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import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import numpy as np
from scipy.optimize import fsolve
from scipy.integrate import quad
class problem_28:
    def __init__(self):
        self.T = np.logspace(-4, 1.0, 500)
   def chemical_potential(self):
        return 1.0 - self.T**2*np.pi**2/6.0
    def mu_integral(self, eps, T, u):
        \# z=eps/e_f, y=u/e_f, x=kbT/e_f
        return 2.0*eps/(np.exp((eps-u)/T) + 1.0)
    def numerical_chemical_potential(self):
        def zero_func(u, T):
            ans = quad(self.mu_integral, 0.0, 100.0, args=(T, u),
                       epsrel=1.e-11, epsabs=1.e-11)[0]
            return 1.0 - ans
        u = []
        u0 = self.chemical_potential()
        for n, T in enumerate(self.T):
            u.append(fsolve(zero_func, u0[n], args=(T), xtol=1e-11)[0])
        return u
    def classical_chemical_potential(self):
        return -self.T*(np.log(2) + 2.0*np.log(self.T))
    def heat_capacity(self):
        u = self.chemical_potential()
        return 4.0/3.0*np.pi**2*u*self.T
    def classical_heat_capacity(self):
        return np.full(np.shape(self.T), 2.0)
    def heat_capacity_integral(self, eps, T, u):
        \# z=eps/e_f, \quad y=u/e_f, \quad x=kbT/e_f
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return 2.0*eps*eps/(np.exp((eps-u)/T) + 1.0)
def numerical_heat_capacity(self, mu):
    C_A = []
    for n, T in enumerate(self.T):
        C_A.append(quad(self.heat_capacity_integral, 0.0, 130.0, args=(T, mu[n]),
                        epsrel=1.e-11, epsabs=1.e-11)[0])
   C_A = np.array(C_A)
   C_A = np.diff(C_A) / np.diff(self.T)
   return C_A
def plot(self):
    fig = plt.figure(figsize=(16, 10))
    ax1 = fig.add_subplot(121)
    ax2 = fig.add_subplot(122)
    chemical_potential = self.chemical_potential()
    classical_chemical_potential = self.classical_chemical_potential()
    numerical_chemical_potential = self.numerical_chemical_potential()
    heat_capacity = self.heat_capacity()
    classical_heat_capacity = self.classical_heat_capacity()
    numerical_heat_capacity = self.numerical_heat_capacity(numerical_chemical_potential)
    ax1.plot(self.T[chemical_potential > numerical_chemical_potential[-1]],
             chemical_potential[chemical_potential > numerical_chemical_potential[-1]],
             "-",
    # ax1.plot(self.T, chemical_potential, "-",
             label="Sommerfeld Chemical Potential")
    ax1.plot(self.T, classical_chemical_potential, "--",
             label="Classical Chemical Potential")
    ax1.plot(self.T, numerical_chemical_potential, "-.",
             label="Numerical Chemical Potential")
    ax2.plot(self.T[self.T < 1.0], heat_capacity[self.T < 1.0], "-",
             label="Sommerfeld Heat Capacity")
    ax2.plot(self.T, classical_heat_capacity, "--",
             label="Classical Heat Capacity")
    ax2.plot(self.T[1:][numerical_heat_capacity > 0.0],
            numerical_heat_capacity[numerical_heat_capacity > 0.0],
             "-.", label="Numerical Heat Capacity")
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ax1.set_xscale("log")
ax2.set_xscale("log")

ax1.legend()
ax2.legend()

ax1.set_xlabel(r"$\frac{k_BT}{\epsilon_F}$")
ax2.set_xlabel(r"$\frac{k_BT}{\epsilon_F}$")
ax1.set_ylabel(r"$\frac{\mu}{\epsilon_F}$")
ax2.set_ylabel(r"$\frac{C_A}{\mu}{\epsilon_F}$")
plt.show()
return fig
prob28 = problem_28()
prob28.plot()
```