

(1) 在 playOn 模式下,拿到球以后朝前方快速带球。

```
if ( WM->isBallKickable())
{
    AngDeg ang = 0.0;
    soc = dribble(ang, DRIBBLE_FAST);
    ACT->putCommandInQueue(soc);
    ACT->putCommandInQueue( turnNeckToObject(OBJECT_BALL,soc));
}
```

(2) 在 PlayOn 模式下,拿到球以后朝球门方向慢速带球。

```
if ( WM->isBallKickable())
{
    AngDeg ang = 0.0;
    soc = dribble(ang, DRIBBLE_SLOW);
    ACT->putCommandInQueue(soc);
    ACT->putCommandInQueue( turnNeckToObject(OBJECT_BALL,soc));
}
```

(3) 在 playOn 模式下,拿到球以后把球围绕自己身体逆时针转。

```
if ( WM->isBallKickable())
{

    soc = kickBallCloseToBody(WM->getAgentGlobalBodyAngle() + 45);
    ACT->putCommandInQueue(soc);
    ACT->putCommandInQueue( turnNeckToObject(OBJECT_BALL,soc));
}
```

(4) 在 playOn 模式下,拿到球后,有人逼抢(自身周围 7 米范围有至少 1 名对方球员),则把球踢到距离对手的另外一侧,安全带球
(如对手在右侧,把球踢到左侧,如对手在左侧,把球踢到右侧)。

```
if ( WM->isBallKickable())
{
    ObjectT opponent =
    WM->getClosestRelativeInSet(OBJECT_SET_OPPONENTS);

    if (opponent != OBJECT_ILLEGAL &&

    WM->getAgentGlobalPosition().getDistanceTo(WM->getGlobalPosition(
    opponent)) < 7 &&
        WM->getAgentGlobalPosition().getX() <
```

```

WM->getGlobalPosition(opponent).getX())
    {
        VecPosition pos = WM->getAgentGlobalPosition() * 2 -
WM->getGlobalPosition(opponent);

        soc = kickTo(pos, SS->getBallSpeedMax() / 3);
    }
    else
    {
        soc = dribble(0.0, DRIBBLE_WITHBALL);
    }

    ACT->putCommandInQueue(soc);

    ACT->putCommandInQueue( turnNeckToObject(OBJECT_BALL,soc));
}

```

(5)在 playOn 模式下,拿到球以后,有人逼抢,传球给最近的队友;否则向球门方向快速带球。

```

if ( WM->isBallKickable())
    {
        ObjectT opponent =
WM->getClosestRelativeInSet(OBJECT_SET_OPPONENTS);

        if (opponent != OBJECT_ILLEGAL &&

WM->getAgentGlobalPosition().getDistanceTo(WM->getGlobalPosition(
opponent)) < 7)
        {
            ObjectT mate =
WM->getClosestRelativeInSet(OBJECT_SET_TEAMMATES);

            soc = leadingPass(mate, 1);
        }
        else
        {
            soc = dribble((WM->getPosOpponentGoal() -
WM->getAgentGlobalPosition()).getDirection(), DRIBBLE_FAST);
        }

        ACT->putCommandInQueue(soc);
    }

```

```

ACT->putCommandInQueue( turnNeckToObject(OBJECT_BALL,soc));
    }
    (6)在 playOn 模式下,如果有人逼抢(自身周围 7 米范围有至少 1 名对方球员),
    则安全带球;否则向球门方向快速带球。
        if ( WM->isBallKickable())
        {
            ObjectT opponent =
WM->getClosestRelativeInSet(OBJECT_SET_OPPONENTS);

            if (opponent != OBJECT_ILLEGAL &&

WM->getAgentGlobalPosition().getDistanceTo(WM->getGlobalPosition(
opponent)) < 7)
            {
                soc = dribble((WM->getPosOpponentGoal() -
WM->getAgentGlobalPosition()).getDirection(), DRIBBLE_WITHBALL);
            }
            else
            {
                soc = dribble((WM->getPosOpponentGoal() -
WM->getAgentGlobalPosition()).getDirection(), DRIBBLE_FAST);
            }

            ACT->putCommandInQueue(soc);

ACT->putCommandInQueue( turnNeckToObject(OBJECT_BALL,soc));
    }
    (7) int iIndex;
        bool judge=true;
        for ( ObjectT o = WM->iterateObjectStart( iIndex,
OBJECT_SET_OPPONENTS);
            o != OBJECT_ILLEGAL;
            o = WM->iterateObjectNext ( iIndex,OBJECT_SET_OPPONENTS ) )
        {
            VecPosition oppPos=WM->getGlobalPosition(o);
            if ( oppPos.getX()>WM->getAgentGlobalPosition().getX())
            {
                judge=false;
                break;

```



```

    }
    else
    {
        soc = dribble(0.0,DRIBBLE_FAST);
    }
}
10
else if ( WM->isBallKickable()) // if kickable // 如果球已知，而且当前球在我脚下(可踢)
{
    ObjectT pos1 =
WM->getClosestInSetTo(OBJECT_SET_TEAMMATES,posAgent);
    ObjectT pos2 =
WM->getClosestInSetTo(OBJECT_SET_OPPONENTS,pos1);
    VecPosition pos1pos = WM->getGlobalPosition(pos1);
    VecPosition pos2pos = WM->getGlobalPosition(pos2);
    double pos1X = WM->getGlobalPosition(pos1).getX();
    double posAgentX = posAgent.getX();
    double distance = pos1pos.getDistanceTo(pos2pos);
    if(distance>5&&posAgentX<pos1X)
    {
        soc = leadingPass(pos1,1);
    }
    else
    {
        soc = dribble(0.0,DRIBBLE_FAST);
    }
}
11
if(posAgent.getX()<0)

```

```

soc=leadingPass(WM->getSecondClosestInSetTo(OBJECT_SET_TEAMMATES,W
M->getAgentObjectType()),1.0);
else
{
    if(WM->getAgentObjectType()!=OBJECT_TEAMMATE_10)
        soc=leadingPass(OBJECT_TEAMMATE_10,1.0 );
}

```

12: 在 playOn 模式下,如果在本方半场,则朝前方慢速带球,如果在对方半场,则朝球门快速带球。

```

if(WM->getBallPos().getX()<0)
{
    AngDeg ang=0.0;
    soc=dribble(ang, DRIBBLE_SLOW);
}
else
{
    VecPosition Goal = WM -> getPosOpponentGoal() ;
    AngDeg ang =( Goal - posAgent) .getDirection() ;
    soc = dribble( ang , DRIBBLE_FAST) ;
}

```

13:在 playOn 模式下,拿到球后,如果是 2 号,则把球踢到左侧边线,如果是 5 号,则把球踢到右侧边线,并把脖子方向转向球;其他球员则向前带球。

```

if ( WM->getAgentObjectType() == OBJECT_TEAMMATE_2)
{
    double posX = WM->getBallPos() .getX() ;
    VecPosition pos ( posX , -34.0 ) ;
    soc = kickTo( pos , 2.7 ) ;
}
else if ( WM->getAgentObjectType() == OBJECT_TEAMMATE_5)
{

