Bagels Deduction Game

Making Game with Python (1)

Zhihong (John) Zeng & Andrew Zeng

Agenda

- List operations
- Sets
- Dictionaries
- Demo
- function definition and test
 - Introduction
 - get_random_number
 - o get_player_input
 - o get_clue
- Main function

Creating a list

- Writing out all the elements: x = [1, 2, 3, 4, etc]
- Concatenation:

```
x = [1, 2] + [3, 4], creates list [1, 2, 3, 4]

x = [1] * 10, creates list [1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1]
```

- Split: x = "a b c d e".split(), creates list ["a", "b", "c", "d", "e"]
- List: x = list("abcd"), creates list ["a", "b", "c", "d"]
- Loop: x = [i for i in range(5)], creates list [0, 1, 2, 3, 4]

Other list operations

Join

- Creates a string with every item in the list merged together
- Ex: a = ["a", "b", "c"]
 print("".join(a))

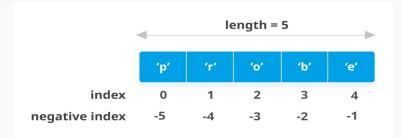
Sublist

- Allows you to access parts of the list
- Ex: a = [1, 2, 3, 4, 5]
 print(a[:2])
 print(a[3:])
 print(a[1:3])
 print(a[:-1])

Sets

- A collection of easily accessible items
 Syntax: {1, 2, 3 ...}
- Creating a set
 - x = set()
 - $x = \{1, 2, 3\}$
- Adding to a set
 - x.add(4)
- Deleting from a set
 - x.delete(1)
- Get set size len(x)

Lists vs sets



"p"	"r"	"o"	"b"	"e"
15	17	14	1	4

- Order vs accessibility
- Finding stuff and iterating
- Duplicates

Dictionary

- Dictionary is a collection which is to store data with key-value pairs
- Syntax: A= {key1: value1, key: value2}
- Access
 - Value = A[key] # compare: access list value
- Add element
 - A[new_key] = new_value
- Check the existence of a key
 - Key in A
- Loop:
 - For k, v in A.items():
 - print(k, v)

```
#exercise
```

```
A = \{(a': 1, (b': 2)\}
```

```
print(A['b'])
```

```
A['c'] = 3
```

```
print(A)
```

```
print('a' in A
```

For k, v in A.items():

```
print(k, v
```

Dictionary

- Get keys
 - o A.keys() # compare: access list value
- Get values
 - A.values()
- Deletion
 - A.pop(key)
 - o del A['a']

```
# exercise continue:
print(A.keys())
print(A.values())
print(A.pop('a')) # return the related value
print(A)
```

print(k)

for k in A:

Demo



Introduction

```
NUM_DIGIT = 3
MAX_GUESS = 10
def introduction():
  intro = f'''
  I am thinking of a {NUM_DIGIT}-digit number. Try to guess what it is.
  The clues I give are...
  When I say: That means:
  Bagels None of the digits is correct.
  Pico
           One digit is correct but in the wrong position.
  Fermi
            One digit is correct and in the right position.
  I have thought up a number. You have {MAX_GUESS} guesses to get it."
  print(intro)
```

Flowchart

Intro

get_random_number

```
For loop with max guess:
    print(message)
    guess = get_player_input()
    clue = get_clue(guess)
    If clue == 'Won'
        print(congrats)
        return
    else:
        print(clue)
```

print('Ran out of guesses')

Debug: function definition and test

bagels.py: Function definition bagels_test.py def get_random_number(): from bagels import * def test_get_random_number() test_get_random_number() If bagels_test.py fails, go to check code

Create random number

```
def get_random_number(size):
  nums = list(range(1, 10))
  random.shuffle(nums)
  ans = "
  for x in nums[:size]:
    ans += str(x)
  return ans
```

```
def test_get_random_number():
    print('-----test get_random_number')
    print(get_random_number(2))
    print(get_random_number(3))
    print(get_random_number(3))
    print(get_random_number(3))
    print(get_random_number(3))
    print('-----done-----\n')
test_get_random_number()
```

get_player_input

```
def get_player_input(size):
    ans = "
    while len(ans) != size or not ans.isdigit():
        ans = input('Make a guess ({} digits): \n'.format(size))
    return ans
```

```
def test_get_player_input():
    print('-----test get_player_input')
    ans = get_player_input(3)
    print('Your guess is {}'.format(ans))
    print('-----done-----\n')

test_get_player_input()
```

Get clue

```
def get_clue(guess, secret, secretDict, secretSet):
  if guess == secret:
    return "won"
  clue = []
  for i in range(len(guess)):
    if guess[i] == secretDict[i]:
       clue.append("fermi")
    elif guess[i] in secretSet:
       clue.append("Pico")
  if not clue:
    return "bagels"
  else:
    return "".join(clue)
```

```
def secret_set(secret):
  secret_set = set()
  for i in secret:
     secret_set.add(i)
  return secret set
def secret_dict(secret):
  ind = {}
  for i in range(len(secret)):
    ind[i] = secret[i]
  return ind
```

Main function

```
def bagels():
  introduction()
  secret = get_random_num(num_digit)
  secretSet = secret_set(secret)
  secretDict = secret_dict(secret)
  for i in range(max_guess):
    print(f"Guess {i + 1}")
    ans = get_input(num_digit)
    clue = get_clue(ans, secret, secretDict, secretSet)
    if clue == "won":
      print("You guessed the number!")
      return
    else:
      print(clue)
  print(f"You ran out of guesses, the number was {secret}")
```

program entry

```
if __name__ == '__main__':
  bagels_game()
```