

```
In [1]: import numpy as np
```

## Problem 1

Solving for row echelon form (GF2)

```
In [2]: rowlist = np.array([[1,1,0,1],
                             [1,0,1,0],
                             [0,1,1,1],
                             [0,1,1,0]])
```

```
In [85]: def ech_rowGF2(rowlist):
    col_label_list = np.array([a for a in range(len(rowlist[0]))])
    rows_left = set(range(len(rowlist)))
    new_rowlist = []
    for c in col_label_list:
        #among rows left, list of row-labels whose rows have a nonzero in position c
        rows_with_nonzero = [r for r in rows_left if rowlist[r][c] != 0]
        if rows_with_nonzero != []:
            pivot = rows_with_nonzero[0]
            rows_left.remove(pivot)
            new_rowlist.append(rowlist[pivot] % 2)
            for r in rows_with_nonzero[1:]:
                multiplier = rowlist[r][c] / rowlist[pivot][c]
                rowlist[r] = rowlist[r] - multiplier * rowlist[pivot]
    new_rowlist = np.array(new_rowlist)
    return new_rowlist
```

```
In [4]: print(ech_rowGF2(rowlist))
```

```
[[1 1 0 1]
 [0 1 1 1]
 [0 0 0 0]
 [0 0 0 1]]
```

## Problem 2

Solving system of equations through Gauss-Jordan [RREF] elimination method

```
In [105]: def ech_row(rowlist):
col_label_list = np.array([a for a in range(len(rowlist[0]))])
rows_left = set(range(len(rowlist)))
new_rowlist = []
for c in col_label_list:
    #among rows left, list of row-labels whose rows have a nonzero in position c
    rows_with_nonzero = [r for r in rows_left if rowlist[r][c] != 0]
    if rows_with_nonzero != []:
        pivot = rows_with_nonzero[0]
        rows_left.remove(pivot)
        new_rowlist.append(rowlist[pivot])
        for r in rows_with_nonzero[1:]:
            multiplier = rowlist[r][c] / rowlist[pivot][c]
            rowlist[r] = rowlist[r] - multiplier * rowlist[pivot]
new_rowlist = np.array(new_rowlist)
return new_rowlist
```

```
In [405]: def rref(rowlist):
col_label_list = np.array([a for a in range(len(rowlist[0]))])
rows_left = set(range(len(rowlist)))
new_rowlist = []
for i in col_label_list:
    rows_with_nonzero = [r for r in rows_left if rowlist[r][i] != 0]
    if rows_with_nonzero != []:
        pivot = rows_with_nonzero[0]
        rows_left.remove(pivot)
        for r in rows_with_nonzero:
            if rowlist[r][pivot] > 1 or rowlist[r][pivot] < 0:
                multiplier = rowlist[r][pivot] / 1
                rowlist[r] = rowlist[r] / multiplier
            elif rowlist[r][pivot] == 0:
                if rowlist[r][pivot + 1] > 1 or rowlist[r][pivot + 1] < 0:
                    multiplier = rowlist[r][pivot + 1] / 1
                    rowlist[r] = rowlist[r] / multiplier
        new_rowlist.append(rowlist[pivot])

new_rowlist = np.array(new_rowlist)

col_list = [a for a in range(len(rowlist[0]) - 1)]
rows = [a for a in range(len(rowlist))]
rref = []
for i in col_list:
    nonzero_rows = [c for c in rows if new_rowlist[c][i] != 0]
    if nonzero_rows != []:
        row = nonzero_rows[len(nonzero_rows) - 1]
        pivot = new_rowlist[row][i]
        if len(nonzero_rows) > 1:
            for b in nonzero_rows:
                if row != b:
                    multiplier = pivot * new_rowlist[b][i]
                    new_rowlist[b] = new_rowlist[b] - (multiplier * new_rowlist[row])
return new_rowlist
```

a)

```
In [36]: array = np.array([[4,2,3,4,5],
                        [2,0,0,3,2],
                        [3,2,3,4,5],
                        [2,0,0,6,7]])
b = np.array([[2], [3], [4], [5]])
rowlist = np.hstack((array, b))
rowlist = rowlist.astype(np.float)
```

```
In [406]: ech = ech_row(rowlist)
print(ech)
print(rref(ech))
```

```
[[ 4.  2.  3.  4.  5.  2. ]
 [ 0. -1. -1.5 1. -0.5 2. ]
 [ 0.  0.  0.  1.5 1.  3.5]
 [ 0.  0.  0.  0.  3. -5. ]]
[[ 1.  0.  0.  0.  0.  0. -2. ]
 [ 0.  1.  0.  1.5 0.  0.  2.27777778]
 [ 0.  0.  0.  0.  1.  0.  3.44444444]
 [ 0.  0.  0.  0.  0.  1. -1.66666667]]
```

After transforming the row echelon form of the augmented matrix, the following is the solution for the system:

$X_1 = -2$

$X_2 + 1.5X_3 = 2.27..$

$X_4 = 3.44..$

$X_5 = -1.66..$

**b)**

```
In [409]: array = np.array([[4,2,3,4,5],
                        [2,0,0,3,2],
                        [3,2,3,4,5],
                        [2,0,0,6,7]])
b = np.array([[2], [3], [4], [5]])
rowlist = np.hstack((array, b))
rowlist = rowlist.astype(np.float)
print(ech_row(rowlist))
```

```
[[ 4.  2.  3.  4.  5.  2. ]
 [ 0. -1. -1.5 1. -0.5 2. ]
 [ 0.  0.  0.  1.5 1.  3.5]
 [ 0.  0.  0.  0.  3. -5. ]]
```

Above is the row reduced form of the system of equations, able to work with floats

