| BI 1  | query                                  | BI / read / 1  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|-------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| BI 2  | title                                  | Posting summary  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| BI 3  |  | morrage: Morrage   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| BI 4  |  | message: Message  creationDate < \$datetime  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| BI 5  | pattern                                | length   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| BI 6  |  | year(creationDate)   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| BI 7  |  | Given a datetime, find all Messages created before that moment. Group them by a 3-level group- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| BI 8  |  | ing:   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| BI 10 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| BI 11 |  | 1. by year of creation   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| BI 12 |  | 2. for each year, group into Message types: is Comment or not                                  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| BI 13 | desc.                                  | 3. for each year-type group, split into four groups based on length of their content           |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| BI 14 |  | • 0: 0 ≤ length < 40 (short)   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| BI 15 |  | • 1: 40 ≤ length < 80 (one liner)  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| BI 16 |  | • 2: 80 ≤ length < 160 (tweet)   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| BI 17 |  | • 3: 160 ≤ length (long)   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| BI 18 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| BI 19 |  | For later microbatches, later datetime parameters are  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| BI 20 | params                                 | datetime DateTime DateTime Selected keep the variance low (<0.5%)                              |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|       | befored keep the variance for (10.5 %) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|       |  | 1 year 32-bit Integer R year(message.creationDate)   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|       |  | 2 isComment Boolean M True for Comments, False for Posts                                       |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|       |  | 3 lengthCategory 32-bit Integer C 0 for short, 1 for one-liner, 2 for tweet, 3 for             |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|       |  | S2-bit integer   C   long  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|       |  | 4 messageCount 32-bit Integer A Total number of Messages in that group                         |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|       | result                                 | averageMessageLength 32-bit Float A Average length of the Message content in                   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|       |  | that group   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|       |  | 6 sumMessageLength 32-bit Integer A Sum of all Message content lengths                         |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|       |  | Number of Messages in group as a   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|       |  | 7 percentageOfMessages 32-bit Float A percentage of all messages created before                |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|       |  | the given date   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|       |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|       |  | 1 year   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|       | sort                                   | 2 isComment ↑ False < True, i.e. Posts come first and Comments second                          |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|       |  | 3 lengthCategory \ \ \ \ order based on the lengthCategory value                               |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|       | limit                                  | n/a  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|       | CPs                                    | 1.2, 3.2, 4.1, 4.2, 8.5  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ı     | 1                                      |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

| BI 1           | query   | BI / read / 2   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|----------------|---------|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| BI 2           | title   | Tag evolution   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| BI 3           |         | TagClass  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| BI 4           |         | name = \$tagClass   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| BI 5           |         | hasType   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| BI 6           |         |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| BI 7           |         | tag: Tag  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| BI 8           | pattern | hasTag hasTag   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| BI 9           |         | countWindow1 = count(message) countwindow2 = count(message)                                     |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| BI 10          |         |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| BI 11          |         | message: Message message: Message   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| BI 12<br>BI 13 |         | creationDate in [\$date, \$date+100 days)   creationDate in [\$date+100 days, \$date+200 days)  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| BI 13          |         | Find the Tags under a given TagClass that were used in Messages during in the 100-day period    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| BI 14<br>BI 15 | desc.   | starting at date and compare it with the 100-day period that follows. For the Tags and for both |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| BI 16          | uesc.   | months, compute the count of Messages.  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| BI 17          |         | months, compute the count of wiessages.   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| BI 18          |         | 1 date Date   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| BI 19          | params  | 2 tagClass Long String TagClasses with a similar amount of Messages are selected                |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| BI 20          |         |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|                |         | 1 tag.name Long String R  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|                |         | 2 countWindow1 32-bit Integer A Occurrences of the tagClass during the first time window        |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|                | result  | 3 countWindow2 32-bit Integer A Occurrences of the tagClass during the second time window       |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|                |         | 4 diff 32-bit Integer A Absolute difference of countWindow1 and countWindow2                    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|                |         |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|                | sort    | 1 diff $\downarrow$   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|                | 3011    | 2 tag.name ↑  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|                | limit   | 100   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|                | CPs     | 2.4, 3.1, 3.2, 4.1, 4.2, 4.3, 5.3, 6.1, 8.2, 8.5  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

| BI 1   | query   | BI / read / 3  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|--|---------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| BI 2   | title   | Popular topics in a country  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| BI 3 BI 4 BI 5 BI 6 BI 7 BI 8 BI 9 BI 10 BI 11 BI 12 BI 13 BI 14 | pattern | Country  name = \$country  isPartOf  City  Tag  hasType  City  Tag  hasTag  count(message)  id  message: Message  forum: Forum  id title creationDate  TagClass  name = \$tagClass  name = \$tagCla |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| BI 15<br>BI 16<br>BI 17<br>BI 18                                 | desc.   | Given a TagClass and a Country, find all the Forums created in the given Country, containing at least one Message with Tags belonging directly to the given TagClass, and count the Messages by the Person who created it and by the Forum which contains them.  The location of a Forum is identified by the location of the Forum's moderator.   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| BI 19<br>BI 20   | params  | 1 tagClass Long String TagClasses with a similar amount of Messages are selected 2 country Long String Big Countries are selected  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | result  | 1 forum.id ID R 2 forum.title Long String R 3 forum.creationDate DateTime R 4 person.id ID R 5 messageCount 32-bit Integer A   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | sort    | 1 messageCount ↓ 2 forum.id ↑  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | limit   | 20   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | CPs     | CPs 1.1, 1.2, 1.3, 2.1, 2.2, 2.4, 3.3, 8.2   |  |  |  |  |  |  |

