

# Low Power Low Offset Voltage Dual Comparators

### Features

Wide Single-Supply Range: 2.0 V to 32 V

Split-Supply Range: ±1.0 V to ±16 V

Very Low Current Drain Independent of Supply Voltage: 0.4 mA

Low Input Bias Current: 25 nA

Low Input Offset Current: 5.0 nA

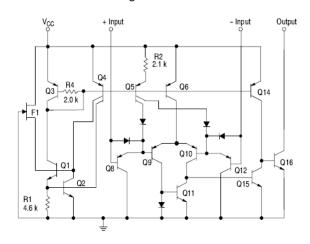
Low Input Offset Voltage: 5.0 mV (max)

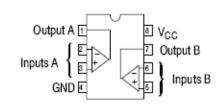
Input Common Mode Range to Ground Level

Differential Input Voltage Range Equal to Power Supply Voltage

# 1.80MAX WATER STORY OF THE STO

## Representative Schematic Diagram





### ■ Absolute Maximum Ratings Ta = 25°C

Parameter	Symbol	Rating	Unit	
Power Supply Voltage	Vcc	+32 or $\pm$ 16	V	
Input Differential Voltage Range	Vidr	32	V	
Input Common Mode Voltage Range	Vicr	-0.3 to +32	V	
Output Short Circuit-to-Ground	Isc	Continuous	mA	
Output Sink Current*	ISink	20		
Power Dissipation @ Ta = 25°C	Pb	570	mW	
Derate above 25℃	1/R θ JA	5.7	mW/℃	
Operating Ambient Temperature Range	TA	-40 to 105	$^{\circ}\!\mathbb{C}$	
Maximum Operating Junction Temperature	TJ(max)	150	$^{\circ}\!\mathbb{C}$	
Storage Temperature Range	Tstg	-65 to +150	℃	
ESD Protection at any Pin - Human Body Model - Machine Model	Vesd	2000 200	V	

<sup>\*</sup> The maximum output current may be as high as 20 mA, independent of the magnitude of Vcc, output short circuits to Vcc can cause excessive heating and eventual destruction.

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### ■ Electrical Characteristics (Vcc = 5.0 V, 0°C ≤ T<sub>A</sub> ≤ 70°C, unless otherwise noted.)

Parameter	Symbol	Testconditons	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	
Input Offset Voltage*1	Vio	TA = 25°C		±1.0	±5.0	mV	
		0°C ≤ Ta ≤ 70°C			9.0		
Input Offset Current	lio	TA = 25°C		±5.0	±50	nA	
		0℃ ≤ Ta ≤ 70℃			±150		
Input Bias Current *2	lів	TA = 25°C		25	250	nA	
		0℃ ≤ Ta ≤ 70℃			400		
Input Common Mode Voltage Range *2	Vicr	Ta = 25°C	0		Vcc - 1.5	V	
		0°C ≤ TA ≤ 70°C	0		Vcc - 2.0		
Voltage Gain	Avol	RL≥15 k Ω , Vcc = 15 V, Ta = 25°C	50	200		V/mV	
Large Signal Response Time		Vin = TTL Logic Swing, Vref = 1.4 V,VRL = 5.0 V, RL = 5.1 k $\Omega$ , TA = 25 $^{\circ}$ C		300		ns	
Response Time *4	tтьн	VRL = 5.0 V, RL = 5.1 k $\Omega$ , TA = 25 $^{\circ}$ C		1.3		μs	
Input Differential Voltage *5	VID	All V <sub>in</sub> ≷G <sub>ND</sub> or V-Supply (if used)			Vcc	V	
Output Sink Current	Sink	$V_{in} \geqslant 1.0 \text{ V}$ , $V_{in+}$ = 0 V, $V_{O} \leqslant 1.5 \text{ V}$ TA = $25^{\circ}$ C	6.0	16		mA	
Output Saturation Voltage	Vol	$V_{in} \geqslant 1.0 \text{ V}$ , $V_{in}$ + = 0, $I_{sink} \le 4.0 \text{ mA}$ , $T_{A}$ = 25 $^{\circ}$ C		150	400	mV	
		0°C ≤ TA ≤ 70°C			700	1117	
Output Leakage Current	loL	V <sub>in-</sub> = 0 V, V <sub>in+</sub> ≥1.0 V, V <sub>0</sub> = 5.0 V, T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C		0.1		nA	
		Vin- = 0 V, Vin+ $\geqslant$ 1.0 V, Vo = 30 V,0 $^{\circ}$ C $\leqslant$ Ta $\leqslant$ 70 $^{\circ}$ C			1000		
Supply Current	Icc	RL = $\infty$ Both Comparators, Ta = $25^{\circ}$ C		0.4	1.0	mA	
		RL = ∞ Both Comparators, Vcc = 30 V			2.5		

