v1.0 feedbacks

Baltic

Dzūkija is kind of modern term for ethno-linguistic region of southern Aukštaitians ("proper" Lithuanians), which has never been used as a historic region name. Western part of it once belonged to the Sudovia region.

Balkans

The Wikipedia page calls it Dukagjin (how its supposed to be called), not Dukadgjin Its name comes from a medieval Albanian family that owned those lands in the late 14th and early 15th century. The family themselves likely got their family name from Gjin Progoni, who is believed to be their ancestor. Gjin was the Lord of Arbanon from 1198 to 1208, hence the title Duka (Albanian for Duke), and we got Dukagjin. Members of the Dukagjin family still are alive in Kosovo today and are quite influential, owning one of the most notable radio station in Kosovo.

Macedonia only the southern Greek part should be it, and the northern should be split into Peonia (most of north) and Dardania (north western part)

- 1. The southern part of Central Croatia should be split into Kvarner (coast), Lika (interior), and Gorski Kotar. Neighboring regions north of it would be Kordun and Banovina.
- 2. This map has subregions for northern Central Croatia.
- 3. Međimurje is a region shared between Croatia and Slovenia.
- 4. Podrinje includes part of Bosnia & Herzgovina.
- 5. Stari Vlah in your map is too big and should be part of the wider Rashka region. Sanjak is also technically a subregion of Rashka, and is often used synonymously.
- 6. This map confuses Montenegro (region) with Montenegro (country). The former is also known as "Old Montenegro" and is a region, so it should be only included as your map is about regions, not modern states. Western Montenegro should be with Herzegovina only, not shared. So colored in orange. Northern Montenegro is part of Rashka (and Sanjak). Littoral Montenegro should be its own region. The remainder of Montenegro should be split between Brda (east) and Old Montenegro (central).
- 7. Bosnia is too big in your map. This is a map of Bosnia's historical regions.

- 8. Macedonia is way too big. You should break it up into smaller regions and then write in larger letters "Macedonia" similar to how you did for Moldova. Here are the subregions for Aegean Macedonia.
- 9. Similarly, Vardar Macedonia (North Macedonia) should be broken down. Its subregions are Shopluk (Far western Vardar Macedonia, part of the same region as Bulgarian Shopluk), Povardarie (central-west), Pelagonia (south), and Polog (east). Southern Polog is also called "Mijačija".
- 10. Malesia and Dukagjin-Kosovo are technically part of Ghegeria, and Laberia is technically part of Toskeria. Labs are considered a Tosk subgroup. Malesia and Dukagjin-Kosovo are inhabited by Ghegs. "Metohija" is also another name for Dukagjin (used by Serbs).
- 11. It should be "Székelyföld".
- 12. Eastern Hungary is broadly Alföld.

Eastern Europe

Since you divided Transcarpathia, you can also divide Galicia into the Lemko region (Lemkovyna), Nadsania (here marked with an orange dotted line), the Boiko region (Boikovia?), Opillia/Opolia and Pokuttia. Or add Pokuttia to Halychyna (since it is a part of Galicia, just as Nadsania or Opillia); these divisions seem way too small, but I leave the final decision on what to do with them to you (the dialect of Pokuttia is very similar to that of Bukovyna, while Nadsania is culturally closer to the Boiko region, than to Opillia or Pokuttia. All of them having more in common with each other, than with Podolia or Lesser Poland).

Regarding Polesia: it's western border traditionally overlaps with Podlachia, while its southern border overlaps with Volhynia (often being called the Volyn Polesia). What is Eastern Polesia is often even more poorly defined. This map shows its approximate maximum extent: eastern Polesia is marked with 1b and 4, though I don't know if these regions use this term for themselves (I think Severia is fine). The Chernobyl exclusion zone is definitely within the Polesia proper (1a and 3). Wikipedia claims that 2 was not originally a part of Polesia proper: "The modern Polish part was not considered part of Polesia by the late 19th-century Geographical Dictionary of the Kingdom of Poland, which defined the region as roughly a triangle between the cities of Brest in the west, Mogilev in the northeast and Kyiv in the southeast."

maybe use "Pokuttia" instead of "Pocutia"

Sloboda should be either Sloboda Ukraine or Slobozhanschyna and I am pretty sure it should be extending further eastward into modern Russia

Western part of Kaliningrad is Samland, which together with Warmia form the core of ancient Prussia.