```

```

        double posX = WM->getBallPos().getX();
        VecPosition pos ( posX , 34.0 );
        soc = kickTo(pos , 2.7 );
    }
    else
    {
        soc = dribble( 0.0 , DRIBBLE_WITHBALL );
    }
}

```

14:

在 playOn 模式下,拿到球后,如果我是 4 号,则传球给 7 号;
 否则的话,传球给最近的队友;到对方禁区后以最大速度射向空
 隙大的球门一侧。

```

    VecPosition pos=WM->getBallPos();
    if( WM->isInTheirPenaltyArea(pos) )
    {
        double posGoalieY =
WM->getGlobalPosition(WM->getOppGoalieType()).getY();
        if( posGoalieY > 0 )
        {
            soc=kickTo( VecPosition(52.5,-6.5) , 2.7 );
        }
        else
        {
            soc=kickTo( VecPosition(52.5,6.5),2.7);
        }
    }
    else if( WM->getAgentObjectType() == OBJECT_TEAMMATE_4 )
    {
        soc=leadingPass(OBJECT_TEAMMATE_7,1);
    }
    else

```

```

    {
        ObjectT o =
WM->getClosestInSetTo(OBJECT_SET_TEAMMATES,posAgent);
        soc=leadingPass(o,1);
    }

```

(15) 在 playOn 模式下,垂直带球。

```

    if ( WM->isBallKickable())
    {
        VecPosition pos = WM->getAgentGlobalPosition();
        AngDeg ang = -(pos.getY())/fabs(pos.getY()) * 90;
        soc = dribble(ang, DRIBBLE_FAST);
        ACT->putCommandInQueue(soc);

ACT->putCommandInQueue( turnNeckToObject(OBJECT_BALL,soc));
        return soc;
    }

```

(16) 在 playOn 模式下,拿到球后带球到达球场中心,然后传给最近的球员。

```

    if ( WM->isBallKickable())
    {
        VecPosition center(0, 0);
        if (center.getDistanceTo(WM->getAgentGlobalPosition())
< 3)
        {
            ObjectT mate =
WM->getClosestRelativeInSet(OBJECT_SET_TEAMMATES);
            soc = leadingPass(mate, 1, DIR_CENTER);
        }
        else
        {
            soc = dribble((center -
WM->getAgentGlobalPosition()).getDirection(), DRIBBLE_SLOW);
        }
        ACT->putCommandInQueue(soc);

ACT->putCommandInQueue( turnNeckToObject(OBJECT_BALL,soc));
        return soc;
    }

```


(17) 在 playOn 模式下,10 号带球前进,然后 5 号跟着 10 号一起前进,两球员在同一水平线上,且距离为 5。

```
    if(WM->getPlayerNumber()==5)
    {
        VecPosition
teamOpp=WM->getGlobalPosition(OBJECT_TEAMMATE_10);
        VecPosition targetOpp(teamOpp.getX()+5,teamOpp.getY());
        soc=moveToPos(teamOpp,20);
        ACT->putCommandInQueue( soc );           // move to
strategic pos

ACT->putCommandInQueue( turnNeckToObject( OBJECT_TEAMMATE_10,
soc ) );
        return soc;
```

(18) 在 playOn 模式下, 5 号球员与拿球的对方球员的距离始终为 5。

找到代码:

```
formations->setFormation( FT_433_OFFENSIVE );//设置球队出场阵形!
```

```
    soc.commandType = CMD_ILLEGAL;//初始化 soc 命令对象
```

在该代码后加入:

```
        if (WM->getAgentObjectType() == OBJECT_TEAMMATE_5)
        {
            ObjectT opponent =
WM->getClosestInSetTo(OBJECT_SET_OPPONENTS, OBJECT_BALL);
            VecPosition opponentPos =
WM->getGlobalPosition(opponent);
            VecPosition pos(opponentPos.getX() + 5,
opponentPos.getY());
            soc = moveToPos(pos,PS->getPlayerWhenToTurnAngle());
            ACT->putCommandInQueue(soc);

ACT->putCommandInQueue( turnNeckToObject(OBJECT_BALL,soc));
            return soc;
        }
```

(19) 在 playOn 模式下,2 号和 4 号一起去盯防对方拿球队员

找到代码:

```
formations->setFormation( FT_433_OFFENSIVE );//设置球队出场阵形!
```

```
    soc.commandType = CMD_ILLEGAL;//初始化 soc 命令对象
```

在该代码后加入:

```

        if (WM->getAgentObjectType() == OBJECT_TEAMMATE_2 ||
WM->getAgentObjectType() == OBJECT_TEAMMATE_4)
        {
            ObjectT opponent =
WM->getClosestInSetTo(OBJECT_SET_OPPONENTS, OBJECT_BALL);
            VecPosition opponentPos =
WM->getGlobalPosition(opponent);
            soc =
moveToPos(opponentPos ,PS->getPlayerWhenToTurnAngle());
            ACT->putCommandInQueue(soc);

ACT->putCommandInQueue( turnNeckToObject(opponent,soc));
            return soc;
        }

```

20:在 playon 模式下,如果是 10 号球员,在可踢球的状态下,如果自身的 x 轴坐标大于 30,则直接朝着里对方球员远的球门点射门。

```

        if ( WM->getAgentObjectType() ==OBJECT_TEAMMATE_10)
        {
            if( posAgent .getX() > 30 )
            {
                double posGoalieY =
WM->getGlobalPosition(WM->getOppGoalieType()).getY();
                if( posGoalieY > 0 )
                {
                    soc=kickTo( VecPosition(52.5,-6.5 ) , 2.7 );
                }
                else
                {
                    soc=kickTo( VecPosition(52.5,6.5),2.7);
                }
            }
        }
    }

```

21.什么叫做 “在 playOn 模式下， 拿球后传球给更靠近对方球门的最近队友。”

——可能是最近的有好几个，选取最靠近对方球门的
在 PlayerTeams.cpp 的 else if (WM->isBallKickable())中
ObjectT o=WM->func21();
soc=leadingPass(o,1);

在 WorldModle.h 中

```
ObjectT func21();
```

在 WorldModle.cpp 中

```
ObjectT WorldModel::func21()
```

```
{
    int          iIndex;
    ObjectT closestObject;
    double minDis=1000;
    double trueDis;
    VecPosition oppPos;
    VecPosition selfPos=getAgentGlobalPosition();
    for ( ObjectT o = iterateObjectStart( iIndex, OBJECT_SET_TEAMMATES);
          o != OBJECT_ILLEGAL;
          o = iterateObjectNext ( iIndex,OBJECT_SET_TEAMMATES ) )
    {
        oppPos=getGlobalPosition(o);
        trueDis=selfPos.getDistanceTo(oppPos);
        if(trueDis<minDis)
        {
            minDis=trueDis;
            closestObject=o;
        }
        else if(trueDis==minDis)
        {
```

```

        if(getPosOpponentGoal().getDistanceTo(getGlobalPosition(closestObject))>
getPosOpponentGoal().getDistanceTo(oppPos))
        {
            closestObject=o;
        }
    }
    iterateObjectDone( iIndex );
    return closestObject;
}
=====
=====

