration);
            img_ms=uint8(y);

            fname_img=strcat('E:\meanshift\BSDS500\data\images\train_img\','\', 'hs_', num2str(hs), '\', 'hr_', num2str(hr), '\');

            fname_lab=strcat('E:\meanshift\BSDS500\data\images\train_lab\','\', 'hs_', num2str(hs), '\', 'hr_', num2str(hr), '\');

            fname_img1=['E:\meanshift\BSDS500\data\images\train_img\', 'hs_', num2str(hs), '\', 'hr_', num2str(hr), '\'];

            fname_lab1=['E:\meanshift\BSDS500\data\images\train_lab\', 'hs_', num2str(hs), '\', 'hr_', num2str(hr), '\'];
            mkdir(fname_img);
            mkdir(fname_lab);
```



```

fname_img1=strcat(fname_img,picstr(350).name);

fname_lab1=strcat(fname_lab,picstr(350).name(1:end-4),'.mat
');

imwrite(img_ms,fname_img1);

imgInf = processSuperpixelImage(y);
label_result = double(imgInf.segimage);
fid_lab=fopen(fname_lab1,'wt');
fwrite(fid_lab,label_result);
fclose(fid_lab);

end

end

end

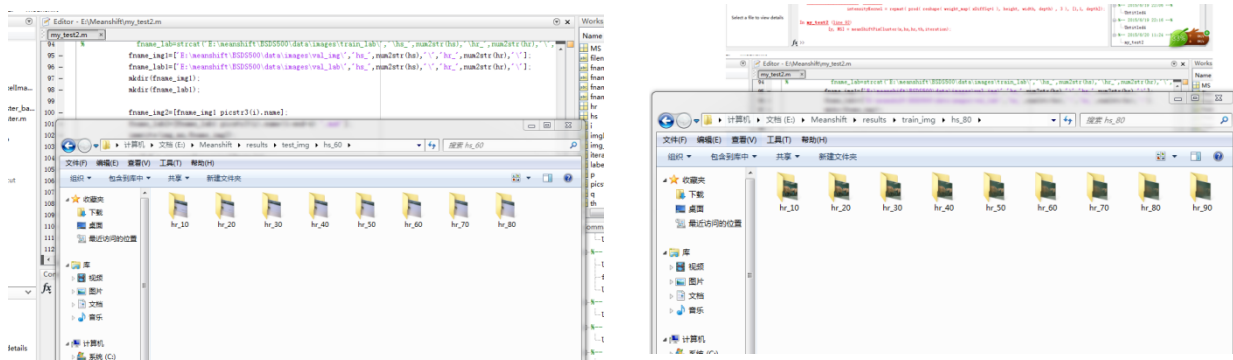
```

where “[y, MS] = meanShiftPixCluster(x,hs,hr,th,iteration);  
img\_ms=uint8(y);” is meanshift’s main function.

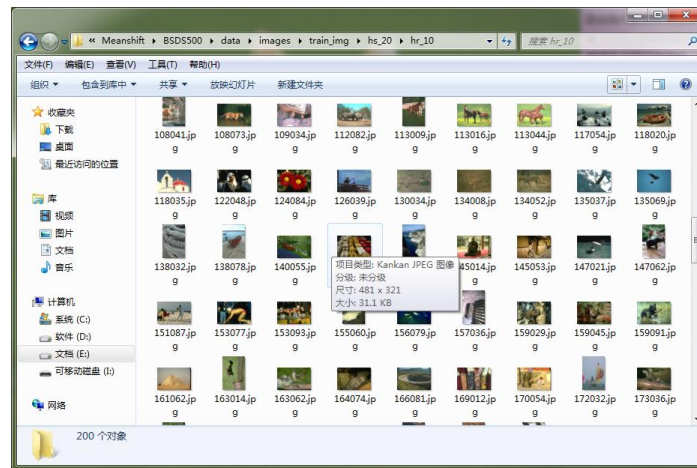
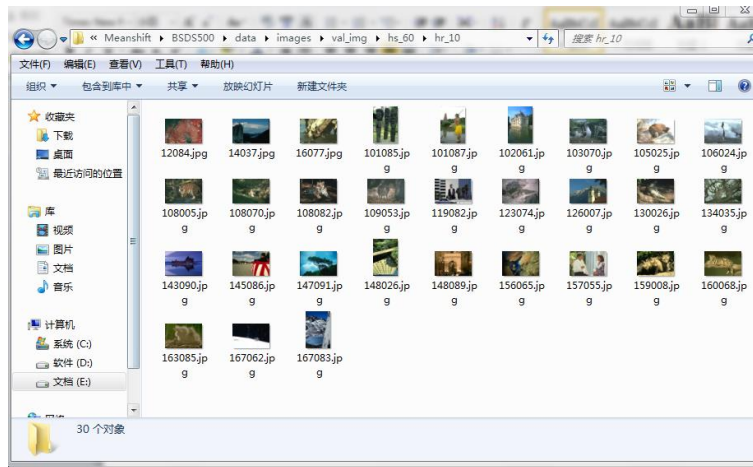
Where “imgInf = processSuperpixelImage(y);  
label\_result = double(imgInf.segimage);  
fid\_lab=fopen(fname\_lab1,'wt');” is making labels.

At first, I wrote the code “for i=1:m  
if picstr(350).name(1)=='.'  
continue;  
end  
for hs=10:5:40  
for hr=10:10:90”  
.....  
end  
end  
end

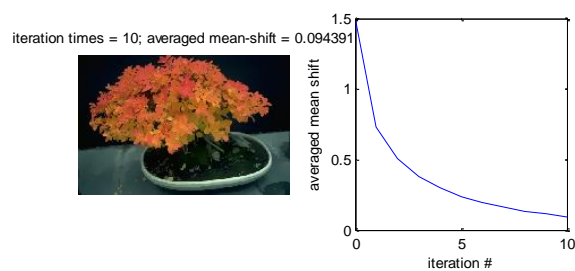
The results show as follow:



Each folder is saved one map. So modify the program, the results is showing:



The part processing image is showing:



### 3、Evaluate segmentation result with groundtruth

Input the label matrixes ( $m \times n$  matrix) from step 2, the groundtruth matrixes ( $m \times n$  matrix) from dataset.

