

Models

Observed

Latent

Joint factorization/ Graphical model

FA

$$\vec{x} \in \{0, 1\}^{784} \subset \mathbb{R}^D$$

$$\vec{z} \in \mathbb{R}^L$$

$$p_{\theta}(\vec{x}, \vec{z}) = p_{\theta}(\vec{x}|\vec{z}) p_{\theta}(\vec{z})$$

VAE

$$\vec{x} \in \{0, 1\}^{784}$$

$$\vec{z} \in \mathbb{R}^L$$

$$p_{\theta}(\vec{x}, \vec{z}) = p_{\theta}(\vec{x}|\vec{z}) p(\vec{z})$$

GMVAE

$$\vec{x} \in \{0, 1\}^{784}$$

$$\vec{y} \in \{0, 1\}^L \text{ (one-hot)}, \vec{z} \in \mathbb{R}^L$$

$$p_{\theta}(\vec{x}, \vec{y}, \vec{z}) = p_{\theta}(\vec{x}|\vec{z}) p_{\theta}(\vec{z}|\vec{y}) p(\vec{y})$$

VRNN

$$\vec{x}_{1:T}, \text{ each } \vec{x}_t \in \{0, 1\}^{28}$$

$$\vec{z}_{1:T}, \text{ each } \vec{z}_t \in \mathbb{R}^L$$

$$p_{\theta}(\vec{x}_{1:T}, \vec{z}_{1:T}) = \prod_{t=1}^T p_{\theta}(\vec{x}_t | \vec{x}_{<t}, \vec{z}_{\leq t}) p_{\theta}(\vec{z}_t | \vec{x}_{\leq t}, \vec{z}_{<t})$$

single data point: i



$$\log p_{\theta}(\text{observed}_i) \geq \mathbb{E}_{q_{\phi}(\text{latent}|\text{observed})} [\log p_{\theta}(\text{obs. latent}) - \log q_{\phi}(\text{latent}|\text{obs})]$$

Models

FA

$$p_{\theta}(\vec{z}|\vec{x}) = N(\vec{V}_{\vec{x}}, \Sigma_{\vec{x}})$$

can be obtained using complicated formula

Approx post

$q_{\phi}(\vec{z}|\vec{x})$ takes the form of $N(\vec{V}_{\vec{x}}, \Sigma)$ where $\phi = (\vec{V}, \Sigma)$

VAE

$p_{\theta}(\vec{z}|\vec{x})$ but not sure about its form

$$q_{\phi}(\vec{z}|\vec{x}) = N(\vec{\mu}_{\phi}(\vec{x}), \vec{\sigma}_{\phi}^2(\vec{x}))$$

GMVAE

$$p_{\theta}(\vec{y}, \vec{z}|\vec{x}) = p_{\theta}(\vec{y}|\vec{x}) p_{\theta}(\vec{z}|\vec{x}, \vec{y})$$

one-hot categorical, not known

$$q_{\phi}(\vec{y}|\vec{x}) = \text{OneHotCat}(\pi_{\phi}(\vec{x}))$$

$$q_{\phi}(\vec{z}|\vec{x}, \vec{y}) = N(\vec{\mu}_{\phi}(\vec{x}, \vec{y}), \vec{\sigma}_{\phi}^2(\vec{x}, \vec{y}))$$

VRNN

$$p_{\theta}(\vec{z}_{1:T} | \vec{x}_{1:T}) = p_{\theta}(\vec{z}_1 | \vec{x}_{1:T}) p_{\theta}(\vec{z}_2 | \vec{z}_1, \vec{x}_{1:T}) \dots$$

$$q_{\phi}(\vec{z}_1 | \vec{x}_1)$$

$$q_{\phi}(\vec{z}_2 | \vec{z}_1, \vec{x}_{1:2})$$

$$p_{\theta}(\vec{z}_2 | \vec{x}_{1:2}, \vec{z}_1)$$

Derivation of unbiased estimator of gradient for GMVAE

$$\nabla \phi \mathbb{E}_{q_{\phi}(\vec{y}, \vec{z} | \vec{x})} [\log p_{\theta}(\vec{x}, \vec{y}, \vec{z}) - \log q_{\phi}(\vec{y}, \vec{z} | \vec{x})]$$

$$= \nabla \phi \mathbb{E}_{q_{\phi}(\vec{y} | \vec{x})} q_{\phi}(\vec{z} | \vec{y}, \vec{x}) [\log p_{\theta}(\vec{x} | \vec{z}) + \log p_{\theta}(\vec{z} | \vec{y}) + \log p(\vec{y}) - \log q_{\phi}(\vec{y} | \vec{x}) - \log q_{\phi}(\vec{z} | \vec{x}, \vec{y})]$$

closed-form

$$= \left(\nabla \phi \mathbb{E}_{q_{\phi}(\vec{y} | \vec{x})} \left[\sum_{\vec{y}} q_{\phi}(\vec{y} | \vec{x}) \left[\mathbb{E}_{q_{\phi}(\vec{z} | \vec{y}, \vec{x})} [\dots] \right] \right] \right) + \nabla \phi \mathbb{E}_{q_{\phi}(\vec{y} | \vec{x})} \left[\frac{\log p(\vec{y})}{\log q_{\phi}(\vec{y} | \vec{x})} \right]$$

$$= \left(\sum_{\vec{y}} \nabla \phi [q_{\phi}(\vec{y} | \vec{x})] \cdot \mathbb{E}_{q_{\phi}(\vec{z} | \vec{y}, \vec{x})} [\dots] + q_{\phi}(\vec{y} | \vec{x}) \nabla \phi \mathbb{E}_{q_{\phi}(\vec{z} | \vec{y}, \vec{x})} [\dots] \right) + \dots$$

evaluate this
with $\vec{z}^s \sim q_{\phi}(\vec{z} | \vec{y}, \vec{x})$

evaluate this
with $\vec{z}^s \sim q_{\phi}(\vec{z} | \vec{y}, \vec{x})$
but sample it using
reparameterization trick

or

~~$$\sum_{\vec{y}} \nabla \phi [q_{\phi}(\vec{y} | \vec{x})]$$~~

Der.

$$\nabla \phi \mathbb{E}_{q_{\phi}(\vec{z} | \vec{x})} [\log p_{\theta}(\vec{x}, \vec{z}) - \log q_{\phi}(\vec{z} | \vec{x})]$$

$$= \nabla \phi \left\{ \mathbb{E}_{q_{\phi}(\vec{z} | \vec{x})} [\log p_{\theta}(\vec{x} | \vec{z}) + \log p_{\theta}(\vec{z}) - \log q_{\phi}(\vec{z} | \vec{x})] \right\}$$

$$= \nabla \phi \mathbb{E}_{q_{\phi}(\vec{z} | \vec{x})} [\log p_{\theta}(\vec{x} | \vec{z})] + \nabla \phi \mathbb{E}_{q_{\phi}(\vec{z} | \vec{x})} [\log p(\vec{z}) - \log q_{\phi}(\vec{z} | \vec{x})]$$

evaluate this
with $\vec{z}^s \sim p q_{\phi}(\vec{z} | \vec{x})$
with reparameterization

- KL - closed form

$$\Rightarrow \text{(1) evaluate } \log p_{\theta}(\vec{x} | \vec{z}^s) + D_{KL}(p(\vec{z}) - \log q_{\phi}(\vec{z} | \vec{x})) \text{ (2) compute gradient}$$