```

22.和书 P209 相似

在 worldModle.h (public) 中

```
ObjectT TeammateInAngle(AngDeg ang1,AngDeg ang2,double dis);
```

在 worldModle.cpp 中

```

ObjectT WorldModel::TeammateInAngle(AngDeg ang1, AngDeg ang2,
double dis)
{
    double trueDis;//
    double trueAng;
    VecPosition selfPos=getAgentGlobalPosition();
    int          iIndex;
    for ( ObjectT o = iterateObjectStart( iIndex, OBJECT_SET_TEAMMATES);
        o != OBJECT_ILLEGAL;
        o = iterateObjectNext ( iIndex,OBJECT_SET_TEAMMATES ) )
    {
        if(o==getAgentObjectType())
        continue;
    }
}

```

```

trueDis=selfPos.getDistanceTo(getGlobalPosition( o ));
trueAng=(getGlobalPosition( o )-selfPos).getDirection();

    if (ang1<=trueAng&&trueAng<=ang2&&trueDis<dis)
    {
        return o;
    }
}
iterateObjectDone( ilIndex );
return OBJECT_ILLEGAL;//can not find
}

```

PlayerTeams.cpp 中的 BallKickable

```

ObjectT o=WM->TeammateInAngle(-30,30,20);
if(o==OBJECT_ILLEGAL)//
{
    double
ang=(WM->getPosOpponentGoal()-WM->getBallPos()).getDirection();
    soc=dribble(ang,DRIBBLE_FAST);
}
else
{
    soc=leadingPass(o,1);
}

```

=====

=====

23

在 worldModle.h (public) 中

VecPosition PosToKickTo();

在 worldModle.cpp 中

```
VecPosition WorldModel::PosToKickTo()
{
    VecPosition selfPos=getAgentGlobalPosition();
    VecPosition targetPos;
    if(selfPos.getX()<0)//self field
    {
        targetPos.setX(0);
        targetPos.setY(selfPos.getY());
    }
    else//opp field
    {
        targetPos=getPosOpponentGoal();
    }

    return targetPos;
}
```

PlayerTeams.cpp 中的 BallKickable

```
VecPosition targetPos=WM->PosToKickTo();
soc=kickTo(targetPos,SS->getBallSpeedMax());
```

```
=====
=====
```

24.我不知道怎么新添加函数，我直接在 PlayerTeams 中写的

在 PlayerTeams.cpp 中的 BallKickable

写 if(WM->getAgentObjectType()==OBJECT_TEAMMATE_9)

```
{
    if(WM->isInTheirPenaltyArea(WM->getAgentGlobalPosition()))
    {
        soc=leadingPass(OBJECT_TEAMMATE_10,1);
    }
}
```

```

    }
    else
    {
        double
ang=(WM->getPosOpponentGoal()-WM->getBallPos()).getDirection();
        soc=dribble(ang,DRIBBLE_FAST);
    }
}

```

```

if(WM->getAgentObjectType()==OBJECT_TEAMMATE_10)
    soc=kickTo(WM->getPosOpponentGoal(),SS->getBallSpeedMax());

```

在 PlayerTeams.cpp 中的 “///这里就是无球队员的跑位决策” 中写

```

if(WM->getClosestInSetTo(OBJECT_SET_TEAMMATES,WM->getBallPos())==OBJ
ECT_TEAMMATE_9)

```

```

soc=moveToPos(WM->getPosOpponentGoal(),PS->getPlayerWhenToTurnAngl
e());

```

```

    ACT->putCommandInQueue( soc ); // 放入命令队列

```

```

    ACT->putCommandInQueue( turnNeckToObject( OBJECT_BALL, soc ) );

```

25

VecPosition

```

posGoal(PITCH_LENGTH/2.0,(-1+2*(WM->getCurrentCycle()%2))*0.4*SS->getG
oalWidth());

```

```

        double ang=(VecPosition(52.5,0)-posAgent).getDirection();
//        if(WM->getAgentObjectType()!=OBJECT_TEAMMATE_4)
//        soc=leadingPass(OBJECT_TEAMMATE_4,1.0);
        if(WM->getAgentObjectType()==OBJECT_TEAMMATE_4)

```

```
soc=leadingPass(OBJECT_TEAMMATE_7,1.0);
if(WM->getAgentObjectType()==OBJECT_TEAMMATE_7)
```

```
soc=leadingPass(OBJECT_TEAMMATE_9,1.0);
```

```
if(WM->getAgentObjectType()==OBJECT_TEAMMATE_9)
```

```
soc=dribble((VecPosition(52.5,0)-posAgent).getDirection(),DRIBBLE_FAST);
```

```
if(WM->isInTheirPenaltyArea(WM->getBallPos()))
{
    if(WM->getAgentObjectType()==OBJECT_TEAMMATE_9)
        soc= kickTo(posGoal,SS->getBallSpeedMax());
}
```

(26)在 playon 模式下,求出 y 轴等于 0 的两侧的对方球员数量,将球传向对手少的一方,并且 x 轴值最大的队友。

在 WorldModel.h 中:

找到 public:, 在之后加上:

```
bool isOwnSideOpponentMost();
ObjectT getMaxXTeammateInSide(bool isOwnSize);
```

在 WorldModel.cpp 中:

在开头加上:

```
ObjectT WorldModel::getMaxXTeammateInSide(bool isOwnSize)
{
    int iIndex;
    ObjectT maxMate = OBJECT_ILLEGAL;
    for (ObjectT o = iterateObjectStart(iIndex, OBJECT_SET_TEAMMATES);
```



```

        o != OBJECT_ILLEGAL;
        o = iterateObjectNext(iIndex,
OBJECT_SET_TEAMMATES))
    {
        VecPosition oPos = getGlobalPosition(o);
        if ((isOwnSize && oPos.getY() >= 0) ||
            (!isOwnSize && oPos.getY() <= 0))
        {
            if (maxMate == OBJECT_ILLEGAL || oPos.getX() >
getGlobalPosition(maxMate).getX())
                maxMate = o;
        }
    }

    iterateObjectDone(iIndex);
    return maxMate;
}

bool    WorldModel:: isOwnSideOpponentMost()
{
    int ownSideCount = 0;
    int count = 0;

    int iIndex;
    ObjectT maxMate = OBJECT_ILLEGAL;
    for (ObjectT  o = iterateObjectStart(iIndex, OBJECT_SET_OPPONENTS);
        o != OBJECT_ILLEGAL;
        o = iterateObjectNext(iIndex,
OBJECT_SET_OPPONENTS))
    {

```

```

        if (getGlobalPosition(o).getY() > 0)
            ownSideCount++;
        count++;
    }
    return ownSideCount > count - ownSideCount;
}