```

clear;
clc;
benchPath = 'E:\meanshift\BSDS500\data\groundTruth\train\';
testPath = 'E:\Meanshift\BSDS500\data\images\train_lab\hs_10';

testList = dir(testPath);
numX = 0;
for i = 1:length(testList)
    if testList(i).name(1)=='.'
        continue;
    end

    numX = numX+1;
    x(1,numX) = str2double(testList(i).name);

    averageBoundaryError = 0;
    averageRI = 0;
    averageVOI = 0;
    averageGCE = 0;
    imageCount = 0;
    testImgPath = [testPath '\\' testList(i).name];
    testImgList = dir(testImgPath);
    for j = 1:length(testImgList)
        if testImgList(j).name(1)=='.'
            continue;
        end
        benchImgName = [benchPath testImgList(j).name];
        testImgName = [testImgPath '\\' testImgList(j).name];
        load(benchImgName);
        load(testImgName);
        imageCount = imageCount + 1;
        imageLabelCell=groundTruth;
        sampleLabels = label_result;
        % Comparison script
        totalBoundaryError = 0;
        sumRI = 0;
        sumVOI = 0;
        sumGCE = 0;

        [imageX, imageY] = size(sampleLabels);
        [benchX, benchY] = size(imageLabelCell{1}.Segmentation);
        for benchIndex=1:length(imageLabelCell)
            benchLabels = imageLabelCell{benchIndex}.Segmentation;

```

```

        totalBoundaryError = totalBoundaryError +
        compare_image_boundary_error(double(benchLabels),
        double(sampleLabels));
        [curRI,curGCE,curVOI] =
        compare_segmentations(sampleLabels,benchLabels);
        sumRI = sumRI + curRI;
        sumVOI = sumVOI + curVOI;
        sumGCE = sumGCE + curGCE;
    end

    % update the averages... note that sumRI /
    length(imageLabelCell) is
    % equivalent to the PRI.
    averageBoundaryError = averageBoundaryError +
    totalBoundaryError / length(imageLabelCell);
    averageRI = averageRI + sumRI / length(imageLabelCell);
    averageVOI = averageVOI + sumVOI / length(imageLabelCell);
    averageGCE = averageGCE + sumGCE / length(imageLabelCell);

end

arrayRI(numX,1) = averageRI/imageCount;
arrayVOI(numX,1) = averageVOI/imageCount;
arrayGCE(numX,1) = averageGCE/imageCount;
arrayBE(numX,1) = averageBoundaryError/imageCount;
end
xNum = 0;
for i =1:length(x)
    if x(1,i)~=100;
        xNum = xNum+1;
        xFinal(1,xNum) = x(1,i);
        arrayRIFinal(xNum,1) = arrayRI(i,1);
        arrayVOIFinal(xNum,1) = arrayVOI(i,1);
        arrayGCEFinal(xNum,1) = arrayGCE(i,1);
        arrayBEFinal(xNum,1) = arrayBE(i,1);
    else
        xFinal(1,length(x)) = x(1,i);
        arrayRIFinal(length(x),1) = arrayRI(i,1);
        arrayVOIFinal(length(x),1) = arrayVOI(i,1);
        arrayGCEFinal(length(x),1) = arrayGCE(i,1);
        arrayBEFinal(length(x),1) = arrayBE(i,1);
    end
end

subplot(221);plot(xFinal,arrayBEFinal,'r'),title('BDE'),xlabel('hs'),

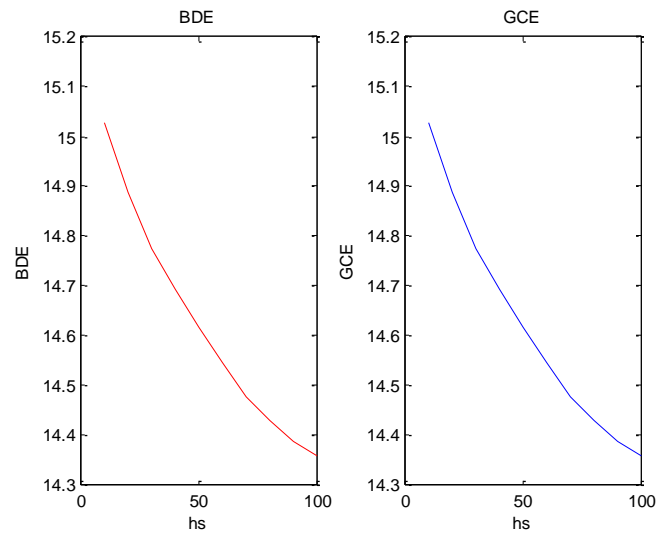
```

```

ylabel('BDE');
subplot(222);plot(xFinal,arrayRIFinal,'k'),title('PRI'),xlabel('hs'),
ylabel('PRI');
subplot(223);plot(xFinal,arrayVOIFinal,'b'),title('VOI'),xlabel('hs'),
ylabel('VOI');
subplot(224);plot(xFinal,arrayBEFinal,'y'),title('GCE'),xlabel('hs'),
ylabel('GCE');

```

The result is showing: Th=0.1      iterate=5      hr=40



Th=0.1      iterate=5      hs=10