| BI 1   | query   | BI / read / 4  |  |  |  |  |  |
|--|---------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| BI 2   | title   | Top message creators by country  |  |  |  |  |  |
| BI 3<br>BI 4<br>BI 5<br>BI 6<br>BI 7<br>BI 8<br>BI 9<br>BI 10<br>BI 11<br>BI 12<br>BI 13<br>BI 14<br>BI 15 | pattern | 1. select top 100 forums based on memberCount in country    Country  |  |  |  |  |  |
| BI 16<br>BI 17<br>BI 18<br>BI 19<br>BI 20  | desc.   | Find the most popular Forums by Country, where the popularity of a Forum is measured by the number of members that Forum has from a given Country.  Calculate the top 100 most popular Forums. If a Forum is popular in multiple countries, it should only be calculated once with its largest membership. In case of a tie, the Forum(s) with the smaller id value(s) should be selected.  For each member Person of the 100 most popular Forums, count the number of Messages (messageCount) they made in any of those (most popular) Forums. Also include those member Persons who have not posted any Messages (have a messageCount of 0). |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | params  | 1 date Date Selected from the first 30 days of the network   |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | result  | 1 person.id ID R 2 person.firstName String R 3 person.lastName String R 4 person.creationDate DateTime R 5 messageCount 32-bit Integer A   |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | sort    | 1 messageCount ↓ 2 person.id ↑   |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | limit   | 100  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | CPs     | 1.2, 1.3, 2.1, 2.2, 2.3, 2.4, 3.3, 5.3, 6.1, 8.2, 8.4  |  |  |  |  |  |

| BI 1   | query   | BI / read / 5  |
|--|---------|--|
| BI 2   | title   | Most active posters of a given topic   |
| BI 3 BI 4 BI 5 BI 6 BI 7 BI 8 BI 9 BI 10 BI 11                       | pattern | Tag person: Person id hasCreator person.score = 1xmessageCount + 2xreplyCount + 10xlikeCount replyCount = count(comment) replyOf comment: Comment  |
| BI 12<br>BI 13<br>BI 14<br>BI 15<br>BI 16<br>BI 17<br>BI 18<br>BI 19 | desc.   | Get each Person (person) who has created a Message (message) with a given Tag (direct relation, not transitive). Considering only these Messages, for each Person node:  • Count its messages (messageCount). • Count likes (likeCount) to its messages. • Count Comments (replyCount) in reply to it messages.  The score is calculated according to the following formula: 1 × messageCount + 2 × replyCount + 10 × likeCount. |
| BI 20  | params  | 1 tag Long String Tags with a similar amount of Messages are selected  |
|  | result  | 1 person.id ID R 2 replyCount 32-bit Integer A 3 likeCount 32-bit Integer A 4 messageCount 32-bit Integer A 5 score 32-bit Integer A   |
|  | sort    | 1 score ↓ 2 person.id ↑  |
|  | limit   | 100  |
|  | CPs     | 1.2, 2.3, 8.2  |

| BI 1   | query     | BI / read / 6   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|--|-----------|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| BI 2   | title     | Most authoritative users on a given topic   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| BI 3 BI 4 BI 5 BI 6 BI 7 BI 8 BI 9 BI 10 BI 11                       | pattern   | Tag person: Person  id p2: Person  hasCreator  message1:Message  A copt likes  person.authorityScore = sum(p2.popularityScore)  p2: Person  hasCreator  message2:Message  A copt likes  p2-popularityScore  p3: Person  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| BI 12<br>BI 13<br>BI 14<br>BI 15<br>BI 16<br>BI 17<br>BI 18<br>BI 19 | desc.     | <ul> <li>Given a Tag (tag), find all Persons (person) that ever created a Message with the Tag. For each of these Persons (person) compute their "authority score" as follows:</li> <li>The "authority score" is the sum of "popularity scores" of the Persons (p2) that liked any of that Person's Messages with the given Tag (same criterion as for message1).</li> <li>A Person's (p2) "popularity score" is defined as the total number of likes on all of their Messages (message2).</li> </ul> |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| BI 20  | params    | 1 tag Long String Tags with a similar amount of Messages are selected   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | result    | 1 person.id ID R 2 authorityScore 32-bit Integer A  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | sort      | 1 authorityScore ↓ 2 person1.id ↑   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | limit     | 100   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | CPs       | 1.2, 2.3, 3.3, 6.1, 8.2   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | relevance | Computing the authority scores might involve computing the popularity score for the same Person multiple time. Implementations are advised to avoid such redundant computations.  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

