### Exercise set #7

Please submit your solutions in teams of two using the sciebo file-drop folder. The link is available in ILIAS. For the formatting please stick to the submission\_guideline.pdf that you can find on sciebo. In the case of multiple uploads we will consider the latest. Uploads after the deadline will be deleted without further notice.

#### 1. Eigenvectors and eigenvalues

- (a) Given a matrix  $A \in \mathbb{R}^{n \times n}$  and one of its eigenvectors v, how do you obtain the corresponding eigenvalue  $\lambda$ ?
- (b) Show that scaling an eigenvector v of matrix  $A \in \mathbb{R}^{n \times n}$  by a constant  $c \neq 0$  yields another eigenvector with the same eigenvalue  $\lambda$ .
- (c) For symmetric  $A \in \mathbb{R}^{n \times n}$  with distinct eigenvalues  $\lambda_1, \ldots, \lambda_n$  show that the corresponding eigenvectors  $v_1, \ldots, v_n$  are orthogonal to each other.

15 points

#### 2. Centering matrix

The Centering matrix is defined as  $H = I_n - \frac{1}{n} \mathbf{1}_n \mathbf{1}_n^\mathsf{T}$  where  $I_n$  is the  $n \times n$  identity matrix,  $\mathbf{1}_n$  is the n dimensional one-vector, i.e.  $\mathbf{1}_n = [1, 1, \dots, 1]^\mathsf{T}$ . Show:

- (a) H is symmetric, i.e.  $H = H^{\mathsf{T}}$ .
- (b) H is idempotent, i.e. H = HH.
- (c) Show that  $H1_n = 0_n$ , i.e.,  $1_n$  is an eigenvector with eigenvalue 0.
- (d) What are the other eigenvalues of H?
- (e) For a data matrix  $X \in \mathbb{R}^{d \times n}$  show that XH has mean zero, i.e. show  $\frac{1}{n}XH1_n = 0_d$ .

  20 points

#### 3. Benchmarking the centering matrix (programming task)

The centering matrix is a very handy tool for theoretical derivations, however it is not a computational efficient way to center a data matrix as you will see by solving this exercise.

- (a) Write a Python function center\_with\_matrix(data) that subtracts the row-wise mean from the input array data by multiplying with the centering matrix.
- (b) Write a Python function centering\_with\_numpy(data) that performs the same operation using basic NumPy-functions.
- (c) Sample random data matrices with uniformly distributed entries with 10 rows and a different number of columns. Plot the number of columns of the data matrix against the elapsed runtime for both functions. Also add a legend to your plot.

15 points

# 4. PCA on iris data (programming task)

For this exercise we will use the iris data set which is available online<sup>1</sup>. The goal is to perform a principal component analysis (PCA) and derive with a new feature subspace. You may use NumPy/SciPy functions for the computations.

(a) Write a Python function that calculates the covariance matrix

$$\Sigma = \frac{1}{n-1} \sum_{i=1}^{n} (x_i - \hat{\mu})(x_i - \hat{\mu})^T$$

of a dataset  $X = [x_1, \dots, x_n] \in \mathbb{R}^{D \times n}$ , where  $\hat{\mu} \in \mathbb{R}^D$  is the mean of the data matrix. Do not use the function np.cov.

- (b) Implement a function pca(X, d, whitening=False) that performs PCA on the input data X and returns the projected (and optionally whitened) data Y, the matrix of eigenvectors V, and the eigenvalues Lambda. For the eigenvector decomposition you can use the function np.linalg.eigh.
- (c) Project the Iris data onto a two-dimensional feature space. Create scatter plots visualizing the projected data points before and after applying whitening.

Important: This exercise assumes that the data points are stacked columnwise!

30 points

## 5. Inhomogeneous kernel function

For  $a, b \in \mathbb{R}^2$ , consider the inhomogeneous polynomial kernel function  $k(a, b) = (a^\mathsf{T}b + 1)^p$ .

- (a) Show that  $\Phi(a) = [a_1^2, a_2^2, \sqrt{2}a_1a_2, \sqrt{2}a_1, \sqrt{2}a_2, 1]^T$  is a feature map for the kernel  $k(a, b) = (a^Tb + 1)^2$ , i. e., show that  $k(a, b) = \Phi(a)^T\Phi(b)$ .
- (b) What is the corresponding feature map for  $k(a,b) = (a^{\mathsf{T}}b+1)^3$ ? What is the dimensionality of that feature space?
- (c) What is the feature space dimension of  $k(a,b) = (a^{\mathsf{T}}b+1)^p$ ? Proof your answer.

20 points

<sup>1</sup>https://archive.ics.uci.edu/ml/datasets/iris