```

再到 PlayerTeams.cpp 中的 deMeer5()函数中：

找到以下代码：

```

else if ( WM->isBallKickable()) // if kickable // 如果球已

```

知，而且当前球在我脚下(可踢)

将大括号里面的内容修改为下面大括号里的内容：

```

else if ( WM->isBallKickable())
{
    ObjectT mate =
WM->getMaxXTeammateInSide(!WM->isOwnSideOpponentMost());
    soc = leadingPass(mate, 1, DIR_CENTER);

    ACT->putCommandInQueue(soc);
    ACT->putCommandInQueue( turnNeckToObject(OBJECT_BALL,soc));
    return soc;
}

```

(27)在 playon 模式下,如果自身 7 米范围内有两个或两个以上的对手的话,则传球到 x 轴值最大的队友。

在 WorldModel.h 中：

找到 public:，在之后加上：

```

ObjectT getMaxXTeammate();

```

在 WorldModel.cpp 中：

在开头加上：

```

ObjectT WorldModel::getMaxXTeammate()
{

```

```

int ilIndex;
ObjectT maxMate = OBJECT_ILLEGAL;
for (ObjectT o = iterateObjectStart(ilIndex, OBJECT_SET_TEAMMATES);
     o != OBJECT_ILLEGAL;
     o = iterateObjectNext(ilIndex,
OBJECT_SET_TEAMMATES))
{
    VecPosition oPos = getGlobalPosition(o);
    if (maxMate == OBJECT_ILLEGAL || oPos.getX() >
getGlobalPosition(maxMate).getX())
        maxMate = o;
}

iterateObjectDone(ilIndex);
return maxMate;
}

```

再到 PlayerTeams.cpp 中的 deMeer5()函数中：

找到以下代码：

```

else if ( WM->isBallKickable())                // if kickable // 如果球已

```

知，而且当前球在我脚下(可踢)

将大括号里面的内容修改为下面大括号里的内容：

```

else if ( WM->isBallKickable())                // if kickable // 如
果球已知，而且当前球在我脚下(可踢)
{
    Circle cir(WM->getAgentGlobalPosition(), 7);
    int num = WM->getNrInSetInCircle(OBJECT_SET_OPPONENTS,
cir);

    if (num > 2)
    {

```

```

        ObjectT mate = WM->getMaxXTeammate();
        soc = leadingPass(mate, 1, DIR_CENTER);
    }
    else
    {
        soc = dribble((WM->getPosOpponentGoal() -
WM->getAgentGlobalPosition()).getDirection(), DRIBBLE_FAST);
    }

    ACT->putCommandInQueue(soc);

    ACT->putCommandInQueue( turnNeckToObject(OBJECT_BALL,soc));
    return soc;
}

```

```

28  else  if(WM->getPlayerNumber()==10)
        soc=moveToPos(WM->getOffsideX()+2,0);
        else if ( WM->isBallKickable())

```

(29)在 playon 的模式下,求出球运动方向的直线方程,并且求出自己到该直线的距离,如果距离小于 4 的话,那么就垂直跑向该条直线。
找到代码:

```

formations->setFormation( FT_433_OFFENSIVE );//设置球队出场阵形!
        soc.commandType = CMD_ILLEGAL;//初始化 soc 命令对象
在该代码后加入:

```

```

        Line ballRun =
Line::makeLineFromPositionAndAngle(WM->getBallPos(),
WM->getBallDirection());
        if
(ballRun.getDistanceWithPoint(WM->getAgentGlobalPosition()) < 4)
        {
            soc =

```

```

moveToPos(ballRun.getPointOnLineClosestTo(WM->getAgentGlobalPosition()),
20);

        ACT->putCommandInQueue(soc);

ACT->putCommandInQueue( turnNeckToObject(OBJECT_BALL,soc));
        return soc;
    }

30
    else if ( WM->isBallKickable())                // if kickable // 如果球已知，而且当前球在我脚下(可踢)
    {
        VecPosition posGoal( PITCH_LENGTH/2.0, (-1 +
2*(WM->getCurrentCycle()%2)) * 0.4 * SS->getGoalWidth() ); //定义一个射门点
        PITCH_LENGTH 是球场的长度。这个点就是按照周期看，交替的打球门的两个死角。
        soc = kickTo( posGoal, SS->getBallSpeedMax() ); // kick maximal
        // 把球以最大速度踢向那个射门点
        ACT->putCommandInQueue( soc ); // 放入命令队列
        ACT->putCommandInQueue( turnNeckToObject( OBJECT_BALL,
soc ) ); // 把脖子转向球，也就是一直看着球
        Log.log( 100, "kick ball" );

Circle    cir ;
        cir  =Circle (posAgent , 7);
        int  Num =WM->getNrInSetInCircle(OBJECT_SET_OPPONENTS , cir );
        if(Num<=0 )
        {
            AngDeg  angDribble=(VecPosition(53 , 0 ) -
posAgent).getDirection();
            soc = dribble(angDribble,DRIBBLE_FAST);
            ACT->putCommandInQueue(soc);
            ACT->putCommandInQueue(turnNeckToObject(OBJECT_BALL,soc));
        }

```

```
}
```

```
31
```

```
    else if ( WM->isBallKickable()                // if kickable // 如果球已知，而且当前球在我脚下(可踢)
    {
        ObjectT playerTeamBall =
WM->getClosestInSetTo(OBJECT_SET_TEAMMATES,posBall);
        ObjectT playerOppositBall =
WM->getClosestInSetTo(OBJECT_SET_OPPONENTS,posBall);
        VecPosition playerTeamBallpos = WM->getGlobalPosition(playerTeamBall);
        VecPosition playerOppositBallpos =
WM->getGlobalPosition(playerOppositBall);
        if(playerTeamBallpos.getDistanceTo(posBall)<playerOppositBallpos.getDistanceTo(posBall))
        {
            // int num = WM->getPlayerNumber();
            VecPosition tenPos = WM->getGlobalPosition(OBJECT_TEAMMATE_10);

            if(tenPos.getX()<30&&WM->getAgentObjectType()==OBJECT_TEAMMATE_
10)
            {
                double ballX = posBall.getX();
                double ballY = posBall.getY();
                VecPosition dashPoint(ballX,ballY+10);
                soc = dashToPoint(dashPoint);
            }
            else
            {
```

```

        if(WM->isInTheirPenaltyArea(WM->getBallPos()))
        {
            VecPosition posGoal( PITCH_LENGTH/2.0,
                                (-1 + 2*(WM->getCurrentCycle()%2)) * 0.4 *
SS->getGoalWidth() );
            soc = kickTo(posGoal,SS->getBallSpeedMax());
        }
        else
        {
            VecPosition posGoal( PITCH_LENGTH/2.0,
                                (-1 + 2*(WM->getCurrentCycle()%2)) * 0.4 *
SS->getGoalWidth() );
            soc = kickTo(posGoal,SS->getBallSpeedMax());
        }
    }
    else
    {
        if(WM->isInTheirPenaltyArea(WM->getBallPos()))
        {
            VecPosition posGoal( PITCH_LENGTH/2.0,
                                (-1 + 2*(WM->getCurrentCycle()%2)) * 0.4 *
SS->getGoalWidth() );
            soc = kickTo(posGoal,SS->getBallSpeedMax());
        }
        else
        {
            VecPosition posGoal( PITCH_LENGTH/2.0,
                                (-1 + 2*(WM->getCurrentCycle()%2)) * 0.4 *
SS->getGoalWidth() );
            soc = kickTo(posGoal,SS->getBallSpeedMax());
        }
    }
}