| BI 1  | query   | BI / read / 7  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|-------|---------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| BI 2  | title   | Related topics   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| BI 3  |         |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| BI 4  |         | tag: Tag   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| BI 5  | pattern | name = \$tag name ≠ \$tag  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| BI 6  | pattern | nasiag   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| BI 7  |         | Message replyOf comment: Comment   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| BI 8  |         |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| BI 9  |         | Find all Messages that have a given Tag. Find the related Tags attached to (direct) reply Comments |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| BI 10 | desc.   | of these Messages, but only of those reply Comments that do not have the given Tag.                |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| BI 11 |         | Group the Tags by name, and get the count of replies in each group.                                |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| BI 12 |         | 1 tag Long String Tags with a similar amount of Messages are selected                              |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| BI 13 | params  | 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| BI 14 |         | 1 relatedTag.name Long String R  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| BI 15 | result  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| BI 16 |         | 2 count 32-bit Integer A   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| BI 17 |         | 1 count  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| BI 18 | sort    |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| BI 19 |         | 2 relatedTag.name ↑  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| BI 20 | limit   | 100  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|       | CPs     | 1.4, 3.3, 5.2, 8.1   |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

| BI 1   | query  | BI / read / 8   |  |  |  |  |  |
|--|--|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| BI 2   | title  | Central person for a tag  |  |  |  |  |  |
| BI 3<br>BI 4<br>BI 5<br>BI 6<br>BI 7<br>BI 8<br>BI 9<br>BI 10<br>BI 11<br>BI 12<br>BI 13 | pattern  | For each person with a matching hasInterest and/or hasCreator edge, compute person.score = (if hasInterest edge exists then 100 else 0) + count(message)  Tag   |  |  |  |  |  |
| BI 14 BI 15 BI 16 BI 17 BI 18 BI 19 BI 20  | desc.  | Given a Tag, find all Persons that are interested in the Tag and/or have written a Message (Post or Comment) with a creationDate after a given date and that has a given Tag. For each Person, compute the score as the sum of the following two aspects:  • 100, if the Person has this Tag as their interest, or 0 otherwise  • number of Messages by this Person with the given Tag  Also, for each Person, compute the sum of the score of the Person's friends (friendsScore). |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | params   | 1 tag Long String Tags with a similar amount of Messages are selected 2 date Date Date Date Date Capable Date Capable Date Capable Date Date Date Date Date Date Date Dat   |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | result   | 1 person.id ID R 2 score 32-bit Integer A 3 friendsScore 32-bit Integer A The sum of the score of the person's friends  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | sort   | 1 score + friendsScore ↓ 2 person.id ↑  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | limit  | 100   |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | CPs  1.2, 2.1, 2.3, 3.2, 5.3, 8.2, 8.4, 8.5  Similarly to BI 16, there are two major ways to compute this query: (1) creating an induced subgraph of the Persons and their friends and performing the scoring on this graph or (2) performing the scoring with an induced subgraph and scoring the friends of a Person on-the-fly. The first approach is more efficient redundant computations, however, specifying it needs support for composable graph queries. |   |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |   |  |  |  |  |  |

| BI 1   | query   | BI / read / 9  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|--|---------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| BI 2   | title   | Top thread initiators  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| BI 3<br>BI 4<br>BI 5<br>BI 6                     | pattern |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| BI 8<br>BI 9<br>BI 10<br>BI 11<br>BI 12<br>BI 13 | desc.   | For each Person, count the number of Posts they created in the time interval [startDate, endDate] (equivalent to the number of threads they initiated) and the number of Messages in each of their (transitive) reply trees, including the root Post of each tree. When calculating Message counts only consider Messages created within the given time interval.  Return each Person, number of Posts they created, and the count of all Messages that appeared in the reply trees (including the Post at the root of tree) they created. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| BI 14<br>BI 15<br>BI 16                          | params  | 1     startDate     Date     TODO       2     endDate     Date     8-10 days after the startDate   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| BI 17<br>BI 18<br>BI 19<br>BI 20                 | result  | 1 person.id ID R 2 person.firstName String R 3 person.lastName String R 4 threadCount 32-bit Integer A The number of Posts created by that Person (the number of threads initiated) 5 messageCount 32-bit Integer A The number of Messages created in all the threads this Person initiated  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | sort    | 1 messageCount ↓ 2 person.id ↑   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | limit   | 100  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | CPs     | 1.2, 2.2, 2.3, 3.2, 7.2, 7.3, 7.4, 8.1, 8.5  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

