

5557x Wi-Fi 6/6E User Guide

Usage, How To & FAQs

About this document

Scope and purpose

This document serves as a Usage and configuration Guide for the 802.11ax, 6GHz features supported in the <u>Infineon Wi-Fi 6/6E Solutions</u>. Also helps as a quick reference for the some of the frequently asked questions.

Intended audience

This document is primarily intended for those using Infineon Wi-Fi solutions with the Linux host of their choice. It is recommended that the reader have prior experience with Linux kernel wireless networking.

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1 Configure & use 802.11ax features

1.1 SoftAP bringup in 802.11ax

To enable 802.11ax operation in the SoftAP, set the following hostapd.conf params with the appropriate values as shown below for each wireless network type.

S.NO	Description	hostapd.conf parameter
1	Enable the 802.11ax support in SoftAP	ieee80211ax=1
2	Set the channel width as 20/40/80 MHz	he_oper_chwidth=<0/1>
3	Specify the center frequency of the 80MHz channel	he_oper_centr_freq_seg0_idx=39

Reference hostapd.conf for each desired security type and wireless channel config:

SoftAP hostapd conf	OPEN	WPA2	WPA3 SAE	
2G Band CH 6 20 MHz Primary CH 6	ctrl_interface=/var/run/hostapd interface=wlan0 driver=n180211 ssid=IFX-AX-OPEN-20MHz-2G channe1=6 hw_mode=g wmm_enabled=1 ieee80211n=1 ht_capab=[SHORT-GI-20] ieee80211ac=1 vht_oper_chwidth=0 vht_oper_centr_freq_seg0_idx=6 # HE confs ieee80211ax=1 he_oper_chwidth=0 he_oper_centr_freq_seg0_idx=6	ctrl_interface=/var/run/hostapd interface=wlan0 driver=nl80211 ssid=IFX-AX-WPA2-20MHz-2G channel=6 hw_mode=g wmm_enabled=1 ieee80211n=1 ht_capab=[SHORT-GI-20] ieee80211ac=1 vht_oper_chwidth=0 vht_oper_centr_freq_seg0_idx=6 # HE confs ieee80211ax=1 he_oper_chwidth=0 he_oper_centr_freq_seg0_idx=6 # WPA2 confs wpa=2 rsn_pairwise=CCMP wpa_key_mgmt=WPA-PSK wpa_passphrase=1234567890	ctrl_interface=/var/run/hostapd interface=wlan0 driver=n180211 ssid=IFX-AX-WPA3-20MHz-2G channel=6 hw_mode=g wmm_enabled=1 ieee80211n=1 ht_capab=[SHORT-GI-20] ieee80211ac=1 vht_oper_chwidth=0 vht_oper_centr_freq_seg0_idx=6 # HE confs ieee80211ax=1 he_oper_chwidth=0 he_oper_centr_freq_seg0_idx=6 # WPA3 confs wpa=2 sae_pwe=2 sae_pwe=2 sae_groups=19 ieee80211w=2 rsn_pairwise=CCMP wpa_key_mgmt=SAE	
CH 36 20 MHz Primary CH 36 Primary CH 36 Ctrl_interface=/var/run/hostapd interface=wlan0 driver=n180211 ssid=IFX-AX-OPEN-20MHz-5G channel=36 hw_mode=a wmm_enabled=1 ieee80211n=1 ht_capab=[SHORT-GI-20] ieee80211ac=1 vht_oper_chwidth=0 vht_oper_centr_freq_seg0_idx=36 # HE confs ieee80211ax=1 he_oper_chwidth=0 he_oper_centr_freq_seg0_idx=36		ctrl_interface=/var/run/hostapd interface=wlan0 driver=n180211 ssid=IFX-AX-WPA2-20MHz-5G channel=36 hw_mode=a wmm_enabled=1 ieee80211n=1 ht_capab=[SHORT-GI-20] ieee80211ac=1 vht_oper_chwidth=0 vht_oper_centr_freq_seg0_idx=36 # HE confs ieee80211ax=1 he_oper_chwidth=0 he_oper_centr_freq_seg0_idx=36	ctrl_interface=/var/run/hostapd interface=wlan0 driver=nl80211 ssid=IFX-AX-WPA3-20MHz-5G channel=36 hw_mode=a wmm_enabled=1 ieee80211n=1 ht_capab=[SHORT-GI-20] ieee80211ac=1 vht_oper_chwidth=0 vht_oper_centr_freq_seg0_idx=36 # HE confs ieee80211ax=1 he_oper_chwidth=0 he_oper_centr_freq_seg0_idx=36	