<sup>\*1.</sup> At output switch point, Vo=1.4 V, Rs =  $0\Omega$  with Vcc from 5.0 V to 30 V, and over the full input common mode range (0 V to Vcc = -1.5 V).

<sup>\*2.</sup> Due to the PNP transistor inputs, bias current will flow out of the inputs. This current is essentially constant, independent of the output state, therefore, no loading changes will exist on the input lines.

<sup>\*3.</sup> Input common mode of either input should not be permitted to go more than 0.3 V negative of ground or minus supply.

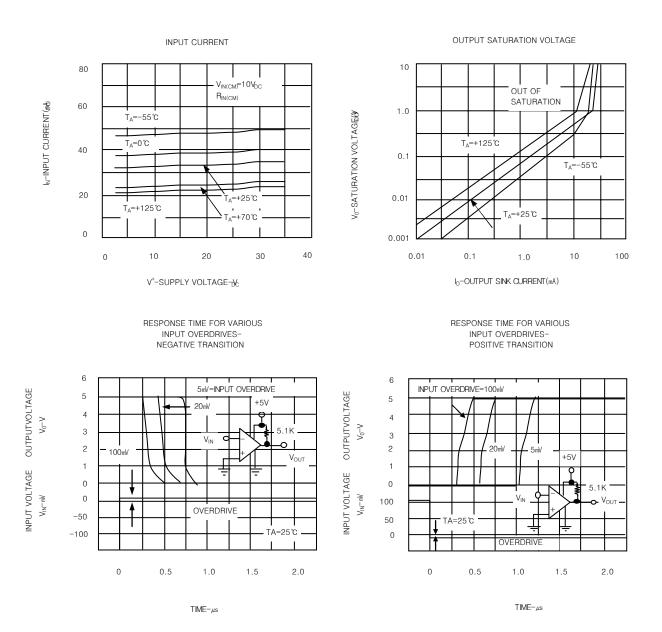
The upper limit of common mode range is Vcc -1.5 V.

<sup>\*4.</sup> Response time is specified with a 100 mV step and 5.0 mV of overdrive. With larger magnitudes of overdrive faster response times are obtainable.

<sup>\*5.</sup> The comparator will exhibit proper output state if one of the inputs becomes greater than Vcc, the other input must remain within the common mode range. The low input state must not be less than -0.3 V of ground or minus supply.

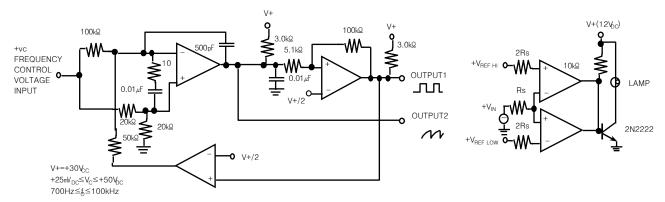


### TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS





# **TYPICAL APPLICATIONS**



TWO-DECADE HIGH-FREQUENCY VCO

LIMIT COMPARATOR

