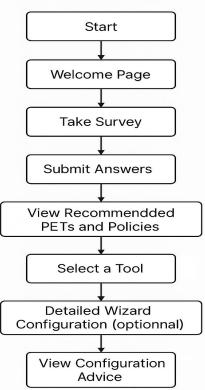
## PET Advisor: Privacy Enhancing Technologies Recommendation Tool

 Webform Interactive survey and guidance tool



#### Tool Overview: Dynamic survey, automatic recommendations

#### **User Flow Diagram**



# PET Advisor

Your interactive guide to privacy-enhancing technologies

#### Welcome to PET Advisor

Answer a few quick questions about your data, risk profile, and compliance needs, and we'll generate a customized set of privacy-enhancing techniques—plus the key legal and regulatory measures you should follow—for your project!

Start Survey →

#### Questions Structure

#### Question 2 of 27

How accurate do results need to be?

- Exact counts (0% error)
- ±1-2% error
- +5-10% error

#### **Question 3 of 27**

How fast must your data analytics results appear?

- Real-time/interactive
- Same-day batch
- Weekly/monthly

#### **Question 12 of 27**

Do you collect or process information about people in the European Economic Area (EU/EEA)?

- O Yes
- No

# Final Output

Recommended Privacy Techniques: technology that most fit the customer needs

Legal & Regulatory Framework: legal protection can be utilized to protect users privacy, but also is the legal responsibility for the user

#### **Excluded by Your Constraints:**

Explanation for the ruling out privacy tools

**Configure a tool**: Further explanation for the chosen tool

# **Recommended Privacy Techniques** Differential Privacy k-anonymity/l-diversity **Legal & Regulatory Framework** HIPAA compliance FERPA compliance FOIA compliance COPPA compliance **GDPR** compliance **Excluded by Your Constraints** Secure Multi-Party Computation. Synthetic Data Generation (vetoed by Must every published statistic be traceable 1:1 back to raw records? → Yes) Trusted Execution Environments (vetoed by Could you use third parties hardware enclaves? → No)

#### Configure a tool:

Differential Privacy Guidance k-anonymity/l-diversity Guidance

# Database:

1	Question	Answer Option
2	Could you use third parties hardware enclaves?	Yes
3	Could you use third parties hardware enclaves?	No
4	How accurate do results need to be?	Exact counts (0% error)
5	How accurate do results need to be?	±1-2% error
6	How accurate do results need to be?	±5-10% error
7	How fast must your data analytics results appear?	Real-time/interactive
8	How fast must your data analytics results appear?	Same-day batch
9	How fast must your data analytics results appear?	Weekly/monthly
10	If real-time or interactive results are needed, how do you plan to protect the data during processing and transmissio	I want hardware-based secure environments to protect data in real-time.
11	If real-time or interactive results are needed, how do you plan to protect the data during processing and transmissio	I want lightweight mathematical protection with fast outputs, even if it's a
12	If real-time or interactive results are needed, how do you plan to protect the data during processing and transmissio	I mainly need to encrypt the data in transit and storage, without adding sigr

Reconnended Techniques	Dealbreakers
k-anonymity/1-diversity; Differential Privacy; Trusted Execution Environments; Secure Multi-Party Computation; private-key cryptography; public-key crypt	ography
Differential Privacy; Secure Multi-Party Computation; private-key cryptography; public-key cryptography]; k-anonymity/1-diversity	Trusted Execution Environments
Secure Multi-Party Computation; Trusted Execution Environments;	Differential Privacy; Synthetic Data Generation
Differential Privacy; k-anonymity/l-diversity;	
Differential Privacy; Synthetic Data Generation	
Trusted Execution Environments; Differential Privacy; private-key cryptography; private-key cryptography; private-key crypt	ograpublic-key cryptography
Differential Privacy; k-anonymity/l-diversity; public-key cryptography; public-key cryptography; public-key cryptography; Secure Multi-Party Computat	ion
Secure Multi-Party Computation; Trusted Execution Environments	
Trusted Execution Environments; Trusted Execution Environments; Trusted Execution Environments; private-key crytography	
Differential Privacy; Differential Privacy; Differential Privacy; private-key crytography	
private-key cryptography; private-key crypto	raphy
Secure Multi-Party Computation, Trusted Execution Environments; private-key cryptography	
Differential Privacy	
k-anonymity/l-diversity; Differential Privacy	

#### Look into the database:

#### Question:

How	accurate	do	results	need	to	be?	A
How	accurate	do	results	need	to	be?	R
	accurate						

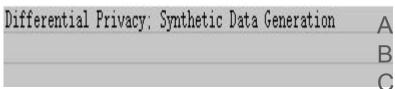
#### Answer options:

Exact counts (OW error)	A
±1-2% error	В
±5-10% error	С

#### Recommend technique:

	$\Delta$
Differential Privacy; k-anonymity/l-diversity;	R
Differential Privacy; Synthetic Data Generation	

#### Dealbreaker:



# Decision making logic

- -- Each survey answer maps to one or more privacy techniques(PT).
- -- When selected, each mapped PTs gets +1 point.
- -- Scores accumulate as user answers.
- -- At the end, PTs are ranked by total score.
- -- Top PTs are recommended.