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SoftAP hostapd conf	OPEN	WPA2	WPA3 SAE
		# WPA2 confs wpa=2 rsn_pairwise=CCMP wpa_key_mgmt=WPA-PSK wpa_passphrase=1234567890	# WPA3 confs wpa=2 sae_pwe=2 sae_groups=19 ieee80211w=2 rsn_pairwise=CCMP wpa_key_ngmt=SAE sae_password=1234567890
5G Band CH 46 10 MHz	ctrl_interface=/var/run/hostapd	ctrl_interface=/var/run/hostapd	ctrl_interface=/var/run/hostapd
Dodmanı	interface=wlan0 driver=n180211	interface=wlan0 driver=n180211	interface=wlan0 driver=n180211
Primary CH 48	ssid=IFX-AX-OPEN-40MHz-5G channel=48 hw_mode=a wmm_enabled=1 ieee80211n=1 ht_capab=[HT40-] ieee80211ac=1	ssid=IFX-AX-WPA2-40MHz-5G channel=48 hw_mode=a wmm_enabled=1 ieee80211n=1 ht_capab=[HT40-] ieee80211ac=1	<pre>ssid=IFX-AX-WPA3-40MHz-5G channel=48 hw_mode=a wmm_enabled=1 ieee80211n=1 ht_capab=[HT40-] ieee80211ac=1</pre>
	<pre>vht_oper_chwidth=0 vht_oper_centr_freq_seg0_idx=46 # HE confs</pre>	<pre>vht_oper_chwidth=0 vht_oper_centr_freq_seg0_idx=46 # HE confs</pre>	vht_oper_chwidth=0 vht_oper_centr_freq_seg0_idx=46
	ieee80211ax=1	# HE CONIS ieee80211ax=1	# HE confs ieee80211ax=1
	he_oper_chwidth=0	he_oper_chwidth=0	he oper chwidth=0
	he_oper_centr_freq_seg0_idx=46	he_oper_centr_freq_seg0_idx=46	he_oper_centr_freq_seg0_idx=46
		# WPA2 confs wpa=2 rsn_pairwise=CCMP wpa_key_mgmt=WPA-PSK wpa_passphrase=1234567890	# WPA3 confs wpa=2 sae_pwe=2 sae_groups=19 ieee80211w=2 rsn_pairwise=CCMP wpa_key_mgmt=SAE sae_password=1234567890
5G Band CH 42	ctrl interface=/var/run/hostapd	ctrl interface=/var/run/hostapd	ctrl interface=/var/run/hostapd
80 MHz Primary	interface=wlan0 driver=nl80211	interface=wlan0 driver=n180211	interface=wlan0 driver=n180211
CH 36	ssid=IFX-AX-OPEN-80MHz-5G channel=36 hw_mode=a wmm_enabled=1	ssid=IFX-AX-WPA2-80MHz-5G channel=36 hw_mode=a	ssid=IFX-AX-WPA3-80MHz-5G channel=36 hw_mode=a
	ieee80211n=1 ht_capab=[HT40+][HT40-]	<pre>wmm_enabled=1 ieee80211n=1 ht_capab=[HT40+][HT40-] ieee80211ac=1</pre>	wmm_enabled=1 ieee80211n=1 ht_capab=[HT40+][HT40-]
	<pre>ieee80211ac=1 vht_oper_chwidth=1 vht_oper_centr_freq_seg0_idx=42</pre>	vht_oper_chwidth=1 vht_oper_centr_freq_seg0_idx=42	<pre>ieee80211ac=1 vht_oper_chwidth=1 vht_oper_centr_freq_seg0_idx=42</pre>
	# HE confs	# HE confs	# HE confs
	ieee80211ax=1	ieee80211ax=1	ieee80211ax=1
	he_oper_chwidth=1 he_oper_centr_freq_seg0_idx=42	he_oper_chwidth=1 he_oper_centr_freq_seg0_idx=42	he_oper_chwidth=1 he_oper_centr_freq_seg0_idx=42
		# WPA2 confs wpa=2 rsn_pairwise=CCMP wpa_key_mgmt=WPA-PSK wpa_passphrase=1234567890	# WPA3 confs wpa=2 sae_pwe=2 sae_groups=19 ieee80211w=2 rsn_pairwise=CCMP wpa_key_mgmt=SAE sae_password=1234567890



