

## Analytics Query Pushdown Using Object-Based Computational Storage

Qing Zheng, Scientist, Los Alamos National Laboratory

6/3/2024

LA-UR-24-25418



#### **Overview**

#### Goal

Rapid insight generation

#### **Problem**

 Scientific analysis often read more data than is necessary

#### **Approach**

Execute queries closer to data using computational storage

#### OCS

**Object-based Computational Storage** 

An effort in exploring an **open** object-based computational storage API for analysis query pushdown

A collaboration between SK hynix, Airmettle,
Neuroblade, and Versity



## Background: Scientific Storage I/O Stack

#### Filesystem over blocks

Popular data formats: VTK, HDF5, NetCDF, ...

- Self-describing
- Columnar (each column is a data array)
- Offset-based data access methods
- Geometry data (points, cells)

Data agnostic erasure protection at filesystem level

Scientific Formats

Filesystem

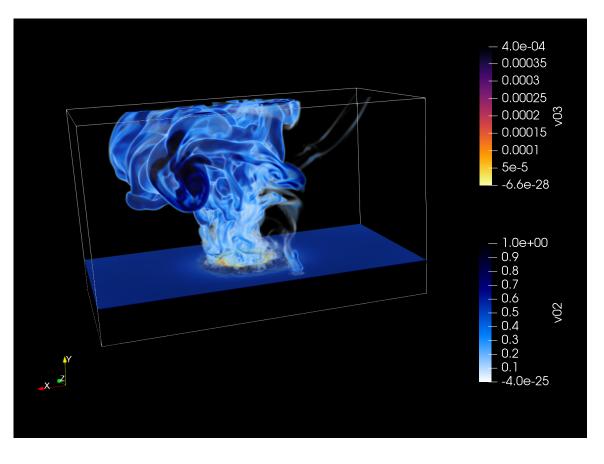
Block Storage



## **Example: Deep Water Asteroid Impact**

Unstructured grid, 216M points, 182M cells, 11 data arrays (columns), 182M rows

		I	
	Column	Type	Description
1	rho	float	density in grams per cubic centimeter
2	prs	float	pressure in microbars
3	tev	float	temperature in electronvolt
4	xdt	float	x component vectors in centimeters per second
5	ydt	float	y component vectors in centimeters per second
6	zdt	float	z component vectors in centimeters per second
7	snd	float	sound speed in centimeters per second
8	grd	float	AMR grid refinement level
9	mat	float	material number id
10	v02	float	volume fraction of water
11	v03	float	volume fraction of asteroid

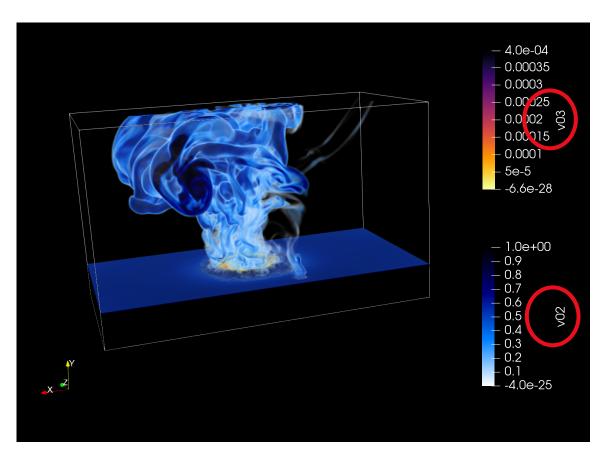




## **Analysis Rarely Uses All Columns**

Existing scientific formats support efficient column skipping (by being columnar)

	Column	Туре	Description
1	rho	float	density in grams per cubic centimeter
2	prs	float	pressure in microbars
3	tev	float	temperature in electronvolt
4	xdt	float	x component vectors in centimeters per second
5	ydt	float	y component vectors in centimeters per second
6	zdt	float	z component vectors in centimeters per second
7	snd	float	sound speed in centimeters per second
8	grd	float	AMR grid refinement level
9	mat	float	material number id
0	v02	float	volume fraction of water
1	v03	float	volume fraction of asteroid