```

```

        }
    }
}
32
    else if ( WM->isBallKickable() ) // if kickable // 如果球已知，而且当前球在我脚下(可踢)
    {
        Circle posAgentCir(posAgent,5);
        int num =
WM->getNrInSetInCircle(OBJECT_SET_OPPONENTS,posAgentCir);
        if(num >=5 )
        {
            ObjectT pos1 =
WM->getClosestInSetTo(OBJECT_SET_TEAMMATES,posAgent);
            VecPosition pos1Pos = WM->getGlobalPosition(pos1);
            soc = kickTo(pos1Pos,SS->getBallSpeedMax());
        }
        else
        {
            if(WM->isInTheirPenaltyArea(WM->getBallPos()))
            {
                VecPosition posGoal( PITCH_LENGTH/2.0,
                                     (-1 + 2*(WM->getCurrentCycle()%2)) * 0.4 *
SS->getGoalWidth() );
                soc = kickTo(posGoal,SS->getBallSpeedMax());
            }
            else
            {
                VecPosition posGoal( PITCH_LENGTH/2.0,
                                     (-1 + 2*(WM->getCurrentCycle()%2)) * 0.4 *
SS->getGoalWidth() );

```



```

        soc = kickTo(posGoal,SS->getBallSpeedMax());
    }
}
}

```

33 在本方角球模式下,如果自己是 10 号球员,则跑向角球点,并开球(球可踢,则踢球给 9 号);如果自己是 9 号球员,则跑向距离角球点附近(随机选一点),准备接应球,其他球员跑本位点.

```

if (WM->isCornerKickUs())
{
    if (WM->getAgentObjectType() == OBJECT_TEAMMATE_10)
    {
        if (WM->isBallKickable())
            soc = leadingPass(OBJECT_TEAMMATE_9, 1);
        else
            soc = moveToPos(WM->getBallPos(),
PS->getPlayerWhenToTurnAngle());
    }

    if (WM->getAgentObjectType() == OBJECT_TEAMMATE_9)
    {
        VecPosition ball = WM->getBallPos();
        VecPosition pos(-(ball.getX())/fabs(ball.getX()) * 5 +
ball.getX(),
                        -(ball.getY())/fabs(ball.getY()) * 5 +
ball.getY());
        soc = moveToPos(pos, PS->getPlayerWhenToTurnAngle());
    }

    ACT->putCommandInQueue( soc );
    ACT->putCommandInQueue( turnNeckToObject( OBJECT_BALL,
soc ) );
    return soc;
}

```

34. //playerteams.cpp(in deMeer5())

```

if(WM->isOffsideUs())
{
    if(WM-> getClosestInSetTo ( OBJECT_SET_TEAMMATES, OBJECT_BALL))
    {
        soc=moveToPos(WM->getBallPos(),20);
    }
}

```

```

        if ( WM->isBallKickable())
        {
            double dist;
            ObjectT objTea
=WM->getClosestInSetTo(OBJECT_SET_TEAMMATES,WM->getAgentObjectType(),&dist);
            VecPosition posTea=WM->getGlobalPosition(objTea);
            soc=kickTo(posTea,SS->getBallSpeedMax());
            ACT->putCommandInQueue(soc);
            return soc;
        }
    }
}

```

35.//playerteams.cpp(in deMeer5())

```

if(WM->isOffsideUs())
{
    if(WM-> getBallPos ( ).getY()<0)
    {
        if(WM->getAgentObjectType()==OBJECT_TEAMMATE_2)
        {soc=moveToPos(WM->getBallPos(),20);
        if ( WM->isBallKickable())
        {
            double dist;
            ObjectT objTea
=WM->getClosestInSetTo(OBJECT_SET_TEAMMATES,WM->getAgentObjectType(),&dist);
            VecPosition posTea=WM->getGlobalPosition(objTea);
            soc=kickTo(posTea,SS->getBallSpeedMax());
            ACT->putCommandInQueue(soc);
            return soc;
        }
    }
}

```

```

    }}

    }
    else
    { if(WM->getAgentObjectType()==OBJECT_TEAMMATE_5)
    {soc=moveToPos(WM->getBallPos(),20);
    if ( WM->isBallKickable())
    {
        double dist;
        ObjectT objTea
=WM->getClosestInSetTo(OBJECT_SET_TEAMMATES,WM->getAgentObjectTyp
e(),&dist);
        VecPosition posTea=WM->getGlobalPosition(objTea);
        soc=kickTo(posTea,SS->getBallSpeedMax());
        ACT->putCommandInQueue(soc);
        return soc;}
    }}

```

}
 36

```

if ( WM->getPlayerNumber() == 8 )
{
    soc = SoccerCommand(CMD_DASH, 80, 45);
    ACT->putCommandInQueue( soc ); // 放入命令队列
    ACT->putCommandInQueue( alignNeckWithBody() );
    return soc;
}
if(WM->isOffsideUs())
{
    ObjectT o;

```

```

o=WM->getSecondClosestInSetTo(OBJECT_SET_TEAMMATES,OBJECT_BALL) ;
    double myPosx;
    double myposy;
    double ballposx;
    double ballposy;
    double dis;
    ballposx=WM->getBallPos().getX();
    ballposy=WM->getBallPos().getY();
    myposy=WM->getAgentGlobalPosition().getY();
    myPosx=WM->getAgentGlobalPosition().getX();
    dis=sqrt(pow(ballposx-myPosx,2)+pow(ballposy-myposy,2));
    if(WM->getAgentObjectType()==o&&dis>7)
    {
        soc=moveToPos( VecPosition(ballposx,ballposy ) , 20 );
    }
    ACT->putCommandInQueue( soc ); // 放入命令队列
        ACT->putCommandInQueue( turnNeckToObject( OBJECT_BALL,
soc ) ); // 把脖子转向球，也就是一直看着球*/
    }

```

if (WM->getConfidence(OBJECT_BALL) < PS->getBallConfThr())//
判断对球的可信度，如果小于某个阈值，则...也就是说，如果很多周期没有看到球在哪里了

```

{
    ACT->putCommandInQueue( soc = searchBall() ); // if ball
pos unknown //执行找球动作！ 并放入命令队列
    ACT->putCommandInQueue( alignNeckWithBody( ) ); // search
for it //同时把脖子随身体一起转
}
    else if ( WM->isBallKickable() ) // if kickable // 如
果球已知，而且当前球在我脚下(可踢)