| BI 1           | query   | BI / read / 10  |                |          |  |         |            |                |            |             |        |
|----------------|---------|---|----------------|----------|--|---------|------------|----------------|------------|-------------|--------|
| BI 2           | title   | Experts in social circle                              |                |          |  |         |            |                |            |             |        |
| BI 3           |         |   |                |          | Count  | rv      |            |                |            |             |        |
| BI 4<br>BI 5   |         |   |                |          | name = \$counti  | -       |            |                |            |             |        |
| BI 6           |         |   |                | L        | <b>↑</b> i   | sPartOt | f          |                |            |             |        |
| BI 7           |         |   |                |          | City   | ,       |            |                |            |             |        |
| BI 8           |         |   |                | _        | <b>↑</b> i   | sLocate | edIn       |                |            |             |        |
| BI 9           | pattern | startPerson: Person                                   | knows*         | ance     | expertCandidateF   | Person: | Person     |                | Та         | agClass     | ı      |
| BI 10          |         | id = \$personId                                       | \$maxPathDis   | tance    | id   |         |            |                | name = \$  | tagClass    |        |
| BI 11          |         |   |                |          | <b>^</b>   | hasCre  | ator       |                |            | hasTuna     |        |
| BI 12          |         |   |                |          | count for e  | ach (ta | g, person) |                |            | hasType     |        |
| BI 13          |         | tag: Tag  | ← hasTag       | -        | Messa  | ge      |            | hasTag         | >          | Tag         |        |
| BI 14          |         | name  |                |          |  |         |            | J              |            |             |        |
| BI 15<br>BI 16 |         | Given a Person (sta                                   | rtPerson), fir | nd all   | other Perso  | ns (e   | expert(    | CandidatePer   | son) that  | t live in a | given  |
| BI 17          |         | Country and are con                                   | nected to giv  | en Pe    | rson by a s  | hort    | est pai    | th with leng   | th in ran  | ge [minPat  | thDis- |
| BI 18          |         | tance, maxPathDista                                   | ance] through  | n the k  | nows relation  | on.     |            |                |            |             |        |
| BI 19          | desc.   | For each of these ex                                  |                |          |  |         |            |                | _          |             |        |
| BI 20          | ucse.   | one Tag belonging t                                   | o a given Tag  | gClass   | (direct rela   | ation   | not tr     | ransitive). F  | or each I  | Message, re | trieve |
|                |         | all of its Tags.                                      | _ 1.           |          | 1 .  |         |            | 1              | _          | 1 .         |        |
|                |         | Group the results by                                  | Persons and    | Tags, t  | hen count  | the M   | Message    | es by a certai | n Person   | having a c  | ertain |
| -              |         | Tag.  |                |          |  |         |            |                |            |             |        |
|                |         | 1 personId ID   |                |          | The ID of the startPerson. Persons with a similar              |         |            |                |            |             | r      |
|                |         | 2 country String                                      |                |          | _  |         |            | dges are sele  |            |             |        |
|                |         |   |                |          | Countries with a similar number of Persons are                 |         |            |                |            |             |        |
|                | params  |   |                |          | selected   |         |            |                |            |             |        |
|                | params  | 3 tagClass  | Long St        | ring     | TagClasses with a similar degree of hasType edges are selected |         |            |                |            |             | are    |
|                |         |   | 22 11 1        |          |  |         |            |                |            |             |        |
|                |         | 4 minPathDistar                                       |                |          | 1 or 2   |         |            |                |            |             |        |
|                |         | 5 maxPathDistar                                       | nce 32-bit Ir  | nteger   | 2 or 3   |         |            |                |            |             |        |
|                |         | 1 expertCandida                                       | atePerson.id   | ID       |  | R       |            |                |            |             |        |
|                |         | 2 tag.name  |                |          | String   | R       |            |                |            |             |        |
|                | result  |   |                |          |  |         | Num        | ber of Messa   | ges create | ed by that  |        |
|                |         | <pre>3 messageCount</pre>                             |                | 32-bi    | it Integer   | Α       |            | n containing   | _          | •           |        |
| -              |         |   |                |          |  |         |            |                |            |             |        |
|                |         | 1 messageCount  |                | <b>↓</b> |  |         |            |                |            |             |        |
|                | sort    | 2 tag.name  |                | 1        |  |         |            |                |            |             |        |
|                |         | 3 expertCandida                                       | atePerson.id   | 1        |  |         |            |                |            |             |        |
|                | limit   | 100   |                |          |  |         |            |                |            |             |        |
|                | CPs     |   | 3. 5.3. 7 1 7  | 2.73     | . 8.1. 8.6   |         |            |                |            |             |        |
|                | C1 3    | 1.2, 1.3, 2.3, 2.4, 3.3, 5.3, 7.1, 7.2, 7.3, 8.1, 8.6 |                |          |  |         |            |                |            |             |        |

| BI 1                                      | query   | BI / read / 11   |
|---|---------|--|
| BI 2                                      | title   | Friend triangles   |
| BI 3 BI 4 BI 5 BI 6 BI 7 BI 8 BI 9        | pattern | Country  name = \$country  isPartOf  isPartOf  isPartOf  isPartOf  isPartOf  isPartOf  isLocatedIn  isLocatedIn  isLocatedIn  isLocatedIn  knows  \$startDate < knows knows.creationDate knows  knows  |
| BI 11<br>BI 12<br>BI 13                   |         | \$startDate <  |
| BI 14 BI 15 BI 16 BI 17 BI 18 BI 19 BI 20 | desc.   | For a given country, count all the distinct triples of Persons such that:  • a is friend of b,  • b is friend of c,  • c is friend of a,  and these friendships were created after a given startDate.  Distinct means that given a triple $t_1$ in the result set $R$ of all qualified triples, there is no triple $t_2$ in $R$ such that $t_1$ and $t_2$ have the same set of elements. |
|   | params  | 1 country Long String 2 startDate Date   |
|   | result  | 1 count 32-bit Integer A   |
|   | limit   | n/a  |
|   | CPs     | 1.1, 2.3, 2.5  |