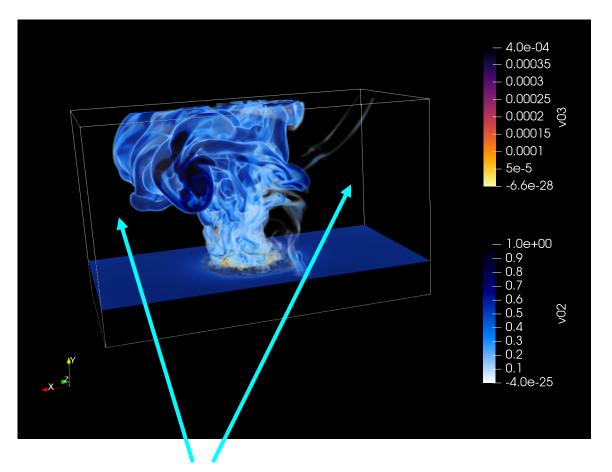




## **How About Row Skipping?**

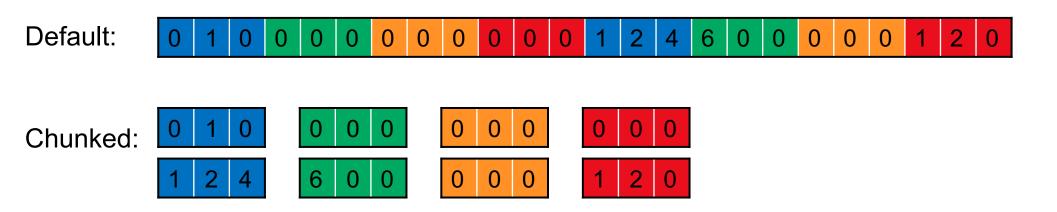
#### Today, all rows are read even when only a few are needed

	Column	Туре	Description
1	rho	float	density in grams per cubic centimeter
2	prs	float	pressure in microbars
3	tev	float	temperature in electronvolt
4	xdt	float	x component vectors in centimeters per second
5	ydt	float	y component vectors in centimeters per second
6	zdt	float	z component vectors in centimeters per second
7	snd	float	sound speed in centimeters per second
8	grd	float	AMR grid refinement level
9	mat	float	material number id
0	v02	float	volume fraction of water
1	v03	float	volume fraction of asteroid





## Mimicking Row Skipping With Chunking & Compression



The hope is for compression to reduce "| 0 | 0 | 0 | " chunks to almost nothing

So that we don't pay much reading them

Purpose of chunking is to allow efficient subarray access (arr[n:m])

Each chunk can be independently de/compressed



### Real World Predicates Are Often More Complex Than Skipping 0's

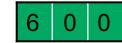
Challenges and opportunities: Complex queries tend to have higher selectivity

- Leaving opportunity for more aggressive data reduction
- And demand for more advanced readers to maximize reduction ratio

For example: SELECT v03 WHERE v03 > 9

- A reader can leverage per-chunk statistics (min/max) values) to skip as many chunks as possible
- Existing scientific codes don't always perform this optimization





min: 1

max: 4

min: 0

max: 6



## Real World Predicates Are Often More Complex Than Skipping 0's

Another example: SELECT v03 WHERE tev > 3.1 AND v02 > v03

- A reader may leverage per-column statistics to estimate the selectivity of each predicate and decide which one to serve as the primary filter
  - Use the primary filter to skip as many chunks as possible
- If user-supplied per-column indexes are available, also use them

Predicate 1

tev > 3.1

Predicate 2

v02 > v03



## **Not Reinventing the Wheel**

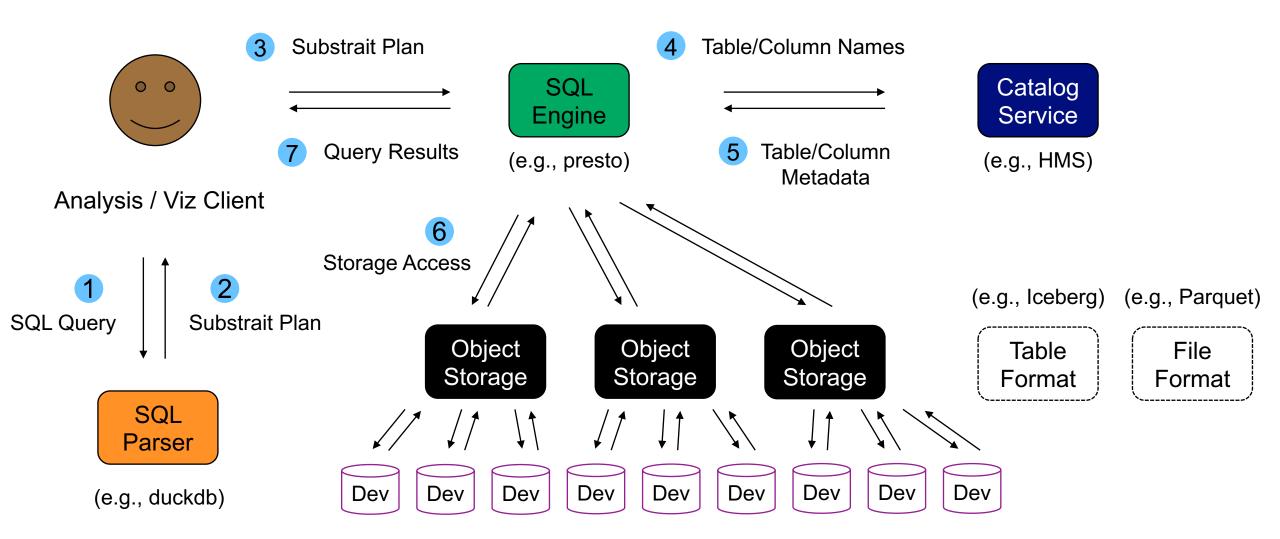
#### Databases know how to best execute a SQL query

Composable databases are increasingly a thing

- SQL parser: Calcite
- Vendor neutral SQL query representation: Substrait
- Open-source SQL engines: Presto, Drill, Spark, Impala, Hive, DuckDB
- Catalog services: HMS (hive metastore)
- Open table formats: Iceberg, Hudi, Delta
- Columnar data formats: Parquet, Arrow, ORC
- Storage: S3 API
- Open query pushdown API for computational storage: ?