```

37

```
//playerteams.cpp(in deMeer5( ))  
else if(WM->isOffsideUs()  
{  
    if((WM->getPlayerNumber()==OBJECT_TEAMMATE_4)&&(WM->  
getClosestInSetTo ( OBJECT_SET_TEAMMATES,  
OBJECT_BALL)!=OBJECT_TEAMMATE_4))  
        soc=moveToPos((WM->getBallPos()+VecPosition(5,0)),20);  
        ACT->putCommandInQueue( soc ); // 放入命令队列  
        ACT->putCommandInQueue( turnNeckToObject( OBJECT_BALL,  
soc ) );  
}
```

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```
    if ( WM->isOffsideUs() )  
{  
    ObjectT o = WM ->  
getSecondClosestInSetTo(OBJECT_SET_TEAMMATES , OBJECT_BALL) ;  
    if ( WM ->getAgentObjectType() == o )  
    {  
        double a  = WM->getBallPos().getX() ;  
        double b = WM->getBallPos().getY() ;  
        double t ,m ,x2,y1,d,x1,y2;  
        t=b/( a-53);  
        m=53*t+b;  
        d=pow( 2*a+2*t*m,2) -4*( pow( t,2)+1) *(pow(a,2)+pow(m,2)-144) ;  
        x1 = ( ( 2*a+2*t*m) +sqrt( d) ) /( 2*( pow( t,2) +1)) ;  
        x2 = ( ( 2*a+2*t*m) -sqrt( d) ) /( 2*( pow( t,2) +1)) ;  
        y1 = t*x1-53*t ;  
        y2 =t*x2-53*t ;  
        double y ,x;  
        if( y1<y2)
```

```

    {
        y=y1 ;x=x1;
    }
    else
        y=y2;x=x2;

    soc = moveToPos( VecPosition( x,y) ,20)  ;
    }
    ACT->putCommandInQueue( soc ); // 放入命令队列
    ACT->putCommandInQueue( turnNeckToObject( OBJECT_BALL,
soc ) ); // 把脖子转向球，也就是一直看着球
    Log.log( 100, "kick ball" );
}

```

```

/*      if ( WM->isOffsideUs( ) )
{
    ObjectT o = WM->getClosestInSetTo( OBJECT_SET_TEAMMATES ,)
} */

if ( WM->getConfidence( OBJECT_BALL ) < PS->getBallConfThr() )//
判断对球的可信度，如果小于某个阈值，则...也就是说，如果很多周期没有看到球
在哪里了

```

```

    {
        ACT->putCommandInQueue( soc = searchBall() ); // if ball
pos unknown //执行找球动作！ 并放入命令队列
        ACT->putCommandInQueue( alignNeckWithBody( ) ); // search
for it //同时把脖子随身体一起转
    }
    else if ( WM->isBallKickable()) // if kickable // 如
果球已知，而且当前球在我脚下(可踢)

```

```

        if ( WM->isOffsideUs( ) )
        {
            ObjectT o1 = WM->getClosestInSetTo( OBJECT_SET_TEAMMATES ,
OBJECT_BALL) ;
            if( WM->getAgentObjectType() == o1 )
            {
                if( WM->getGlobalPosition( o1 ) != WM->getBallPos() )
                    soc = moveToPos( WM->getBallPos() ,20) ;
                else
                {
                    ObjectT o3 =
WM->getClosestInSetTo( OBJECT_SET_TEAMMATES ,posAgent) ;
                    soc = leadingPass( o3 , 1) ;
                }
            }
            ObjectT o2 = WM->getSecondClosestInSetTo(OBJECT_SET_TEAMMATES ,
OBJECT_BALL) ;
            if( WM->getAgentObjectType() != o2)
            {
                double y = posAgent.getY() ;
                VecPosition pos( 52.5, y);
                soc = moveToPos( pos,20) ;
            }
            ACT->putCommandInQueue( soc ); // 放入命令队列
            ACT->putCommandInQueue( turnNeckToObject( OBJECT_BALL,
soc ) ); // 把脖子转向球，也就是一直看着球
            Log.log( 100, "kick ball" );
        }
40
        if ( WM->getPlayerNumber() == 8 )
        {

```

```

        soc = SoccerCommand(CMD_DASH, 80, 45);
        ACT->putCommandInQueue( soc ); // 放入命令队列
        ACT->putCommandInQueue( alignNeckWithBody() );
        return soc;
    }
    if(WM->isOffsideUs())
{
    ObjectT o1;
    o1=WM->getClosestInSetTo(OBJECT_SET_TEAMMATES,OBJECT_BALL) ;
    ObjectT o2;

o2=WM->getSecondClosestInSetTo(OBJECT_SET_TEAMMATES,OBJECT_BALL) ;
    double o2Posx;
    double o2posy;
    o2Posx=WM->getGlobalPosition(o2).getY();
    o2posy=WM->getGlobalPosition(o2).getX();
    if (WM->getAgentObjectType()==o1 )
    {
        if(WM->getGlobalPosition(o1)!=WM->getBallPos())
        {
            soc=moveToPos(WM->getBallPos(),20);
        }
        else
        {
            ObjectT o3 = WM->getClosestInSetTo( OBJECT_SET_TEAMMATES ,
o1) ;
            soc = leadingPass(o3,1);
        }
    }
}

```

```

if(WM->getAgentObjectType()!=o1&&WM->getAgentObjectType()!=o2&&o2P

```



```
osx<=42.5&&o2posy<=29)
```

```
{  
    soc=moveToPos(VecPosition(o2Posx+10,o2posy+5),20);  
}
```

```
ACT->putCommandInQueue( soc ); // 放入命令队列
```

```
ACT->putCommandInQueue( turnNeckToObject( OBJECT_BALL, soc ) ); // 把脖子转向球，也就是一直看着球*/
```

```
}
```

```
41
```

在 PlayerTeams 中的

```
if ( WM->getConfidence( OBJECT_BALL ) < PS->getBallConfThr() )//判断对球的可信度，如果小于某个阈值，则...也就是说，如果很多周期没有看到球在哪里了
```

```
{
```

```
    ACT->putCommandInQueue( soc = searchBall() ); // if ball pos unknown //执行找球动作！并放入命令队列
```

```
    ACT->putCommandInQueue( alignNeckWithBody( ) ); // search for it //同时把脖子随身体一起转
```

```
}
```

后面

添加

```
if(WM->getClosestInSetTo(OBJECT_SET_OPPONENTS,WM->getBallPos())==OBJECT_OPPONENT_10)
```

```
{
```

```
    if(WM->getPlayerNumber()==4)
```

```
{
```

```
    VecPosition pos=WM->getGlobalPosition(OBJECT_OPPONENT_10);
```

```
    VecPosition newPos(pos.getX()-5,pos.getY());
```

```
soc=moveToPos(newPos,20);
ACT->putCommandInQueue( soc );
    ACT->putCommandInQueue( turnNeckToObject( OBJECT_BALL,
soc ) );
```