| BI 1  | query                                 | BI / read / 12  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|---|---------------------------------------|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| BI 2  | title                                 | How many persons have a given number of messages  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| BI 3<br>BI 4<br>BI 5<br>BI 6<br>BI 7  | pattern                               | 2. personCount = count  Person  Message  Count Persons grouped by messageCount value  1. messageCount = count  Content not empty and length < \$lengthThreshold and \$date < creationDate  1. messageCount = count  Indicate  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| BI 8<br>BI 9<br>BI 10<br>BI 11<br>BI 12<br>BI 13<br>BI 14<br>BI 15<br>BI 16<br>BI 17<br>BI 18<br>BI 19<br>BI 20 | desc.                                 | For each Person, count the number of Messages they made (messageCount). Only count Messages with the following attributes:  • Its content is not empty (and consequently, the imageFile attribute is empty for Posts).  • Its length is below the lengthThreshold (exclusive, equality is not allowed).  • Its creationDate is after date (exclusive, equality is not allowed).  • It is written in any of the given languages.  — The language of a Post is defined by its language attribute.  — The language of a Comment is that of the Post that initiates the thread where the Comment replies to.  The Post and Comments in the reply tree's path (from the Message to the Post) do not have to satisfy the constraints for content, length and creationDate.  For each messageCount value, count the number of Persons with exactly messageCount Messages (with the required attributes). |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|   | params                                | 1 date Date  Selected as balanced against date to filter around 30% of the Messages within a language and keep the variance low  1 languages {String}  Only the most frequently used languages are selected   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|   | result                                | 1 messageCount 32-bit Integer A Number of Messages created 2 personCount 32-bit Integer A Number of Persons with messageCount Messages  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|   | sort 1 personCount ↓ 2 messageCount ↓ |   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|   | limit                                 | n/a   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|   | CPs                                   | 1.1, 1.2, 1.4, 3.2, 4.2, 4.3, 8.1, 8.2, 8.3, 8.4, 8.5   |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|   | CPs                                   | 1.1, 1.2, 1.4, 3.2, 4.2, 4.3, 8.1, 8.2, 8.3, 8.4, 8.5   |  |  |  |  |  |  |

| BI 1   | query   | BI / read / 13  |
|--|---------|---|
| BI 2   | title   | Zombies in a country  |
| BI 3 BI 4 BI 5 BI 6 BI 7 BI 8 BI 9 BI 10 BI 11 BI 12 BI 13 BI 14 BI 15 BI 16 BI 17 BI 18 | pattern | Country  name = \$country  isPartOf  City  zombie: Person  creationDate < \$endDate and (messageCount / months) < 1  2. For each zombie IN zombies, calculate: zombieScore = zombieLikeCount / totalLikeCount  zombie: Person  totalLikeCount = count(likerPerson) likerPerson: Person  creationDate < \$endDate and ikerZombie IN zombies  likes  li |
| BI 19<br>BI 20   | desc.   | Find zombies within the given country, and return their zombie scores. A zombie is a Person created before the given endDate, which has created an average of [0, 1) Messages per month, during the time range between profile's creationDate and the given endDate. The number of months spans the time range from the creationDate of the profile to the endDate with partial months on both end counting as one month (e.g. a creationDate of Jan 31 and an endDate of Mar 1 result in 3 months).  For each zombie, calculate the following:  • zombieLikeCount: the number of likes received from other zombies.  • totalLikeCount: the total number of likes received.  • zombieScore: zombieLikeCount / totalLikeCount. If the value of totalLikeCount is 0, the zombieScore of the zombie should be 0.0.  For both zombieLikeCount and totalLikeCount, only consider likes received from profiles that were created before the given endDate.  |
|  | params  | 1 country Long String Only the largest Countries are selected 2 endDate Date Selected from the last days of the initial data set  |
|  | result  | 1 zombie.id ID R 2 zombieLikeCount 32-bit Integer A 3 totalLikeCount 32-bit Integer A 4 zombieScore 64-bit Float A Determined as zombieLikeCount / totalLikeCount   |
|  | sort    | 1 zombieScore ↓ 2 zombie.id ↑   |
|  | limit   | 100   |
|  | CPs     | 1.2, 2.1, 2.3, 2.4, 3.2, 3.3, 4.2, 5.1, 5.3, 8.2, 8.4, 8.5  |

|   | DI/ICau/ |  |
|---|----------|--|
| BI 1  | query    | BI / read / 14   |
|   | title    | International dialog   |
| BI 2 BI 3 BI 4 BI 5 BI 6 BI 7 BI 8 BI 9 BI 10 BI 11 BI 12 BI 13 BI 14 BI 15 BI 16 BI 17 BI 20 | pattern  | For each pair of countries, calculate the cost as a sum of cases #1-5. Cases that have a match add to the final score with the specified value. Each case only counts once, multiple matches do not increase to the score.  Country  isPartOf  City1: City  isLocatedIn  person1: Person  id  Country  name = \$country2  isPartOf  City  isLocatedIn  person2: Person  id  Case 1: score += 4  person1: Person  hasCreator  hasCreator  Comment  Comment  replyOf  Message  Case 4: score += 10  Case 5: score += 1   |
|   |          | person1: Person knows person2: Person likes person2: Person likes hasCreator person1: Person person2: Person likes hasCreator Message  |
|   | desc.    | Consider all pairs of people (person1, person2) such that one is located in a City of Country country1 and the other is located in a City of Country country2. For each City of Country country1, return the highest scoring pair. The score of a pair is defined as the sum of the subscores awarded for the following kinds of interaction. The initial value is score = 0.  1. person1 has created a reply Comment to at least one Message by person2: score += 4 2. person1 has created at least one Message that person2 has created a reply to: score += 1 3. person1 and person2 know each other: score += 15 4. person1 liked at least one Message by person2: score += 10 5. person1 has created at least one Message that was liked by person2: score += 1  Consequently, the maximum score a pair can obtain is: 4 + 1 + 15 + 10 + 1 = 31.  This query has two variants based on whether the input parameters are selected as correlated (close countries) or uncorrelated (far countries). |
|   | params   | A: correlated with parameter country2, i.e. the countries are close and there are many Persons visiting both Countries.  B: uncorrelated with parameter country2, i.e. the countries are afar and there are few Persons visiting both Countries.  Country2 Long String   |
|   | result   | 1 person1.id ID R 2 person2.id ID R 3 city1.name Long String R 4 score 32-bit Integer C  |
|   | sort     | 1 score ↓ 2 person1.id ↑ 3 person2.id ↑  |
|   | limit    | n/a  |
|   | CPs      | 1.3, 1.4, 2.1, 3.1, 3.3, 5.1, 5.2, 5.3, 8.3, 8.4   |
| l   | -        |  |