#### Question on the web app:

# Question 2 of 27 How accurate do results need to be? Exact counts (0% error) ±1–2% error ±5–10% error

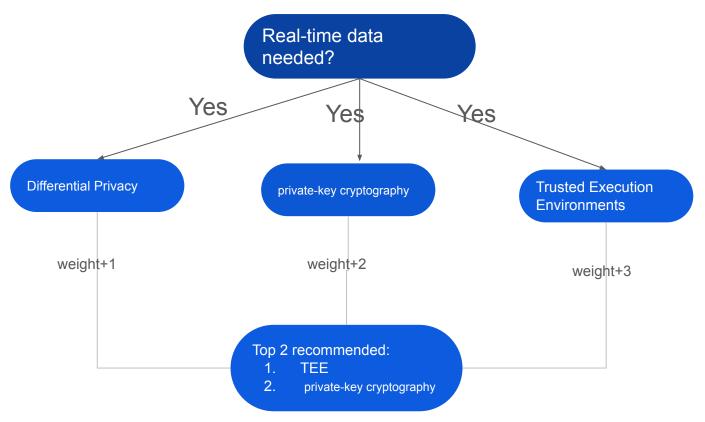
#### Question in the database looks like:

How accurate do results need to be?
How accurate do results need to be?
How accurate do results need to be?

#### add the following elements weight to the model

Secure Multi-Party Computation; Trusted Execution Environments;	
Differential Privacy; k-anonymity/l-diversity;	
Differential Privacy; Synthetic Data Generation	

#### Example



## Question and answers - specific, meaningful and user-friendly

For example,

"If you share data externally, how much do you trust these partners?",

"No trust": Prefer locally process the data, (DP,TEE)

"Low trust": map strongly to recommend Secure Multiparty Computation (MPC) with a higher weight (e.g., weight = 3).

"High trust": All techniques can be recommend

# Law implements



#### Question in the database looks like:

Do you collect or process information about California residents or households?	Yes
Do you collect or process information about California residents or households?	No

We process Legal protection differently. Instead of counting the weight, we suggest the Legal tool if it appears.

## **Model Details**

- Backend: Flask (Python) manages data flow, question processing, and results generation.
- Data Source: privacy.xlsx contains questions, answer options, and recommendation mappings.
- Frontend: Vue.js (JavaScript)
   handles dynamic survey pages,
   progress tracking, and user inputs.
- Styling: Bootstrap 5 and custom CSS ensure responsive, clean design.



# Code(partially): Loading data, extracting each column connect to the user interference

```
5
    # Configuration & data load
    DATA FILE = Path( file ).parent / "privacy.xlsx"
    df = pd.read excel(DATA FILE)
    deal col = next(
        (c for c in df.columns if "deal" in c.lower()),
4
        None
5
    deal map: dict[str, dict[str, list[str]]] = {}
  v if deal col:
        for , row in df.iterrows():
9
            q = row["Question"].strip()
0
            a = str(row["Answer Option"]).strip()
            raw = row.get(deal col, "")
                                                    # e.g. "MPC: Differential Privacy"
2
            if pd.isna(raw) or not raw:
3 ×
                continue
            pets = [p.strip() for p in str(raw).split(";") if p.strip()]
5
6
            if pets:
                deal map.setdefault(q, {})[a] = pets
7
8
```

```
# 1) Normalize question text (strip whitespace) so duplicates unify
df["Question"] = df["Question"].astype(str).str.strip()
# 2) Detect if a Parameter Suggestions column exists
param col = next(
   (c for c in df.columns if c.lower().startswith("parameter suggestion")),
# 3) Build fast lookup { question text -> { answer option -> {techs, params} } }
lookup: dict[str, dict[str, dict]] = {}
for , row in df.iterrows():
   q = row["Question"]
   a = str(row["Answer Option"]).strip()
   # Recommended Techniques - list of strings (safe split)
   raw techs = row.get("Recommended Techniques", "")
   raw_techs = "" if pd.isna(raw_techs) else str(raw_techs)
   techs = [t.strip() for t in raw_techs.split(";") if t.strip()]
   # Parameter Suggestions → string or empty
   params = ""
   if param col:
       raw params = row.get(param col, "")
       params = "" if pd.isna(raw params) else str(raw params)
   lookup.setdefault(q, {})[a] = {
        "techs": techs,
       "params": params
```