```
}
```

```
else if(WM->getPlayerNumber()==2)
```

```
{
```

```
    VecPosition pos=WM->getGlobalPosition(OBJECT_OPPONENT_10);
```

```
    VecPosition newPos(pos.getX(),pos.getY()+5);
```

```
soc=moveToPos(newPos,20);
```

```
    ACT->putCommandInQueue( soc );
```

```
    ACT->putCommandInQueue( turnNeckToObject( OBJECT_BALL,
soc ) );
```

```
}
```

```
else if(WM->getPlayerNumber()==3)
```

```
{
```

```
    VecPosition pos=WM->getGlobalPosition(OBJECT_OPPONENT_10);
```

```
    VecPosition newPos(pos.getX(),pos.getY()-5);
```

```
soc=moveToPos(newPos,20);
```

```
    ACT->putCommandInQueue( soc );
```

```
    ACT->putCommandInQueue( turnNeckToObject( OBJECT_BALL,
soc ) );
```

```
}
```

```
}
```

=====42=====

=====

在 PlayerTeams 中的

if (WM->getConfidence(OBJECT_BALL) < PS->getBallConfThr())//判断对球的可信度，如果小于某个阈值，则...也就是说，如果很多周期没有看到球在哪里了

{

ACT->putCommandInQueue(soc = searchBall()); // if ball pos unknown //执行找球动作！并放入命令队列

ACT->putCommandInQueue(alignNeckWithBody()); // search for it //同时把脖子随身体一起转

}

后面

if(WM->getClosestInSetTo(OBJECT_SET_OPPONENTS,WM->getBallPos())==OBJECT_OPPONENT_9)

{

ObjectT closestObject=OBJECT_TEAMMATE_2;

VecPosition team=WM->getGlobalPosition(closestObject);

double

minDis=team.getDistanceTo(WM->getGlobalPosition(OBJECT_OPPONENT_9));

team=WM->getGlobalPosition(OBJECT_TEAMMATE_3);

double

dis=team.getDistanceTo(WM->getGlobalPosition(OBJECT_OPPONENT_9));

if(dis<minDis)

{

minDis=dis;

closestObject=OBJECT_TEAMMATE_3;

```

    }

    team=WM->getGlobalPosition(OBJECT_TEAMMATE_4);

    dis=team.getDistanceTo(WM->getGlobalPosition(OBJECT_OPPONENT_9));
    if(dis<minDis)
    {closestObject=OBJECT_TEAMMATE_4;}

    if(WM->getAgentObjectType()==closestObject)
    {
        soc=moveToPos(WM->getGlobalPosition(OBJECT_TEAMMATE_9),40);
    }
    else
    {
        ObjectT
        opp=WM->getClosestInSetTo(OBJECT_SET_OPPONENTS,WM->getAgentObject
        tType());
        VecPosition oppPos=WM->getGlobalPosition(opp);
        soc=moveToPos(oppPos,40);

    }

```

```

=====43=====
=====

```

在 worldModel.h 中添加

```
bool func43()
```

在 worldModel.cpp 中添加

```
bool WorldModel::func43()
```

```
{
```

```
    ObjectT opp=getFastestInSetTo(OBJECT_SET_OPPONENTS,OBJECT_BALL);
```

```
    double oppDisToBall=getGlobalPosition(opp).getDistanceTo(getBallPos());
```

```

    ObjectT
    teammate=getFastestInSetTo(OBJECT_SET_TEAMMATES,OBJECT_BALL);
    double
    teammateDisToBall=getGlobalPosition(teammate).getDistanceTo(getBallPos());
    if(oppDisToBall<teammateDisToBall)
        return true;
    else
        return false;

}

```

在 PlayerTeams 中的

if (WM->getConfidence(OBJECT_BALL) < PS->getBallConfThr())//判断对球的可信度，如果小于某个阈值，则...也就是说，如果很多周期没有看到球在哪里了

```

    {
        ACT->putCommandInQueue( soc = searchBall() );    // if ball
pos unknown //执行找球动作！ 并放入命令队列
        ACT->putCommandInQueue( alignNeckWithBody( ) ); // search
for it //同时把脖子随身体一起转
    }

```

后面添加

```

    if(WM->func43())
    {
        ObjectT
        teammate=WM->getClosestInSetTo(OBJECT_SET_OPPONENTS,WM->getBallPos());
        if(WM->getAgentObjectType()==teammate)
        {

```

```

        soc=moveToPos(WM->getGlobalPosition(teammate),40);
    }
    else
    {
        ObjectT
opp=WM->getClosestInSetTo(OBJECT_SET_OPPONENTS,WM->getAgentObject
tType());
        VecPosition oppPos=WM->getGlobalPosition(opp);
        soc=moveToPos(oppPos,40);

    }
    ACT->putCommandInQueue( soc ); // 放入命令队列
        ACT->putCommandInQueue( turnNeckToObject( OBJECT_BALL,
soc ) );

    }

```

=====44=====

=====

在 PlayerTeams 中的

if (WM->getConfidence(OBJECT_BALL) < PS->getBallConfThr())//判断对球的可信度，如果小于某个阈值，则...也就是说，如果很多周期没有看到球在哪里了

```

    {
        ACT->putCommandInQueue( soc = searchBall() );    // if ball
pos unknown //执行找球动作！ 并放入命令队列
        ACT->putCommandInQueue( alignNeckWithBody( ) ); // search
for it //同时把脖子随身体一起转
    }

```

后面添加

```
if(WM->getClosestInSetTo(OBJECT_SET_OPPONENTS,WM->getBallPos())==OBJECT_OPPONENT_11)
```

```
{
```

```
    VecPosition oppPos=WM->getGlobalPosition(OBJECT_OPPONENT_11);
```

```
    if(WM->getAgentObjectType()==7)
```

```
    {
```

```
        VecPosition selfPos=WM->getGlobalPosition(OBJECT_TEAMMATE_7);
```

```
        double dis=selfPos.getDistanceTo(oppPos);
```

```
        if(dis>5)
```

```
        {
```

```
            soc=moveToPos(VecPosition(oppPos.getX(),oppPos.getY()+4),40);
```

```
        }
```

```
        else
```

```
        {
```

```
            soc=intercept(0);
```

```
        }
```

```
    }
```

```
    else if(WM->getAgentObjectType()==8)
```

```
    {
```

```
        VecPosition selfPos=WM->getGlobalPosition(OBJECT_TEAMMATE_8);
```

```
        double dis=selfPos.getDistanceTo(oppPos);
```

```
        if(dis>5)
```

```
        {
```

```
            soc=moveToPos(VecPosition(oppPos.getX(),oppPos.getY()+4),40);
```

```
        }
```

```
        else
```

```
        {
```

```
            soc=intercept(0);
```

```

    }

}

ACT->putCommandInQueue( soc ); // 放入命令队列
    ACT->putCommandInQueue( turnNeckToObject( OBJECT_BALL,
soc ) );