1.2 STA association in 802.11ax

To discover the available APs using scan and to connect with a desired 802.11ax AP, use the following sample wpa_supplicant.conf files corresponding to each of the SoftAP Conf files mentioned in the previous section.

STA wpa_sup plicant conf	OPEN	WPA2	WPA3 SAE	WPA3 OWE	
2G Band CH 6 20 MHz Primary CH 6	ctrl_interface=/var/run/wpa_su pplicant network={ ssid="IFX-AX-OPEN- 20MHz-2G" key_mgmt=NONE }	ctrl_interface=/var/run/wpa_supp licant network={	ctrl_interface=/var/run/wpa_supp licant sae_groups=19 sae_pwe=2 network={ ssid="IFX-AX-WPA3-20MHz- 2G" proto=RSN pairwise=CCMP ieee80211w=2 key_mgmt=SAE sae_password="1234567890" }	<pre>ctrl_interface=/var/run/wpa_sup plicant network={</pre>	
5G Band CH 36 20 MHz Primary CH 36	ctrl_interface=/var/run/wpa_su pplicant network={ ssid="IFX-AX-OPEN- 20MHz-5G" key_mgmt=NONE }	ctrl_interface=/var/run/wpa_supp licant network={ ssid="IFX-AX-WPA2-20MHz- 5G" proto=WPA2 pairwise=CCMP key_mgmt=WPA-PSK psk="1234567890" }	ctrl_interface=/var/run/wpa_supp licant sae_groups=19 sae_pwe=2 network={ ssid="IFX-AX-WPA3-20MHz- 5G" proto=RSN pairwise=CCMP ieee80211w=2 key_mgmt=SAE sae_password="1234567890" }	<pre>ctrl_interface=/var/run/wpa_sup plicant network={</pre>	
5G Band CH 46 40 MHz Primary CH 48	ctrl_interface=/var/run/wpa_su pplicant network={ ssid="IFX-AX-OPEN- 40MHz-5G" key_mgmt=NONE }	<pre>ctrl_interface=/var/run/wpa_supp licant network={</pre>	ctrl_interface=/var/run/wpa_supp licant sae_groups=19 sae_pwe=2 network={ ssid="IFX-AX-WPA3-40MHz- 5G" proto=RSN pairwise=CCMP ieee80211w=2 key_mgmt=SAE sae_password="1234567890" }	<pre>ctrl_interface=/var/run/wpa_sup plicant network={</pre>	
SG Band CH 42 80 MHz Primary CH 36	ctrl_interface=/var/run/wpa_su pplicant network={ ssid="IFX-AX-OPEN- 80MHz-5G" key_mgmt=NONE }	<pre>ctrl_interface=/var/run/wpa_supp licant network={</pre>	ctrl_interface=/var/run/wpa_supp licant sae_groups=19 sae_pwe=2 network={ ssid="IFX-AX-WPA3-80MHz- 5G" proto=RSN pairwise=CCMP ieee80211w=2 key_mgmt=SAE sae_password="1234567890" }	ctrl_interface=/var/run/wpa_sup plicant network={	

1.3 Target Wake Time (TWT) in STA

The Target Wake Time feature part of the 802.11ax standard address few of the drawbacks in the existing power save mechanisms by having a wake schedule agreement with the AP. There are two types of TWT agreements: individual (iTWT) and broadcast (bTWT). Individual TWT agreement is an agreement negotiated between an AP and an individual STA. Wheras, in Broadcast TWT agreement, the AP Sets up a TWT SP with multiple STAs and advertises the existing broadcast TWT agreement params in beacons.