| between person1 to person2.  BI 5  BI 6  BI 7  BI 8  BI 9  BI 10  BI 10  BI 11  BI 12  BI 12  BI 13  BI 14  BI 15  BI 16  BI 15  BI 17  BI 18  BI 19  BI 10  BI 10  BI 10  BI 11  BI 12  BI 12  BI 12  BI 13  BI 14  BI 15  BI 15  BI 16  BI 17  BI 18  BI 19  BI 10  BI 10  BI 10  BI 11  BI 12  BI 12  BI 13  BI 14  BI 15  BI 16  BI 17  BI 18  BI 19  BI 10  BI 10  BI 10  BI 11  BI 12  BI 13  BI 14  BI 15  BI 16  BI 17  BI 18  BI 19  BI 10  BI 10  BI 10  BI 10  BI 11  BI 12  BI 13  BI 14  BI 15  BI 16  BI 17  BI 18  BI 19  BI 10  BI 11  BI 12  BI 13  BI 14  BI 15  BI 16  BI 17  BI 18  BI 19  BI 20   | BI 1  | query   | BI / read / 15   |
|--|---|---------|--|
| BI 4 BI 5 BI 6 BI 7 BI 8 BI 9 BI 19 BI 10 BI 19 BI 10  |   | title   | Trusted connection paths through forums created in a given timeframe   |
| Given two Persons, find all (unweighted) shortest paths between these two Persons, in the subginduced by the knows relationship.  Then, for each path calculate a weight. The nodes in the path are Persons, and the weight path is the sum of weights between every pair of consecutive Person nodes in the path.  The weight for a pair of Persons is calculated based on their interactions:  • Every direct reply (by one of the Persons) to a Post (by the other Person) contributes 1  • Every direct reply (by one of the Persons) to a Comment (by the other Person) contributes 1  • Every direct reply (by one of the Persons) to a Comment (by the other Person) contributes 1  • Every direct reply (by one of the Persons) to a Comment (by the other Person) contributes 1  • Every direct reply (by one of the Persons) to a Comment (by the other Person) contributes 1  • Every direct reply (by one of the Persons) to a Comment (by the other Person) contributes 1  • Every direct reply (by one of the Persons) to a Comment (by the other Person) contributes 1  • Every direct reply (by one of the Persons) to a Comment (by the other Person) contributes 1  • Every direct reply (by one of the Persons) to a Comment (by the other Person) contributes 1  • Every direct reply (by one of the Persons) to a Comment (by the other Person) contributes 1  • Every direct reply (by one of the Persons) to a Post (by the other Person) contributes 1  • Every direct reply (by one of the Persons) to a Post (by the other Person) contributes 1  • Every direct reply (by one of the Persons) to a Post (by the other Person) contributes 1  • Every direct reply (by one of the Persons) to a Post (by the other Person) contributes 1  • Every direct reply (by one of the Persons) to a Post (by the other Person) contributes 1  • Every direct reply (by one of the Persons) to a Post (by the other Person) contributes 1  • Every direct reply (by one of the Persons) to a Post (by the other Person) contributes 1  • Every direct reply (by one of the Persons) to a Post (by the other P | BI 4 BI 5 BI 6 BI 7 BI 8 BI 9 BI 10 BI 11 BI 12 BI 13 BI 14 BI 15 BI 16 BI 17 | pattern | between person1 to person2.    based on interactions between the pair of Persons of the edge, calculated as a sum of cases #1 and #2 for the Persons (both ways), and the sum of these weights determine the total weight of each path.    case 1: Replies on Posts, weight += 1.0 × count(c)  |
| params params  | BI 18<br>BI 19<br>BI 20   | desc.   | <ul> <li>Then, for each path calculate a weight. The nodes in the path are Persons, and the weight of a path is the sum of weights between every pair of consecutive Person nodes in the path. The weight for a pair of Persons is calculated based on their interactions:</li> <li>Every direct reply (by one of the Persons) to a Post (by the other Person) contributes 1.0.</li> <li>Every direct reply (by one of the Persons) to a Comment (by the other Person) contributes 0.5.</li> <li>Only consider Messages that were created in a Forum that was created within the timeframe (interval) [startDate, endDate]. Note that for Comments, the containing Forum is that of the Post that the comment (transitively) replies to. Also note that interactions are counted both ways.</li> </ul> |
| 4 endDate Date   |   | params  | 2 person2Id ID 3 startDate Date  |
| result   1 person.id [ID]   C   Ordered sequence of the Person IDs in the path   2 weight   64-bit Float   C   |   | result  |  |
| sort   |   | sort    |  |
| limit n/a  |   | limit   |  |
|  |   | CPs     | 1.2, 2.1, 2.2, 2.4, 3.3, 5.1, 5.3, 7.2, 7.3, 7.5, 7.7, 8.1, 8.2, 8.3, 8.4, 8.5, 8.6  |