=====45=====
=====

在 PlayerTeams 中的
    if ( WM->getConfidence( OBJECT_BALL ) < PS->getBallConfThr() )//判断对
球的可信度，如果小于某个阈值，则...也就是说，如果很多周期没有看到球在哪里
了
    {
        ACT->putCommandInQueue( soc = searchBall() ); // if ball
pos unknown //执行找球动作！并放入命令队列
        ACT->putCommandInQueue( alignNeckWithBody( ) ); // search
for it //同时把脖子随身体一起转
    }

后面添加    if(WM->func43())//dui fang na dao qiu(mo ren shi fang shou mo
shou)
    {
        if(WM->getAgentObjectType()==OBJECT_TEAMMATE_6)
        {
            VecPosition pos=WM->getGlobalPosition(OBJECT_OPPONENT_9);
            soc=moveToPos(pos,40);
        }
        if(WM->getAgentObjectType()==OBJECT_TEAMMATE_7)
        {
            VecPosition pos=WM->getGlobalPosition(OBJECT_OPPONENT_10);
            soc=moveToPos(pos,40);
        }
    }

```



```

if(WM->getAgentObjectType()==OBJECT_TEAMMATE_8)
{
    VecPosition pos=WM->getGlobalPosition(OBJECT_OPPONENT_11);
    soc=moveToPos(pos,40);
}
ACT->putCommandInQueue( soc ); // 放入命令队列
    ACT->putCommandInQueue( turnNeckToObject( OBJECT_BALL,
soc ) );
}

```

在 worldModel.h 中添加 bool func43();

在 worldModel.cpp 中添加 bool WorldModel::func43()

```

{
    ObjectT opp=getFastestInSetTo(OBJECT_SET_OPPONENTS,OBJECT_BALL);
    double oppDisToBall=getGlobalPosition(opp).getDistanceTo(getBallPos());

```

ObjectT

```

teammate=getFastestInSetTo(OBJECT_SET_TEAMMATES,OBJECT_BALL);
double
teammateDisToBall=getGlobalPosition(teammate).getDistanceTo(getBallPos());
if(oppDisToBall<teammateDisToBall)
    return true;
else
    return false;
}

```

46 找到 if (WM->getPlayerNumber() == 8)

```

{
    soc = SoccerCommand(CMD_DASH, 80, 45);
    ACT->putCommandInQueue( soc ); // 放入命令队列

```

```

        ACT->putCommandInQueue( alignNeckWithBody() );
        return soc;
    }
    if(WM->isOffsideThem())
{
    if( WM->getAgentObjectType()==OBJECT_TEAMMATE_4)
    {
        VecPosition pos1;
        VecPosition pos2;
        pos1=WM->getBallPos();
        ObjectT o;
        o=WM->getClosestInSetTo(OBJECT_SET_OPPONENTS,pos1);
        pos2=WM->getGlobalPosition(o);
        soc=moveToPos(pos2,20);
        ACT->putCommandInQueue( soc ); // 放入命令队列

ACT->putCommandInQueue( turnNeckToObject( OBJECT_BALL, soc ) ); // 把脖子转向球，也就是一直看着球
        Log.log( 100, "kick ball" );
    }
}

    if ( WM->getConfidence( OBJECT_BALL ) < PS->getBallConfThr() )//
判断对球的可信度，如果小于某个阈值，则...也就是说，如果很多周期没有看到球在哪里了
    {
        ACT->putCommandInQueue( soc = searchBall() ); // if ball
pos unknown //执行找球动作！ 并放入命令队列
        ACT->putCommandInQueue( alignNeckWithBody( ) ); // search
for it //同时把脖子随身体一起转
    }

```

47

```
        PlayModeT    pm ;
    if ( WM->isOffsideThem( pm = PM_ILLEGAL ) )
    {
        ObjectT otwo  =
WM->getSecondClosestInSetTo( OBJECT_SET_TEAMMATES , OBJECT_BALL);
        if ( posAgent == WM->getGlobalPosition(otwo))
        {
            ObjectT oball =
WM->getSecondClosestInSetTo( OBJECT_SET_OPPONENTS , OBJECT_BALL) ;
            soc = moveToPos( WM->getGlobalPosition( oball ) , 20  ) ;
            ACT->putCommandInQueue( soc ); // 放入命令队列

ACT->putCommandInQueue( turnNeckToObject( OBJECT_BALL, soc ) ); // 把脖子转向球，也就是一直看着球
            Log.log( 100, "kick ball" );
        }
    }
```

48 if(WM->isOffsideThem())

```
{
    ObjectT o;
```

```

o=WM->getClosestInSetTo(OBJECT_SET_TEAMMATES,OBJECT_BALL);
double myPosx;
double myposy;
myposy=WM->getAgentGlobalPosition().getY();
myPosx=WM->getAgentGlobalPosition().getX();
if(WM->getAgentObjectType()!=o&&myPosx>0)
{
    soc=moveToPos( VecPosition(myPosx-10,myposy) , 20 );
}
ACT->putCommandInQueue( soc ); // 放入命令队列
    ACT->putCommandInQueue( turnNeckToObject( OBJECT_BALL,
soc ) ); // 把脖子转向球，也就是一直看着球
}
49
if ( WM->isOffsideThem() )
{
    Circle cir ( posAgent , 5 );
    int num = 0 ;
    num = WM->getNrInSetInCircle( OBJECT_SET_OPPONENTS , cir );
    if ( num != 0 )
    {
        ObjectT o = WM->getClosestInSetTo( OBJECT_SET_OPPONENTS ,
posAgent );
        VecPosition poso = WM->getGlobalPosition(o );
        if ( posAgent.getX() == poso.getX() + 2 && posAgent.getY() ==
poso.getY() )
        {
            soc = moveToPos( posAgent , 20 );
        }
        else
        {

```

```

        VecPosition pos( poso.getX() + 2 , poso.getY() );
        soc = moveToPos( pos , 20 );
    }
}
ACT->putCommandInQueue( soc ); // 放入命令队列

ACT->putCommandInQueue( turnNeckToObject( OBJECT_BALL, soc ) ); // 把脖子转向球，也就是一直看着球
    Log.log( 100, "kick ball" );
}
50
    PlayModeT pm ;
    if ( WM->isOffsideThem( pm = PM_ILLEGAL ) )
    {
        if ( WM -> getBallPos() .getX() < 0 )
        {
            if ( WM -> getAgentObjectType() == OBJECT_TEAMMATE_4 || WM ->
getAgentObjectType() == OBJECT_TEAMMATE_5 )
            {
                ObjectT o = WM ->
getSecondClosestInSetTo( OBJECT_SET_OPPONENTS ,OBJECT_BALL );
                VecPosition posopptwo = WM ->getGlobalPosition( o );
                soc = moveToPos( posopptwo , 20 );
                ACT->putCommandInQueue( soc );
                ACT->putCommandInQueue( turnNeckToObject( OBJECT_BALL,
soc ) );
                Log.log( 100, "kick ball" );
            }
        }
    }
}

```