

Assume  $X_1, X_2, \dots, X_n$  are independent and identically distributed random samples from an exponential distribution with the probability density function:

$$f(x) = \frac{1}{\lambda} e^{-\frac{x}{\lambda}}, \quad x \geq 0, \lambda > 0,$$

where  $\lambda$  is the unknown parameter. Define the estimator  $\hat{\lambda}_n = \bar{X}$ , where  $\bar{X} = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n X_i$ .

- Find  $E(\hat{\lambda}_n)$ ,  $B(\hat{\lambda}_n)$  and the  $MSE(\hat{\lambda}_n)$ .
- Prove whether  $\hat{\lambda}_n$  is a consistent estimator.
- Find the maximum likelihood estimator  $\hat{\lambda}_{MLE}$  of  $\lambda$ .
- Find the method of moments estimator  $\hat{\lambda}_{MM}$  for  $\lambda$ .
- Find a sufficient statistic for  $\lambda$ .
- Derive a MVUE for  $\lambda$ .
- Construct a  $1 - \alpha$  confidence interval for  $\lambda$ .
- Design the most powerful  $\alpha$ -level test for  $H_0 : \lambda = \lambda_0$  against  $H_a : \lambda = \lambda_a$ , where  $\lambda_a > \lambda_0$ .
- Is the test designed above uniformly most powerful (UMP) for testing  $H_0 : \lambda = \lambda_0$  against  $H_a : \lambda > \lambda_0$ ?
- Consider the following two estimators:

$$\hat{\lambda}_1 = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n X_i \quad \text{and} \quad \hat{\lambda}_2 = \frac{1}{n-1} \sum_{i=1}^n X_i.$$

- Compare the bias and MSE of  $\hat{\lambda}_1$  and  $\hat{\lambda}_2$ .
- Which estimator is more efficient?