# Code for counting the score(weight)

#### Show results: Privacy technologies; Laws

```
def evaluate(answers: dict):
   votes = {}
   params out = []
   vetoed = set()
   # 1) Tally votes & collect params as before
   for a text, sel in answers.items():
       sels = sel if isinstance(sel, list) else [sel]
       for ans in sels:
           entry = lookup.get(q_text, {}).get(ans)
           if not entry:
               continue
           for tech in entry["techs"]:
               votes[tech] = votes.get(tech, 0) + 1
           if entry["params"]:
               params out.append(entry["params"])
   # 2) Apply any deal-breakers
       Any PET listed under deal map[q text][ans] is vetoed
   for a text, sel in answers.items():
       if not deal col:
           break
       sels = sel if isinstance(sel, list) else [sel]
       for ans in sels:
           pets_to_veto = deal_map.get(q_text, {}).get(ans, [])
           for pet in pets_to_veto:
               vetoed.add(pet)
   # 3) Filter out vetoed PETs entirely
   for pet in vetoed:
       votes.pop(pet, None)
   # 4) Build the final ranked list
   ranked = sorted(votes.items(), key=lambda kv: kv[1], reverse=True)
       {"name": tech, "score": cnt, "rationale": ("VETOED" if tech in vetoed else "Matches survey")
       for tech, cnt in ranked
   # 5) Deduplicate parameter suggestions
   param suggestions = sorted(set(params out))
```

```
@app.get("/results")
def show results():
   ranked = session.get("ranked", [])
   params = session.get("params", [])
   vetoed = session.get("vetoed", [])
   all tools = request.args.get("tools", "").split(",")
   top3 tools = all tools
   session["wizard tools"] = top3 tools[:3]
   # Split ranked into privacy techniques vs policy recommendations
   recommended privacy techniques = []
   recommended policies = []
   for item in ranked:
       name = item.get("name", "").lower()
        if any(keyword in name for keyword in ["compliance", "policy", "regulation", "ferpa", "hipaa
            recommended policies.append(item)
        else:
            recommended privacy techniques.append(item)
   # Only take top 2 from each
   top privacy techniques = recommended privacy techniques[:2]
   top policies = recommended policies
    return render template(
        "results.html".
        privacy techniques=top privacy techniques,
        policies=top policies,
        parameters=params,
        vetoed=vetoed.
        wizard tools=top3 tools
```

#### Code for follow up configure tool:

```
return [
         "id": "D1",
         "text": "1) Maximum absolute error you can tolerate (Δ=1):",
         "input type": "number",
         "placeholder": "e.g. 2.0"
         "id": "D2".
         "text": "2) Expected number of queries per day:",
         "input type": "number",
         "placeholder": "e.g. 50"
def ka steps():
    return
            "id": "K1".
             "text": "1) Approximately how many unique records does your dataset contain?",
             "options": ["<10k", "10k-100k", "100k-1M", ">1M"]
            "id": "K2",
             "text": "2) What maximum re-identification risk do you accept?",
             "options": ["Very low (<1%)", "Low (1-5%)", "Moderate (5-10%)"]
```

We hard coded the follow up tool suggestion with legal compliance.

#### For example:

#### DP calculation:

```
def wizard submit():
    data = request.get json(force=True)
    tool = data.pop("tool", None) or ""
    session["last tool"] = tool
    config = []
    if tool == "Differential Privacy":
        # DP logic
        try:
            err = float(data.get("D1", 0))
            qpd = int(data.get("D2", 0))
            eps q = 1.0/err if err>0 else 0.0
            eps tot = eps q * qpd
            config.append(f"s per query ≈ {eps q:.3f}")
            config.append(f"Total ε/day ≈ {eps tot:.3f}")
        except Exception:
            config.append("♠ Invalid DP inputs-could not compute ɛ.")
```

#### K&L logic by if and else

```
elif tool == "k-anonymity & €-diversity":
    # k-anonymity logic
    config.append("Your anonymization settings:")
    k1 = data.get("K1", "")
    k2 = data.get("K2", "")
    config.append(f" Dataset size: {k1}")
    config.append(f" Risk tolerance: {k2}")
    # map to k-value
    size map = {
        "<10k":
                    {"Very low (<1%)": 5, "Low (1-5%)": 10, "Moderate (5-10%)": 20},
       "10k-100k": {"Very low (<1%)": 10, "Low (1-5%)": 20, "Moderate (5-10%)": 50},
       "100k-1M": {"Very low (<1%)": 20, "Low (1+5%)": 50, "Moderate (5-10%)": 100},
                    {"Very low (<1%)": 50, "Low (1-5%)": 100, "Moderate (5-10%)": 200}
        ">1M":
    k val = size map.get(k1, {}).get(k2)
   1_map = {"Very low (<1%)": 2, "Low (1-5%)": 3, "Moderate (5-10%)": 5}
    1_val = 1_map.get(k2, 2)
    config.append("")
    if k val:
       config.append(f"• Generalize/suppress to achieve k={k_val} and €={1_val}.")
       config.append(" | k (anonymity): each record is indistinguishable from at least k 1 others sha
       config.append(" - R (diversity): each such group must contain at least R distinct sensitive-at
        config.append(" Use a library like ARX (Java) or sdcMicro (R/Python).")
        config.append(". Unable to derive k/@ for those choices-please adjust settings.")
else:
```

# Thank you!