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1.3.1 Auto iTWT session Setup & Teardown in STA

Enabling Auto/Default iTWT session helps in establishing an iTWT session, after the STA successfully associated with a TWT capable AP. This feature can be controlled using the following wpa_supplicant.conf global parameter "twt_def_algo".

	Description	TWT parameters	chosen implicitly for t	he Auto iTWT session
twt_def_algo=<0/1/2>		2G Band	5G Band	6G Band
0	No Default iTWT	NA	NA	NA
1	Default iTWT session suitable for a connection with "idle" traffic	SP: 2 ms SI: 614.4 ms Setup cmd: Demand Trigger Enabled Implicit Un-Announced	SP: 512 us SI: 614.4 ms Setup cmd: Demand Trigger Enabled Implicit Un-Announced	SP: 512 us SI: 614.4 ms Setup cmd: Demand Trigger Enabled Implicit Un-Announced
2	Default iTWT session suitable for a connection with "active" traffic	SP: 8 ms SI: 50 ms Setup cmd: Demand Trigger Enabled Implicit Un-Announced	SP: 8 ms SI: 50 ms Setup cmd: Demand Trigger Enabled Implicit Un-Announced	SP: 8 ms SI: 50 ms Setup cmd: Demand Trigger Enabled Implicit Un-Announced

After association, the default iTWT session is established automatically and post Disassociation, all the iTWT sessions established by the STA gets teardowned.

1.3.2 Manual iTWT Session Setup in STA

In the case when Auto iTWT session is disabled, the iTWT sessions can be manually setup using wpa_cli cmds listed below.

S.NO	Desired iTWT session	wpa_cli cmd to run on STA
1	SP: 2 ms SI: 614.4 ms Setup cmd: Demand Trigger Enabled Implicit Un-Announced	<pre>wpa_cli >twt_setup setup_cmd=2 min_twt=8 mantissa=600 exponent=10 trigger=1 implicit=1 flow_type=1</pre>
2	SP: 512 us SI: 614.4 ms Setup cmd: Demand Trigger Enabled Implicit Un-Announced Specific TWT (in TSF 81549894459)	<pre>wpa_cli > twt_setup setup_cmd=2 min_twt=2 mantissa=600 exponent=10 trigger=1 implicit=1 flow_type=1 twt=81549894459</pre>
3	SP: 512 us SI: 614.4 ms Setup cmd: Demand Trigger Enabled Implicit Un-Announced Specific TWT (in TSF Offset 20.48 ms)	<pre>wpa_cli > twt_setup setup_cmd=2 min_twt=2 mantissa=600 exponent=10 trigger=1 implicit=1 flow_type=1 twt_offset=204800</pre>
4	SP: 8 ms SI: 50 ms Setup cmd: Demand Trigger Enabled Implicit Un-Announced With Specific Flow ID 5	<pre>wpa_cli >twt_setup setup_cmd=2 min_twt=31 mantissa=50000 exponent=0 trigger=1 implicit=1 flow_type=1 flow_id=5</pre>

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S.NO	Desired iTWT session	wpa_cli cmd to run on STA
5	SP: 8 ms SI: 50 ms	wpa_cli >twt_setup_setup_cmd=1 min_twt=31 mantissa=50000
	Setup cmd: Suggest	exponent=0 trigger=1 implicit=1 flow_type=1
	Trigger Enabled	
	Implicit	
	Un-Announced	
6	SP: 8 ms SI: 50 ms	wpa_cli >twt_setup_setup_cmd=0 min_twt=31 mantissa=50000
	Setup cmd: Request	exponent=0 trigger=1 implicit=1 flow_type=1
	Trigger Enabled	
	Implicit	
	Un-Announced	

1.3.3 Manual iTWT Session Teardown in STA

Irrespective of Auto iTWT session being enabled/disabled, the current active iTWT sessions can be manually teardowned using wpa_cli cmds listed below.