| BI 1           | query     | BI / read / 16   |
|----------------|-----------|--|
| BI 2           | title     | Fake news detection  |
| BI 3           |           | For \$tagX/\$dayX in [tagA/dateA, tagB/dateB], compute scoreX = count(messageX)  |
| BI 5           |           | Create an induced subgraph of Persons who created a Message with Tag \$tagX on \$dateX   |
| BI 6           |           | tag: Tag Message hasCreator person: Person   |
| BI 7           |           | name = \$tagX   day(creationDate) = \$dateX  |
| BI 8           |           | 2. In the subgraph, count the Messages (using the same conditions) from People with ≤ \$maxKnowsLimit friends  |
| BI 9<br>BI 10  | pattern   | count(messageX)  |
| BI 11          |           | tag: Tag messageX: Message hasCreator hasCreator hasCreator  |
| BI 12          |           | count ≤ \$maxKnowsLimit «opt» knows  |
| BI 13          |           | Person   |
| BI 14          |           |  |
| BI 15<br>BI 16 |           | Given two Tag/date pairs (tagA/dateA and tagB/dateB), for each pair tagX/dateX:  |
| BI 17          |           |  |
| BI 18          |           | • Create an induced subgraph between Persons where for each pair of Persons person1/person2, both have created a Message on the day of dateX with Tag tagX.  |
| BI 19          |           | • In the induced subgraph, only keep pairs of Persons who have at most maxKnowsLimit friends   |
| BI 20          | desc.     | (in the induced subgraph).   |
|                |           | • For these Persons, count the number of Messages created on dateX with Tag tagX.  |
|                |           | Return Persons who had at least one Messages for both tagA/dateA and tagB/dateB ranked by their  |
|                |           | total number of Messages (descending).   |
|                |           | 1 tagA Long String   |
|                |           | 2 dateA Date   |
|                | params    | 3 tagB Long String   |
|                |           | 4 dateB Date   |
|                |           | 5 maxKnowsLimit 32-bit Integer Selected between 3 and 6  |
|                |           | 1 person.id ID R   |
|                | l+        | 2 messageCountA 32-bit Integer A Message count for tagA/dateA  |
|                | result    | 3 messageCountB 32-bit Integer A Message count for tagB/dateB  |
|                |           | or an integer with the stage countries tagged and the stage and the stag |
|                |           | messageCountA +  |
|                | sort      | messageCountB '  |
|                |           | 2 person.id ↑  |
|                | limit     | 20   |
|                | CPs       | 5.3, 8.4, 8.5  |
|                |           | There are two major ways to compute this query: (1) create the induced subgraph as suggested by the specification (either as a view or in materialized form), or (2) skip greating the induced subgraph and perform on the fly check.  |
|                | relevance | (either as a view or in materialized form), or (2) skip creating the induced subgraph and perform on-the-fly check for the number of friends (who also posted at least one Message with the given Tag on the given date). The latter   |
|                |           | approach is easier to express in systems which do not provide graph views but might result in redundant computations   |
|                |           | (the query engine will might repeatedly check whether a Person has at least one Message that satisfies the conditions).  |

| BI 1   | query   | BI / read / 17  |
|--|---------|---|
| BI 2   | title   | Information propagation analysis  |
| BI 3 BI 4 BI 5 BI 6 BI 7 BI 8 BI 9 BI 10 BI 11 BI 12 BI 13 BI 14 BI 15 BI 16 BI 17 | pattern | person1: Person id  hasCreator  message1: Message  creationDate  replyOf*0  post1: Post  name = \$tag  hasTag  hasTag  hasTag  message2: Message  message2: Message  message2: Message  message1: reationDate  forum1: Forum  hasMember  hasMember  hasCreator  hasCreator  hasCreator  hasCreator  |
| BI 18<br>BI 19<br>BI 20  | desc.   | This query aims to identify instances of "information propagation" when a Person (person1) submits a Message (message1) with a given Tag (tag) to a Forum (forum1). This is read by other members of forum1, Persons person2 and person3. Some time later (specified by the delta parameter), these persons have a discussion with the same tag in a different Forum (forum2) where person1 is not a member. The discussion consists of a Message (message2) by person2 and a direct reply Comment (comment) by person3.  Return IDs of person1 with the number of interactions their Messages (might have) caused. |
|  | params  | 1 tag Long String Tags with a similar amount of Messages are selected 2 delta 32-bit Integer Measured in hours, selected to be between 8 and 16 hours.  |
|  | result  | 1 person1.id ID R 2 messageCount 32-bit Integer A   |
|  | sort    | 1 messageCount ↓ 2 person1.id ↑   |
|  | limit   | 10  |
|  | CPs     | 2.1, 2.3, 8.1   |