Westward from Warmia there are Prussian Pomesania/Pogesania regions. Painting them same color as Masuria, insists they are part of it. I doubt, they are.

East Pomerania should include Kashubia

Germany

Hamburg is north of the Elbe and historically belongs to Holstein

- 1. Kleverland or the <u>Lower Rhine</u> is its own region.
- 2. Eastphalia doesn't correspond to the region in the map. Eastphalia ceased to exist as its own region many centuries ago, and at that time, it correlated to the eastern part of the Eastphalia region in your map (the western part being Angria). That region should be split between Hannover, Lippe, and Braunschweig.
- 3. Eastern Upper Saxony along with a small part of Poland is Lusatia.
- 4. Eastern Wurttemberg should be separate and only part of Swabia.

Iberia

Ha! Thanks for the heads up. Again though, Val d'Aran has a different status within Catalonia even today. A 2015 <u>law</u> even gave it a special status because of national, cultural and historical reasons. So yeah, if anything it would make sense for it to be a part of Occitania.

Andalucia could be divided in two, Andalucia and Granada (including the provinces of Granada, Jaen, Almeria and Malaga).

1. La Mancha is part of Castile.

Netherlands

I have a few proposed edits for the Netherlands: https://imgur.com/w1PhLnp

The ones marked X should overlap with the currently existing region

- Seperate Stad en Ommelanden from Frisia (X)
- Seperate Stellingwerf from Frisia*
- Seperate Westfriesland from Holland, may be added to Frisia (X)
- Seperate Twente from Oversticht (X)
- Seperate de Betuwe en de Achterhoek from Gelderland (X)
- Rename Gelderland to Gelre and add Oppergelre to it (X)
- Add Zeeuws-Vlaanderen to Vlaanderen (Flanders) proper (X)
- Keep the pre-1918 border between Liège and the Rhineland
- Seperate Moselland from Rhineland (X)
- Expand Luxembourg to its Medieval and pre-partition borders (X) (overlap with Rhineland)
 - 1. Twente, Drenthe, and Overijssel should be separate from Gelderland.
 - 2. Gelderland originally included the Geldern region of Germany, which it's named after (hard to tell if it's included).

^{*}Not part of historical Frisia and no Frisian is/was spoken there, may be seperate or added to Oversticht

Scandinavia

Funen(the middle island in Denmark)

The part of Norway labled Sørlandet on this map was historically part of Vestlandet, though. It wasn't considered to be a separate region until the early 20th century.

Also the area is too large, it covers Rogaland which has always been part of Vestlandet.

Rogaland, especially Haugalandet should be a part of Vestlandet

Norrbotten is a modern invention from when Norrbotten county was splitted from Västerbotten county in 1810.

The small island in the middle of Denmark is not part of Jutland (the peninsula), but is called Funen (Fyn).

Could also look at Bjarmaland.

If you wanted a finer partition of southern norway I would look to the historical fylki in norway. (Many of which are still in use today). Using the old names you also get to use the letters \flat , \mathfrak{C} , \mathfrak{Q} and \mathfrak{d} .

No Hålogaland is awkward

From Trøndelag and up to just above where Norway portrudes out in the sea should be called Hålogaland. This was settled by Norse. Just the coastal bit though. Cool map!

UK

the current borders you use for Yorkshire date back to the 1980s, the prior borders over 1000 years old and are a better fit for the maps description.

Edit also Cumbria are another 80s thing which isn't even a thing anymore, you should split it between Lancashire, Yorkshire, and northumbria.

And Moravia can be divided even more

https://cs.wikipedia.org/wiki/Morava#/media/Soubor:Moravske_regiony.svg, like in the Slovakia

This for example is a more accurate map of historical Southern Italy (Kingdom of the two sicilies) that goes beyond current administrative borders, just for future reference https://upload.wikimedia.org/wikipedia/commons/8/85/Suddivisione_amministrativa_del Regno_delle_Due_Sicilie.png

- 5. Lincoln is part of Mercia.
- 6. Northumbria includes Southeast Scotland and Yorkshire as well. If you want to include subregions of Northumbria too, then you should also add Deira, Durham, and Richmond.
- 7. Southern Cumbria is Westmorland.
- 8. Wales should be split up between Anglessey, Gwynedd, Clwyd, Powys, Dyfed, Glamorgan, and Gwent like in this map (but unite the Glamorgans).

- 9. Ticino is part of the larger Lombardy region.
- 10. "Kura-Aras" (Republic of Azerbaijan) should be renamed to "Shirvan".