S.NO iTWT session to be Teardowned		wpa_cli cmd to run on STA
1	iTWT session Flow ID 3 on the STA	wpa_cli > twt_teardown flags=03
2	Teardown all the active iTWT session on the STA	<pre>wpa_cli > twt_teardown flags=128</pre>

1.4 Basic Service Set Color (BSS Color) in SoftAP

With this 802.11ax feature, the AP & STAs can classify whether the received HE PPDU frames are intra/inter BSS transmission frames. This helps the devices to avoid decoding specific inter BSS PPDUs and go ahead with the frame transmission under specific scenarios.

In a SoftAP to select a specific BSS color between "1-63", use the following hostapd.conf param(s)

ieee80211ax=1
he_bss_color=<1-63>

1.5 Multi User – Enhanced Distributed Channel Access (MU-EDCA) in STA

In an 802.11ax network, for the STAs to do an Uplink Multi User transmission, the medium must be reserved by the AP using contention and then a Multi User Ready to Send (MU-RTS) or Trigger frame has to be sent to the STAs. For the 802.11ax AP to have a granular control over the medium contention, few MU EDCA parameters are newly introduced and advertised by the AP to STAs using the beacon IEs.

The MU-EDCA functionality in the STA can be toggled with an IFX Vendor NL80211 subcmd using the "iw" utility

S.NO	Description	iw utility cmd to run on STA							
1	Check if MU-EDCA is enabled	\$ iw	dev	<iface></iface>	vendor	recv	0x000319	0xb	0xa
2	Enable MU-EDCA functionality	\$ iw	dev	<iface></iface>	vendor	send	0x000319	0xb	0x1
3	Disable MU-EDCA functionality	\$ iw	dev	<iface></iface>	vendor	send	0x000319	0xb	0x0



2 Configure & Use 6GHz Band Support

The 55573 chip has the triband capability and can operate in the 6GHz Band from CH 1 to CH 233 with 20, 40 & 80MHz Bandwidth.

2.1 Disable the 6GHz operation

To restrict the 6GHz band support in a Triband capable chip for all modes of operation, use the kernel module param "disable_6ghz" available in brcmfmac driver.

Description	Kernel module param to use during insmod in SoftAP / STA
Disable 6GHz band support	<pre>\$ insmod ./brcmfmac.ko disable_6ghz=1 <other module="" params=""></other></pre>
Enable 6GHz band support. Default if the chip supports it.	<pre>\$ insmod ./brcmfmac.ko <other module="" params=""></other></pre>
F F F	\$ insmod ./brcmfmac.ko disable_6ghz=0 <other module="" params=""></other>

Once the 6GHz support is disabled, check the output of "**\$ iw phy**" cmd and confirm that "**Band 4"** is not listed under supported bands list.

2.2 SoftAP bringup in 6GHz

Open & WPA2 security modes are restricted in 6GHz Band, so the following hostapd conf sample is only specific to WPA3 security.

6G Band CH 1 20 MHz WPA3 SAE	6G Band CH 3 40 MHz WPA3 SAE	6G Band CH 7 80 MHz WPA3 SAE		
Primary CH 1	Primary CH 5	Primary CH 13		
ctrl interface=/var/run/hostapd	ctrl interface=/var/run/hostapd	ctrl interface=/var/run/hostapo		
interface=wlan0	interface=wlan0	interface=wlan0		
driver=n180211	driver=n180211	driver=n180211		
ssid=IFX-AX-WPA3-20MHz-6G	ssid=TFX-AX-WPA3-40MHz-6G	ssid=IFX-AX-WPA3-80MHz-6G		
channel=1	channel=5	channel=13		
op class=131	op class=132	op class=133		
hw mode=a	hw mode=a	hw mode=a		
wmm_enabled=1	wmm_enabled=1	wmm_enabled=1		
# HE confs	# HE confs	# HE confs		
ieee80211ax=1	ieee80211ax=1	ieee80211ax=1		
he_oper_chwidth=0	he_oper_chwidth=0	he_oper_chwidth=1		
he_oper_centr_freq_seg0_idx=1	he_oper_centr_freq_seg0_idx=3	he_oper_centr_freq_seg0_idx=7		
he_6ghz_rx_ant_pat=0	he_6ghz_rx_ant_pat=0	he_6ghz_rx_ant_pat=0		
he_6ghz_tx_ant_pat=0	he_6ghz_tx_ant_pat=0	he_6ghz_tx_ant_pat=0		
# WPA3 confs	# WPA3 confs	# WPA3 confs		
wpa=2	wpa=2	wpa=2		
sae_pwe=2	sae_pwe=2	sae_pwe=2		
sae_groups=19	sae_groups=19	sae_groups=19		
ieee80211w=2	ieee80211w=2	ieee80211w=2		
rsn_pairwise=CCMP	rsn_pairwise=CCMP	rsn_pairwise=CCMP		
wpa_key_mgmt=SAE	wpa_key_mgmt=SAE	wpa_key_mgmt=SAE		
sae password=1234567890	sae password=1234567890	sae password=1234567890		