| BI 1  | query   | BI / read / 18   |
|---|---------|--|
| BI 2  | title   | Friend recommendation  |
| BI 3 BI 4 BI 5 BI 6 BI 7 BI 8 BI 9 BI 10 BI 11              | pattern | For each person1 compute top-k(person2) based on mutualFriendCount  tag: Tag  name = \$tag  hasInterest  person1: Person  id = \$person1Id  «neg» knows  |
| BI 12<br>BI 13<br>BI 14<br>BI 15<br>BI 16<br>BI 17<br>BI 18 | desc.   | For a given Person (person1) and a Tag (tag), recommend new friends (person2) who  • do not yet know person1  • have many mutual friends with person1  • are interested in tag.  Rank Persons person2 based on the number of mutual friends. |
| BI 19<br>BI 20  | params  | person1Id ID Persons with a similar amount of friends are selected Long String Tags with a similar amount of Messages are selected   |
|   | result  | 1 person2.id ID R 2 mutualFriendCount 32-bit Integer A   |
|   | sort    | <pre>1 mutualFriendCount ↓ 2 person2.id ↑</pre>  |
|   | limit   | 20   |
|   | CPs     | 2.5, 8.1   |

| BI 1   | query     | BI / read / 19   |
|--|-----------|--|
| BI 2   | title     | Interaction path between cities  |
| BI 3 BI 4 BI 5 BI 6 BI 7 BI 8 BI 9 BI 10 BI 11 BI 12 BI 13 BI 14 BI 15 BI 16 BI 17 BI 18 BI 19 BI 20 | pattern   | Find the shortest paths between all pairs of Persons in city1 and city2  city1: City  id = \$city1id  isLocatedIn  shortest paths on  person1: Person  knows.weight  person2: Person  Case i1: Reply from personA to Person B's Message  personA: Person  hasCreator  c: Comment  replyOf  m: Message  The weight of a knows edge is based on the number of interactions between its Persons: knows.weight = 1 / (count(i1)+count(i2))  p1 knows pX knows pY  m: Message  replyOf  c: Comment  c: Comment  replyOf  m: Message  replyOf  c: Comment  c: Comment  replyOf  m: Message   |
|  | desc.     | Given two Cities city1, city2, find Persons person1, person2 living in these Cities (respectively) with the shortest <i>interaction path</i> between them. If there are multiple pairs of people with shortest paths having the same total weight, return all of them.  The shortest path is computed using a weight between two Persons defined as the reciprocal of the number of interactions (direct reply Comments to a Message by the other Person). Therefore, more interactions imply a smaller weight. <i>Note:</i> Interactions are counted both ways, i.e. if Alice writes 2 reply Comments to Bob's Messages and Bob writes 3 reply Comments to Alice's Messages, their total number of interactions is 5. |
|  | params    | 1 city1Id ID Small Cities within the same Country are selected 2 city2Id ID  |
|  | result    | 1 person1.id ID R 2 person2.id ID R 3 totalWeight 64-bit Float C   |
|  | sort      | 1 totalWeight ↑ 2 person1.id ↑ 3 person2.id ↑  |
|  | limit     | 20   |
|  | CPs       | 3.3, 7.6, 7.7, 8.4, 8.6  |
|  | relevance | Finding shortest paths between pairs of Persons in Cities can be implemented in theory with an <i>all-pairs shortest paths</i> algorithm. However, this needs to be executed on the whole Person-knows-Person graph (with edge weights derived from the number of interactions) so it is expected to be prohibitively expensive. A better approach is using multiple <i>single-source shortest path algorithms</i> (e.g. from the City with fewer inhibitants).  |

| BI 1  | query     | BI / read / 20  |
|---|-----------|---|
| BI 2  | title     | Recruitment   |
| BI 3 BI 4 BI 5 BI 6 BI 7 BI 8 BI 9                          | pattern   | company: Company  name = \$company  workAt  person1: Person  shortest path on knows.weight: abs(saA.classYear - saB.classYear) + 1  person2: Person  knows.weight: abs(saA.classYear - saB.classYear) + 1  personA: Person  saA: studyAt  University  University  |
| BI 10<br>BI 11<br>BI 12<br>BI 13<br>BI 14<br>BI 15<br>BI 16 | desc.     | Given a Company company and a Person person2 (who is known to be working at another Company), find a different Person (person1) who works in company and is reachable by from person2 through people who have studied together. On this path, we only consider edges between Persons who know each other and attended the same university and set the weight of the edge to the absolute difference between the year of enrolment plus 1 (studyAt.classYear + 1). We return the 20 shortest paths.  If there are multiple Person person1 nodes with the same shortest path, return all of them. |
| BI 17<br>BI 18<br>BI 19<br>BI 20                            | params    | Companies with a similar number of employees (former or current) are selected  Derson2Id ID   |
|   | result    | 1 person1.id ID R 2 totalWeight 64-bit Integer C  |
|   | sort      | 1 totalWeight ↑ 2 person1.id ↑  |
|   | limit     | 20  |
|   | CPs       | 3.3, 7.6, 7.7, 8.4, 8.6   |
|   | relevance | Implementations can either pre-compute edge weights or compute them on-the-fly. To find a weighted shortest path efficiently, implementations can use e.g. a bidirectional Dijkstra algorithm.  |