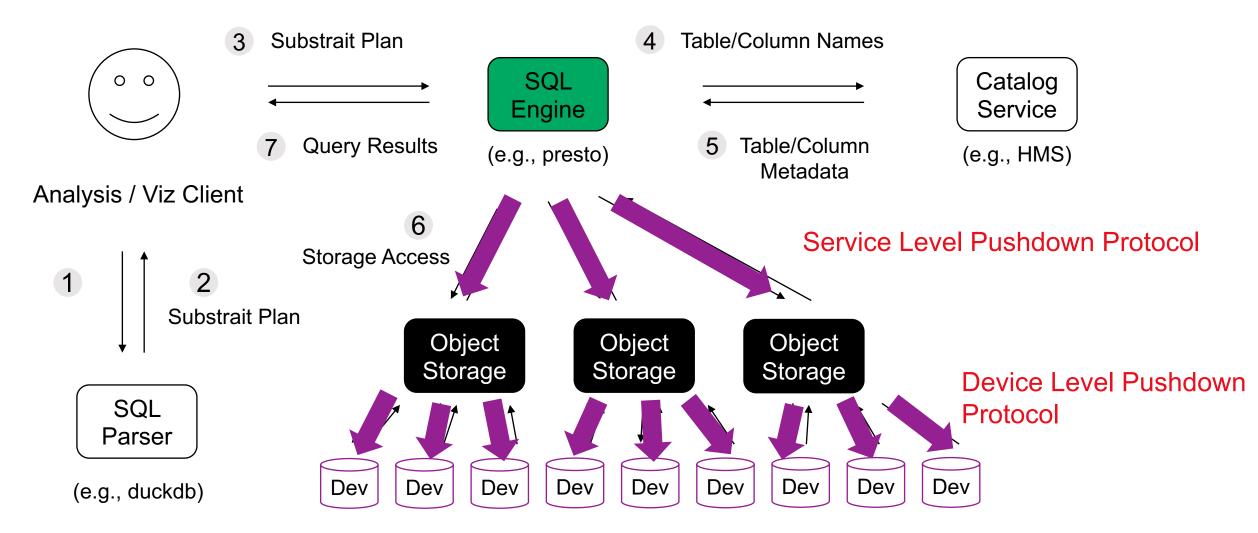


## Converged, Open Analytics Stack for HPC and Non-HPC





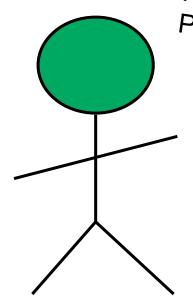
## Open Query Pushdown API for Computational Storage





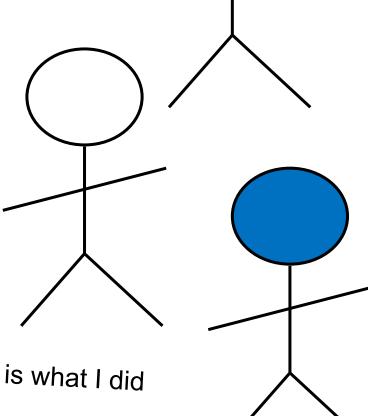
#### **Division of Labor**

I did everything. Here is the result.



Here is my substrait plan. Please run it.

I did nothing. Here is all the data that you might need.

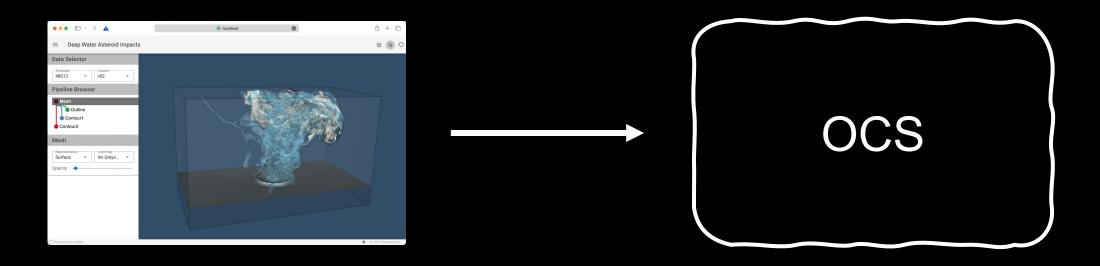


**Upper Layer** 

I did something. Here is what I did and my partial result.

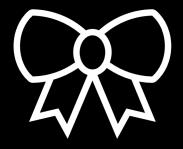


# LANL/SK hynix FMS 2024 Live Demo @ Santa Clara Convention Center



Real-world viz pipeline modified to leverage OCS open analytics stack to coordinate, plan, and run queries

SK hynix's prototype OCS system implementing OCS pushdown APIs





Thank our collaborators: SK hynix, Airmettle, Neuroblade, and Versity

Look forward to seeing you all at FMS 24