2.3 STA association in 6GHz

To discover the available APs using scan and connect to a desired 6GHz AP, use the following sample wpa_supplicant.conf files. Open & WPA2 security modes are restricted in 6GHz Band, so the following sample is only specific to WPA3 security.

STA wpa_supplicant conf	WPA3 SAE	WPA3 OWE
To discover a desired AP by initiating a scan on all 2G, all 5G & all 6G channels and associate with it in WPA3 security	ctrl_interface=/var/run/wpa_supplicant sae_groups=19 sae_pwe=2	ctrl_interface=/var/run/wpa_supplicant
	<pre>network={ ssid="IFX-AX-WPA3-80MHz-6G" proto=RSN pairwise=CCMP ieee80211w=2 key_mgmt=SAE sae_password="1234567890" }</pre>	<pre>network={ ssid="IFX-AX-OWE-80MHz-6G" ieee80211w=2 key_mgmt=OWE }</pre>
To discover a desired AP by initiating a scan on all 2G, all 5G & only 15 6G PSC channels and associate with it in WPA3 security.	ctrl_interface=/var/run/wpa_supplicant sae_groups=19 sae_pwe=2	ctrl_interface=/var/run/wpa_supplicant
Only the frequencies passed on the "scan_freq" wpa_supplicant conf param will be included in the first scan triggered after the wpa_supplicant process init. This helps in avoiding scanning all the 6G non-PSC channels and effectively reduces initial STA discover an associate duration.	<pre>network={ ssid="IFX-AX-WPA3-80MHz-66" proto=RSN pairwise=CCMP ieee80211w=2 key_mgmt=SAE sae_password="1234567890"</pre>	network={ ssid="IFX-AX-OWE-80MHz-6G" ieee80211w=2 key_mgmt=OWE
	scan_freq=2412 2417 2422 2427 2432 2437 2442 2447 2452 2457 2462 5180 5200 5220 5240 5260 5280 5300 5320 5500 5520 5540 5560 5580 5600 5620 5640 5660 5680 5700 5720 5745 5765 5785 5805 5825 5975 6055 6135 6215 6295 6375 6455 6535 6615 6695 6775 6855 6935 7015 7095 }	scan_freq=2412 2417 2422 2427 2432 2437 2442 2447 2452 2457 2462 5180 5200 5220 5240 5260 5280 5300 5320 5500 5520 5540 5560 5580 5600 5620 5640 5660 5680 5700 5720 5745 5765 5785 5805 5825 5975 6055 6135 6215 6295 6375 6455 6535 6615 6695 6775 6855 6935 7015 7095 }

2.3.1 Trigger a 6GHz scan in STA

To Trigger a scan on the 15 6G PSC channels

```
$ wpa_cli > scan freq=5975,6055,6135,6215,6295,6375,6455,6535,6615,6695,6775,6855,6935,7015,7095
```

To Trigger a scan on all the 59 6G PSC & Non-PSC channels

```
$ wpa_cli > scan freq=5935-7115
```

2.3.2 Trigger a Triband scan in STA

To Trigger a scan on the all 2G, all 5G & only 15 6G PSC channels

```
$ wpa_cli > scan freq=2400-2500,5100-5900,5975,6055,6135,6215,6295,6375,6455,6535,6615,6695,6775,6855,6935,
7015.7095
```

To Trigger a scan on all 2G, all 5G & all 6G channels

```
$ wpa cli > scan
```



3 Configure & use other features

3.1 Optimized Connectivity Experience (OCE)

OCE helps in reducing the time taken for the discovering the desired network and roaming using FILS. And with this, a relatively better BSS can be selected based on the link quality metric assessment.

The OCE functionality in the STA can be toggled with an IFX Vendor NL80211 subcmd using the "iw" utility

S.NO	Description	Iw utility cmd to run on STA	
1	Check if OCE is enabled	\$ iw dev <iface> vendor recv 0x000319</iface>	0xf 0xa
2	Enable OCE functionality	<pre>\$ iw dev <iface> vendor send 0x000319</iface></pre>	0xf 0x1
3	Disable OCE functionality	<pre>\$ iw dev <iface> vendor send 0x000319</iface></pre>	0xf 0x0

3.2 Multi Band Operation (MBO)

MBO also knows as Agile Multiband helps in the efficient usage of the available spectrum. This feature certifies the interoperability of a bundle of features that are defined by the IEEE standard amendments 802.11k, 802.11v, and 802.11u, as well as the Wi-Fi-Alliance defined specifications. These technologies are used to exchange access points (AP), band, and channel preferences, link quality, and status information between AP and client device.

Usage of "wpa_cli mbo" cmd:

 $\$ wpa_cli mbo [cmd_id=1|2|4] [oper_class=<value defined by IEEE>] [pref_val=0|1|255] [reason_code=<reason-u8>] [chan=<channel id>] [cell_cap=1|2] [enable=0|1] [notif_type=2|3]

3.2.1 Add Band/Channel Preference

Command to add band/channel preference. Each unique combination considered as one entry and duplicate entry are ignored. This is a BSS specific command. "Preference" & "reason code" of the command executed at the latest will override earlier one.

Pref_val	Description	
1	non-operable band/chan	
2	non-operable band/chan	
3	preferred band/chan	

reason_code	Description	
0	Unspecified	
1	Beacon Strength	
2	Co-located Interference	
3	In-device Interference	
4-255	Reserved	

\$ wpa_cli -i wlan0 mbo cmd_id=1 oper_class=115 chan=44 pref_val=0 reason_code=0

3.2.2 Delete Band/Channel Preference

Command to delete configured band/channel entries. This is a BSS specific command.

\$ wpa_cli -i wlan0 mbo cmd_id=2 oper_class=115 chan=44



4 Frequently Asked Questions (FAQs)

4.1 Q: How to find if the STA associated to the AP is in fact operating in 802.11ax mode?

A: In the "\$ wpa_cli status", look for a parameter named "wifi_generation" and this would be set to a value "6".

\$ wpa_cli > status bssid=<bssid> freq=5180 ssid=IFX-AX-WPA3-80MHz-5G id=0 mode=station wifi_generation=6 pairwise_cipher=CCMP group_cipher=CCMP key_mgmt=SAE pmf=2 mgmt_group_cipher=BIP sae_group=19 sae_h2e=1 sae_pk=0 wpa_state=COMPLETED p2p_device_address=<p2p dev address> address=<address> uuid=<uuid> ieee80211ax=1

4.2 Q: How to verify whether the selected BSS color value is successfully set in the 802.11ax SoftAP

A: Query the currently set BSS color value using the "iw" utility in the STA & SoftAP.

\$ iw dev <iface> vendor recv 0x000319 0x10 0xa vendor response: 32 00 00 00

The received response is 32, so the corresponding BSS color value in Decimal is "50". The other option is to check the BSS color advertised by the SoftAP in the "HE Operation" IE of the HE Beacon.

4.3 Q: When operating as a 6GHz STA, sometimes the STA disconnects with the AP automatically.

A: This could be because of the change in the regulatory domain. And this happens when the regulatory Database files installed in the Host System is very old and incompatible with the cfg80211 that is being used. Avoid this issue by removing/renaming the following files from the Host platform.

/lib/firmware/regulatory.db /lib/firmware/regulatory.db.p7s /usr/lib/crda/regulatory.bin

Revision history

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